

Department of Civics and Politics
September 2020 Sample Multiple choice questions
Sem-IV Interdisciplinary- National security and Nuclear Order

1. USA withdrew from the ABM treaty in the year?

- a) After 1991 soviet disintegration
- b) In 2001 war on Terrorism
- c) After 1948
- d) In 1979

2. Assertion (A):-During the Cold War most security analysts agreed that military security should be the focus of security studies; as a result, there was not much discussion about what security entailed, other than the military sector.

Reason (B): - Following this period security studies have been broadened to include the wider range of sectors that we see today, including environmental and political security

- a) (A) is the correct reason of (B)
- b) (A) and (B) are correct, but not the correct reason
- c) (A) is wrong and (B) is right
- d) (A) and (B) are wrong

3. What are the criticisms of the nuclear non-proliferation regime?

- a) It is not well suited to the demands of the complex and potentially more dangerous second nuclear age.
- b) It does not address the security motivation which leads states to acquire nuclear weapons in first place
- c) It is unable to alleviate the security dilemma that many states confront and it is a discriminatory arrangement
- d) All of the options given are correct

4. What is meant by 'Atoms for Peace'?

- a) It is an international NGO that seeks to ban atomic testing
- b) It is the slogan of the IAEA
- c) The title of an Eisenhower speech which culminated in the creation of the IAEA
- d) All of the options given are correct

5. The first Nuclear Weapon-Free Zone was applied at?

- a) Africa
- b) Antarctica
- c) Latin America
- d) South East Asia

6. Which state is a signatory to the Nuclear Non-Proliferation Treaty (NPT)?

- a) Iraq
- b) Israel
- c) Pakistan
- d) India

7. Who are the four states that have never signed the NPT?

- a) Iran, North Korea, Libya, and Syria
- b) Israel, India, Pakistan, and South Sudan
- c) Israel, Pakistan, India, and North Korea
- d) Iran, India, Pakistan, and Botswana

8. Which of these statements characterizes the traditional concept of national security, as opposed to human security?

- a) In the national security approach, real threats are only those posed to human life, human rights, or human dignity
- b) The traditional interpretations of security and threats are important boundaries that define human security.
- c) The concept of national security is too narrow to be useful when analysing the broad threats that currently exist
- d) All of the above

9. Match the pairs

Country	Names of Missiles
a. Pakistan	i) Akash
b. India	ii) Shaheen
c. China	iii) Changjian-10
d. Russian	iv) SS-19 Stiletto

- A) a-i, b-ii, c-iii, d-iv B) a-ii, b-i, c-iii, d-iv C) a-iii, b-i, c-iv, d-iii D) a-ii, b-iii, c-i, d-iv

10. Match the following

Authors	Books
a. Clausewitz	i) Politics amongst Nations
b. Bernard Brodie	ii) Absolute weapon
c. Hans Morgenthau	iii) On War
d. Thomas Schelling	iv) Arms and Influence

- A) a-i, b-ii, c-iii, d-iv B) a-iii, b-ii, c-i, d-iv C) a-ii, b-i, c-iv, d-iii D) a-iv, b-iii, c-ii, d-i