Paper / Subject Code: 82177 / Mathematics. : Fourier Analysis (R-2021)

M.Sc.(Maths) (Sem-IV) July-2023

Mathematics : Fourier Analysis (R-2021)

[Time: 3:00 Hrs.]

[Marks : 80

N.B: 1. Please check whether you have got the right question paper. 2. Figures to the right indicate full marks. 3. Scientific calculator can be used. Q.1 a) State and Prove Riemann-Lebesgue lemma Attempt any two of the following b) Expand the Fourier series for the periodic function i) $f(x) = -\pi, -\pi < x < 0$ $= x, 0 < x < \pi$ Find the Fourier expansion of $f(x) = x^2$, $-\pi \le x \le \pi$. Check the limit and decide it is even or odd function. Find a cosine series of period 2π to represent $\sin x$ in $0 \le x \le \pi$ 10 Q.2 $\int_{-\pi} |D_N| dx \ge c log N \quad as \ N$ $\rightarrow \infty$ where C is any constant and $D_N(x)$ is N^{th} Dirichlet Kernel. Attempt any two of the following 10 If f is 2π period and piece wise smooth on R then show that 5 $\lim_{N\to\infty} S_N f(\theta) = \frac{1}{2} [f(\theta^-) + f(\theta^+)].$ for every θ where f is continuous. The Nth Dirichlet Kernel is given by $D_N(\emptyset) = \sum_{-N}^N e^{in\emptyset} = \frac{\sin(N + \frac{1}{2})\emptyset}{\sin\frac{1}{2}\emptyset}$ 5 Suppose that f is periodic and integrable then nth partial sum of Fourier 5 series expansion of f is given by $S_N(f)(x) = (D_N * f)(x) = (f * f)(x)$ $D_N(x)$ Define Fejer's Cesaro's mean of Fourier series. The Nth is Fejer's kernel 10 is given by $F_N(x) = \frac{1}{N} \frac{\sin^2(\frac{Nx}{2})}{\sin^2(\frac{x}{2})}$. Attempt any two of the following 10 For $\delta > 0$, $\int_{\delta \le |\theta| \le \pi} |P_r(\theta)| d\theta \to 0$ as $r \to 1$ 5 The Abel Mean can be written as convolution of periodic integrable 5 function f nd the Poisson kernel $P_r(\theta)$ as $A_r f(\theta) = (f * P_r)(\theta)$ 5 iii) The Poisson kernel $P_r(\theta) \geq 0$. State and Prove solution of DIRICHLET problem for UNIT DISC a) 10 Attempt any two of the following b) 10 i) Define Hilbert space. State and Prove Properties of Hilbert space. 5 5 State and prove Pythagorean theorem. Explain Laplace operator and Harmonic functions. 5
