

Department of Library and Information Science

Programme Name : Master of Library and Information Science

Course 15 : Information Sources in Science and Social Sciences

Instructions : *i. Tick mark the single correct answer*

ii. Overwriting will be treated as wrong answer.

Q1. The sources which are available chiefly in printed form are called as”

- a. Information Sources
- b. Documentary Sources
- c. Reference Sources
- d. Non-Documentary Sources

Q2. The Information Sources are divided into two categories, as :

- a. Primary and Secondary
- b. Reference and Information Sources
- c. Documentary and Non -Documentary Sources
- d. Books and Periodicals

Q3. What do you mean by primary sources of information?

- a. They are published
- b. They are original in nature
- c. They are very large in number
- d. Any document

Q4. Patents are which type of information source?

- a. Primary
- b. Secondary
- c. Tertiary
- d. Non-Conventional

Q5. Which source is suitable to provide history of Ajanta Arts?

- a. Dictionary
- b. Encyclopaedia
- c. Yearbook
- d. Almanac

Q6. Which is the latest manifestation of New Encyclopaedia Britannica?

- a. Print
- b. CD ROM
- c. DVD
- d. Online

Q7. Which source provide information about different courses provided by Harvard University?

- a. University Handbook
- b. Europa World of Learning
- c. Europa Year Book
- d. Commonwealth Universities Handbook

Q8. Which database is provided by INFLIBNET to College Libraries?

- a. Shodhganga
- b. Shodhsindhu
- c. NLIST
- d. Shodhgangotri

Q9. Which of the following is the database for Education?

- a. AGRIS
- b. LEXIS/NEXIS
- c. INIS
- d. ERIC

Q10. What extension will be given to search PowerPoint Presentations from internet?

- a. pdf
- b. ppt
- c. doc
- d. xlsx

Q11. Which source prepared by NISCAIR provides descriptive information about the flora, fauna, minerals of India?

- a. NOPR
- b. NSDL
- c. Wealth of India
- d. NUCSSI

Q12. INSDOC was established in year:

- a. 1952
- b. 1958
- c. 1965
- d. 1968

Q13. Which of the following is database for 'Economics'?

- a. LISA
- b. CMIE
- c. Web of Science
- d. JSTOR

Q14. Which of the following is a full text database?

- a. Indian Citation Index
- b. NOPR
- c. Emerald Database
- d. Science Citation Index

Q15. Which of the following is peer -reviewed, fully open access journals for scientific community?

- a. Hindawi
- b. LISS
- c. Manupatra
- d. CMIE

Q16. National Digital Library of India is developed and maintained by:

- a. Ministry of Education, Government of India
- b. Digital Library, India
- c. Indian Institute of Technology, Kharagpur
- d. Indian Institute of Technology, Mumbai

Q17. Bibliographic Database contains

- a. Citation & Abstract
- b. Full Text
- c. Only Citation
- d. Only Full text

Q18. The coverage of 'Web of Science' is:

- a. Only Science subjects
- b. Only Humanities
- c. Only Social Sciences
- d. Sciences, Social Sciences, Arts and Humanities

Q19. Which internet-based open database gives h-index as well as Impact Factor for researchers publication?

- a. Google Scholar
- b. Web of Science
- c. NOPR
- d. NUCSSI

Q20. Which database provides financial and non-financial information with details of analytical tools?

- a. MEDLINE
- b. CAPITALINE
- c. Manupatra
- d. National Digital Library of India

Q21. UGC-INFONET' is renamed as

- a. E-ShodhSindhu
- b. Shodhgangotri
- c. SWAYAM
- d. NLIST

Q22. Which database provides free e-books

- a. NLIST
- b. Economic and Political Weekly
- c. Google Books
- d. Google Scholar

Q23. Find the odd man out.

- a. Coursera
- b. Udacity
- c. edX
- d. Shodhsindhu

Q24. Which online geographical source will give 'data on migration' of year 2011?

- a. Fodar's India
- b. Census of India
- c. World Gazette
- d. Encyclopaedia of Physical Geography

Q25. Which database provides fully free medical science journals?

- a. MEDLINE
- b. PubMed
- c. Free Medical Journals
- d. Cochrane Library