ENCLOSURE TO ITEM NO 4.58

15.04.2008

UNIVERSITY OF MUMBAI



REVISED SYLLABUS

FOR THE

POST GRADUATE

CERTIFICATE COURSE

IN RESEARCH METHODLOGY IN EDUCATION

(with effect from the academic year 2008-2009)

UNIVERSITY OF MUMBAI

Ordinances, Regulations, Scheme and Syllabus for the Revised Course Certificate Course in Research Methodology in Education

Title of the Course: Post Graduate Certificate Course in Research Methodology in Education

Eligibility: A candidate for being eligible for admission to the Certificate Course in Research Methodology in Education must have passed the Master's degree in any faculty (general or professional) of this university or another university recognized as equivalent thereto.

R4848: Duration of the Course: Six months (part-time)

Intake Capacity: 20 students

R4851: Syllabus:-Scheme of papers

Fee Structure:

TOTAL	Rs. 5000/-
Funds:	Rs. 1000/-
University/Institutional	
Examination expenses:	Rs. 3000/-
Visiting faculty and	
Development fees :	Rs. 500/-
Printing and stationary:	Rs. 500/-

R4849: Teacher Qualifications: Recognized post-graduate teachers having guided research at Master's / M.Phil. / Ph.D. level.

Paper I RESEARCH IN EDUCATION	100 Marks
Paper II DATA ANALYSIS TECHNIQUES	100 Marks
Paper III QUALITATIVE RESEARCH METHODS	100 Marks

Scheme of Examination: The course is of 300 marks - 100 marks each for the three papers. The practicum will be examined through internal assessment. The examination will be conducted by the University Department of Education.

Number of Lectures: Two lectures per paper per week.

R4852: Standard of Passing: To pass the examination, a candidate must obtain 40% of marks in each of the three papers under each head of passing (written as well as practical).

60% or more of total marks at one sitting: 1st Class 50% - 59% of total marks at one sitting: 2nd Class 40% - 49% total marks at one sitting: Pass Class

In case of candidate who appears for the examination and fails or does not appear in theory paper, the marks obtained in practical and in the theory will be carried over at his/her option to three subsequent exams. Such candidates will not be eligible for 1^{st} or 2^{nd} class.

Detailed Syllabus

Objectives of the Course

- 1) To enable teachers to understand concept of research in education, its need, methodology, sampling techniques and tools and techniques.
- 2) To enable teachers to understand the qualitative and quantitative techniques of data analysis and to be able to apply it in data analysis.
- 3) To enable teachers to understand qualitative research methods in detail.

PAPER I RESEARCH IN EDUCATION

100 Marks

1. EDUCATIONAL RESEARCH

- a) Meaning and scope of educational research.
- b) Meaning and steps of scientific method. Aims of research as a scientific activity: Problem-solving, Theory Building and Prediction.
- c) Paradigms of educational research: Quantitative and Qualitative.
- d) Types of research: Fundamental, Applied and Action.

2. THEORY BUILDING AND RESEARCH

The role of theory in educational research. Structure of theory: theory as (i) concept (ii) conceptual scheme and (iii) communication of explanations. Meaning of laws, assumptions, facts, concepts and constructs. Generating a theory. Use of inductive and deductive reasoning research. Meaning of explanations and generalizations with reference to theory. Criteria of evaluating a theory. Types of theory. Meaning of a model. Types of models: Classificatory, Typological, Contingency, Associative and Functional models.

3. RESEARCHPROPOSAL

- (a) Identification of a research topic: Sources and Need.
- (b) Review of relate literature.
- (c) Rationale and need of the study.
- (d) Conceptual and operational definition of the terms.
- (e) Variables.
- (f) Research questions, aims, objectives and hypotheses.
- (g) Assumptions, if any.
- (h) Methodology, sample and tools.
- (i) Scope, limitations and delimitations.
- (j) Significance of the study.
- (k) Bibliography.
- (1) Time frame.
- (m) Budget, in any
- (n) Chapterisation.

4. VARIABLES AND HYPOTHESES

(a) Variables:

- Meaning of Variables
- Types of Variables (Independent, Dependent, Extraneous, Intervening and Moderator)

(b) Hypotheses

- Concept of Hypothesis
- Sources of Hypothesis
- Types of Hypothesis (Research, Directional, Non-directional, Null)
- Formulating Hypothesis
- Characteristics of a good hypothesis.

5. RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

- (a) Descriptive Research:
 - Casual-Comparative
 - Correlational
 - Document Analysis
- (b) Historical Research: Meaning, Scope of historical research, Uses of history, Steps of doing historical research (Defining the research problem and types of historical inquiry, searching for historical sources, Summarizing and evaluating historical sources and Presenting pertinent facts within an interpretive framework.) Types of historical sources, External and internal criticism of historical sources.

- (c) Experimental Research:
 - Pre-Experimental Design, Quasi-Experimental Design and True-Experimental Designs.
 - Factorial Design.
 - Nesting Design
 - Single-subject Design.
 - Internal and External Experimental Validity.
 - Controlling extraneous and intervening variables.

6. SAMPLING

- (a) Concepts of Universe and Sample
- (b) Need for Sampling
- (c) Characteristics of a good Sample
- (d) Determining Sample Size
- (e) Techniques of Sampling
 - Probability Sampling
 - Non-Probability Sampling

7. TOOLS AND TECHNIQUES OF RESEARCH

(a)

- Classical Test Theory: Model, Assumption, Limitations.
- Item Response Theory: Models, Parameters, Estimation, Assumption.
- Uni-dimensional Logistic Rasch Model.
- IRT with Polychotomous Responses Format

(b) Steps of preparing a research tool.

- Validity (Meaning, types, indices and factors affecting validity)
- Reliability (Meaning, types, indices and factors affecting reliability)
- Item Analysis (Discrimination Index, Difficulty Index)
- Index of Measurement Efficiency.
- Standardization of a tool.

(c) Tools of Research

- Rating Scale
- Attitude Scale
- Opinionnaire
- Questionnaire
- Aptitude Test

- Check List
- Inventory
- Semantic Differential Scale

(d) Techniques of Data Collection

- Observation
- Interview
- Projective.

(Tools to be used for collecting data using these techniques to be discussed in detail.)

8. RESEARCH REPORTING

(a) Format, Style and Mechanics of Report Writing with Reference to

(i) Dissertation and Thesis and (ii) Paper.

- (b) Bibliography.
- (c) Evaluation of Research Report.

REFERENCES

- 1. Best, J. W. and Khan, J. <u>Research in Education</u>. (7th Ed.) New Delhi: Prentice-Hall India Ltd. 1997.
- 2. Borg, B. L. Qualitative Research Methods. Boston: Pearson. 2004.
- 3. Bogdan, R. C. and Biklen, S. K. <u>Qualitative Research For Education: An</u> <u>Introduction to Theory and Methods.</u> Boston, MA: Allyn and Bacon.1998.
- 4. Bryman, A. <u>Quantity and Quality in Social Science Research</u>. London: Routledge.1988.
- 5. Charles, C.M. and Merton, C. A. <u>Introduction to Educational Research</u>. Boston: Allyn and Bacon. 2002.
- 6. Cohen, L and Manion, L. <u>Research Methods in Education</u>. London: Routledge. 1994.
- 7. Creswell, J.W. Educational Research. New Jersey: Upper Saddle River. 2002.
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- 9. Denzin, N.K. and Lincoln,Y.S. (Eds) <u>Handbook of Qualitative Research</u>. London: Sage Publications. 1994.
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- 11. Gay, L.R. and Airasian, P. Educational Research. New Jersey: Upper Saddle River. 2003.
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- 13. Hambleton, R. K., & Swaminathan, H. (1985). <u>Item Responses Theory: Principles and Applications</u>. Boston: Kluwer.
- 14. Husen, T. and Postlethwaite, T. N. (eds.) <u>The International Encyclopedia of Education</u>. New York: Elsevier Science Ltd. 1994.
- 15. Keeves, J.P. (ed.) <u>Educational Research, Methodology and Measurement: An International</u> <u>Handbook</u>. Oxfard: Pergamon. 1988.
- 16. Kline, P. (2000). <u>A Psychometrics Primer</u>. London: Free Association Books.
- 17. Kline, P. (2000). <u>New Psychometrics: Science, Psychology and Measurement</u>. London: Rutledge.
- 18. McMillan, J.H. and Schumacher, S. Research in Education. New York: Longman. 2001.
- 19. Van de Linden, W.J. & Hambleton, R.K. (1997). <u>Handbook of Modern Item Responses</u> <u>Theory</u>. New York: Springer.

PAPER II DATA ANALYSIS TECHNIQUES

100 Marks

1. TYPES OF DISTRIBUTION

- (a) Discrete and Continuous distribution of data.
- (b) Normal Probability Distribution
 - Areas under the normal curve
 - Applications
- (c) Types of Measurement Scale (Nominal, Ordinal, Interval and Ratio)

2. HYPOTHESIS TESTING

- (a) Testing of Hypotheses
- (b) Levels of Significance
- (c) Type I and Type II Errors.
- (d) Power of a test.

3. DESCRIPTIVE DATA ANALYSIS

- (a) Measures of central tendency.
- (b) Variability
- (c) Measures of Divergence from Normality
 - Skewness
 - Kurtosis
- (d) Estimation of Population Parameters of Mean and SD.
- (e) Graphical Presentation of Data.

4. PARAMETRIC TECHNIQUES

- (a) Conditions to be satisfied for using parametric techniques
- (b) Pearson's Coefficient of Correlation
- (c) t-test for comparison of Mean Scores.
- (d) z-test for comparison of r's.
- (e) ANOVA
- (f) Hotelling's t-test
- (g) Biserial and Point-Biserial r.

5. NON-PARAMETRIC TECHNIQUES

- (a) Spearmans' Rho
- (b) Chi-square (Equal Probability and Normal Probability Hypotheses).
- (c) Contingency Coefficient and Chi-square

- (d) Tetrachoric and Phi Coefficients
- (e) Median Test
- (f) Sign Test
- (g) Mann-Whitney U-Test

6. MULTIVARIATE TECHNIQUES OF DATA ANALYSIS

- (a) Partial and Multiple Correlation, Part Correlation
- (b) Multiple Regressions
- (c) Two-way ANOVA
- (d) MANOVA
- (e) ANCOVA
- (f) Path Analysis
- (g) Factor Analysis
- (h) Canonical Correlation
- (i) Discriminant Analysis

7. USE OF ICT IN DATA ANALYSIS

8. QUALITATIVE DATA ANALYSIS

- (a) Data Reduction and Classification
- (b) Analytical Induction
- (c) Constant Comparison
- (d) Triangulation (Meaning, Purpose and Types)

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- 1. Chase, W. and Brown, F. (2000): <u>Statistical Methods</u>, (4thed) New York: John Wiley.
- 2. Dillon, W.R. and Goldstein, M. <u>Multivariate Analysis Methods and Applications</u>. New York: John Wiley and Sons. 1984.
- 3. Fergusan, G.A. and Takane Yoshio, (1989): <u>Statistical Analysis in Psychology and</u> <u>Education</u>. New York: McGraw Hill Book Company.
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- 9. Kothari, C. R. (2004): <u>Research Methodology: Methods and Techniques</u>, New Delhi: New Age Intnell Pvt. Ltd.
- 10. Kultz, A. K. and Mayo, S. T. Statistical Methods in Psychology and Education.
- 11. Levin, G. and Fox, J. A. (2000) <u>Elementary Statistics in Social Research</u> (8th ed) Boston: Allyn and Bacon.
- 12. Lewis, D. G. (2000): Statistical Methods of Education.
- Lomax, R. G. (2000): <u>Statistical Concepts: A Second Course for Education of Behavioral</u> <u>Sciuence</u>. (2nd ed) Mahwah: Lawrence Exlbaum.
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- 21. Woodbury, G. (2002): Introduction to Statistics, Australia, Duxbury.
- 22. Yadav, S. S. and Yadav, K. N. S. (1995): <u>Statistical Analysis for Social Sciences</u>. New Delhi: Manek Publication Pvt. Ltd.

PAPER III

QUALITATIVE RESEARCH METHODS

100 Marks

SECTION I: QUALITATIVE RESEARCH METHODS

1. GROUNDED THEORY DESIGNS: Strengths and weakness of grounded theory. Types and key characteristics of grounded theory designs. Steps in conducting a grounded theory research. Criteria for evaluating a grounded theory design.

- 2. NARRATIVE RESEARCH DESIGNS: Meaning and key characteristics of narrative research design. Its types. Steps in conducting narrative research design. Strengths and weaknesses of narrative designs. Criteria for evaluating narrative research.
- **3. EVALUATION RESEARCH:** Meaning of evaluation research. Purpose and roles of evaluation (with reference to research). Types of evaluation. Approaches to evaluation: (a) objective-oriented (b) decision-oriented (c) consumer-oriented (d) expertise-oriented (e) adversary-oriented and (f) naturalistic and participant-oriented evaluation. Standards for judging the quality of evaluation research.
- 4. POLICY RESEARCH: (A) Meaning of policy analysis. Characteristics of policy analysis methods: focused synthesis, secondary analysis, field experiments, quasi-experiments, large scale experimental and quasi-experimental evaluations. (B) Cost-analysis: Meaning, Modes of cost-analysis. Cost-benefit analysis, Cost-effective analysis, Cost-utility analysis and Cost-feasibility analysis.
- **5. MIXED METHOD DESIGNS:** key characteristics ofmixed method designs. types of mixed method designs: (i) Triangulation, (ii) explanatory and (iii) exploratory designs. Steps in conducting a mixed method designs. Strengths and weakness of mixed method research.

SECTION II : PRACTICUM

(50 Marks)

Any two of the following:

- 1. A critical review of related literature in an area of educational importance.
- 2. Preparation of a research proposal on a topic of educational relevance.
- 3. Development of a tool of research.

(50 Marks)

REFERENCES

- 1. Best, J. W. and Kahn, J. <u>Research in Education</u>. (7th Ed.) New Delhi: Prentice-Hall India Ltd. 1997.
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