Pap	er / Si	ubject Code: 86575 / English: Translation Studies: Theories & Practice T.Y.B.A. (Sem-VI) Oct-2023	-11
		English: Translation Studies: Theories & Practice - II Time: 03.00 Hours Marks: 100	
N.B.:	1. A	ttempt all questions.	
	2. Fi	gures to the right indicate full marks.	
Q.1.	Write	e Short notes on ANY TWO of the following:	25
	A.	Intra-lingual and Interlingual translation	
	B.	Qualifications of a good translator	
	C.	Bilingual dictionary as a translation dictionary	
	D.	Commercial and collaborative translation	
Q.2.	A	What do you understand by translating poetry? Explain the major	25
	A.Y	problems faced during translating poetry.	
	E TO	OR OR	
	В.	Define 'performability' and 'speakability'. Comment on the problems	
		faced during translating drama.	
Q.3.	A.	Critically examine the gain and loss of in the process of translating text	25
	<i>y</i>	of Premchand's Gulli-Danda	
C. P.		OR S	
	В	Do you think that Night of the Scorpion has been successfully translated	
		from the source text? Discuss its semantic, metrical, and contextual	
		essence of SL.	
Q.4.		Translate the following passages into Marathi or Hindi	25
	Α	Where the mind is without fear	
E.T.		and the head is held high	
	SE V	Where knowledge is free	
		Where the world has not been broken	
	85 T	up into fragments by narrow domestic walls;	
		Where words come out from the	

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depths of truth;

Where tireless striving

stretches its arms towards perfection;

Where the clear stream of reason

has not lost its way into the

dreary desert sand of dead habit;

Where the mind is led forward

by thee into ever widening

thought and action-

into that heaven of freedom,

my father,

let my country awake.

AND

Deserts are the driest places on earth and sometimes go for months, or even years, without rain. But even the desert animals cannot survive without water for long periods in the scorching sun, so they have had to find different ways of coping with the harsh conditions. There are more than 2300 different kinds of snakes around the world, ranging from just fifteen centimetres long to more than eleven meters. Most snakes are quite harmless-but there are a few that are so poisonous that they kill a human being with just one bite. Most snakes lay eggs, but there are many which give birth to their young. In the dry, rocky deserts of America lives a rather evil - looking snake with a very bad reputation. Its frightening rattle can be heard as far as thirty meters away, and it can strike with lighting speed. But the rattlesnake prefers to avoid people if it possibly can. It holds its tail upright and rattles the end whenever it is disturbed, in the hope that the intruder will go away.
