### M.Com (Sem-II) Oct-2023

Corporate Finance

[Time: 2.30 Hrs.] [Marks:75]

Please check whether you have got the right question paper.

N.B: 1. All question are compulsory.

- 2. Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 3. Use of simple calculator is allowed.
- 4. Working Notes should form part of the main answer.
- Q.1 A If the rate of return on an investment scheme is 15%, what will be the doubling period under:
  - a. Rule of 69
  - b. Rule of 72
- Q.1 B Mr. Rajesh wants to invest in a new investment scheme offered by I-Cube investments Ltd., which requires initial investment of ₹ 50,000. It promises to pay the following payments over the period of 5 years:

Year	Amount	
1 0	10,000	
2	12,000	
3	16,000	
4.0	18,000	
5	20,000	

Advice whether he should invest in the project if the current rate of interest in the market is 10%.

Note: Round-off upto 3 decimals.

### OR

Q.1 C What is YTM of each bond? Which bond will you recommend for **08** investment?

Bonds	Coupon Rate	Maturity	Price/₹ 100 Par Value
Shubh Ltd.	15%	8 Years	88
Labh Ltd.	16%	6 Years	82

- Q.1 D Gouri Ltd. is planning to issue bond having par value of ₹ 1,000. The terms of the bond specifies the following things:
  - a. Issue Price at Par

₹ 1,000.

b. Coupon rate

15%

c. Maturity period

6 years.

d. Redemption Value

at10% Premium.

- 1. What should be the value of the bond if the investors expects a return @ 16%?
- 2. Comment on the valuation of the bond, if the company decided to issue the bond at 1010?

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# Q.2 A

# Balance Sheet of Amit Ltd. as on 31.03.2023

Capital and Liabilities	Amount	Amount	Amount
Share Capital	5		
Equity Share Capital	? ? ?		
12% Preference Share Capital	2	?	
Reserves and Surplus			
General Reserve	?		
P&L A/c	50,000	3	?
<u>Liabilities</u>			
Non-Current Liabilities			
10% Debentures		5	?
<b>Current Liabilities</b>		~01),	
Trade Payables		?	
Bank Overdraft		1,00,000	200
	25	Total	?
Non-Current Assets	30° 30°		D d
Fixed Assets		?	3/2
Less: Depreciation @ 15%		1,80,000	
Total Fixed Assets	25	200	?
<u>Investments</u>		5	200
Investment in 10%			
<b>Government Securities</b>		3	?
Current Assets	A) 6		
Quick Assets			
Stock	3	?	
Debtors	, oi'	?	
Bank	3	50,000	?
			?

Complete the Balance Sheet from the following information:

1. Current Ratio	3:2
2. Quick Ratio	1.5:1
3. Interest received during the year on investments	₹ 18,000
4. Interest paid during the year on debentures	₹ 30,000
5. Preference dividend paid	₹ 36,000
6. Debt Equity Ratio	20:6
7. (Equity + Preference share)/Reserves and Surplus	1:0.25
8. Working Capital	₹ 1,00,000

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#### OR

### Q.2 B Calculate the WACC of Komal Ltd. using the following data

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- (a) Book value weights Basis
- (b) Market value weights Basis

Source	Cost	Amount
Debentures	8% (After Tax)	6,00,000
Preference Shares	11%	4,00,000
Equity Capital	12%	10,00,000
Reserves and Surplus	12%	5,00,000

### Additional information:

- 1. Debentures are valued in the market at 90% of the cost.
- 2. Preference shares are valued at in the market at 20% premium.
- 3. Equity shares of face value ₹ 10 is traded at ₹ 25.

# Q.3 A The EBIT of Anitha Ltd is ₹ 10,00,000. The company has 10% **08** Debentures of ₹ 8,00,000. The equity capitalisation rate is 16%.

You are required to calculate using net income approach:

- a. Market value of Equity.
- b. Value of the Firm.
- c. Overall cost of capital.
- B Sumedh Ltd has an EBIT of ₹ 60,00,000. Its cost of debt is 12% and the outstanding debt is ₹ 1,00,00,000. The overall capitalisation rate is 15%. You are required to calculate the total value of the firm and equity capitalisation rate using 'Net Operating Income Approach.'

## OR

## Q.3 B Prepare income statements from the data given

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Particulars	Amount		
Fatticulars	Dubey Ltd.	Choubey Ltd.	
Variable cost as percentage of Sales	50%	40%	
Interest Cost	50,000	60,000	
Operating Leverage	4:1	5:1	
Financial Leverage	2:1	4:3	

Tax rate applicable to the industry class is 30%

## Q.4 A State whether the following statements are true or false

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- 1. Financial management is not useful to small concern
- 2. Profit maximisation is ultimate objective of financial management
- 3. Discounting factor is used to find the future value.
- 4. Quick ratio is an example of profitability ratio.

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- 5. Debentures is the costliest source of finance.
- 6. M.M. Approach suggests that the market value of the firm is not affected by the capital structure changes.
- 7. Stock turnover is an example of activity ratio.
- 8. Cash credit is non-quick liability.

В

### Match the Pair

	Column A	3	Column B
1	Current assets	a	Bills Payable
2	Current Liabilities	b	$\frac{1}{(1+r)^n}$
3	Discounting Factor	c	Contribution
4	Compounding factor	d	EBIT
5	Combined Leverage	e	$(1+r)^n$
6	Sales – Variable Cost	f	Bills Receivable
7	Sales – Total Cost	g	Contribution EBT
		h	Contribution EBIT
, P		ì	EBIT EBT

## Q.5 A Short Notes: (Attempt any three out of five)

- 1. Importance of financial management in business.
- 2. Present value of an annuity.
- 3. Turnover ratios.
- 4. Cost of preference shares.
- 5. Combined leverage

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