### University of Mumbai



#### No. AAMS UGS/ICC/2024-25/ 108

#### CIRCULAR:-

Attention of the Principals of the Affiliated Colleges. Directors of the Recognized Institutions and the Head, University Departments is invited to this office circular No. AAMS\_UGS/ICC/2023-24/23 dated 08th September, 2023 relating to the NEP UG & PG Syllabus.

They are hereby informed that the recommendations made by the Ad-hoc Board of Studies in Life Science at its meeting held on 01st July, 2024 and subsequently passed by the Board of Deans at its meeting held on 10th July, 2024 vide item No.6.10 (N) have been accepted by the Academic Council at its meeting held on 12th July, 2024 vide item No.6.10 (N) and that in accordance therewith syllabus for the M.Sc (Life Sciences- Aquaculture Technology) (Sem. III & IV) is introduced as per appendix (NEP 2020) with effect from the academic year 2024-25.

(The circular is available on the University's website www.mu.ac.in).

Join

MUMBAI - 400 032 22<sup>nd</sup> August, 2024 To

(Prof.(Dr) Baliram Gaikwad) I/c Registrar

The Principals of the Affiliated Colleges, Directors of the Recognized Institutions and the Head, University Department.

#### A.C/6.10 (N)/12/07/2024

Copy forwarded with Compliments for information to:-

- 1) The Chairman, Board of Deans,
- 2) The Dean, Faculty of Science & Technology,
- 3) The Chairman, Ad-hoc Board of Studies in Life Science,
- 4) The Director, Board of Examinations and Evaluation.
- 5) The Director, Board of Students Development,
- 6) The Director, Department of Information & Communication Technology.
- 7) The Director, Institute of Distance and Open Learning (IDOL Admin), Vidyanagari.
- 8) The Deputy Registrar, Admissions, Enrolment, Eligibility & Migration Department (AEM),



Cop	y forwarded for information and necessary action to :-
1	The Deputy Registrar, (Admissions, Enrolment, Eligibility and Migration Dept)(AEM), <u>dr@eligi.mu.ac.in</u>
2	The Deputy Registrar, Result unit, Vidyanagari drresults@exam.mu.ac.in
3	The Deputy Registrar, Marks and Certificate Unit,. Vidyanagari dr.verification@mu.ac.in
4	The Deputy Registrar, Appointment Unit, Vidyanagari dr.appointment@exam.mu.ac.in
5	The Deputy Registrar, CAP Unit, Vidyanagari <u>cap.exam@mu.ac.in</u>
6	The Deputy Registrar, College Affiliations & Development Department (CAD), <u>deputyregistrar.uni@gmail.com</u>
7	The Deputy Registrar, PRO, Fort, (Publication Section), <u>Pro@mu.ac.in</u>
8	The Deputy Registrar, Executive Authorities Section (EA) eau120@fort.mu.ac.in
	He is requested to treat this as action taken report on the concerned resolution adopted by the Academic Council referred to the above circular.
9	The Deputy Registrar, Research Administration & Promotion Cell (RAPC), <u>rapc@mu.ac.in</u>
10	The Deputy Registrar, Academic Appointments & Quality Assurance (AAQA) dy.registrar.tau.fort.mu.ac.in <u>ar.tau@fort.mu.ac.in</u>
11	The Deputy Registrar, College Teachers Approval Unit (CTA), <u>concolsection@gmail.com</u>
12	The Deputy Registrars, Finance & Accounts Section, fort draccounts@fort.mu.ac.in
13	The Deputy Registrar, Election Section, Fort drelection@election.mu.ac.in
14	The Assistant Registrar, Administrative Sub-Campus Thane, <u>thanesubcampus@mu.ac.in</u>
15	The Assistant Registrar, School of Engg. & Applied Sciences, Kalyan, ar.seask@mu.ac.in
16	The Assistant Registrar, Ratnagiri Sub-centre, Ratnagiri, ratnagirisubcentre@gmail.com

Сор	by for information :-
1	P.A to Hon'ble Vice-Chancellor, vice-chancellor@mu.ac.in
2	P.A to Pro-Vice-Chancellor pvc@fort.mu.ac.in
3	P.A to Registrar, registrar@fort.mu.ac.in
4	P.A to all Deans of all Faculties
5	P.A to Finance & Account Officers, (F & A.O), <u>camu@accounts.mu.ac.in</u>

1	The Chairman, Board of Deans
2	The Dean, Faculty of Humanities,
3	Chairman, Board of Studies,
4	The Director, Board of Examinations and Evaluation, <u>dboee@exam.mu.ac.in</u>
5	Image: Difference of the second students and the second students are second studentstudents are second students are
6	The Director, Department of Information & Communication Technology,
7	The Director, Institute of Distance and Open Learning (IDOL Admin), Vidyanagari, <u>director@idol.mu.ac.in</u>

AC - 12/07/2024 Item No. - 6.10 (N)

As Per NEP 2020

# University of Mumbai



Title of the program M. Sc. (Life Sciences – Aquaculture Technology)

Syllabus for

Semester – Sem.- III & IV Ref: GR dated 16<sup>th</sup> May, 2023 for Credit Structure of PG

(With effect from the academic year 2024-25)

#### University of Mumbai



(As per NEP 2020)

Sr.	Heading	Particulars
No.		
1	Title of program	M.Sc. (Life Science-Aquaculture Technology)
	O:B Scheme of Examination	
2	Scheme of Examination R:	NEP 50% Internal 50% External,
		Semester End Examination Individual Passing in Internal and External Examination
3	Standards of Passing R:	40%
4	Credit Structure R: <u>SP- 40A</u> R: SP- 40B	Attached herewith
5	Semesters	Sem. III
6	Program Academic Level	6.5
7	Pattern	Semester
8	Status	New
9	To be implemented from Academic Year	2024-25

Indu

Sign of BOS Chairperson Prof. Indu Anna George Department of Life Sciences Ad-hoc BOS in Life Sciences

Sign of Offg. Assoc. Dean Dr. Madhav Rajvade Offg. Assoc. Dean Science and Technology University of Mumbai Sign of Offg. Dean Prof. Shivram Garje Dean Science and Technology University of Mumbai

#### PREAMBLE

#### 1. Introduction:

The Department of Life Sciences at the University is delighted to introduce the Master of Science (MSc) Programme, a comprehensive and dynamic two-year full-time course that aims to provide students with a deep understanding of the diverse aspects of life and its related disciplines. Life Sciences encompass a wide range of fields, offering fundamental knowledge about animals, plants, microorganisms, and the abiotic factors that influence their existence.

This specialized program delves into the intricacies of the biotic world, exploring the structures and functions of living organisms from physical, physiological, metabolic, biochemical, ecological, and socio-economic perspectives. Through this curriculum, students will embark on an exciting journey into the world of various techniques and technologies employed in the study of life, enabling them to appreciate the economic and ecological importance of the living and non-living things.

The MSc Programme in Life Sciences comprises interdisciplinary courses that encompass animal and plant sciences, microbiology, biochemistry and biophysics, molecular biology, and applied genetics. These comprehensive modules empower students to strengthen their knowledge in their respective areas of interest and gain insights into the wide-ranging opportunities available in this field. Additionally, the curriculum is designed to cultivate a deep appreciation for nature and natural resources, fostering skills for data observation and analysis inpreparation for future research endeavours.

The Programme structure entails core papers of three theory and two practical in each semester, allowing students to gain theoretical knowledge as well as hands-on experience. With the implementation of the Choice Based Grading System, the evaluation process incorporates continuous assessment throughout the year, including both Internal Assessment and Term End Assessment. This comprehensive evaluation methodology ensures a holistic approach to students' progress and encourages active engagement throughout the academic year.

To further enhance the students' readiness for the industry, the curriculum incorporates a mandatory On Job Training (OJT) component in Semester II. This intensive training, equivalent to a full course, provides invaluable exposure to real-world scenarios within Life Sciences or Life Sciences-related organizations. By applying their theoretical knowledge in practical settings, students gain firsthand experience and develop the necessary skills to thrive in the professional world.

In addition to technical skills, this programme also focuses on cultivating research ethics and promoting a research-oriented mindset among learners. The inclusion of a Research Methodology Course helps students develop a strong research attitude, enabling them to contribute meaningfully to the advancement of Life Sciences.

Acknowledging the evolving trends in education and the need for flexible learning modes, the syllabus has been augmented to include an online component. Embracing the advantages offeredby online learning, this component is designed to be optional, allowing both teaching faculties and students to collaboratively determine the topics to be covered in the online format. The authorities will oversee the final implementation of this innovative concept, recognizing its potential to revolutionize education by overcoming barriers of time, space, and infrastructure.

In conclusion, the MSc Programme in Life Sciences equips students with a comprehensive understanding of the multidimensional aspects of life and its associated disciplines. With a curriculum that combines theoretical knowledge, practical skills, on-the-job training, and the integration of online learning, students are prepared for diverse career opportunities and future research endeavours. We invite students to embark on this transformative academic journey, here they will unravel the mysteries of life, contribute to the advancement of scientific knowledge, and make valuable contributions to society.

#### 2. Aims and Objectives

The aims and objectives of the M. Sc. Life Sciences programme collectively aim to develop wellrounded Life Sciences professionals who are not only technically competent but also capable of contributing to research, innovation, and the overall advancement of the field.

#### **Objectives:**

The M. Sc Life Sciences programme is designed to help students to:

- a) Acquire a comprehensive knowledge base in various disciplines of Life Sciences, providing a strong foundation for further studies and research. Students will develop a deepunderstanding of key concepts, theories, and methodologies in genetics, cellular biology, ecology, physiology, molecular biology, and other relevant areas.
- b) Foster a deep interest in the diverse branches of Life Sciences, encouraging curiosity and exploration. Students will be inspired to delve into specialized areas of interest and engage in independent learning.
- c) Understand the rich diversity of organisms and appreciate their ecological, genetic, and evolutionary significance. Students will gain insights into the interconnections between different species and ecosystems, recognizing the importance of biodiversity conservation.
- d) Develop essential skills in observation, biological techniques, experimental skills, and scientific investigation, enabling them to contribute to the field through rigorous and reliable research. Students will be trained to design and execute experiments, analyze data, and draw scientifically sound conclusions.
- e) Cultivate an understanding of the interconnectedness and harmony of different life systems, while recognizing the importance of maintaining good health through appropriate measures. Students will grasp the intricate relationships between organisms and their environment, emphasizing the significance of sustainable practices for both human and ecological well- being.
- f) Gain knowledge and skills in applied branches of Life Sciences that can contribute to selfemployment and entrepreneurial opportunities. Students will be equipped with practical knowledge and expertise in areas with direct applications, enabling them to explore entrepreneurial ventures or pursue specialized career paths.
- g) Promote awareness and concern for the conservation of the biosphere, emphasizing the importance of environmental sustainability and responsible stewardship. Students will develop a deep appreciation for the biosphere and its conservation, becoming advocates for sustainable practices and environmental protection.
- h) Enhance students' Social Intelligence Quotient (SIQ) and Emotional Quotient (EQ), fostering their development as well-rounded individuals and responsible citizens who can positively impact humanity through their acquired and developed knowledge. Students will develop strong interpersonal skills, empathy, and cultural sensitivity to effectively collaborate with diverse stakeholders and address societal challenges.
- i) Equip students with the necessary skills and mindset to be self-sustainable and encourage them to become future entrepreneurs, fostering innovation and economic growth. Students will cultivate an entrepreneurial mindset, including critical thinking, problem-solving, creativity, and adaptability, preparing them to identify opportunities and contribute to the growth of the life sciences industry.
- j) Provide students with a comprehensive understanding of key concepts, theories, and methodologies in Life Sciences. It covers a range of topics including genetics, cellular biology, ecology, physiology, and molecular biology, enabling students to develop a deep knowledge

base in these areas.

- k) Equip students with practical skills through hands-on experience with laboratory techniques, data analysis, and scientific methodologies. Students will gain proficiency in conducting experiments, analyzing data, and interpreting results, enhancing their ability to apply theoretical knowledge to practical situations.
- Enhance students' critical thinking and problem-solving abilities by challenging them to analyze complex biological systems, evaluate scientific literature, and propose innovative solutions to biological problems.
- m) Foster collaboration and an interdisciplinary approach to problem-solving by providing opportunities for teamwork, group projects, and interactions with professionals from different scientific disciplines. Students will develop effective communication and teamwork skills, preparing them for collaborative work environments.
- n) Stay updated with the latest trends and advancements in Life Sciences to ensure graduates are well-prepared for the demands of the industry. Through industry collaborations, guest lectures, and exposure to emerging technologies, students will acquire knowledge and skills that are relevant and applicable to real-world scenarios.
- o) Develop students' professional skills, including scientific writing, presentation skills, project management, and leadership. Students will have opportunities to participate in conferences, workshops, and seminars to enhance their professional development and networking abilities.
- p) Cultivate research skills among students by providing training in research methodologies, data analysis techniques, and critical evaluation of scientific literature. Students will have opportunities to engage in independent or collaborative research projects, enabling them to contribute to the advancement of Life Sciences through original research findings.
- By incorporating these objectives, the M. Sc. Life Sciences program aims to produce graduates who possess a strong foundation in Life Sciences, are adept at problem-solving and collaboration, have industry-relevant skills, and are well-prepared for both research and professional roles in the field. The program strives to foster a deep understanding of Life Sciences, promote scientific inquiry, nurture innovation, and empower students to make meaningful contributions to society.

#### 3. Learning Outcomes

- The proposed M. Sc. Programme in Life Sciences aims to provide students with a comprehensive and holistic understanding of the field, equipping them with the skills and knowledge necessary to excel in the ever-evolving biological sciences domain. Learning outcome of the Programme are:
  - a) Apply advanced scientific principles and cutting-edge technology to solve complex real- world problems in diverse fields such as healthcare, agriculture, and environmental conservation.
  - b) Critically analyze and evaluate current research literature and effectively communicate scientific concepts and findings to both scientific and non-scientific audiences.
  - c) Develop innovative and sustainable research projects that adhere to international standards and consider practical limitations and ethical considerations.
  - d) Demonstrate an in-depth understanding of the structural organization and functional interactions between organisms and their environments, with an emphasis on the integration of interdisciplinary knowledge.
  - e) Evaluate and synthesize advanced concepts in plant, microbial, and animal physiology and biotechnology, and apply this knowledge to address contemporary challenges in the field.
  - f) Conduct quantitative and comparative studies, employing advanced statistical methods, to investigate and elucidate various aspects of biological sciences, including ecological interactions, genetic diversity, and population dynamics.
  - g) Utilize bioinformatics tools and techniques to generate, analyze, and interpret large-scale biological data, including the construction of databases, sequence alignments, and predictive modeling.
  - h) Apply state-of-the-art technologies and methodologies to explore and comprehend the intricate mechanisms underlying genome and protein biology, including gene expression regulation and

protein-protein interactions.

- i) Discuss and critically evaluate the legal and ethical aspects of intellectual property rights (IPR) and the responsible conduct of research, with an understanding of the social and economic implications of biology-related innovations.
- j) Foster cross-cultural competence by actively collaborating in diverse teams, valuing and respecting diverse perspectives, and effectively contributing to scientific projects with individuals from different cultural backgrounds.

#### Second Year PG:

Year (2Yr	Level	Sem.	Major		RM	OJT / FP	RP	Cum.Cr	Degree
PG)		(2Yr)	Mandatory	Electives					
II	6.5	Sem III	Course1: LScAQT601: Aquaculture Principle, Production & Practices Credits 4 Course 1: LScAQT602: Aquaculture Principle, Production & Practices Practicals Credits 2 Course 3: LScAQT603: Mariculture	Credits 4 Course LScAQT606a: Blue Revolution 2 TH + 2 PR OR Course LScAQT606b: Ornamental Fishes and Aquarium Management 2 TH + 2 PR OR			LScAQT607 (4)	22	PGDegree After3- YrUG
			Biotechnology Credits 4 Course 4: LScAQT604:Mariculture BiotechnologyPracticals Credits 2	Course LScAQT606c: Fish Nutrition and feed Technology 2 TH + 2 PR <b>OR</b> Course LScAQT606d: Commercially Important Sea Food					
			Course 5: LScAQT605:Physiology of Finfish & Shellfish Credits 2	2 TH + 2 PR OR Course LScAQT606e: Aquatic Waste Product and its Use 2 TH + 2 PR					

Cum. Cr. for 2 YrPGDegree	54	16	4	4	10	88	
Cum. Cr. for 1 YrPGDegree	26	8			10	44	
Sum. Cr. for 1	Credits 4 Course 2: LScAQT609: Fish Products and Quality Assurance Practicals Credits 2 Course 3: LScAQT610: Aquaculture Drugs and Pharmacological Studies Credits 4 Course 4: LScAQT611: Aquaculture Drugs and Pharmacological Studies Practicals Credits 2	Commercial Pearl Production Process 2 TH + 2 PR <b>OR</b> Course LScAQT612b: Aquaponics and Aquatic Engineering 2 TH + 2 PR <b>OR</b> Course LScAQT612c: Fish Processing and Preservation Technology 2 TH + 2 PR <b>OR</b> Course LScAQT612d: Fish Breeding and Hatchery Management 2 TH + 2 PR <b>OR</b> Course LScAQT612d: Fish Breeding and Hatchery Management 2 TH + 2 PR <b>OR</b> Course LScAQT612e: Seaweed Culture & its Economic Importance 2 TH + 2 PR					
Sem		<b>Credits 4</b> Course LScAQT612a:			LScAQT613 (6)	22	

1. Credit Structure of the Program (Sem I, II, III & IV) (Table as per Parishisht 1 with sign of HOD and Dean)

R\_\_\_\_\_

Post Graduate Programs in University

Parishishta - 1

Cum. Cr. for 1 Yr PG Degree Cum. Cr. for 2 Yr PG Degree		26 54	8 16	4	4	10 10	44 88	
II 6.5	Sem III Sem IV	Credits 4 Course 2 Credits 4 Course 3 Credits 4 Course 4 Credits 2 Course 1 Credits 4 Course 2 Credits 4 Course 3 Credits 4	Course 1 OR Course 2 OR <b>Credits 4</b> Course 1 OR Course 2 OR			6	22	Degree After 3- Yr UG

# Detailed Syllabus M.Sc. (Life Sciences -Aquaculture Technology)

PaperCode	Unit	L	Credits	Hrs
Course 1: LScAQT601		Aquaculture Principle, Production & Practices	4	60
	Ι	Scope and Farming Practices of Aquaculture	1	
Module1	II	Fish Production & Management of Cultivable Fishes	1	
Module2	III	Defense Mechanism in Fish, Shellfish & Disease Diagnostics Tools	1	
	IV	Impact of Aquaculture on Environment	1	
Course 2: LScAQT602	cAQT602 Practices Practicals		2	60
Module1				
Course 3: LScAQT603		Mariculture Biotechnology	4	60
Module1	Ι	Mariculture	1	
Wiodule1	II	Important Cultivable Finfishes and Shellfishes	1	
Module2	III	Nutrition and Environmental Management in Mariculture	1	
	IV	Biotechnology in Aquaculture	1	
Course 4: LScAQT604		Mariculture Biotechnology Practicals	2	60
Module1			2	
Course 5: LScAQT605		Physiology of Finfish & Shellfish		30
		Physiology of Finfish	1	
Wiodule1	II	Physiology of Shellfish	1	
		ELECTIVES		-
Course: LScAQT606a		Blue Revolution	4	90
Module1	Ι	Blue Revolution in India	1	15
	II	Blue Revolution Scheme	1	15
Module2		Blue Revolution Practicals	2	60
Course: LScAQT606b		Ornamental FishandAquarium Management	4	90
Module1	Ι	Ornamental Fish Farming	1	15
	II	Aquarium Management	1	15
Module2 Ornamental Fish and Aquarium Management Practicals		2	60	
Course: LScAQT606c		Enzyme Technology	4	90
Module I	I	Enzyme Kineticsand Applications	1	15
	II	Enzyme Technology	1	15
Module II		Enzyme Technology Practicals	2	60
Course: LScAQT606d		Commercially Important Seafood	4	90

Module1	Ι	Seafood & Microalgae	1	15
	II	Fish as Health Food	1	15
		Commercially Important Seafood Practicals	2	60
Course: LScAQT606e		Aquatic Waste Product and Its Use	4	90
	Ι	Fish Waste	1	15
Module1	II	Aquatic Waste and By-products Processing	1	15
Module2		Aquatic Waste Product and Its Use Practicals	2	60
Course: LScAQT607		Research Project 1	4	120

#### **SEMESTER- IV**

Paper Code	Unit	Description	Credits	Hrs
Course 1: LScAQT608		Fish Products and Quality Assurance	4	60
Module1	Ι	Fish Processing Technology		
ModuleT	II	Value Addition & Fish Products Development	1	
Module2	III	Traditional Fishery Products		
Module2	IV	Quality Assurance & Management	1	
Course 2: LScAQT609	T609 Practicals		2	60
Module1				
Course 3: LScAQT610		Aquaculture Drugs and Pharmacological Studies	4	60
Module1	Ι	Drug Discovery in Aquaculture	1	
Module1	II	Marine Drugs, their Development & Delivery	1	
Module2	III	Marine Pharmacognosy	1	
Module2	IV Marine Derived Nutraceuticals		1	
Course 4: LScAQT611	LScAQT611 Studies Practicals		2	60
Module1				
		ELECTIVES		
Course LScAQT612a		<b>Commercial Pearl Production Process</b>	4	90
Module1	Ι	Pearl Producing Species	1	15
	II	Pearl Culture	1	15
Module2		Commercial Pearl Production Proces Practicals	s 2	60
Course LScAQT612b		Aquaponics and Aquatic Engineering	4	90
Module1	Ι	Aquaponics and Aquafarm Machinery	1	15
II Aquaculture Engineering			1	15
Module2		Aquaponics and Aquatic Engineering Practicals	2	60
Course LScAQT612c		Fish Nutrition and Feed Technology	4	90
Module1	Ι	Fish Nutrition	1	15
	II	Food and Feeding Technique	1	15

Module2		Fish Nutrition and Feed TechnologyPracticals	2	60
Course LScAQT612d		Fish Breeding and Hatchery Management	4	90
Module1	Ι	Reproductive biology and Induced breeding of Finfishes& Shellfishes	1	15
	II	Present Status of Seed Production and Hatchery Management	1	15
Module2Fish Breeding and Hatchery ManagementPracticals		2	60	
Course LScAQT612e		Seaweed Culture & Its Economic Importance	4	90
Module1	Ι	Practice of Cultivating and Harvesting of Seaweed	1	15
	Π	Economic Importance of Seaweed Culture	1	15
Module2		Seaweed Culture & Its Economic Importance Practicals	2	60
Course LScAQT613		Research Project II	6	180

# Sem. - III

## M.Sc. (Life Sciences – Aquaculture Technology) (Semester - III)

<b>Programme Name:</b> M. Sc. Life Sciences – Aquaculture Technology Semester III	<b>Course Name:</b> Aquaculture Principle, Production & Practices
Total Credits: 04	Total Marks: 100
Department assessment: 50 marks	University assessment: 50 marks

#### **Course Outcomes:**

- 1. Know the utilization of aquaculture management & processing methods.
- 2. Understand the culture practice of different kinds of fishes.
- 3. Know that Integrated Farming Systems represent a paradigm shift towards a more holistic, regenerative approach to agriculture.
- 4. Understandthe effect of aquaculture on the environment.
- 5. Enhance the knowledge on the Wastewater-Fed Aquaculture.

Course Code	Course Title	Total Credits
LScAQT601	Aquaculture Principle, Production Practices	04
MODULE I		
		02
-	Farming Practices of Aquaculture (15 L)	
	quaculture: Concept, definition and scope of aquaculture; Present status,	
Problems and scop development in Ind	e of fish farming in global Indian aquaculture; Aquaculture research & ia.	
	<b>ure practices:</b> Extensive, intensive, semi-intensive and composite culture pen and cage culture.	
	ance of aquaculture: Aquaculture productivity, role of science and	
technology in aquad		
	uction & Management of Cultivable Fishes (15 L)	
Fish Farming: Cul	tivable fishes- major & minor Carps, Magur and Tilapia.	
Nursery managen management, seed	<b>nent:</b> Pond preparation and stocking, feeding of fish and water quality production.	
	h culture, Growth & survival of productive fish culture.	
	culture products as opportunities for industry, export of fish & fishery	
	culture products as opportunities for industry, export of fish & fishery	02
Marketing of aqua products, internatio MODULE II	culture products as opportunities for industry, export of fish & fishery	02
products, internatio	culture products as opportunities for industry, export of fish & fishery nal quality.	02
products, internatio MODULE II Unit III: Defense N	culture products as opportunities for industry, export of fish & fishery nal quality. Aechanism in Fish, Shellfish & Disease Diagnostics Tools (15 L)	02
products, internatio MODULE II Unit III: Defense M Defense Mechanis	culture products as opportunities for industry, export of fish & fishery nal quality. Mechanism in Fish, Shellfish & Disease Diagnostics Tools (15 L) sm in Fish and Shellfish: Specific and non-specific defense mechanism,	02
products, internatio MODULE II Unit III: Defense M Defense Mechanis	culture products as opportunities for industry, export of fish & fishery nal quality. Mechanism in Fish, Shellfish & Disease Diagnostics Tools (15 L) sm in Fish and Shellfish: Specific and non-specific defense mechanism, nmune cells, Immune suppressant, Ontogeny of immune system; Cellular	02

Immunoassay, Biochemical assay, Monoclonal and polyclonal based antibody assay, Electron microscopy, Serological techniques.

Unit IV: Impact of Aquaculture on Environment (15 L)

**Impact of different aquaculture systems on the environment:** Algal blooms: (*Pfiesteria spp*), Cercopagispengoi

**Factors affecting the environment:** Feed & organic waste, use of chemicals, dissolved oxygen levels in the different water bodies (water and sediments), impact on wild stock population, threat from invasive species,

**Habitat destruction:** Terrestrial, riverine, estuarine, brackish - mangrove forests and marine habitats, conflict between native and non-native aquatic species.

#### **Reference Books:**

1. Tripathi, S.D. Lakra W.S. & Chadha, N.K., 2018. Aquaculture in India, Narendra Publishing House.

2. Ujwala Jadhav, 2010. Aquaculture Technology and Environment. Publ. PHI Publication

3. Ayyappan, S. 2011. Handbook of Fisheries and Aquaculture. ICAR.

4. Pillay T.V.R., 1990. Aquaculture: Principles and Practices. Fishing News Books, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge.

5. Pillay T.V.R. & Kutty M.N., 2005. Aquaculture: Principles and Practices. 2ndEd. Blackwell.

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7. Agarwal S.C., 2008. A Handbook of Fish Farming. 2nd Ed. Narendra Publication. House.

8. Beveridge M.C.M. & Mc. Andrew B. J. 2000. Tilapias: Biology and Exploitations. Kluwer.

9. Felix S., Riji John K, Prince Jeyaseelan M.J. & Sundararaj V. 2001. Fish Disease Diagnosis and Health Management. Fisheries College and Research, Institute, T. N. Veterinary and Animal Sciences University. Thoothukkudi.

10. Inglis V., Roberts R.J. & Bromage N.R. 1993. Bacterial Diseases of Fish. Blackwell. Iwama G & Nakanishi T. (Eds.). 1996. The Fish Immune System -Organism, Pathogen and Environment. Academic Press.

11. Shankar KM & Mohan CV. 2002. Fish and Shellfish Health Management. UNESCO Publ.

12. Kimbell E., 1988. Fundamental of Immunology.

13. Iwama G.& Nakanishi T. (Eds.). 1996. The Fish Immune System -Organism, Pathogen and Environment. Academic Press. Roberts

14. W.B. Saunders. Shankar K.M.& Mohan C.V., 2002. Fish and Shellfish Health Management. UNESCO Publ.

15. Felix S., Riji John K., Prince Jeyaseelan M.J.&Sundararaj V., 2001. FishDisease Diagnosis and Health Management. Fisheries College andResearch, Institute, T. N. Veterinary and Animal SciencesUniversity. Thoothukkudi.

Programme Name: M. Sc. Life Sciences – Aquaculture Technology Semester III	<b>Course Name:</b> Aquaculture Principle, Production & Practices Practicals
Total Credits: 02	Total Marks: 50
<b>Department assessment:</b> 25 marks	University assessment: 25 marks

#### **Course Outcome:**

- 1. Distinguish between various commercially important cultivable fishes.
- 2. Evaluate the nutritional value and design a fish feed.
- Analyze water quality suitable for aquaculture farm.
   Summarize and design various aquaculture farming designs.

<b>Course Code</b>	Course Title	Total Credits
LScAQT602	Aquaculture Principle, Production & Practices Practicals	02
MODULE I		02
2. Analysis of	on of commercially important marine & freshwater cultivable fishes. water quality: DO, BOD, COD, Alkalinity, Hardness, Chlorides.	
•	is: pH, soil texture, moisture Visit to Integrated fish farm.	
4. Practical or	nutrient value of different manures.	
5. Design of v	arious integrated farming models.	
6. Visit and S	arvey of marketable aquaculture products.	
7. Microbial a	nalysis of diseased fish skin mucus.	

<b>Programme Name:</b> M. Sc. Life Sciences – Aquaculture Technology Semester III	Course Name: Marine Biotechnology Total Marks: 100
Total Credits: 04	University assessment: 50 marks
Department assessment: 50 marks	

#### **Course Outcomes:**

- 1. Apply the concept of mariculture.
- 2. Identify the commercially important Finfishes and Shellfishes of India.
- 3. Demonstrate the principle and components of fish nutrition.
- 4. Create robust aquaculture animals using molecular biology techniques.Course CodeCourse Title

Course Code	Course Title	Total Credits
LScAQT603	Mariculture Biotechnology	04
MODULE I		02
Unit I: Mariculture		
	us: introduction, an overview of status of mariculture, global production,	
<b>1</b> . <b>1</b>	status in India, mariculture production by species. an overview of marine	
progress in India.	rtant mariculture species: Status of farming of selected species marine	
• -	nolluscs, sea cucumbers, sponges, corals, seaweeds, global status, present	
rend and scope in Indi		
-	s: Flora, fauna, bacteria, algae, fungi and archea.	
and the metagenomic	s. Tiora, rauna, bacteria, argae, rungi and archea.	
Unit II: Applications	s of Biotechnological Tools in Aquaculture (15 L)	
<b>. .</b>	e of applied fish genetics: inheritance of qualitative and quantitative traits	
	polymorphism. Non-chromosomal inheritance: mitochondrial inheritance.	
	ation: gynogenesis and androgenesis; production of super-males.	
1		
G <b>enetic markers:</b> bio	ochemical and molecular genetic markers.	
	ochemical and molecular genetic markers. cytogenetic techniques, karvological aspects, evolution in chromosome	
Cytogenetics: Fish a	cytogenetic techniques, karyological aspects, evolution in chromosome	
C <b>ytogenetics:</b> Fish a norphology and kar	cytogenetic techniques, karyological aspects, evolution in chromosome ryotypes, sex chromosomes in fishes, application of cytogenetics in	
Cytogenetics: Fish of morphology and kar aquaculture and fisher	cytogenetic techniques, karyological aspects, evolution in chromosome ryotypes, sex chromosomes in fishes, application of cytogenetics in ries management.	
Cytogenetics: Fish of norphology and kan aquaculture and fisher Stem cell culture: Ty	cytogenetic techniques, karyological aspects, evolution in chromosome ryotypes, sex chromosomes in fishes, application of cytogenetics in ries management. ypes of stem cell: totipotent, pluripotent, multipotent and unipotent, stem	
Cytogenetics: Fish on morphology and kan aquaculture and fisher Stem cell culture: Ty	cytogenetic techniques, karyological aspects, evolution in chromosome ryotypes, sex chromosomes in fishes, application of cytogenetics in ries management.	
Cytogenetics: Fish of norphology and kan aquaculture and fisher Stem cell culture: Ty cell line, applications	cytogenetic techniques, karyological aspects, evolution in chromosome ryotypes, sex chromosomes in fishes, application of cytogenetics in ries management. ypes of stem cell: totipotent, pluripotent, multipotent and unipotent, stem	
Cytogenetics: Fish of norphology and kan aquaculture and fishen Stem cell culture: Ty cell line, applications MODULE II	cytogenetic techniques, karyological aspects, evolution in chromosome ryotypes, sex chromosomes in fishes, application of cytogenetics in ries management. ypes of stem cell: totipotent, pluripotent, multipotent and unipotent, stem of stem cell culture, DNA markers and MAS.	
Cytogenetics: Fish of norphology and kan aquaculture and fisher Stem cell culture: Ty cell line, applications MODULE II	cytogenetic techniques, karyological aspects, evolution in chromosome ryotypes, sex chromosomes in fishes, application of cytogenetics in ries management. ypes of stem cell: totipotent, pluripotent, multipotent and unipotent, stem of stem cell culture, DNA markers and MAS.	02
Cytogenetics: Fish of norphology and kan equaculture and fisher Stem cell culture: Ty cell line, applications MODULE II Unit III: Bioactive C Diversity of marine of	cytogenetic techniques, karyological aspects, evolution in chromosome ryotypes, sex chromosomes in fishes, application of cytogenetics in ries management. ypes of stem cell: totipotent, pluripotent, multipotent and unipotent, stem of stem cell culture, DNA markers and MAS. Compounds from Marine Environment (15 L) derived compounds: Alkaloid, terpenoids and steroids, nucleoside, amino	02
Cytogenetics: Fish of norphology and kan aquaculture and fishen Stem cell culture: Ty cell line, applications MODULE II Unit III: Bioactive C Diversity of marine of acids, peptides, depsig	cytogenetic techniques, karyological aspects, evolution in chromosome ryotypes, sex chromosomes in fishes, application of cytogenetics in ries management. ypes of stem cell: totipotent, pluripotent, multipotent and unipotent, stem of stem cell culture, DNA markers and MAS.	02
Cytogenetics: Fish of norphology and kan aquaculture and fisher Stem cell culture: Ty cell line, applications MODULE II Unit III: Bioactive Co Diversity of marine of acids, peptides, depsin Polymers from mari	cytogenetic techniques, karyological aspects, evolution in chromosome ryotypes, sex chromosomes in fishes, application of cytogenetics in ries management. ypes of stem cell: totipotent, pluripotent, multipotent and unipotent, stem of stem cell culture, DNA markers and MAS. Compounds from Marine Environment (15 L) derived compounds: Alkaloid, terpenoids and steroids, nucleoside, amino peptide, polyketide, macrolide. ne sources: Polysaccharides (agar-agar, alginate, xanthan, carrageenan),	02
Cytogenetics: Fish of norphology and kan equaculture and fisher Stem cell culture: Ty cell line, applications MODULE II Unit III: Bioactive C Diversity of marine of acids, peptides, depsip Colymers from mari chitin, marine collage	cytogenetic techniques, karyological aspects, evolution in chromosome ryotypes, sex chromosomes in fishes, application of cytogenetics in ries management. ypes of stem cell: totipotent, pluripotent, multipotent and unipotent, stem of stem cell culture, DNA markers and MAS. Compounds from Marine Environment (15 L) derived compounds: Alkaloid, terpenoids and steroids, nucleoside, amino peptide, polyketide, macrolide. ne sources: Polysaccharides (agar-agar, alginate, xanthan, carrageenan), ns.	02
Cytogenetics: Fish of norphology and kan aquaculture and fishen Stem cell culture: Ty- cell line, applications MODULE II Unit III: Bioactive Co Diversity of marine of acids, peptides, depsin Polymers from marine chitin, marine collage Marine toxins: Paraly	cytogenetic techniques, karyological aspects, evolution in chromosome ryotypes, sex chromosomes in fishes, application of cytogenetics in ries management. ypes of stem cell: totipotent, pluripotent, multipotent and unipotent, stem of stem cell culture, DNA markers and MAS. Compounds from Marine Environment (15 L) derived compounds: Alkaloid, terpenoids and steroids, nucleoside, amino peptide, polyketide, macrolide. ne sources: Polysaccharides (agar-agar, alginate, xanthan, carrageenan), ns. ytic shellfish poisoning (PSP), Neurotoxic shellfish poisoning (NSP),	02
Cytogenetics: Fish of norphology and kan equaculture and fisher Stem cell culture: Ty- cell line, applications MODULE II Unit III: Bioactive Conversity of marine of acids, peptides, depsin Polymers from mari- chitin, marine collage Marine toxins: Paraly Diarrhetic shellfish po	cytogenetic techniques, karyological aspects, evolution in chromosome ryotypes, sex chromosomes in fishes, application of cytogenetics in ries management. ypes of stem cell: totipotent, pluripotent, multipotent and unipotent, stem of stem cell culture, DNA markers and MAS. Compounds from Marine Environment (15 L) derived compounds: Alkaloid, terpenoids and steroids, nucleoside, amino peptide, polyketide, macrolide. ne sources: Polysaccharides (agar-agar, alginate, xanthan, carrageenan), ns. ytic shellfish poisoning (PSP), Neurotoxic shellfish poisoning (NSP), pisoning (DSP), Ciguatera poisoning, Amnesic shellfish poisoning (ASP),	02
Cytogenetics: Fish of morphology and kan aquaculture and fisher Stem cell culture: Ty- cell line, applications MODULE II Unit III: Bioactive C Diversity of marine of acids, peptides, depsin Polymers from marine chitin, marine collage Marine toxins: Paraly Diarrhetic shellfish po azaspiracid shellfish po	cytogenetic techniques, karyological aspects, evolution in chromosome ryotypes, sex chromosomes in fishes, application of cytogenetics in ries management. ypes of stem cell: totipotent, pluripotent, multipotent and unipotent, stem of stem cell culture, DNA markers and MAS. Compounds from Marine Environment (15 L) derived compounds: Alkaloid, terpenoids and steroids, nucleoside, amino peptide, polyketide, macrolide. ne sources: Polysaccharides (agar-agar, alginate, xanthan, carrageenan), ns. ytic shellfish poisoning (PSP), Neurotoxic shellfish poisoning (NSP), poisoning (DSP), Ciguatera poisoning, Amnesic shellfish poisoning (ASP), poisoning, tetrodotoxin, other miscellaneous toxins.	02
Cytogenetics: Fish of norphology and kar aquaculture and fisher Stem cell culture: Ty- cell line, applications MODULE II Unit III: Bioactive C Diversity of marine of acids, peptides, depsin Polymers from mari chitin, marine collage Marine toxins: Paraly Diarrhetic shellfish po azaspiracid shellfish po Marine derived dru	cytogenetic techniques, karyological aspects, evolution in chromosome ryotypes, sex chromosomes in fishes, application of cytogenetics in ries management. ypes of stem cell: totipotent, pluripotent, multipotent and unipotent, stem of stem cell culture, DNA markers and MAS. Compounds from Marine Environment (15 L) derived compounds: Alkaloid, terpenoids and steroids, nucleoside, amino peptide, polyketide, macrolide. ne sources: Polysaccharides (agar-agar, alginate, xanthan, carrageenan), ns. ytic shellfish poisoning (PSP), Neurotoxic shellfish poisoning (NSP), pisoning (DSP), Ciguatera poisoning, Amnesic shellfish poisoning (ASP),	02

Assays (HTS) Bioassays- Enzyme assays, cytotoxicity assay; antimicrobial assay; DNA laddering assay; Apoptosis assays.

#### **Unit IV: Marine Biomimetics and Bioprospecting (15 L)**

Concept of marine biomimetics and marine technology. examples of marine biomimetics: propulsion mechanisms (manta ray), locomotion (humpback whale flipper), underwater robotics, biomaterial for tissue regeneration, design-based tissue engineering inspired by jellyfish, advances in marine biomimetics, applications of biomimetics. Fish scale type nanotechnology for reduction of resistance in water.

Marine biominerals; Biomineralized structures; Biocomposites; Biopolymers.

Marine organisms for biofuels and bioenergy, bioremediation, biofouling, biosurfactants. marine natural products as cosmetics-cosmeceuticals, algotherapy; thalassotherapy; enzymes; food, supplement, nutrition and energy drinks, marine algae as fish feed, manure and fertilizers.

#### **Reference Books:**

1. Ujwala Jadhav, 2010. Aquaculture Technology and Environment. Publ. PHI Publication.

- 2. Tripathi, S.D., Lakra, S.D. & Chadha, N.K., 2018. Aquaculture in India, Narendra Publishing House.
- 3. Ayyappan, S., 2011. Handbook of Fisheries and Aquaculture. ICAR.
- 4. Lakra, W.S., 2000. Fish Genetics & Biotechnology.

5 Lakra, W.S. & Gopalakrishnan, A. 2013. Genetics, genetic engineering and biotechnology in fisheries, Indian Council of Agricultural Research.

6. Mukunda Goswami & W.S. Lakra, 2012. Fish Cell & Tissue Culture, Narendra Publishing House.

<b>Programme Name:</b> M. Sc. Life Sciences – Aquaculture Technology Semester III	<b>Course Name:</b> Mariculture Biotechnology Practicals
Total Credits: 02	Total Marks: 50
Department assessment: 25 marks	University assessment: 25 marks

#### **Course Outcome:**

- 1. Apply various molecular techniques used in aquaculture.
- 2. Appreciate the use of Bioinformatics tools in Aquaculture.
- 3. Summarize the identification and harvesting techniques of commercially important bivalves.

Course Code	Course Code Course Title	
LScAQT604	Mariculture Biotechnology Practicals	04
MODULE I		02
1. Demonstr	ation for harvesting of Mussels and Oysters.	
Oyster.		
3. Isolation of	of Shrimp/Bivalve DNA.	
4. Data mini	ng of DNA sequences of marine organisms (Bivalves, Finfish,	
Shellfish,	Jellyfish, Bacteria, Algae).	
5. BLAST A	5. BLAST Analysis of the mined DNA sequences.	
6. Study of c		
7. Production	n of chitin/ chitosan from shrimp shells or other suitable sources.	

**Programme Name:** M. Sc. Life Sciences – Aquaculture Technology Semester III

Total Credits: 02

**Course Name:** Physiology of Finfish & Shellfish

Total Marks: 50

University assessment: 25

**Course Outcomes:** 

The learner would be able to:

**Department assessment: 25** 

- 1. Acquire knowledge on reproductive biology and induced breeding.
- 2. To understand the metabolism in finfish & shellfish.
- 3. Knowledge on the process of osmoregulation.

Course Code	Course Title	Total Credits
LScAQT605	Physiology of Finfish & Shellfish	02
MODULE I		02
Unit I: Physiology of I	Finfish (15 L)	
	ctive cycles, Reproductive mechanisms, sexual maturity; Environmental	
1 1	of reproduction, spawning and fecundity, physiology.	
	rood stock availability, methods of natural and artificial fertilization,	
	egg, Egg staging, Stripping and fertilization.	
	bry organs, respiratory mechanism, respiratory pigments, mechanism of	
	essory respiratory organs.	
Excretion and osmo	oregulation: Mechanism of excretion, structure of kidney and its	
functions, osmoregulat	ion in freshwater and marine water finfishes and salt balance.	
	Organs, digestive enzymes, process of digestion, absorption and	
assimilation.		
Unit II: Physiology of	Shell Fish (15 L)	
• 0•	ctive cycles, Reproductive mechanisms, sexual maturity; Environmental	
	of reproduction, spawning and fecundity, physiology and techniques of	
5	rood stock availability, Methods of natural and artificial fertilization,	
	egg, Egg staging, Stripping and fertilization.	
	bry organs, respiratory mechanism, respiratory pigments, mechanism of	
gaseous exchange, acce	essory respiratory organs.	
	regulation: Mechanism of excretion, structure of kidney and its	
£		
	ion in freshwater and marine water finfishes and salt balance.	
	ion in freshwater and marine water finfishes and salt balance. Organs, digestive enzymes, process of digestion, absorption and	

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Ujwala Jadhav, 2010. Aquaculture Technology and Environment. Publ. PHI Publication.
- 2. AyyappanS., 2011. Hand Book of Fisheries and Aquaculture. ICAR.
- 3. World Aquaculture Society.
- 4. Ghosh R. 2007. Fish Genetics and Endocrinology. Swastik Publ. & Distr.

5. Hoar W.S., Randall D.J. & Donaldson E.M.M., 1983. Fish Physiology. Vol. IX. Academic Press. 5. Maria RJ, 6. Augustine A & Kapoor BG. 2008. Fish Reproduction. Science Publ.

7. Hour W. S. and D. J. Randal 1976. Fish Physiology. VOL. I to IX Academic Press, New York.

# Semester III ELECTIVES

**Programme Name:** M. Sc. Life Sciences – Aquaculture Technology Semester III

**Course Name:** Blue Revolution

**University assessment:** 50 marks

Total Marks: 100

Total Credits: 04

**Department assessment:** 50 marks

#### **Course Outcomes:**

- 1. Gain insight to blue revolution in India.
- 2. Relate to the multifaceted approach of blue revolution.
- 3. Acquire the knowledge onvarious blue revolution schemesin India.
- 4. Able to apply these schemes to enhance the production and productivity of aquaculture and fisheries.

Course Code	Course Title	Total Credits
LScAQT606a	Blue Revolution	04
	blue Revolution	
MODULE I Course I	ScAQT606a T (Credits 2)	02
Unit I: Blue Revolutio		
Status and future per	spectives: Introduction, Father of Blue revolution, Fishe	eries resources,
Capture fisheries.		
-	ter aquaculture, Brackish water aquaculture, Maricul	e
-	sheries, Harvest, post-harvest processing and seafood	trade, Climate
change and its impact o		
<u> </u>	ns: (National Policy on Marine Fisheries 2017 (NPMF 2	
	9 (NMP 2019), National Inland Fisheries and Aquacultu	re Policy 2019
	l Fisheries Policy 2020 (NFP 2020).	
	ution: Capacity building and training of stakeholders, Ch	
-	aquaculture, Future perspectives and recommendations.	The Benefits of
a Blue Revolution.		
Unit II: Blue Revoluti		
-	Fisheries (DoF), Ministry of Fisheries, Animal Hu	•
	D) Scheme: Components- National Fisheries Develo	
	ies; Development of inland fisheries and aquaculture; D	
	structure and post-harvest operations ; Strengthening of	
	tion System of the fisheries sector; Institutional ar	-
	nitoring, Control and Surveillance (MCS) and oth	er need-based
,	l Scheme of Welfare of Fishermen)	
	sya Sampada Yojna (PMMSY): objectives: Harnessin	
potential in a sustain	able, responsible, inclusive and equitable manner; E	Enhancing fish

production and productivity through expansion, intensification, diversification and productive utilization of land and water; Modernising and strengthening of value chain, post-harvest management and quality improvement; Doubling fishers' and fish farmers' income and generation of employment; Enhancing contribution to Agriculture GVA (Gross Value Added) and exports; Social, physical and economic security for fishers and fish farmers; Robust fisheries management and regulatory framework. Features of the Blue Revolution Scheme.

#### Module II Course LScAQT606a P (Credits 2) Practical:

Assignments and Case studies of the above topics.

#### **Reference Books:**

1. <u>Latha Shenoy</u>, <u>Shridhar Rajpathak</u> (2021). Sustainable Blue Revolution in India: Way Forward Hardcover.

02

- 2. Lakra W. S. and Gopalakrishnan A., 2021. Blue revolution in India: Status and future perspectives Indian J. Fish., 68(1): 137-150.
- 3. Hassan, M.A., Mishal Puthiyottil, Gunjan Karnatak and Sharma, A.P., (2017). Toward the Blue Revolution in India: Prospects for Inland Open Waters, World Aquaculture 48(1):25-28.
- 4. FAO (Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations) 2014. The State of World Fisheries and Aquaculture 2014. Rome, Italy.
- 5. Sugunan, V.V., A.P. Sharma and B.C. Jha. 2013. Recent advances in culture based fisheries in India. Pillai Aquaculture Foundation.
- 6. Nicholas Sullivan The Blue Revolution: Hunting, Harvesting, and Farming Seafood in the Information Age Ebook365 page.

#### ELECTIVE

<b>Programme Name:</b> M. Sc. Life Sciences – Aquaculture Technology Semester III	Course Name: Ornamental Fish and Aquarium Management
Total Credits: 04	Total Marks: 100
Department assessment: 50 marks	University assessment: 50 marks

#### **Course Outcomes:**

- 1. Gainin-depth knowledge on the breeding and larval rearing of freshwater ornamental fishes.
- 2. Gain knowledge onaquariums plant management.
- 3. Develop Technical skillsfor ornamental fish production.
- 4. Build, design and maintainhome and public aquaria.

Course Code	Course Title	Total Credits
LScAQT606b	Ornamental Fish and Aquarium Management	04
MODULE I Course LScAQ	T606b T (Credits 2)	02
and trade in India, Indian anesthetics, packing and trans	ish trade, present status and prospects of ornamental fish farming ornamental fish diversity and its status. Marketing strategies, portation. ductive biology, Breeding and rearing of Egg-laying and Live-	
Aquarium keeping: Design a arrangements, decoration use water quality management, pr Aquarium species: Freshwate Ornamental plants: Aquariu plants, primary producers, he	t status, Potential, Major exporting and importing countries. and construction of tanks, heating, lighting, aeration and filtration ed, common aquarium plants and their propagation, health and	
(1986), The Foreign Trade (De	<b>ort of plants:</b> Relevant topics fromThe Environment Protection Act velopment & Regulation) Act, 1992 No.22 of 1992 Notification No.2 ructive Insects and Pests Act, 1914 and expot and import procedure in	
MODULE II Course LScA	QT606b P (Credits 2)	02
<ol> <li>Identifications of mari</li> <li>Identification of comm</li> <li>Aquarium fabrication,</li> </ol>		

- 4. Propagation of selected aquarium plants.
- 5. Pigment (chlorophyll, carotenes, anthocyanins etc.) evaluation of aquarium plants.
- 6. Visit to different commercial aquaria.

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Saroj K. Swain, Sarangi N. and Ayyappan S. 2010. Ornamental Fish Farming ICAR.
- 2. Ayyappan, S., 2011. Handbook of Fisheries and Aquaculture. ICAR.

3. Mary Baily and Gina (2000). Choosing Fish for Your Aquarium: A complete guide to tropical freshwater brackish and marinefishes. Sandford, Anness Publishing Ltd.

4. Axelrod H.R. & Sweenen M.E., 1992. The Fascination of Breeding Aquarium Fishes. TFH.

5. Mills, D., 1981. Aquarium Fishes. Kingfisher Books.

6.Website of <u>government of india ministry of agriculture & farmers welfare department of agriculture & farmers welfare directorate of plant protection, quarantine & storage;</u> https://ppqs.gov.in/divisions/plant-quarantine

#### ELECTIVE

arks: 100
ity assessment: 50 marks
i

#### **Course Outcome:**

- Understand thekinetics of enzyme catalysed reactions.
   Explain the concept and application of immobilization of enzymes.
   Learn the purification, characterization and estimation of enzymes.
- 4. Understand the applications of protein engineering for novel enzyme design.

Course Code	Course Title	Total Credits
LScAQT606c	Enzyme Technology	04
MODULE I Cours	e LScAQT606c T (Credits 2)	02
Molecular aspects carbonic anhydra ligands to protein Hill's equation co Ping-pong bi-bi, enzymes: Metho Enzyme therapy, o reactors; Applicat bakery, dairy in		
industrial scale from	n plant, animal and microbial sources, purification fold; estimation	
determination of t		
Protein Engineerin		
0	and	
proteins; Energy	status of a proteinmolecule, Structure- function relations of	
enzymes.Basic con	acepts for design of a new protein/enzyme molecule; Specific	

<b>IODUI</b>	E II Course LScAQT606c P (Credits 2)	02
ractica	ls:	
1.	Enzyme inhibition	
	a. Inhibition of enzyme activity	
	b. Determination of Ki values	
2.	Immobilization studies	
	a. Preparation of urease entrapped in alginate beads and determination of percententrapment	
	b. Study of the kinetics of the rate of urea hydrolysis by urease entrapped alginate beads	
	c. Study of reusability and storage stability of urease entrapped alginate beads	
	d. Immobilization of urease by covalent attachment to solid support	
3.	Protein purification methods:	
	a. Isolation of casein from milk	
	b. Purification of an enzyme by ion exchange chromatography/affinity chromatography	
	c. Use of ammonium sulphate precipitation and dialysis	
	d. Use of gel filtration	
	e. SDS-PAGE	
4.	Polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis under non-denaturing conditions	
	a. Silver staining	
	b. Activity staining of enzymes	
	c. Determination of effect of acrylamide concentration on the mobility of proteins	

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Bailey JE, Ollis, DF: Biochemical Engineering Fundamentals
- 2. Blanch HW and Clark DS: Biochemical Engineering Marcel Decker
- Schugerl K., Bellgart KH (Eds): Biorection Engineering, modeling and control: Springer-Verlag, Berlin.
- Nicholas C. Price, Lewis Stevens, and Lewis Stevens, Fundamentals of Enzymology: The cell and molecular Biology of Catalytic Proteins by (2000) Publisher: Oxford University Press, USA
- 5. Alejandro G. Marangoni, Enzyme Kinetics: A modern Approach Book: Enzyme Kinetics: A Modern.
- 6. Approach, (2003) Publisher: Wiley-Interscience Enzyme Kinetics and Mechanisms by Taylor Publisher: Springer.
- 7. Christian Müller (Editor), Protein Engineering Protocols (Methods in Molecular Biology) K, Publisher: Humana Press; Softcover reprint of hardcover 1st ed. 2007
- 8. Anders Liljas, Structural Aspects of Protein Synthesis Publisher: World Scientific Pub Co Inc; 1 edition (November 2004)
- 9. Wiseman, A: Handbook of Enzyme Biotechnlogy, 3rd Edition, Ellis Horwood Publication.

#### ELECTIVE

<b>Programme Name:</b> M. Sc. Life Sciences – Aquaculture Technology Semester III	<b>Course Name:</b> Commercially Important Seafood
Total Credits: 04	Total Marks: 100
Department assessment: 50 marks	University assessment: 50 marks

#### **Course Outcomes:**

- 1. Assessthe domesticand internationalSeafood sector.
- 2. Determine the potential of microalgae for biofuel, food and high value bio-compounds.
- 3. Evaluate the nutritional value of Seafood.

Course Code	Course Title	Total Credits
LScAQT606d	Commercially Important Sea Food	04
	MODULE I Course LScAQT606d T (Credits 2)	02
	Unit 1: Seafood (15 L)	
	Introduction, definition, structure and composition of seafood.	
	Types of seafood: Global status, types and commercially important Sea	
	food species (lobsters, crabs, prawn, shrimps, scallops, oysters, squid, octopus, salmon, tuna, etc).	
	Nutrient profile of different types of fish and shellfish (freshwater, marine,	
	brackish), macronutrients, fatty acids, importance of omega-3 fatty acids in diet, fish oils and PUFAs for human health, micronutrients (vitamins,	
	minerals), formulation of fish based diet.	
	<b>Seafood spoilage:</b> Spoilage due to autolytic enzyme activity, microbial spoilage, oxidation and hydrolysis.	
	Unit II: Source to Market (15 L)	
	Harvesting Methods: Gillnetting, longline, purse seiners trolling.	
	Seafood Preservation Methods: Use of natural preservatives, high	
	hydrostatic pressure, ozonation of seafood, irradiaton of seafood pulsed	
	electric field processing, retort pouch processing (RPP).	
	Packaging methods: Modified atmosphere packaging, selection of	
	packaging materials for map or active packaging.	
	Assessment of food quality and marketing strategy.	

MODULE II Course LScAQT606d P (Credits 2)	02
<ol> <li>Preparation of fishmeal /fish body oil/ fish liver oil.</li> <li>Preparation of chitin/chitosan.</li> <li>Nutritional content of fresh and preserved Seafood (Carbohydrates/ proteins/ fats).</li> <li>Microbial load of fresh and preserved sea food.</li> </ol>	

#### **Reference Books:**

1. Wheaton F.W.& Lawson T.B., 1985. Processing Aquatic Food Products. John Wiley & Sons.

- 2. Fereidoon Shahidi 2007, Maximizing the value of marine by products, CRC Press Inc. (Florida)
- 3. Ayyappan, S., 2011. Handbook of Fisheries and Aquaculture. ICAR.

4. Faizal Bux and Yusuf Chisti (2016). Algae Biotechnology: Products and Processes, Springer.

5.Stengel and Connan (2015). Natural Products from Marine Algae: Methods and Protocols. Humana Press.

#### ELECTIVE

Programma Nama, M. Sc. Life Sciences	<b>Course Name:</b> Aquatic Waste Product and Its Use
Total Credits: 04	Total Marks: 100
Department assessment: 50 marks	University assessment: 50 marks

#### **Course Outcomes:**

- 1. Acquire knowledge on fish and shellfish processing.
- 2. Create products from aquatic waste.
- 3. Develop renewable fuel from aquatic waste.

Course Code	Course Title	Total Credits
LScAQT606e	Aquatic Waste Product and Its Use	04
MODULE I Cours	e LScAQT606e T (Credits 2)	02
Recovery of produce of Shark, Astaxanthi Unit II: Aquatic W Fish protein conce meat, functional fish Fish silage: acid sil Utilization of seawe Fishery By-Produc	<ul> <li>aste and By-Products Processing (15 L)</li> <li>aste and their incorporation to various products.</li> <li>age fermented silage application.</li> <li>ages: Agar agar, algin, carrageenan.</li> <li>ts: Fish maws, shark leather, fish glue, isinglass, pearl essence, shark</li> </ul>	
fin rays, beach-de-m	er. se LScAQT606e P (Credits 2)	02
<ol> <li>Preparation of</li> <li>Preparation of</li> <li>Preparation of</li> <li>Preparation of</li> <li>Extraction ar</li> </ol>	f fish protein concentrate and fish hydrolysate. f fish Pearl essence. f fish Fish glue from fish waste. f fish Fish Silage from fish waste. d estimation of Carotenoids from fish waste. d estimation of crude glucosamine.	

#### **Reference Books:**

1. Ranendra K. Majumdar & Amjad K. Balange, 2022. Advances in Fish Processing Technologies, CRC Press.

2. Gopakumar K. (Ed.). 2002. Text book of Fish Processing Technology. ICAR. 198.

3. Elvevoll EO, Fish waste and functional foods, Norwegian College of Fishery Science, Department of Marine Biotechnology, Norway.

<b>Programme Name:</b> M. Sc. Life Sciences – Aquaculture Technology Semester III	Course Name: Research Project I
Total Credits: 04	Total Marks: 100
Department assessment: 50 marks	University assessment: 50 marks

#### **Course Outcome:**

The learner would be able to correlate the theoretical and practical aspects of research. The learner would be able to:

- 1. Collate, organize and analyse the existing literature in any given field of study.
- 2. Formulate a hypothesis following literature review.
- 3. Design a study to prove/ disprove the hypothesis using the tenets of Research Methodology.
- 4. Design data/ sample collection.
- 5. Prepare a presentation and appropriately record the studies done in this course.

Course Code	Course Title	Total Credits
LScAQT607	Research Project I	04

#### Introduction:

This course is designed to extend the concepts captured in the theory lectures into practical applications and discovery. The learner would be able to identify and organize the existing literature on a given topic and plan experiments to prove a hypothesis. The research project is aimed to enhance research temper in the learner. The learner would be able to formulate a hypothesis and design a research project using the concepts of research methodology. The learner would be able to effectively document and present the parameters of the research project.

#### What is required:

There are four credits assigned to the course. As this is of a practical and hands-on nature, every two hours spent on the project in a week would earn a credit. The course spans over 15 weeks and hence the time that needs to be devoted would be 120 hours. This could be planned and completed over a span of 15 weeks or continuously 4 - 5 weeks.

#### Where can these projects be done:

The projects could be conducted in-house or could be in industry or research institutes or recognized institutes that carry out research. The host institution would be from any field of Life Sciences. The project would be carried out with the consent and understanding between the thetheUDLSc and the relevant Academic/ research Institute or the Industry

Documentation for the Research Project I:

The proforma for internal evaluation by the mentor (at the place of work) is given at the end of the syllabus. This evaluation along with a thesis submission would be proportionately added for the calculation of the internal marks. The scheme for the same is given at the end of the syllabus.

A draft paper of the project and its presentation would be evaluated by external examiners as the external evaluation. The relevant weightages are given at the end of the document.

The reports will be governed by the plagiarism rules as dictated in the document No. Th./ICD/2018 – 19/448

04

# Sem. - IV

### M.Sc. (Life Sciences – Aquaculture Technology) (Semester - IV)

Programme Name: M. Sc. Lite Sciences -	<b>Course Name:</b> Fish Products and Quality Assurance
Total Credits: 04	Total Marks: 100
Department assessment: 50 marks	University assessment: 50 marks

#### **Course Outcomes:**

- 1. Gain Knowledge on fish processing technology.
- 2. Demonstrate the process of value addition and quality fishery products.
- 3. Perceive the nutritional value of fishery products.
- 4. Comprehendthequality indicators in fishes.

Course Code	Course Title	Total Credits
LScAQT608	Fish Products and Quality Assurance	04
MODULE I		02
Unit 1: Fish Processing	Technology (15 L)	
0	of fish spoilage; principles of fish preservation, importance of	
processing; handling of drying, salting, smoking chemical features of fisl of fresh fish- intrinsic ar	fish and transportation. traditional methods of fish processing (icing, g, pickling, fermentation). post-mortem changes in fish. structural and n and shellfish as raw material for processing. factors affecting quality and extrinsic factors. On board handling of fish, landing centers and farm hilling methods, depuration of bivalves.	
Unit II: Value Additio	n & Fish Products Development (15 L)	
Value addition: Definition protein deficiency and protein deficiency	tion, shelf life, scope of value addition, present market trends, surimi, need for fortification of food. digestibility and nutritive value of fish	
products, equipment for properties 3. Fermented products: Mechanism of	<b>Products:</b> Types: 1. Battered and breaded products 2. minced based or mince preparation, effect of mincing on physical and chemical products. 4. Ready-to-eat and ready-to-cook products- Extruded fish extrusion, types of extruders: single screw, twin screw, mechanical and g extrusion, parameters affecting quality of extruded product, cook-chill	
<b>Colour Enhancement</b> id different pigments.	in Fish: Colour enhancers- Carotenoids, Different colour obtained by	
MODULE II		02
Unit III: Traditional Fi	isherv Products (15 L)	
	nd dehydration: Kinetics of drying, psychometrics, drying calculation,	
-	rate, drying time in air, moisture transport mechanism, natural drying,	

solar drying and mechanical drying, different types of dryers, tunnel drier, vacuum drier, drum drier, solar drier, etc. Dehydration of fish products: dehydration ratio, precautions to be taken in fish drying; Denaturation of fish protein, Spoilage of dried/cured fish, physical, chemical and microbiological changes, methods to prevent/control spoilage, extension of shelf life.

Free and bound water in foods, water activity and sorption behaviour of foods, storage characteristics, microbial spoilage, effects of water activity on chemical deterioration, enzymatic reaction, non-enzymatic browning, lipid oxidation, reaction between lipids and proteins, dry fish, control of micro-organisms.

### Unit IV: Quality Assurance & Management (15 L)

**Fish Inspection & Quality Assurance:** Fish inspection in India, process water quality in fishery industry, product quality, water analysis, treatments, chlorination, ionization, UV radiation, reverse osmosis, techniques to remove pesticides and heavy metals. physical, chemical, organoleptic and microbiological quality standards. Sensory evaluation of fish and fish products: basic aspects, different methods of evaluation, taste panel selection & constitution, statistical analysis, poisoning by chemicals: heavy metals, pesticides, non-metals, occurrence in food and toxic effects; Biological toxins occurring in seafoods: scombroid poisoning, histamine problem, shellfish poisoning, ciguatera poisoning, puffer fish poison. Food laws in India, integrated food law (FSSAI), Hazard Analysis and Critical Control Point (HACCP).

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Ranendra K. Majumdar & Amjad K. Balange 2022. Advances in Fish ProcessingTechnologies, CRC Press.
- 2. Venugopal V., 2006. Seafood Processing. Taylor & Francis.
- 3. Balachandran K. K., 2001. Post-harvest Technology of Fish and Fish Products. Daya Publication House.
- 4. Gopakumar K. (Ed.). 2002. Text Book of Fish Processing Technology. ICAR. 198 3.
- 5. Sen D. P., 2005. Advances in Fish Processing Technology. Allied Publ.
- 6. Wheaton F. W.& Lawson T.B. 1985. Processing Aquatic Food Products. John Wiley & Sons.
- 7. Hall G.M., 1992. Fish Processing Technology. Blackie.
- 8. Oefjen G, Wilhelm H.& Peter., 2004. Freeze Drying. Wiley-VCH GmbH & Co.
- 9. Assessment and Management of Seafood Safety and Quality. (2003) Free amino acids Technical Paper No. 444
- 10. Food borne Disease Handbook. IInd Edn. (2001) Vol.4: Seafood and Environmental Toxins, Marcel Dekker Inc New York
- 11. Handbook of Natural toxins Vol 3. Marine Toxins and Venom. 1988. Marcel Dekker Inc. New York.

<b>Programme Name:</b> M. Sc. Life Sciences – Aquaculture Technology Semester IV	<b>Course Name:</b> Fish Products and Quality Assurance Practicals
Total Credits: 02	Total Marks: 50
Department assessment: 25 marks	University assessment: 25 marks

### **Course Outcome :**

The learner would be able to:

- 1. Gain insight into preparation of fish products.
- 2. Evaluate the quality of the fish products.
- 3. Summarize the nutritional value of the fish products.

Course Code	Course Title	Total Credits
LScAQT609	Fish Products and Quality Assurance Practicals	02
MODULE I		02
<ol> <li>Estimatio</li> <li>Estimatio</li> <li>Estimatio</li> <li>Estimatio</li> <li>Preparatio</li> <li>Physico-c</li> <li>Estimatio</li> </ol>	e composition of different fish and fishery products. n of TMA in fresh and dried fish. n of TVBN in fresh and dried fish. n of salt content in dried fish. on of value-added products from low-cost fishes. hemical analysis of fish and fishery product. n of protein in cured products. n of moisture in dried/cured products.	

<b>Programme Name:</b> M. Sc. Life Sciences – Aquaculture Technology Semester IV	<b>Course Name:</b> Aquaculture Drugs and Pharmacological Studies
Total Credits: 04	Total Marks: 100
Department assessment: 50 marks	University assessment: 50 marks

### **Course Outcomes:**

- 1. Comprehend the drug development process and potential of marine environment as source of next generation drugs.
- 2. Discuss the importance of aquaculture drugs in the human health.
- 3. Utilize marine therapeutic drugs in the prevention and cure of fish and shellfish diseases.

Course Code	Course Title	Total Credits
LScAQT610	Aquaculture Drugs and Pharmacological Studies	04
MODULE I		02
Introduction, appro discovery, mechani approaches in drug and high content	overy in Aquaculture (15 L) baches in drug discovery, classical approaches - target based drug dism based drug discovery, physiology based and functional based; new discovery; high throughput screening, ultra-high –throughput screening screening; drugs with target specific; reduction in the non-targeted e and veterinary drugs, market authorization and control.	
Marine pharmac mechanisms of act particle for marine Developmental cyc systems; <i>in vivo</i> pl adverse drug react	<b>rugs, Their Development &amp; Delivery (15 L)</b> <b>euticals:</b> Drugs approved by FDA; drugs approved by EMEA; ion; adverse reaction; targeted delivery of drugs; polymer based nano- derived drugs; chitosan PHB, surface modification of nanoparticles. ele of drugs discovery, development of new drugs. in vitro screening narmacokinetics; pharmacodynamics; animal models of disease states; ions; basics of clinical trials, drug approval process, post marketing (PMS) & safety alerts.	
MODULE II		02
Source of drugs; plants and anima sponges, tunicates antibiotic resistanc diabetics, neurodeg <b>Pharmaceutical le</b> international instru	<ul> <li>Pharmacognosy (15 L)</li> <li>medicinal and aromatic plants; pharmacological potential of marine l; microorganisms, actinomycetes; endosymbiotic microorganisms, mollusks, cyanobacteria, algae, seaweeds. drugs against multiple e bacteria, antiviral drugs; drugs targeting cancer cells; drugs against enerative diseases.</li> <li>egislation and regulation: Basic scenario introduction to the leading ments concerning intellectual elements of national pharmaceutical ne registration, licensing, and marketing authorization, drug control</li> </ul>	
Marine-Derived 2 omega-3 polyuns	erived Nutraceuticals (15 L) Nutraceuticals: Introduction, nutritional value of seaweeds, algae; aturated fatty acids, glucosamine; chitin and chitosan, marine ucoidans, marine pigments, astaxanthine, functional and bioactive ans; cosmetics.	

### **Reference Books:**

- Benjamin Blass. Basic Principles of Drug Discovery and Development; ISBN: 978- 0-12-411508-8; Academic Press.
- 2. Dean Martin (Ed) Marine Pharmacognosy: Action of Marine Biotoxins at the cellular level
- 3. Marine Nutraceuticals and Functional Foods. Colin Barrow, Fereidoon Shahidi, ISBN 9781574444872 CRC press.
- 4. Charles G. Smith, James T. O'Donnell Ed, The Process of New Drug Discovery and Development, Second Edition, CRC Press ISBN 9780849327797.
- 5. John P. Griffin John Posner Geoffrey R. Barker, The Textbook of Pharmaceutical Medicine, 7th Edition, ISBN: 978-0-470-65987-8, BMJ Books.

<b>Programme Name:</b> M. Sc. Life Sciences – Aquaculture Technology Semester IV	<b>Course Name:</b> Aquaculture Drugs and Pharmacological Studies Practicals
Total Credits: 02	Total Marks: 50
<b>Department assessment:</b> 25 marks	University assessment: 25 marks

### **Course Outcome:**

The learner would be able to:

- 1. Evaluate various medicinal properties of aquaculture drugs.
- 2. Determine the toxicity of a drug at molecular level.
- 3. Gain insight into the clinical trial procedure.

Course Code	Course Title	Total Credits
LScAQT611	Aquaculture Drugs and Pharmacological Studies Practicals	02
<b>MODULE I</b>		02
<ol> <li>Detemination</li> <li>Estimation</li> <li>Detemination</li> <li>Determine</li> </ol>	ion of Antioxidant activityof marine derived compounds. ion of Anti-diabetic activityof marine derived compounds. ofAnti -inflammatory activityof marine derived compounds. ion of Antiglycatingactivityof marine derived compounds. the toxicity of marine derived compounds using DNA aberrationassay. of clinical trial on a popular marine drug in the market.	

# **SEMESTER IV ELECTIVES**

<ul> <li>Programme Name: M. Sc. Life Sciences – Aquaculture Technology Semester IV</li> <li>Total Credits: 04</li> </ul>	Course Name: Commercial Pearl Production Process Total Marks: 100
	<b>University assessment:</b> 50 marks
Department assessment: 50 marks	•

#### **Course Outcomes:**

- 1. Create awareness on pearl culture.
- 2. Evaluate pearl quality.
- 3. Identify pearl producing species in India.

Course Code	Course Title	Total Credits
LScAQT612a	Commercial Pearl Production Process	04
MODULE I Cour	se LScAQT612a T (Credits 2)	02
Introduction, <b>Pearl</b> P. chemnitzii, P. sug <b>Important freshv</b> marginalis, L. corrid	<b>ncing Species (15 L)</b> <b>producing marine oysters:</b> <i>Pinctada fucata, P. margaritifera,</i> <i>villata, P. anomioides, P. atropurpurea</i> <b>vater pearl producing mussels in India:</b> <i>Lamellidens</i> <i>anus, Parreysia corrugata.</i> yster and freshwater pearl mussel, economy of freshwater pearl	
background & histor Pearl Types: Natura Pearl Culture Tech transportation, selec	tance of pearls, mechanism of pearl formation, scientific	
<ol> <li>DNA isolation</li> <li>Genetic variation</li> <li>Phylogenetica</li> <li>Identification</li> <li>Bivalve.</li> <li>Identification</li> <li>Dissection of</li> </ol>	rse LScAQT612a P (Credits 2) on from mantle tissue and its quantification. ation of bivalves using RAPD/RFLP. analysis of pearl producing bivalves. a of commercially important freshwater pearl producing a of commercially important Sea water Oyster. f commercial bivalve. g (Demonstration).	02

### **Reference Books:**

Ujwala Jadhav, 2010. Aquaculture Technology and Environment. Publ. PHI Publication.
 Ayyappan, S., 2011. Handbook of Fisheries and Aquaculture. ICAR.

### ELECTIVE

Programme Name: M. Sc. Life Sciences – Aquaculture Technology Semester IV	<b>Course Name:</b> Aquaponics and Aquatic Engineering
Total Credits: 04	Total Marks: 100
Department assessment: 50 marks	University assessment: 50 marks

### **Course Outcomes:**

- 1. AcquireSufficient knowledge of the different systems of aquaculture including recent techniques like aquaponics.
- 2. Easily substantiate on recent trends in aquaculture engineering.
- 3. Engage in a successful design and construction of aquaculture farm.
- 4. Easily focus on the various equipments required for anaquafarm.

Course Code	Course Title	Total Credits
LScAQT612b	Aquaponics and Aquatic Engineering	04
MODULE I Course LScAQT	612b T (Credits 2)	02
Unit I: Aquaponics and Aqua Aquaponics: Introduction, de	farm Machinery (15 L) ssign, principle, components, fish, plant & water	
quality, maintenance.		
Aquafarm Machinery: Pumps: Types, working, maintenance, application in aqua		
farms, operation and maintenance aspects - selection of pumps for the aquafarms.		
Aeration system: Principle, classification, aeration process in aqua farm and maintenance, types of aerators and their application in aqua farms, operation and maintenance.		
<b>Filter system:</b> Introduction, principle of filtration, types, rate of filtration construction and their maintenance. advantages & disadvantages.		
<b>Boat:</b> Introduction of different types of boat & motors.		
Feeders: Types & maintenance.		
Unit II: Aquaculture Enginee		
Introduction, classification of aquaculture (Extensive, intensive and semi- intensive).		
The farm: Technical Comp	onents in a System 1. Land-based hatchery and	
juvenile production farm: water inlet and transfer, water treatment facilities,		
production units, feeding equip	oment, internal transport and size grading, transport	

of fish, Equipment for waste handling and wastewater treatment, instrumentation		
and monitoring, 2. On-growing sea cage farm: necessary components (production		
units, feeding equipment, working boat, equipment for size grading, base station).		
Future Trends: increased importance of aquaculture engineering.		
MODULE II Course LScAQT612b P (Credits 2)	02	
1. Study of aquarium Aeration system (demonstration).		
2. Study of aquarium Filtration system (demonstration).		
3. Identification of fishing materials.		
4. Study components and design of aquaponics.		
5. Estimation of ammonia/ nitrate/ phosphate content in fish tank water.		

### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Sylvia Bernstein, 2011. Aquaponic Gardening- A step by step guide to raising.
- 2. Raju, V.T., Shankerrao, oxford & ibh, 2017. Economics of farm production & management, paperback.
- 3. Bimal Chandra Mal, 2021. Aquacultural facilities & equipment, Elsevier.
- 4. Ayyappan, S., 2011. Handbook of Fisheries and Aquaculture. ICAR.
- 5. Tripathi, S.D., Lakra, W.S. & Chadha, N.K., 2018. Aquaculture in India, Narendra Publishing House.
- 6. Odd-Ivar Lekang (2013). Aquaculture Engineering, Second Edition A John Wiley & Sons, Ltd., Publication.
- 7. Lekang, O. I. & Fjæra, S.O. (1997) Teknologi for Akvakultur. Landbruksforlaget, Oslo (in Norwegian).
- 8. Lekang, O. I. & Fjæra, S.O. (2002) Teknisk Utstyr til Fiskeoppdrett. Gan forlag, Oslo (in Norwegian).

### ELECTIVE

<b>Programme Name:</b> M. Sc. Life Sciences – Aquaculture Technology Semester IV	Course Name: Fish Nutrition and Feed Technology
Total Credits: 04	Total Marks: 100
Department assessment: 50 marks	University assessment: 50 marks

### **Course Outcomes:**

- 1. Acquire knowledge on the importance of nutrition.
- 2. Understand the food and feeding habits
- 3. Acquire knowledge on feed composition.
- 4. Know the importance of supplementary feeds.

Cou	rse Code	Course Title	Total Credits
LSc	AQT612c	Fish Nutrition and Feed Technology	04
MOL	OULE I Course L	ScAQT612c T (Credits 2)	02
Unit I	: Fish Nutrition	(15 L)	
		bles of fish nutrition and terminologies, role of nutrients: amino acids,	
	1	oids, carbohydrates, vitamins and minerals. nutritional requirements of	
cultiva	ble finfish and sh	hellfish.	
		n: Nutritional requirements of fish and shellfish larvae, quality	
-		feeds (particle size, digestibility), natural food and its importance in	
		l quality of commonly used fish food organisms (bacterioplankton,	
		oplankton) and their roles in larval nutrition. antinutritional factor,	
nutrier	nt deficiency and	symptoms.	
T	I. Food and Food	ling Taskaisus (15 I.)	
		<b>ding Technique (15 L)</b> ngredients used and proximate composition, feed formulation, pelleted	
		food, feeding of larvae, storage of prepared feed, overfeeding and	
-	eeding.	and the storage of prepared feed, overfeeding and	
	•	Conventional and non-conventional feedstuffs, feed formulation	
		moting agents in aqua feed.	
		LScAQT612c P (Credits 2)	02
1.	Determination o	f Moisture content of feeds.	
		f Ash content of Feeds.	
3.		itamin C from feed ingredients.	
4.	Formulation of f		
5.	Proximate comp ingredients and	position (lipid/ protein/ carbohydrate/ crude fibre) analysis of feed feeds.	

#### **Reference Books:**

1.Baton Roughe, De Silva S.S. & Anderson T.A. 1995. Fish Nutrition in Aquaculture. Chapman & Hall Aquaculture Series.

2. Halver J. & Hardy R.W. 2002. Fish Nutrition. Academic Press.

3. Halver J.E. & Tiews K.T. 1979. Finfish Nutrition and Fish feed Technology. Vols. I, II Heenemann, Berlin.

4. Ujwala Jadhav (2010). Aquaculture Technology and Environment. Publ. PHI Publication

5. Ayyappan, S. (2011). Handbook of Fisheries and Aquaculture. ICAR

6. Saroj K. Swain, Sarangi N. and Ayyappan S. 2010. Ornamental Fish Farming ICAR.

7. Ojha J.S., 2005. Aquaculture Nutrition and Biochemistry. Daya Publication.

### ELECTIVE

<b>Programme Name:</b> M. Sc. Life Sciences – Aquaculture Technology Semester IV	Course Name: Fish Breeding and Hatchery Management
Total Credits: 04	Total Marks: 100
Department assessment: 50 marks	University assessment: 50 marks

### **Course Outcomes:**

- 1. Acquire in -depth knowledge on the reproductive biology, induced breeding.
- 2. Demonstrate the larval rearing offinfishes and shellfishes.
- 3. Developtechnical skills to managecommercial units and hatcheries.
- 4. Demonstrable skills on the design of fish hatcheries.

Course Code	Course Title	Total
		Credits
LScAQT612d	Fish Breeding and Hatchery Management	04
		02
MODULE I Course I	LScAQT612d T (Credits 2)	
	biology and Induced breeding of Finfishes & Shellfishes (15 L)	
	naturation and development: spermatogenesis and oogenesis,	
	ocrine control of reproduction: reproductive cycles, induced breeding:	
	y, methods of natural and artificial fertilization, evaluation of milt and	
	echnique, use of different synthetic hormones and analogues for induced ripping and fertilization.	
Shellfishes (Prawns):	Reproductive biology and reproductive mechanisms in prawns. Age at	
•	fecting maturation and spawning.	
	ity; improvement; nutritional requirements; transport; captive rearing ed spawning; physical and chemical inducing agents; physiology and	
techniques of eyestalk a		
cominques of eyestain a		
Unit II: Present Status	s of Seed Production and Hatchery Management (15 L)	
	<b>d production:</b> Introduction, history, constraints and current status of	
	and hatchery seed production of finfishes and shellfishes.	
	Management: Introduction, criteria for site selection of hatchery and	
nursery, design and fur	nction of incubators, Jar hatchery, Chinese hatchery and other hatchery	
systems- design and op	peration, hatchery protocols, larval rearing stages, rearing technology,	
packaging and transport	t of seed.	
MODULE II Course	LScAQT612d P (Credits 2)	02
1. Eyestalk ablatio	n technique of shrimp/prawn.	
•	gical changes in the liver/gonads of fish.	
3. Cryopreservatio	n of fish and shellfish gametes (Demonstration).	
4. Collection and i	dentification of cultivable brackishwater finfish.	

- 5. Packing and transportation of cultivable finfish seed.
- 6. Visit to different finfish hatcheries.

### **Reference Books:**

- 1. FAO. 1992. Manual of Seed Production of Carps. FAO Publ.
- 2. Ayyappan, S., 2011. Handbook of Fisheries and Aquaculture. ICAR.
- 3. Jhingran V.G.& Pullin R.S.V., 1985. Hatchery Manual for the Common, Chinese and Indian Major Carps. ICLARM, Philippines.
- 4. Jhingran V.G. 1991. Fish and Fisheries of India. Hindustan Publ.
- 5. Landau M., 1992. Introduction to Aquaculture. John Wiley & Sons.
- 6. Mcvey J.P., 1983. Handbook of Mariculture. CRC Press.
- 7. Pillay T.V.R.& Kutty M.N., 2005. Aquaculture- Principles and Practices. Blackwell.
- 8. Rath R.K., 2000. Freshwater Aquaculture. Scientific Publ.
- 9. Thomas P.C., Rath S.C.& Mohapatra K.D., 2003. Breeding and Seed Production of Finfish and Shellfish. Daya Publ. AQC.
- 10. CMFRI Bulletin. 1987. National Seminar on Shellfish Resources and Farming.
- 11. FAO. 2007. Manual for Operating a SmallScale Recirculation Freshwater Prawn Hatchery.
- 12. Ujwala Jadhav (2010): Aquaculture Technology and Environment. Publication, PHI Publication.
- 13. Bardach E.J., Rhyther J.H.& Mc Larney WO., 1972. Aquaculture. The Farming and Husbandry of Freshwater and Marine Organisms. John Wiley & Sons.
- 14. Chakraborty C.& Sadhu A.K., 2000. Biology Hatchery and Culture Technology of Tiger Prawn and Giant Freshwater Prawn. Daya Publ. House.
- 15. Diwan A.D., Joseph S & Ayyappan S., 2008. Physiology of Reproduction, Breeding and Culture of Tiger Shrimp. Narendra Publ. House.
- 16. Gilbert B., 1990. Aquaculture. Vol. II. Ellis Harwood.

### ELECTIVE

<b>Programme Name:</b> M. Sc. Life Sciences – Aquaculture Technology Semester IV	<b>Course Name:</b> Seaweed Culture & Its Economic Importance
Total Credits: 04	Total Marks: 100
Department assessment: 50 marks	University assessment: 50 marks

### **Course Outcomes:**

The learner would be able to:

- 1. Acquire knowledge on seaweed culture and its economically important species.
- 2. Create awareness on Seaweed uses in industrial sectors.
- 3. Appreciate therole of seaweeds in environment sustainability.

Course Code Course Title		Total Credits
LScAQT612e	Seaweed Culture & Its Economic Importance	04
MODULE I Cour	se LScBT612e T (Credits 2)	02
Seaweed Culture: selection, design pattern and enviror species of commer coastal area of Indi	<b>Cultivating and Harvesting of Seaweed (15 L)</b> Introduction, present status of seaweed culture in India. site of culture ponds and transplanting; determining growth mental monitoring, problems and prospects. major seaweed cial importance, methods of culture, seaweed cultivation in a for small scale fisheries. constraints in seaweed culture. : Line farming, net farming, raft cultivation, culture in are on coral stones.	n 1 1
Commercially imp carrageenan, chem agar, alginic acid, 1 Important uses of	<b>E Importance of Seaweed Culture (15 L)</b> <b>portant products obtained from seaweeds:</b> agar, alginate ical composition of seaweeds; processing and extraction o mannitol and carrageenan. <b>Seaweeds:</b> In medicines, as food additives, as fertilizer, in in the wastewater treatment, for human consumption, as soi	f
MODULE II Co	urse LScBT612e P (Credits 2)	02
<ol> <li>Chlorophyl</li> <li>Effect of se</li> <li>Estimation</li> </ol>	on of different seaweeds. l estimation from seaweeds. aweed extract on growth rate of a suitable plant material. of iodine content of seaweed. ical analysis ofseaweed.	

### **ReferencesBooks:**

1. Bird, K.T. and Benson, P.H., 1987. Seaweed Cultivation for Renewable Resources. Elsevier Science

Publishers, New York. Chapman,

2. A.R.O., 1992. Fourteenth International Seaweed Symposium. Kluwer Academic Press, London

3. Chapman, V. J. and Chapman D. J., 1980. Seaweed and their uses. Methuen & Co., London. CMFRI (Central Marine Fisheries Research Institute), 1987.

4. Seaweed research and utilization in India. CMFRI Bulletin No. 41, CMFRI, Cochin, India. FAO (Food & Agriculture Organization), 1975.

5. Ujwala Jadhav, 2010. Aquaculture Technology and Environment. Publ. PHI Publication.

6. Ayyappan, S., 2011. Handbook of Fisheries and Aquaculture. ICAR.

**Programme Name:** M. Sc. Life Sciences – Aquaculture Technology Semester IV

#### er IV Total M

### Total Credits: 04

# Course Name: RESEARCH PROJECT II

Total Marks: 100

University assessment: 50 marks

**Department assessment:** 50 marks

### **Course Outcome:**

- 1. Analyze and determine the lacunae of the existing literature in any given field of study.
- 2. Formulate a hypothesis based on a focussed literature review.
- 3. Use the tenets of research methodology to design an effective research study.
- 4. Demonstrate the actual execution of the research design
- 5. Highlight the weaknesses and strengths of the study.
- 6. Prepare a presentation and appropriately record the studies done in this course.

<b>Course Code</b>	Course Title	Total Credits			
LScAQT613	RESEARCH PROJECT II	06			
Introduction		06			
This course is designed to extend the concepts in Research Methodology to address a					
	ng knowledge in a particular area of the discipline of Life Sciences. The				
	able to identify and organize the existing literature on a given topic,				
• •	thesis, design a research project and plan experiments to prove a search project is aimed to enable the researcher to conduct scientifically				
	ents for a meaningful assessment and conclusion of the observations and				
0 1	r would be able to effectively document and present the parameters and				
findings of the rese					
There are six credits assigned to the course. As this is of a practical and hands-on nature, every two hours spent on the project in a week would earn a credit. The course spans over 15 weeks and hence the time that needs to be devoted would be 180 hours. This could be planned and completed over a span of 15 weeks or continuously 6 - 8 weeks.					
recognized institut of Life Sciences.	be conducted in-house or could be in industry or research institutes or es that carry out research. The host institution would be from any field The project would be carried out with the consent and understanding ersity Department of Life Sciences and the relevant Academic/ research				
The proforma for a end of the syllabus learner would be	the Research Project II: internal evaluation by the mentor (at the place of work) is given at the s. The formulation of the project, the application and attendance of the evaluated on a continuous basis. This would be the backbone of the t. The scheme for the same is given at the end of the syllabus.				
	sis of the project, a draft research paper based on the results obtained in				
Research Project 1	II and its presentation would be evaluated by external examiners The				

relevant weightages are given at the end of the document.

The reports will be governed by the plagiarism rules as dictated in the document No. Th./ICD/2018 – 19/448.

### **EVALUATION SCHEME**

### **Evaluation: SEMESTER III**

Paper	Th	eo	Pra	ctical	Total
Code	r	ry			
	Internal	Externa	Internal	Extern	
		1		al	
LSc601	5	5			100
	0	0			
LSc602			2	25	50
			5		
LSc603	5	5			100
	0	0			
LSc604			2	25	50
			5		
LSc605	2	2			50
	5	5			
LSc606 (Electives: a to e)	2	2	2	25	100
	5	5	5		
LSc607 (ResearchProject I)	Evalua	Evaluation scheme at the end of the			
		Docu	ment		

### **Evaluation: SEMESTER IV**

Paper	Th	eo	Pra	Practical	
Code	r	ry			
	Internal	Externa	Internal	Extern	
		1		al	
LSc608	5	5			100
	0	0			
LSc609			2	25	50
			5		
LSc6010	5	5			100
	0	0			
LSc611	2	2			50
	5	5			
LSc612 (Electives: a to e)	2	2	2	25	100
	5	5	5		
LSc613 (ResearchProject II)	Evalua	Evaluation scheme at the end of the			
	Document				

### A. Evaluation for Mandatory Theory Courses (4 Credit Courses)

### I. Internal Evaluation for Mandatory Theory Courses: 50 Marks

The internal evaluation for mandatory theory courses comprises two components, each carrying a specific weightage. Students can choose between the following options to fulfil the evaluation requirements:

Option 1: (i) The course teacher will have the liberty to choose the assessment tools/ methods (class test/assignment/record book/tutorials/seminars/case study/ field work/ project work/ quiz/ etc.) – 50 marks.

Option 2: (i) Completion of SWAYAM (Advanced Course) of minimum 2 credits and certification exam - 50 Marks

Option 3: (i) Completion of NPTEL (Advanced Course) of minimum 2 credits and certification exam - 50 Marks

Option 4: (i) Possession of valid International Certifications from recognized providers such as Prometric, Pearson, Certiport, Coursera, Udemy, or similar platforms - 50 Marks

Note: It's important to note that each certification will be awarded marks for only one course. For example, if a student completes four courses, they will need to obtain four different certifications to fulfil the certification marks requirement for each course.

### **II. External Examination for Mandatory Theory Courses- 50 Marks**

- Duration: 2.0 Hours
- Theory question paper pattern:

	All questions are compulsory.						
Questi	Based on	Options	Mar				
on			ks				
Q.1	Unit I	Any 1 out of 2 (1 or 1 a,	10				
		b)					
Q.2	Unit II	Any 1 out of 2 (2 or 2 a,	10				
		b)					
Q.3	Unit III	Any 1 out of 2 (3 or 3 a,	10				
		b)					
Q.4	Unit IV	Any 1 out of 2 (4 or 4 a,	10				
		b)					
Q.5	Unit I, II, III& IV	Any 4 out of 8 (short	10				
		notes)					

### **B.** Evaluation for Elective Theory Courses (4 Credit Courses)

Evaluation for Elective Theory Courses (2 Credit Courses)

### I. Internal Evaluation for Elective Theory Courses: 25 Marks

The internal evaluation for elective theory courses consists of two components, each carrying a specific weightage. These components are as follows:

The course teacher will have the liberty to choose the assessment tools/ methods (class test/assignment/record book/tutorials/seminars/case study/ field work/ project work/ quiz/ etc.) -50 marks.

### **II. External Examination for Elective Theory Courses- 25 Marks**

- Duration: **1 Hour**
- Theory question paper pattern:

	All questions are compulsory.						
Questi	Based on	Based on Options					
on		ks					
Q.1	Unit I	Any 1 out of 2 (1 or 1 a,	10				
		b)					
Q.2	Unit II	Any 1 out of 2 (2 or 2 a,	10				
		b)					
Q.3	Unit I & II	Any 2 out of 4 (short	5				
		notes)					

### C. Evaluation for Mandatory & Elective Practical Courses (2 Credit Courses)

The evaluation for both mandatory and elective practical courses is conducted according to the following criteria:

- Each practical course carries a **total of 50 Marks**, distributed as follows:
  - University Assessment: 25 Marks for practical performance (1 question of 15 marks, spot tests for 5 marks and viva for 5 marks)
  - Departmental Assessment: 5 Marks for the journal, 5 marks for attendance, 5 marks for participation and 10 marks for viva – total 25 marks.
  - The duration of each practical course is 6 to 8 hours.
- To be eligible for evaluation, students must complete a minimum of 80% of the practical work assigned in each core subject.
- It is mandatory for students to submit a certified journal at the time of the practical examination. The journal serves as a record of their practical work and is an essential component of the evaluation process.

### **Evaluation of Research Project Work I (4 Credit Course):**

(Proforma for the Evaluation of the learner by the industry mentor /to whom the learner was reporting in the organization)

						)
N 0	Particular	Excelle nt	Very Good	Goo d	Moderat e	Satisfacto ry
1	Attendance & Punctuality					
2	Ability to work in a team					
3	Written and oral communication skills					
4	Problem solving skills					
5	Ability to grasp new concepts					
6	Technical skill in terms of technology, programming, etc					
7	Ability to complete tasks					
8	Quality of overall work done					
9	Time management*					
1 0	Critical thinking*					

### Internal Evaluation (by the institution/ at place of Internship by Mentor): 50 Marks

• **Time Management:** Evaluating the ability to effectively manage time and meet deadlines.

• **Critical Thinking:** Assessing the ability to analyze information, evaluate options, and make reasoned decisions.

### • Patterns of Marks: out of 50 as per marks obtained in each of the 10 categories

Excelle	Very	Go	Modera	Satisfacto
nt	Good	od	te	ry
5	4	3	2	1

Comments:

Signature:

Name:

Designation:

Contact details:

Email:

(Seal of the organization)

### **Research Project (I): Total Marks = 100.**

*Internal Assessment: 50 mks.* Thesis submission and evaluation along with Feedback From the organization: 25 mks Viva: by an Internal Committee (2 members): 25 mks.

*External Assessment: 50 mks.* Draft Paper submission: 25 mks Presentation: 25 mks.

### **D.** Evaluation of Research Project Work II (6 Credit Course):

(Proforma for the Evaluation of the learner by the industry mentor /to whom the learner was reporting in the organization)

Ν	Particular	Excelle	Very	Goo	Moderat	Satisfacto
0		nt	Good	d	e	ry
1	Attendance & Punctuality					
2	Ability to work in a team					
3	Written and oral communication skills					
4	Problem solving skills					
5	Ability to grasp new concepts					
6	Technical skill in terms of technology, programming, etc					
7	Ability to complete tasks					
8	Quality of overall work done					
9	Time management*					
1 0	Critical thinking*					

### Internal Evaluation (by the institution/ at place of Internship by Mentor): 50 Marks

• **Time Management:** Evaluating the ability to effectively manage time and meet deadlines.

• **Critical Thinking:** Assessing the ability to analyze information, evaluate options, and make reasoned decisions.

### • Patterns of Marks: out of 50 as per marks obtained in each of the 10 categories

Excelle	Very	Go	Modera	Satisfacto
nt	Good	od	te	ry
5	4	3	2	1

Comments: \_\_\_\_\_\_Signature: \_\_\_\_\_\_

Nomo

Name:

Designation:

Contact details:

Email:

(Seal of the organization)

### **Research Project (II): Total Marks = 150.**

Internal Assessment: 75 mks

- Research Proposal: 25 mks
- Progress evaluation by internal committee or along with Feedback from the organization: 25
- Attendance: 25

External Assessment: 75 mks.

- Thesis submission and evaluation: 25
- Draft paper/ Presentation: 25
- Viva: 25

### Letter Grades and Grade Points:

Semester GPA/ Programme CGPA Semester/ Programme	% of Marks	Alpha-Sign/ Letter Grade Result
9.00 - 10.00	90.0 - 100	O (Outstanding)
8.00 - < 9.00	80.0 - < 90.0	A+ (Excellent)
7.00 - < 8.00	70.0 - < 80.0	A (Very Good)
6.00 - < 7.00	60.0 - < 70.0	B+ (Good)
5.50 - < 6.00	55.0 - < 60.0	B (Above
		Average)
5.00 - < 5.50	50.0 - < 55.0	C (Average)
4.00 - < 5.00	40.0 - < 50.0	P (Pass)
Below 4.00	Below 40.0	F (Fail)
Ab (Absent)	-	Absent

# Appendix-I

Maintain the weekly online diary for each week in the following format.

	D ay Monday	Date	Name of the Topic/Module Completed	Remarks		
	Monday Tuesday					
1 <sup>st</sup> WE	Wednesday					
EK	Thursday					
	Friday					
	Saturday					
Signature of the Faculty mentor:						
Seal of the University Department						

#### **Appendix-II**

(Proforma for the certificate for internship in official letter head)

This is to certify that Mr. /Ms. ..... of University Dept of Life Sciences worked as an intern as part of his/her M.Sc. course in Life Sciences of University of Mumbai. The particulars of internship are given below:

Signature: \_\_\_\_\_

Name:

Designation:

.

.

Contact details:

Email:

(Seal of the organization)

#### Appendix-III

(Proforma for the certificate for Project Work in official letter head)

This is to certify that Mr. /Ms. ..... of University Dept of Life Sciences worked as an Project Student as part of his/her M.Sc. course in Life Sciences of University of Mumbai. The particulars of internship are given below:

Project Work starting date: \_\_\_\_\_

Project Work ending date: \_\_\_\_\_

Actual number of days worked: \_\_\_\_\_

Tentative number of hours worked: \_\_\_\_\_\_Hours

Broad area of work:

A small description of work done by the Project Student during the period:

Signature: \_\_\_\_\_

Name:

Designation:

Contact details:

Email:

(Seal of the organization)

<b>Team for Creation of Syllabus</b>	(M. Sc. Life Sciences - Biotechnology)
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Name	College Name	Sign
Prof. Indu Anna George	Department of Life Sciences, University of Mumbai	
Dr. Tejashree Shanbag	Principal, K.C. College, HSNC University	
Dr. Prashant Ratnaparkhi	Head, Department of Life Science, St. Xaviers College	
Prof. Priya Sundarrajan	Department of Life Science, St. Xaviers College	
Dr. Nilima Gajbhiye	Department of Life Science, Ramnarain Ruia College	
Dr. Kanchan Chitnis	Department of Life Science, Ramnarain Ruia College	
Dr. Ahmad Ali	Department of Life Sciences, University of Mumbai	
Dr. Suruchi Jamkhedkar	Department of Life Sciences, University of Mumbai	
Dr. Nisha Shah	Department of Life Sciences, University of Mumbai	
Dr. Hina Alim	Department of Life Sciences, University of Mumbai	
Dr. W. S. Lakra	Retd. Vice Chancellor, CIFE	
Dr. A. K. Balange	Head, Division of Animal, Poultry, Fisheries Sciences, IARI, Assam.	

Indu 9/7/2024

Sign of BOS Chairperson Prof. Indu Anna George Department of Life Sciences Ad-hoc BOS in Life Sciences Sign of Offg. Assoc. Dean Dr. Madhav Rajvade Offg. Assoc. Dean Science and Technology University of Mumbai Sign of Offg. Dean Prof. Shivram Garje Dean Science and Technology University of Mumbai