### PET SYLLABUS FOR BIOMEDICAL ENGINEERING STUDENTS 2020 ONWARDS PAPER I

#### **Research Methodology**

1.0	Intro	duction and Basic Research Concepts		
	1.1	Research - Definition; Concept of Construct, Postulate, Proposition, Thesis,		
		Hypothesis, Law, Principle. Research methods vs Methodology		
	1.2	Need of Research in Business and Social Sciences		
	1.3	Objectives of Research		
	1.4	Issues and Problems in Research		
	1.5	Characteristics of Research: Systematic, Valid, Verifiable, Empirical and Critical		
2.0	Types	s of Research		
	2.1	Basic Research		
	2.2	Applied Research		
	2.3	Descriptive Research		
	2.4	Analytical Research		
	2.5	Empirical Research		
	2.6	Qualitative and Quantitative Approaches		
3.0	Resea	urch Design and Sample Design		
	3.1	Research Design – Meaning, Types and Significance		
	3.2	Sample Design – Meaning and Significance Essentials of a good sampling Stages in		
	3.3	Sample Design Sampling methods/techniques Sampling Errors		
4.0	Resea	rch Methodology		
	4.1	Meaning of Research Methodology		
	4.2	Stages in Scientific Research Process:		
		a. Identification and Selection of Research Problem		
		<b>b.</b> Formulation of Research Problem		
		c. Review of Literature		
		<b>d.</b> Formulation of Hypothesis		
		e. Formulation of research Design		
		f. Sample Design		
		g. Data Collection		
		h. Data Analysis		
		i. Hypothesis testing and Interpretation of Data		
		j. Preparation of Research Report		
5.0	Form	ulating Research Problem		
	5.1	Considerations: Relevance, Interest, Data Availability, Choice of data, Analysis of		
6.0	0 1	data, Generalization and Interpretation of analysis		
6.0	Outco	ome of Research		
	6.1	Preparation of the report on conclusion reached		
	6.2	Validity Testing & Ethical Issues		
	6.3	Suggestions and Recommendation		
D C				
References:				
1. Dawson, Camerine, 2002, Practical Research Methods, New Deini, UBS Publishers				
Distributors.				
4	2. Kothari, C.R., 1985, Research Methodology-Methods and Techniques, New Delhi,			

- 2. Kothari, C.R., 1985, Research Methodology-Methods and Techniques, New Delhi, Wiley Eastern Limited.
- 3. Kumar, Ranjit, 2005, Research Methodology-A Step-by-Step Guide for Beginners, (2<sup>nd</sup>ed), Singapore, Pearson Education

# PAPER II

# **Biomedical Engineering**

1.0	Engine	ering Mathematics Weightage = 10%
	1.1	Linear Algebra: Matrix Algebra, Systems of linear equations, Eigenvalues,
		Eigenvectors.
	1.2	Calculus: Mean value theorems, Theorems of integral calculus, Evaluation of
		definite and improper integrals, Partial Derivatives, Maxima and minima, Multiple
		integrals, Fourier series, Vector identities, Directional derivatives, Line integral,
		Surface integral, Volume integral, Stokes's theorem, Gauss's theorem, Green's
		theorem.
	1.3	Differential equations: First order equations (linear and nonlinear), Higher order
		linear differential equations with constant coefficients, Method of variation of
		parameters, Cauchy's equation, Euler's equation, Initial and boundary value
		problems, Partial Differential Equations, Method of separation of variables.
	1.4	Complex variables: Analytic functions, Cauchy's integral theorem, Cauchy's
		integral formula, Taylor series, Laurent series, Residue theorem, Solution integrals.
	1.5	<b>Probability and Statistics:</b> Sampling theorems, Conditional probability, Mean,
		Median, Mode, Standard Deviation, Random variables, Discrete and Continuous
		distributions, Poisson distribution, Normal distribution, Binomial distribution,
		Correlation analysis, Regression analysis.
	1.6	Numerical Methods: Solutions of nonlinear algebraic equations, Single and Multi-
• •		step methods for differential equations.
2.0	Electr	ical Circuit and Electronics Weightage = 10%
	2.1	Electric Circuits and Measurements: Network graph, KCL, KVL, Node and Mesh
		analysis, Iransient response of dc and ac networks, Sinusoidal steady-state
		analysis, Resonance, Passive filters, Ideal current and voltage sources, Thevenin's
		theorem, Norton's theorem, Superposition theorem, Maximum power transfer
		inevite. Dridges and Detention store mass circuits, Power and power factor in ac
		circuits. Bridges and Potentiometers, measurement of voltage, current, power,
		energy and power factor; instrument transformers, Digital voltmeters and multi-
	2.2	Anglag and Digital Electronics: Characteristics of diodes DIT MOSEET: Simple
	2.2	diada airquita: alipping alamping reatificara: Amplificara: Diaging Equivalent
		arout and Fraguency response: Oscillators and Foodback amplifiers: Operational
		amplificates Characteristics and applications: Simple active filters VCOs and
		Timers Combinational and Sequential logic circuits Multiplayer Deputiplayer
		Schmitt trigger ADC and DAC: Basics of Micro processors and Microcontrollers
3.0	Biomo	dical Signal and Imaga Processing Weightaga – 10%
3.0		Riomodical Signal Processing: Perresentation of continuous and discrete time
	5.1	signals and operations. Linear Time Invariant and Causal systems. Sampling
		theorem Applications of Fourier Transform I aplace Transform and z-Transform
		Discrete Fourier Transform
		Digital Filter Design Adaptive Cancellation and Statistical Processing Adaptive
		Noise Control Wavelets: HAAR Wavelet Daubechies Wavelet, Wavelet Filter
		Bank and it's complete reconstruction, application of Wavelet for Biomedical
		Signal Processing Auto and Cross Correlation Techniques: Correlation and Auto
		Correlation Sequences, Auto Regressive Process, Cross Correlation
	3.2	<i>Image Processing:</i> Image enhancement in Frequency & Snatial Domain
	0.12	Histogram Modelling, Image Segmentation, Image Compression, Image
		Transforms Image Restoration Feature extraction & Classification Applications
		of Image Processing in Medical Images.

4.0	Biomed	lical Sensors and Instrumentation Weightage = 20%
	4.1	Transducers and Bio-Instrumentation: Transducers, Classification, Principle of
		operation and their applications, Characteristics and choice of Transducers, Input,
		Output and Transfer Characteristics, Types of Errors. Types: Displacement and
		Pressure Transducer: Resistive: Bonded and unbonded strain gauge, Rotary
		Variable Differential Transformer ( RVDT), Linear Variable Differential
		Transformer(LVDT) Capacitive: Parallel plate transducer, Self-generating
		Transducers: Thermocouple, Integrated circuit Temperature Transducers,
		Radiation Sensors, Piezoelectric transducers, Hall effect transducers.
		Flow sensors: Electromagnetic flow meter, Ultrasonic Blood flow meter, Laser
		Doppler Blood flow meter, Spirometer.
		Fibre Optic Sensors: Blood Pressure sensor system, Extravascular sensors,
		Intravascular fibre Optic sensors,
		Chemical Biosensors: Blood Gas and Acid- Base Physiology, Electrochemical
		Sensors, Measurement of pH, Pco2, The PO2 Electrode, Chemical Fibro sensors,
		Intravascular measurements of oxygen saturation,
		Electrodes for bioelectric signals, Bioelectric signals and their characteristics.
		Biopotential Amplifiers, Noise and artefacts and their management, Electrical
		Isolation (optical and electrical) and Safety of Biomedical Equipment, Intensive
		and coronary care units, Emergency equipment, Therapeutic equipment.
		Generation, Acquisition, and signal conditioning and analysis of biosignals: ECG,
		EMG, EEG, EOG, Blood ERG, PCG, GSR. Principles of measuring blood pressure,
		Core temperature, volume & flow in arteries, veins and tissues, Lung volumes,
		respiration and cardiac rate.
	4.2	Electro-diagnostic techniques: Specifications and design of ECG, EMG, EEG,
		PPG amplifiers and filters.
	4.3	Therapeutic and general equipment: Ultrasound therapy, short wave therapy,
		nerve and muscle stimulator, infant incubator, hemodialysis machine, heart lung
		machine, cobalt therapy.
5.0	Intens	ive Care, Emergency Equipment and Medical Imaging Weightage = 20%
	5.1	Intensive and coronary care units: Special care units, ICU/CCU equipment,
		bedside monitors circuits, central monitoring consoles, physiological telemetry.
	5.2	Emergency equipment: Introduction and design concepts of cardiac pacemaker
		and defibrillator, types and application techniques, analysis of pacemaker and
		defibrillator waveform, Respiratory and pulmonary function monitoring
		equipment, clinical lab equipment.
	5.3	Medical Imaging Systems Basic physics and Instrumentation of medical images in
		X-Ray, Ultrasound, C1, MRI, PET, FMRI, SPECT, and their characteristics.
6.0	Huma	n Physiology, Biomechanics and Biomaterials Weightage = 30%
	0.1	Human Physiology: Basic elements of human body – musculo-skeletal system,
		respiratory system, circulatory system, excretory system, endocrine system,
		nervous system, digestive, nervous, immune, integumentary, and reproductive
	()	Systems, Basics of cent and molecular blology.
	0.2	<b>Diomechanics Engineering Mechanics:</b> Free-body diagrams and equilibrium;
		hodies in plane motion, impulse and momentum (linear and engular) and an angle
		formulations, collisions, Hard Tissues, Definition of Stress and Stress, Defermation
		Mechanics, Bone structure & composition mechanical properties of hone corrigal
		and cancellous bones, viscoelastic properties. Maxwell & Voight models
		and cancendus bolies, viscoelastic properties, waxwell & volgin models -
		and modelling of Soft Tissues: Cartilage Tendon Ligement Muscle Hodekin
		Huxley Model Human Joints and Movements: Skeletal joints, forces and stresses
		in human joints types of joint biomechanical analysis joints, parameterization and
		in numan joints, types of joint, biointeenancea analysis joints, parameterization and

		analysis in Gait, Biofluid mechanics: Flow properties of blood, Dynamics of fluid flow in the intact human cardiovascular system - modelling and experimental approaches, Pulse wave velocities in arteries, Measurement/Estimation of In-vivo elasticity of blood vessels.
6	5.3	<b>Biomaterials:</b> Basic properties of biomaterials, biocompatibility, bioactivity, biodegradable materials, Fundamentals of implants and medical devices, drug delivery carriers, scaffolds for tissue engineering.

#### **References:**

- 1. Theory and Problems of Fourier Analysis with applications to BVP, Murray Spiegel, Schaum's Outline Series
- 2. Complex Variables and Applications, Brown and Churchill, McGraw-Hill education.
- 3. Probability, Statistics and Random Processes, T. Veerarajan, McGraw-Hill education
- 4. Electronics Circuit. Analysis & Design, 2<sup>nd</sup> ed., Donald A. Neamen, McGraw Hill, 2001
- 5. Design with Operational Amplifiers and Analog Integrated Circuits, by Sergio Franco, McGraw Hill, 2002
- 6. Op-Amps and linear integrated circuits by Ramakant. Gayakwad Prentice Hall
- 7. Handbook of Biomedical Instrumentation (Third edition): R S. Khandpur. (PH Pub)
- 8. Biomedical Instrumentation and measurements : Leislie Cromwell, Fred J. Weibell, Enrich A. Pfeiffer. (PHI Pub)
- 9. Medical Instrumentation, Application and Design: J G. Webster. (John Wiley)
- 10. Digital signal processing Principles Algorithms and Application –Proakis &Manolakis –Third edition PHI
- 11. Imag

10. Christensen's Physics of Diagnostic Radiology- Thomas S. Curry, James E. Dowdey, Robert C. Murry, Lippincott Williams & Wilkins Publication,

- 11. Medical Imaging Physics- William R. Hendee, E. Russell Ritenour- Wiley Publications.
- 12. Digital Image Processing, Gonzalez and Woods, Pearson Education
- 13. Physiology of Human Body: Guyton. (Prism Book)
- 14. Essentials of Anatomy and Physiology: Elaine N Marieb. (Pearson Education)