

NATIONAL SECURITY, PUBLIC ORDER, AND RULE OF LAW

Short Questions (3 marks each):

Write a short note on pre-independence law regarding civil liberties in India.

Write a short note on National Security

Write a short note on Rule of Law

Write a short note on preventive detention and corresponding safeguards in India.

Write a short note on protection of civil liberties under the Indian Constitution

Write a short note on the need for protection of Human Rights of the weaker sections in the Indian Society

Are Civil Liberties in India a matter of Subjective satisfaction or Objective assessment?

Write a short note on Non-Suspendability of Art.21 of the Constitution

Write a short note on Martial Law

Relationship between Due Process & Special Legislations to deal with terrorism.

Write a short note on protection of Human rights of Unorganised Labour in India

What are the different kinds of Emergency that can be imposed under the Indian Constitution?

Write a note on Special Courts and Tribunals

What is the process for proclamation of national emergency under the Indian Constitution?

What are the grounds for declaration of national emergency in India?

Write a note on 'Civil Liberties' and their protection under the Indian Constitution

What is Public order? State its importance.

What is Rule of law? State three principles of Rule of law.

On what grounds can reasonable restrictions on the right to freedom of speech and expression be imposed?

What is meant by Judicial Activism?

What does Article 22 of the Constitution provide for?

How many times has National Emergency been proclaimed in India? State when and on what grounds such proclamations have been issued.

State the freedoms guaranteed by Article 19 of the Constitution of India.

What does Article 21 of the Constitution of India provide for?

State any three differences between a Court and a Tribunal.

State any two effects of National Emergency.

Name any four legislations enacted to protect the rights of women.

State the reasons as to why TADA was referred to as a draconian law.

Explain the objects and reasons of Constitution 59th Amendment Act, 1988.

Write a short note on National Emergency in India between 1962 and 1968.

Write a short note on the meaning of "Security of State".

Write a short note on Emergency Detention in England.

Write a short note on the national emergency declared in India in 1971.

Descriptive Questions (10 marks each)

Write in detail about the declaration of national Emergencies in India and their impact.

Discuss the provisions regarding detention under COFEPOSA and their consequences.

Examine the need for a special legislation to combat terrorism (like TADA) and explain why such laws appear draconian from a Human Rights perspective.

Explain the various provisions of law related to protection of Human rights of the Dalits in India.

Analyse critically the provisions under Art.358 of the Indian Constitution regarding the suspension of Article 19 upon proclamation of emergency.

Discuss the provisions of law related to the protection of Human Rights of children in India.

Explain the law related to Preventive detention in India and the safeguards provided under the Indian Constitution regarding them. Cite case laws.

Explain the concerns pertaining to protection of Human Rights of citizens in the course of performance of duties by the police and prison administration systems

Make a critical appraisal of the modifications brought about through the Constitution 44th Amendment Act, 1978 in the law relating to emergency in India.

Explain the scope of the protection of constitutional freedoms and liberties provided under the Constitution of India upon proclamation of national emergency.

Explain how the provisions of 'COFEPOSA' aimed at preventing Smuggling activities and curb economic offences? Cite relevant cases.

Write a detailed note on Historical development of Preventive Detention Laws in India.

Write a detailed note on the role of Prison administration in protection of Human Rights in India.

Elaborate on the scenario of emergency in 1975-77. How has the experience of emergency shaped the scope and development of fundamental rights in India?

Discuss the role of National Human Rights Commission in protection of Human Rights in India.

Explain the rights of unorganised labour in India. State the cases wherein the Supreme Court has elaborated on rights of the labourers.

How has terrorism affected the national security and public order in India? State the legislations related to terrorism in India.

Critically examine the role of judiciary in protecting the rights of women in India. Cite relevant cases.

Analyse critically the provisions of Article 359 regarding the suspension of the rights to move any court for enforcement of rights enshrined in Part III in the Indian Constitution.

What is the effect of 44th Amendment Act, 1978 on suspendability of fundamental rights during emergency?

Elaborate on the case of Sunil Batra v. Delhi Administration (1978) 4 SCC 409.

“Liberty was better protected during pre-independence era than present day”. Critically evaluate the aforementioned statement.

Examine the importance Art. 21 & 22 of the Constitution of India. Are they suspendable during emergency?

Rule of law is the foundation of public order. Comment.

What are the measures taken for empowerment of women in India? Support your answers with the help of legislations enacted for protecting the rights of women.

“Right to Strike, Hartal and Bandh is not included in the freedom of speech”. Comment with relevant case laws.

Discuss the extent of the right to freedom as the stated in the Indian Constitution.

Write a note on Special Courts and Tribunals.

What are the types of emergencies provided in the Indian Constitution? State the effects of the same.

Write a note on Conservation of Foreign Exchange and Prevention of Smuggling Activities Act, 1974 (COFEPOSA).

Write a note on Constitutional safeguards against arbitrary arrest and detention.

Analyse the law relating to rights of minorities in India.

Explain the constitutional philosophy regarding the protection of Human Rights in India.

What is Martial Law? Explain Martial Law in the context of English law and Article 34 of the Constitution of India.