

MCQ's ON CONFLICT OF LAWS/Private International Law:

1. Sources of Conflict of Laws are:

- a) Statutes in force in India
- b) Decisions of the courts
- c) Both a & b
- d) All the options are incorrect

[Answer: a (French)]

2. *Lex Fori* means -

- a) The law in force in the court hearing the dispute
- b) the law in force where the person is domiciled
- c) the law in place where the property is situate
- d) None of the above

[Answer: a (The law in force in the court hearing the dispute)]

3. *Lex rei situs* means

- a) The law of the place where the party is situated
- b) The law of the place where the person is domiciled
- c) The law of the place where the act is done
- d) The law of the place where the property is situated

[Answer: d (The law of the place where the property is situated)]

4. _____ is a landmark case of the English Court of Probate and Divorce.

- a) Hyde vs. Hyde
- b) Le Mesurier Vs. Le Mesurier
- c) Cohn Vs. Cohn
- d) Indyka Vs. Indyka

[Answer: a (Hyde vs. Hyde)]

5. Which of the following options describes the Doctrine of Renvoi the best?

- a) It is a legal doctrine applied when court is faced with conflict of law.
- b) It is in relation to foreign issues arising in succession planning.
- c) It is a legal doctrine applied in cases of International Trade Law.
- d) It is a legal doctrine used for criminal cases at International Criminal Court.

[Answer: a (It is a legal doctrine applied when court is faced with conflict of law)]

6. Which of the following is not a type of domicile?

- (a) Domicile of origin

- (b) Domicile of choice
- (c) Domicile of race
- (d) Domicile of Dependence

[Answer: c (Domicile of race)]

7. The theory that no court ever applies any other law but its own, nor enforces any rights or obligations other than those created by its own law is based on _____

- (a) The international theory
- (b) Statutory theory
- (c) Territorial theory
- (d) Local law theory

[Answer: d (local law theory)]

8. What is the main aspect of conflict in PIL?

- (a) Conflicting laws
- (b) Clashing of laws
- (c) Jurisdiction
- (d) Conflict between parties

[Answer: C (Jurisdiction)]

9. Which of these is a type of domicile?

- (a) Domicile of race
- (b) Domicile of origin
- (c) Domicile by death
- (d) Domicile by adolescence

[Answer: b (Domicile of Origin)]

10. The term Renvoi is of _____ origin.

- (a) French
- (b) Latin
- (c) Italian
- (d) Dutch

[Answer: a (French)]