UNIVERSITY OF MUMBAI

No.UG/530 of 2008. Mumbai 400 032. 10th December, 2008.

The Principal, College of Social Work. Nirmala Niketan, 38, Near Marine Lines, Mumbai-400 020.

Madam,

I am to invite your attention to the Ordinances, Regulations and syllabi relating to the Bachelor of Social Work (B.S.W.) degree course vide pamphlet No.119, 139 and 155 and to this office Circular No.UG/270 of 2001, dated 6th August, 2001 and to inform you that the recommendation made by the Board of Studies in Social Work at its meeting held on 1st September, 2008 has been accepted by the Academic Council at its meeting held on 25th September, 2008 vide item No. 4.25 and subsequently approved by the Management Council at its meeting held on 4th October, 2008 vide item No.4 and that, in accordance therewith, Semester System for the B.S.W. Degree Course is introduced by the University and that the same has been brought into force with effect from the academic year 2009-2010.

Further that in exercise of the powers conferred upon the Management Council under Section 55(1) of the Maharashtra Universities Act, 1994; it has made Regulations 6035, 6036, 6037, 6038, 6039, 6040, 6041, 6042, 6043, 6044, 6045, 6046, 6047, 6048, 6049, 6050, 6051, 6052, 6053 and 6054 including syllabus relating to the B.S.W. Degree Course (Sem I, II, III, IV, V and VI) is as per Appendix and that the same has been brought into force with effect from the academic year 2009-2010.

Yourstaithfully.

(D.H.RATE) for REGISTRAR

UNIVERSITY OF MUMBAI



ORDINANCES, REGULATIONS AND SYLLABUS

FOR

BACHELOR OF SOCIAL WORK (SEMESTER SYSTEM)

(introduced with effect from the academic year 2009-2010.)

 $_{0}$ $_{RDINANCES}$, REGULATIONS AND SYLLABUS RELATING TO THE BSW $_{0}$ $_{E}$ $_{G}$ $_$

Reasons for the need to formulate NEW Ordinances Regulations and the Syllabus related to the BSW degree course now to be changed to Semesters I, II, III, IV, V, and VI.

- 1) The semester system can reduce the burden for students in terms of number of papers per semester who otherwise have to carry the burden of 12 papers through out the year...
- 2) It will have equivalence to the other university degrees both within and outside the country
- 3) The revised syllabus addresses the newly emerging areas like the Elderly, Disabilities, Environment and Communal Harmony, which are of national concern in today's context.
- 4) The semester system can provide increased academic flexibilities for teachers to take up their higher studies.

R. 6035 :-

The course of study for the degree of Bachelor of Social work shall be full time and its duration shall be six semesters extending over a period of three academic years. Each announced by the University of Mumbai for every academic year.

R.6036 :-

The Examination for the degree of Bachelor of Social Work shall be held in six parts, at the end of semesters I, II, III, IV, V, and VI. The examinations of the first four semesters will be the responsibility of the college and the examinations of the fifth and sixth semesters will be conducted by the University.

R. 6037:

A student who is declared to have passed in the I. II, III. IV. V. and VI semesters examinations will not be allowed to reappear for the same examinations with a view to improving the results

R. 6038 :The degree of Bachelor of Social Work shall not be conferred upon a candidate unless the candidate has passed in all the papers and in field work prescribed for the six semesters examinations in accordance with the provision of the Regulations _____ and _____.

Except in Field Work and Remedial Language course, there shall be in each paper, in each semester, an internal assessment for 40 per cent of the full marks assigned to the paper, and a semester end examination for the remaining 60 per cent of the full marks to be held at the end of each semester.

The internal assessment in each paper will be done at the mid semester for 40 per cent of the total marks allotted to each paper, based on the written assignments or tests or projects assigned to each paper.

The record of the marks obtained by the students for the internal work of semesters V and VI will be communicated to the University before the commencement of the respective semesters end examinations.

A candidate for being eligible for admission to the BSW semesters I, II, III, IV, V, and VI examinations should have required attendance in theory papers and field work, completed the assignments/projects of the internal assessment for all papers and have satisfactory conduct.

A candidate for being eligible for admission to the BSW semesters I. II, III, IV, V, and VI examination must have kept required terms in a constituent/affiliated college in accordance with the requirements laid down by the University, and have undergone to the satisfaction of the principal of the college, the course of studies prescribed for the examination.

R. 60H3:Field work of semesters V and VI shall be certified by the Head of the Institution concerned, and the marks assigned for field work shall be communicated to the University at the end of the VI semester along with the internal assessment marks of the students before the commencement of the written examinations.

R. <u>ÉCHH</u>:Candidates will be required to attend any one of the remedial language courses from I to IV semesters offered by the college in English. Marathi or Hindi. The college will identify the candidates who will be so required to attend the remedial course on the basis of the admission test during the time of admission to the first semester. The candidates are required to obtain a minimum of 40 per cent of the maximum marks and 75 per cent attendance in the course they attend in order to appear for the written examination of each semester. The marks of the remedial language examination will not be added to the aggregate marks.

R. 6045:
The candidates for the BSW Semesters I, II, III, IV, V & VI examination will be examined in the following subjects.

Total number of papers for semesters I to VI =38 Total Marks = 3000

No.	Paper	Marks	Hours.
	Basic Communication & Programme	Available of the second	1111
1_	Media	50	30
2	Society	100	60
3	Health & Nutrition	100	60
4	Community Health Education	50	30
5	Computer Education - I	50	30
6	English I	50	30
	Total marks	400	2 1 2 1
	* Remedial Language Course-Marks not		
	to be included in the aggregate	50	30

*Field Work Begins(15 hrs/wk x 12) 180 hrs for the first semester comprising of orientation visits, workshops and perspective building exercises

	SEMESTER II		
	Paper	Marks	Hours.
	Basic processes & Techniques in Social		
7	Work	100	60
8	Social Problems	100	60
9	Human Growth and Development	100	60
10	Computer Education - II	50	30
11	English II	50	30
12	Field Work (15 hrs/wk x 30wks, first & Second semesters taken together	100	360
5.	Total marks	500	
	* Remedial Language Course-Marks not to be included in the aggregate	50	30

	SEMESTER III	20 - 11-11-1	
	Paper	Marks	Hours.
13	Agency Administration	50	30
	Contemporary Development Problem	100	60
14		50	30
15	Politics Education Systems & Services	100	60
16	HTML-Language & Graphics	100	60
17		50	30
18	English III Total marks * Remedial Language Course-Marks not	450	
	* Remedial Language Course (Marie	50	- 30

^{*}Field Work Begins (15 hrs/wk x 12) 180 hrs for the third semester

to be included in the aggregate

50 30

	SEMESTER IV		
	Paper	Marks	Hours.
19	Development Administration	50	30
20	Health System and Services	100	60
21	Environment Studies		30
22	Development Communication	50	
23	English IV	100	60
	Field Work (15 hrs/wk x 30 wks, third &	50	30
24	fourth semesters taken together	200	360
	Total marks	550	
	* Remedial Language Course-Marks not	330	
1,284	to be included in the aggregate	50	30

	SEMESTER V		
	Paper	Marks	Hours.
25	Research	50	30
26	Individuals & Families	50	30
27	Groups	50	30
28	Communities	100	60
29	Human Behaviour	100	60
30	Gender Issues	50	30
31	Disability	50	30
	Total marks	450	

*Field Work Begins (15 hrs/wk x 12) 180 hrs for the fifth semester

le .	SEMESTER VI		
	Paper	Marks	Hours.
32	Integrated social Work Practice	100	60
33	Informal Sector	100	60
34	Elderly	50	30
35	Para Legal Education	50	30
36	Human Rights	100	60
37	Peace Education	50	30
38	Field Work (15 hrs/wk x 30wks, fifth & sixth semesters taken together	200	360
	Total marks	650	

R. 6046 :-Papers with 100 marks will have 60 teaching periods of 50 minutes each and the papers with 50 marks will have 30 periods of 50 minutes each. A theory paper of 50 marks will have a Semester end examinations for 30 marks with two hours duration. A paper of 100 marks will have a semester end examination for 60 marks with duration of three hours.

R. following question paper pattern will be followed for the semester end examination of the series I, II, III, IV, V, and VI:

For papers with 60 marks For papers will have questions from all units. There will be totally 8 questions out The question one carrying 12 marks is compulsory to answer. The student will be of which questions are four carrying 12 marks is compulsory to answer. The student will be required to attempt any four carrying 12 marks each out of the remaining seven questions. required to attend the construction of the remaining some of the r

For Papers with 30 marks For Papers

The question paper will have questions from all units. There will be totally 6 questions out the question one carrying 9 marks is compulsory to answer. The student will be of which statempt any three carrying 7 marks each out of the remaining five questions. Question six will be on Short Notes with a choice of two out four options.

R. 6048 :-A candidate for being eligible to appear for the semester end examinations should have completed the internal assessment and kept 75 percent of attendance in each paper as well as in aggregate as per the O 119 of the University.

R. 6049:field work of each student will be assessed by the college at the end of semesters II, IV and VI under the internal assessment criteria. The marks obtained for the field work at the end of semester VI will be communicated to the University before the commencement of the written examination along with the other internal assessment marks for the theory papers.

STANDARD OF PASSING

Semesters I, II, III, and IV:

R. 6050 :-

To pass the first and third semesters end examinations the students should have obtained: To pass the maximum marks assigned to each paper for Semester end Examination.

1. 40 percent of the maximum marks in each paper. 1. 40 percent of the maximum marks in each paper for Semester end Examination.
2. 40 percent of the maximum marks in each papers including the marks for internal

assessment.
3. 45 percent of the aggregate marks of all the papers taken together.

3. 45 percent of all the papers take (There is no field work marks given in I & III semesters).

To pass the second and fourth semesters end examinations the students should have obtained the above as well as the following.

4. 45 percent of the marks assigned to field work

5. 45 percent of the aggregate marks of the papers and field work taken together for passing the IInd and IVth semester examinations

Semesters V and VI:

To pass the fifth semester end examinations the students should have obtained:

- 1. 40 percent of the maximum marks assigned to each paper for Semester end Examination.
- 2.40 percent of the full marks in each papers including marks for internal assessment.
- 3. 45 percent of the aggregate marks of all the papers taken together. (There is no field work marks given in Vth semester).

To pass the sixth semester end examination the students should have obtained the above as well as the following.

- 4.45 percent of the marks assigned to field work
- 5.45 percent of the aggregate marks of the papers and field work taken together for passing the VIth semester examination

R. 6051 :-

An unsuccessful candidate who has obtained 45 per cent of the full marks in a paper/s may be given exemption from appearing in those paper/s at the subsequent examination and will be declared to have passed the respective Semester End examination when the candidate has passed in the remaining paper/s in accordance with Rule 3367.

R. 60 b2
ATKT: Students who fail in a maximum of two papers in the first semester may be granted ATKT for the second semester. However, she/he may not be admitted to the third semester until she/he passes in all the papers including field work at Semesters I and II examinations. Similarly the students who fail in a maximum of two papers in the third semester may be granted ATKT for the fourth semester. However, admission to the fifth semester will be granted only he/she passes in all the papers including fieldwork at III Semester and IV semester examinations. Students who fail in a maximum of two papers in the V Semester may be granted ATKT for the VI semester.

R. 6053 :-

The students who have not completed the required field work satisfactorily at the end of semesters II and IV will be granted admission to the next higher semester only after completing the said field work satisfactorily. He/she will have to repeat the field work hours of the said two semesters for being eligible for admission to the next higher semester.

However, a candidate who has obtained 45per cent or more of the full marks in field work may claim exemption in field work. A candidate who has to repeat the field work also should register for the examination as in the case of a candidate reappearing in other subjects.

Standard for passing Semesters V and VI and the award of B.S.W. degree

R. 6054 :-

The candidates will be awarded the following class as per the marks obtained in the V and VI Semester Examinations:

70% and above	First Class with Distinction
60-69 %	First Class
50-59%	Second Class
45-49%	Pass Class
Less than 45%	Fail
ATKT candidates who pass at the second or subsequent attempts	Pass Class

<u>B.S.W.</u>

Semester-I

Paper – 1 Basic Communication & Programme Media Marks 50 Hours 30

Objectives
Enable students to
Develop self awareness and sensitivity.

2 Appreciate the importance of methods of communication and their effective use.

3. Equip themselves with program skills for social work intervention.

Unit	Topic	Hours
	Introduction to Social Work Practice	5
	Definition of Social work, History and need for professional social work in India. Components of professional social work: Knowledge, skills and attitudes. Goals of Social work Practice.	
	Importance and Rationale of Communication in social work practice. Types and use of communication and program media as per age and development stages of groups. Steps and skills in use of programme media.	5
}	Program media suitable to different client groups such as children, youth, women, special groups in institutions, schools, community, hospitals and varied settings.	5
	Self-awareness; Inter personal relationship skills; Self-acceptance; Empathy vs Sympathy, non judgmental Vs prejudice Self confidence and self image. Perspective building process in social work.	5
	Fact-finding skills: Survey, Home visits, Observation Initial contact skills with client groups, community mapping. Interviews, Fund raising and resource mobilizing. Writing skills; recording skills Preparing assignments and class presentations;	5
	Skills for development of personality (team building, public speaking, leadership; time management;) simple administrative procedures. Issues and concerns for intervention with individuals, families, groups and communities. Awareness of the problems through field assignments, project based field visits and introduction to social welfare organisations working with individuals, groups and communities	5

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Books, T. (1993) A Theory of Groupwork Practice, London: Macmillan.

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6. Wilson, Susanne: Writing records in Social Work Practice(To be added)

Paper - 2 Society Marks 100 Hours 60

Objectives:

Enable students to

Develop an understanding of society as a system of social relationship and various

Develop capacity to analyse social stratification and social change in India by

Gain understanding of socio-cultural composition and divisions in Indian society

Fundamental Concepts:	Hours
a) Society	8
b) Social Organisation: Groups, Groups	
Composition of Indian Society:	
a) Pluralist Nature, Unity in Diversity: Geographic, Social, Cultural,	8
Culture: Culture:	
Concept, Characteristics, Components, E.	7
Socialisation: Concept, Agents, Importance and effects of Faulty Socialisation.	7
Social Institutions:	
Concept and Types: Marriage, Family, Religion - their Characteristics and Functions.	7
Social Processes:	
Co operation, Competition, Conflict, Accommodation, Assimilation	7
Stratification of Indian Society:	0
	8
Social Change:	
Westernisation, Modernisation Social Movements & Social Change	8
	b) Social Organisation: Groups, Communities. State Composition of Indian Society: a) Pluralist Nature, Unity in Diversity: Geographic, Social, Cultural, Linguistic, Religious and Ethnic Groups. b) Divisions of Indian Society: Features of Tribal, Rural, Urban Societies Culture: Concept, Characteristics, Components, Functions Socialisation: Concept, Agents, Importance and effects of Faulty Socialisation. Social Institutions: Concept and Types: Marriage, Family, Religion - their Characteristics and Functions. Social Processes: Co operation, Competition, Conflict, Accommodation, Assimilation. Stratification of Indian Society: Meaning, Types: Caste, Class and their Characteristics

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Paper - 3 Heaith & Nutrition Marks 100 Hours 60

Objectives:

Enable students to

- Gain knowledge of the health situation of poverty groups in India with respect to the holistic concept of health.
- Develop an understanding of concept, content and importance of community health in India.
- Understand the concept of nutrition and nutritive low cost meal in the context of malnutrition in India and plan nutrition programmes for different target groups.
- Appreciate the efforts of government and NGOs in promoting mother/child and community health in India.

Unit	Topic	Hrs
I	Nutrition-concept and functions of food.	8
1	Nutrients- definition, types, sources, functions and deficiencies	
	Protein, Carbohydrate, Fats, Vitamins A,B, C and D, Calcium	
II	Malnutrition-definition, types of malnutrition, vicious cycle of malnutrition.	8
11	factors affecting malnutrition in India.	
	Nutritional diseases-symptoms and prevention: Protein and energy malnutrition.	
	Iron deficiency, Aneamia, Iodine deficiency disorder.	7
III	Balanced Diet-concept and basic five food group systems.	/
	Meal planning-importance, factors affecting meal planning.	
	Cooking Methods for retention of maximum nutrients.	
	Planning locally available low cost food for improving one's diet	7
IV	A Fed Nutritional Programme	,
	Various nutritional programmes in India with special reference to ICDS.	7
V		,
	Health Concept of Health: Biomedical, Ecological, Psycho-social and Holistic.	
		7
VI	Dimensions of health - Physical, Mental, Social and Space Factors affecting health: physical, social, political economic, gender factors affecting health: physical, social, political economic, gender factors affecting and beliefs, sanitation factors, environment.	
	Factors affecting health: physical, social, pointed economics, granted inequalities, cultural superstitions and beliefs, sanitation factors, environment, inequalities, cultural superstitions and beliefs, sanitation factors, environment.	
	and health care services	8
VII	Mother and child health care	
	Mother and child health care Ante- natal care, post- natal care, Neo natal care, and Immunization Ante- natal care, post- natal care, Neo natal care, and Eye Infection, Neo	8
VIII	Ante- natal care, post- natal care, Neo natal care, and minimization. Childhood diseases: Scabies, Diarrhea, Dehydration, Ear and Eye Infection, Neo	
	Poliomyelitis.	
	Personal Hygiene,	
	Family Life Education	

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Paper 4: Community Health Education

Marks 50 Hours 30

Objectives:

Enable students to

Understand the need of community health education in India.

Develop skills to plan community health education programme.

Develop ability to analyze, appreciate and prepare communication messages related to health practices for different target groups.

	Topics	Hrs
Unit	Community Health	5
1	Concept, Background of Community Health.	
	Community Diagnosis and Health Action Plan.	
	Organizing and Planning for Community Health Programme.	
	Health Education in India	5
11	Definition and Concept of Health Education, Aims and Objectives, Opportunities	
	for Health Education, Types of Learners in Health Education, Methods of Health	
	Education, Principles of Health Education in India.	
	Role of a Health Worker in community setting (Para Medicals).	
	Communication in Health Education and Training:	5
III	Introduction to Communication with reference to Health, Functions of Health	
	Communication, Analysis of Health Messages, Preparation of IEC materials	
	(Information, Education and Communication) for Health Education through PLA	
	(Participatory Learning Action).	
IV	Education and Training Methodology: Role of Professional Social Worker in	5
1;	the multi disciplinary team in community health.	
V	Planning for Health Education: Goals, Programme content, Choice of media	5
V	specific to target group, Evaluation, and Reports.	
VI	Agencies of Health Education: Formal and Non Formal Health Services.	5

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Banarsidas Bhanot, Jabalpur

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Setting up Community Health Programs:

A practical manual for use in developing countries.

Macmillan and Company, New York.

Gupta, M.C, Mahajan, B.K, 2003

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Ramchandran/Dharmalingam:

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Vikas Publishing House, New Delhi.

K. Mahadevan 1992

Health Education for Quality of Life;

B.R.Publication Group

Mishra, Ruchi 2006

Health for All Today, Tomorrow;

Adhyayan Publishers, N.Delhi.

Paper - 5: Computer Education - I

Marks: 50 Hours: 30

Objectives: Enable students to

Equip themselves with skills and knowledge in the area of information technology so as to enhance their performance in their professional practice

	Im vios	Hrs
Unit	Topics	HIS
UIII.	Microsoft Word Description, Introduction to word, Opening & Saving a	5
1	Document, Opening a New Document Navigating document	
12	Finding and Replacing a word in a Document Checking spelling in a document,	5
12	Formatting documents in word, Different Layout in word	
	Inserting breaks Heading and page numbers, pictures, Print & print preview	
	features in a document, Saving a document as templates in a document	
13	MICROSOFT EXCEL Introduction to Spread sheets, Spread sheets Basics.	5
	Formatting a Spreadsheet, Functions of Microsoft Excel.	
1	Calculations, Formulas, Results & Grades	5
5	Graphs, Repeat Information, Office Assistant, Title BAR, Performing	5
	Operations through Menus, Cell addresses, Cell Pointer - Name of the Current	
	Working Cell, Standard Tool Bar	
6	Formatting Tool BAR, The Formula Bar, Status bar, Components of an Excel	5
1	Workbook, Closing Excel Workbook without Saving, Quitting Microsoft Excel.	

Paper -6 English MARKS : 50 HOURS : 30

Objectives:

Enable students to Enable abilities in areas such as vocabulary, conversation, reading, comprehension, note Increase devocabulary, con taking, report writing and summarizing passages. Understand and appreciate the prescribed text.

Unit	Topics	hours	
Unit	Conversation pieces (Learning to	5	References
I	speak and understand)		Access book II & III: English Conversation and
	Special		Practice by D.H Spencer. BBC. Linguaphone
	Comprehension (Story telling)		Texts
11	Completions (otory telling)	5	Lnglish through Reading by Bhaskar and
			Prabhu.
			English language course for college
	Tradish Hages		Book II – Hill and Daswani.
III	Correct English Usage	5	1. Short Remedial English course
	a and smaller, tenso.		2. Intermediate English grammar by
			Raymond and Murphy.
IV	Detailed textual study	15	Eight Short stories by K.N. Vasudeva Panikar.
	Two old Men – Leo Tolstoy		Communication Skills in English by
	My Uncle Jules – Guy de		K.J.Kumar.
	Maupassant		
	Mrs.Packletide's Tiger – Saki	to the	
	Princess September – Somerset		
	Maugham		

Field Work Begins: 15hrs/week x 12 weeks.

Totai 180 hrs

<u>B.S.W.</u>

Semester II

Paper 7 :Basic Processes & Techniques

Marks 100 Hours 60

Objectives:

Enable students to:

- Develop understanding of social work as a process of planned change in a problem situation.
- Develop beginning ability to study the problem situation at the micro level and formulate goals of change.
- Acquire skills related to the problem solving processes and utilization of the formal and informal resource systems of social work practice.
- Develop sensitivity to the feeling of others and awareness of one's own.
- Appreciate and utilize recordings to enhance learning.

Unit.	Topics	11
-		Hours
1.	Social Work profession	7
	History & Philosophy of social work in India	
	Social Reform Movement, Voluntary social work and its implications for	
	social work profession. Definition of professional Social Work Practice	
	and its evolution	
2.	Values and principles in Social Work Practice	8
3.	Units of intervention: communities, groups, individuals and families in	8
	society. Definition and characteristics.	
4.	Steps in problem solving process: Initial, Middle and End in relation to	8
	the units of intervention.	
	Fact finding tools: Interview, Home visit, Survey, Community Mapping,	
	Discussions Observations	
5	Programme modic in handling groups: Recreational, Educational,	8
	Chart to a comparational skills in planning issue based camps.	
6.	best to the said intervention; use of different flethous of social	8
	work Dala of Social worker (Code of ethics of social work profession	
7	Dual 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	8
1	Referrals, provision & Mobilization of services. Fund Resource	
	mal'l'	
	Region: 1 the in problem solution at Individual / family level.	
8	Reports: Recording, beginning skills in analysis of data	5
	reports: Recording, beginning	

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Paper-8: Social Problems

Marks: 100 Hours 60

Objectives:

- Enable students to able students

 1. Develop knowledge about social problems affecting society
 - 2. Understand the social and behavioral factors responsible for and contributing to social problems
 - 3 Understand the relevant governmental and non-governmental interventions.

		Hours
	Topic Topic Topic Topic Topic Topic Topic	8
	Social Problems: Definition, Types, Theoretical approaches	
1	Social and Behavioral Factors	8
2	Prostitution: Definition, Magnitude, Profile, Causes, Effects, Prostitution of men, women and children, Children of prostitutes, Child prostitution. Laws: JJ Act, PITA, IPC, rescue & shelter homes NGO Interventions: Advocacy, media, networking, vocational training,	
	The state of the s	7
3	Beggary: Definition, Types: Adult-child, organized-unorganized, Magnitude, Prevention of Beggary Act-1956, Beggars' Home	
		7
4	Crime: Definition, Types: Adult crime and juvenile delinquency Magnitude. Laws: IPC, CrPC, Evidence Act, JJ Act, Prisons and OH/SH Laws: IPC, CrPC, Evidence Act, JJ Act, Prisoners, rights	
		7
5	Substance Addiction: Definition and types (todates, and addicted children	
	Laws: NDPSA, Soft addictions, Flevention and	7
6	Abuse: Child Abuse – Definition. Types: Economic, Verbal, Physical, Sexual, Family Violence Magnitude, Nature, Causes, Consequences Laws: Equal Wages Act, JJA, IPC, PITA, Child Labor Act, DV Act,	,
	CEDAW and National Commission for Child	8
7	CEDAW Campaign against child labour and National Commission for Child Protection Children infected with HIV/AIDS and children of AIDS-infected	
	parents UN Convention for Rights of Children. Juvenile Justice Act. National Protection Act 20 05	
	related to youth.	8
8	Social Problems related to youth. Displacement, Youth unrest, Student unrest	

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Paper: 9 Human Growth and Development

Marks 100 Hours 60

Objectives:

Enable students to

1. Develop knowledge of the Life Span Approach in Psychology and instill sensitivity towards differences and similarities amongst individuals

2. Develop knowledge of the concept, theories and factors affecting personality

3. Obtain knowledge on various schools of thoughts with reference to personality

4. Develop skills in identifying delayed developmental milestones.

	TOPICS	HOURS
UNIT	Introduction to Psychology:	7
I	Definition, Viewpoints, Contemporary Perspectives, Subfields	
II.	Personality Development: Concept and characteristics of personality development, Factors affecting Personality: Nature v/s Nurture Theory. Relevance of the study of Personality development to Social Work.	7
	Personality Theories:	7
III.	Psychoanalytical School of thought-Freud & Eric Erickson. Freud's Structure of personality	
	Psycho-sexual theory of Freud, Defense Mechanisms Erikson's Psycho-social theory	Value - 17
17.7	Personality Theories:	7
IV.	Humanistic and Behavioural Schools of Thought, Maslow's self- actualization theory, Person-centered theory of Carl Rogers Classical conditioning and Skinner's Operant conditioning.	
V.	Provotal Davidanment	8
	Prenatal Development: Conception, Stages of prenatal development and Three Trimesters of Pregnancy, Stages and methods of childbirth, pregnancy related complications, myths related to pregnancy, Factors affecting Prenatal development, Maternal factors (nutrition, emotional well-being of the mother, attitudes of significantly individuals) and paternal factors Prenatal and postnatal care, Developmental milestones achieved during	*
- 1	prenatal development.	8
	Lifespan Approach to Development (Part I): Introduction, Definition and characteristics of Developmental Psychology, Principles, characteristics and aspects of Human Development, Stages of numan development in the Indian Context, Infancy to Middle Childhood- physical, social, cognitive developmental milestones.	3
		8
	Adolescence to Late Adulthood-physical, social, cog	
/III.	milestones 1 Disorders in Children	8
	Behaviuoral Problems and Disorders in Children Types of Disorders - Emotional, Conduct, Attention Deficit Hyperactivity, Mental Retardation, Autism. Related Services.	

Note: There will be skills laboratory sessions on the following:

1. Presentation on Prenatal and Postnatal care

2. Relevance of Play and Play Therapy

- 3. Methods and programme skills for identifying and promoting referrals for children and adults with delayed developmental milestones
- 4. One Day Workshop on Personality Development

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Paper 10 Computer Education - II

Marks: 50 Hours: 30

Objectives: Enable students to

Equip themselves with skills and knowledge in the area of information technology so as to enhance their performance in their professional practice

UNIT	TOPICS	
UNA	Working in Excel ,Moving inside a work Book,	HOURS
1		5
	HIRME WOLKSHOOLS INCAPTION D	
	linking worksheets, Inserting Worksheet, Inserting Sheets, Formatting All Tolling Columns.	
2	Deleting columns, Sorting a Database Formatting rows, Deleting rows,	5
3	MICKUSUFT POWERPOINT	5
	Introduction to Power point, Inserting a text, Inserting auto shapes, Inserting Clip arts, Inserting pictures, Slide Layouts, Slide Designs, Adding notes.	
4	Background with slide designs, with patterns, textures, pictures, The Power point window, Creating presentations with animation Schemes, Creating presentations with Custom Animation.	5
	Creating presentations with Slide Transitions, Creating buttons for slides, Action setting for the slides, Presentations with Hyperlinks, Presentations with mouse clicks, Presentations Automatically, Printing Presentations	
5	MICROSOFT ACCESS	5
	Introduction to Access, Creating database using Access Wizard,)
6	Customise a database, Creating a blank database in Access, Database for specific needs, Creating a forms in Access, Creating a Reports in Access	ō

Paper - 11: English II MARKS : 50

HOURS : 30

Objectives:

Enable students to:

Increase abilities in areas such as vocabulary, conversation, reading, comprehension, note taking, report writing and summarizing passages.

Understand and appreciate the prescribed text

Unit	t Subject Matter					
Ulik	Conversation pieces (Learning to speak	Hours	References			
1	and understand)	5	Access book 2 and 3:			
			English Conversation and practice by			
			D.H.Spencer,			
	Comprehension (Story telling)		BBC Linguaphone texts.			
11	Compression (Grory telling)	5	1. English through Reading by			
			2. Bhaskar			
			3. and Prabhu.			
			English language course for			
			5. college			
	C - Fredish II		6. Book II – Hill and Daswani.			
III	Correct English Usage	5	3. Short Remedial English			
			course			
			4. Intermediate English			
			grammar –			
	and the state of t		Raymond and Murphy.			
IV	Detailed textual study	15	Eight Short stories by			
	1. The ReapingRace – Liam		K.N.Vasudeva			
	O'Flaherty		Panikar.			
	2. "My Lord, the Baby"-		Communication Skills in English by			
	Rabindranath Tagore		K.J.Kumar			
	3. God lives in the Punch- Prem					
	Chand					
	4. The Tax Collector – Pearl Buck.	,				

Paper 12 Field Work 15 hrs/wk x 12 weeks Marks 100 Total 180 hrs.

B.S.W.

Semester-III

Paper 13 Agency Administration Marks 50 Hours 30

Objectives: Enable students to

- Understand the concept of effective administration.
- Appreciate the relevance of social work administration as a method of Social Work.
- Develop skills in basic processes of agency administration

gas-y daminoration				
UNITS	TOPICS	HRS.		
1	Introduction to Social Work Administration as a method in Social Work.	5		
	Administrative process. Scope and functions of administration, the			
<u> </u>	Multidimensional roles of an Administrator. Basic principles of Administration			
2	Social Work Organizations. History of Voluntary action in India. Ngos in the	5		
	social welfare and development sector, Role and functions of nongovernmental			
	organizations. Classification of ngos- service providers, empowerment ngos,			
	support ngos, and umbrella and network ngos	5		
3	Administrative Processes Part I: Planning- Importance, principles of planning, steps involved in planning.	5		
	Organizing: fundamental principles of organising, organising processes and			
	steps. Staffing: recruitment, selection, appointment, orientation, promotion,			
	appraisal and termination.			
	Direction: importance and strategies of direction and supervision	-		
	Administrative Processes Part II: Coordination Principles And Techniques.	5		
4	Reporting: Importance and Steps involved in Reporting.			
	Budgeting: Types and Steps involved in Budgeting.			
	Monitoring and Evaluation: Purpose and Methods of Monitoring and			
	Evaluation.	ļ		
5	Effective Administrative Communication	5		
3	Definition of communication, communication system, criteria for effective			
	Skills of an Administrator: Technical skills, human skills and conceptual skills.	5		
6	Skills of an Administrator: Technical skills, numan skills and conceptual skills.	5		
	Preparing program proposal, Resource mobilization, Time management,			
	Conducting meetings, Team building.			

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- 9. Hardingham Alison Royal Jenny Team Work In Practice- Putting Together, 1995.
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Paper 14 Contemporary Development Problems

Marks 100 Hours 60

Objectives: Enable students to

- 1. Understand the concept of development and the characteristics of development and under-development
- 2. Analyse the developmental issues and the government response
- 3. Develop understanding about the Indian economic planning as a strategy for economic development.

Unit	Topic	Hours
Unit	Concept of development	4
i	Definitions, Values, Objectives	
2	Characteristics of developing Countries	8
_	Low level of living, Low level of production.	- 1
	High rate of population growth, increasing unemployment and	. Line -
	underemployment, High dependence on Agriculture	
	Export of primary products, Unfavorable Social and political	
	conditions	
3	Indicators of development	7
	Human Development Index, Human Poverty Index.	
	Gender Development Index, Interstate and Inter-country	
	comparison	7
4	Millennium development goals	/
	The formation of the goals, Eight millennium goals.	
	Implementation mechanisms,	6
5	Underdevelopment. Historical Perspectives, External factors	0
	Internal factors	10
6	Developmental issues. Inequality, Poverty Indebtedness	10
-	Food security. Food Insecurity and Hunger, Population increase,	
	migration, unemployment, poor bank amenities	10
7.	Covernment response Five year plans	10
	Poverty alleviation programme, Institutional reforms.	
	Employment Generation Schemes	8
8	L. J. dian Economic Planning:	0
	Objectives, Achievements and failures, new economic trends.	

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- 12. Chaudhari P, 1978, the Indian Economy, Vikas Publishing House, New Delhi.

Paper 15 Politics

Marks: 50 Hours: 30

Objectives: Enable students to:

Understand various political concepts such as state, constitution, government, power, democracy, political parties and public opinion.

Understand the composition and functions of the Union Legislature and Executive

Understand Federalism in India and the nature of Centre and State relationship.

UNIT	TOPICS	
U V	Introduction to Politics:	Hrs
1	Relevance of the study of polities to Social Work,	5
	Concept of State: Elements and Functions,	
	Concept of a ower, Meaning E.	
2	Concept of Democracy . M	
	Type of democracy: Parliamentary 12	5
	Type of democracy: Parliamentary and Presidential Merits and Demerits o Democracy	
3	Political parties, Pressure groups, Public Opinion:	
.,	1 mon mounting, reduces molec and firm at	5
1	Constitutional roundations of Indian Con-	1
7	Basic values enshrined in the Indian Constitution, Salient features	5
5	Composition and Functions of Indian Government:	İ
3	Union Legislature: Composition role and functions.	5
	Union Executive: Composition role and functions.	
6	Concept of federalism:	
U	Federal features of Indian state.	5
	Centre and state relation: I I I I I I I I	
	Centre and state relations in Indian federation.	

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Paper 16 Education Systems & Services

Marks: 100 Hours: 60

Objectives: Enable students to

Understand education as an instrument of social change.

Sensitize students towards education as a Right of every child/person

Develop critical understanding of education as a system in India.

Develop programme skills in dealing with various groups in education.

Appreciate the role of social work intervention in the field of education.

	Topic	Hours
Unit	Historical review & situational analysis of education system in	É
1.	India: pre-independence, post-independence, post-reform. National	
	education policy. Analyzing the Formal education system, magnitude	
	and characteristics.	
2.	Goals of education: understanding the leaner needs, characteristics,	6
۷٠	socio-economic, cultural influence on the learner. Shift of education	
	from "few to all."	
	The components & basic elements of education: teacher,	
	curriculum, knowledge, skills & attitude	8
3.	Structure of education system in India,	0
5.	pre-primary to higher, public-private process and structures. (CBSE,	
	Central municipal school, zilla parishad, ashram schools)	7
4.	Issues of education-issues related to access, retention, and	
	achievement. urban-rural, unorganized sector	7
5.	Intervention by Govt. and NGO efforts- policies, programmes,	
٥.	Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan, Campaign for right to edited to the content of the content	
	Mission	8
6.	- India and other confidence	
	Perspectives in adult education. I adio I tello,	
	Dr. Ambedkar, Dr. Amartya Sen, Mahatma Gandhi Problems of special groups: girls, minorities, learning disabled.	8
7.	Problems of special groups: gnis, minorities, re-	
	tribal, college yourn.	10
8.	Skills & programmes in implementing baseds characteristics, socio-	
	communities Understanding the learner, principles and	
	and culfillal factors miner	
	conditions of learning.	
	Steps in planning the NT L-3kind programme media related with education	
	programme media related	

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Paper 17 Graphics & HTML- Language

Marks: 100 Hours: 60

Objectives:

Enable students to Enable students to Equip themselves with skills and knowledge in the area of information technology so as to enhance their performance in their professional practice

	Topics	Hours
Unit	Coral draw	10
1	Introduction, creating designs, Selecting & deselecting objects.	
	Drawing & shaping tools, Using freehand tools, Grouping &	
	ungrouping objects, Choosing outline thickness, Using fill tool	
		10
2	Inserting Text symbols, clip art, Mirroring objects Rotating &	
	Skewing objects, Using Transform Docker, Fitting Text to Path.	
	Using power clips, Applying drop shadows, Distortion of effects	
	Distortions Naturally Combining distortion with blends	10
3	Photoshop, Creation of layers, Tools, Work with shapes	
	Work with lasso tool, Create images with masks.	
	Create a stroke path with the pen tool,	
	Uses of Healing Brush, Clone stamp tool, Patch tool, Apply patterns	
	with custom tool, Use of eraser tool, Back grounds	10
4	use of burn and dodge tools, Shadow highlight command,	
	Replace colour commands, Variations command, Use of sponge tool. Hue/saturation command,	
	Variations command, Use of sponge tool. The saturation of the Variations command, Use of sponge tool. The saturation of the Variations command, Use of sponge tool. The saturation of the Variations command, Use of sponge tool.	İ
	Liquefy filter. Lense Blurr, Resample your image.	
	Crop & straighten your images, Roll Over	10
5	HTML	
	Introduction to Hypertext Markup Language, Definition for HTML, Off Loading of HTML document onto an Teas How to write an HTML document,	
	Internet Server, Browser, Tags, How to Wite an HTML document, How to save an HTML document, How to run an HTML document, How to save an HTML document, Ordered List Types, Unordered List	
	How to save an HTML document, How to run an Transfer How to demonstrate a Heading, Ordered List Types. Unordered List	
	Lyr demonstrate a Heading, Oldered Biot Typ	
	Types, Definition List, Prelomatica Text	10
б	How to create symbols, Linking,	
	II Deferencing a gil & jpg me, Tuesto	
	Tables, Frames, Linking to a website	

Paper- 18 : English III

MARKS : 50 HOURS: 30

Objectives: Enable students to:

Consolidate and perfect the skills acquired in areas such as vocabulary, class presentation, Comprehension, selective record writing and synopsis of articles relevant to social issues.

Unit	Subject Matter Guided Conversations	Hours	References
I	Guided Conversations Writing formed Law	03	Access Book III
11	Letter Writing – formal letters	02	Communication skills in
	in Design and Constitution	See .	English by K.J. Kumar
III	Rapid Reading and Comprehension	10	Oliver Twist by Charles
			Dickens.
IV	Details Textual study	15	"Ten Short Stories" by Jatin
	1. What men live by – Leo Tolstoy		Mohanty
	2. The Romance of a busy broker –		
	O'Henry		
	3. A cup of Tea- Katherine Mansfield	11	

Field Work Begins: 15hrs/week x 12 weeks.

Total 180 hrs

<u>B.S.W.</u>

Semester IV

Paper 19 Development Administration

Marks 50 Hours 30

Objectives:

Enable students to

- Understand evolution of development administration.
- Appreciate the role of governance at central, state and local level.
- Understand the structure and the functions of the Local Self Government. Develop understanding of the procedures of establishment of Non Government
- Appreciate the role of voluntary sector, public –private partnership.

Units	Topics	Hours
1	Development Administration Evolution of development administration, Approach, changing trends. Constitutional distribution of power, Union list, state list. Concurrent list.	5
2	Administrative Structure Of Social Welfare at Central Level Ministry of Social Justice and Empowerment: Structure & functions Four Bureaus: 1. SC Development, 2. B C Development, 3. Disability, 4. Social Defence, their structure and role National Commission for SC, National Commission for Safai Karamcharis, National Institutes - welfare, developmental schemes, programmes. National Commission For Minorities	7
	Administrative Structure At State Level Government of Maharashtra Dept. of Social Justice and Empowerment, Structure & functions at state level, administrative divisions& district. State level Mahamandals (eg. Annabhauh Sathe Mahamandal) MMRDA, MUTP	
3 & 4	Local Self Government Local self govt, URBAN – Muncipal Corporation of Greater Mumbai., (elected representative & bureaucracy set up, committees). 74 TH Constitutional amendment Nagar Parishad, Nagar Palika (Municipal Corporation) Rural- Panchayati Raj zilla parishad, panchayat samati, gram panchayat (elected representative & bureaucracy, committies) 73 RD Constitutional amendment, gram sabha, GO and NGO Interventions, Adarsh gaon (Ideal village).	10

	Legal Frame Work of an NGO: Role of voluntary organizations, public –private partnership. Registration of non government organization, Societies Registration Act -1860. The Indian Public Trust Act -1882, Foreign Company's Act - Section 25, Tax exemption for the organisations BUDGETS: concept & importance of hadrens and in the companisations	4
0	BUDGETS: concept & importance of budgets, planned & unplanned budget, Budgeting process. Corporate Social Responsibility	4

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Paper- 20: Health Systems and Services

Marks100 Hours 60

Objectives:

Enable students to

- Develop an understanding of health problems in India
- Develop capacity to perceive the role of clinical, environment and host factors in the causation, treatment and prevention of disease.
- Develop an understanding of the relationship between development and health status
- Appreciate the role of social workers in promoting qualitative health for the poor

Unit	Topics	Hours
I	Introduction of the Health Care System in India Concept of health, evolution of the concept of health, National Health Policy,	7
	Health Structure, Its evolution and present status.	
2	Public Health Care System in India	8
	Concept of primary health care and community health, PHC/CHC, Rural	
	hospitals, specialized hospitals and training hospitals.	
	Services: Types and critical appraisal of services in the Indian context	
3	Responsibility for Health, Levels of Health Care	7
	Primary/Secondary/Tertiary Indicators of Health	
4	Health and Development	8
	Privatization of health services, Health Tourism, Reproductive Health,	
	Occupational Health.	
5	Concept of Disease and Epidemiological Cycle, Prevention of Disease.	7
	The role of Agent, Host and Environment, Factors influencing individual, family	
	and community health, Iceberg concept of diseases, Health Education-Principles	
	and Methods.	
6	Communicable and Non-communicable Diseases	8
	Respiratory Tract Infections, Diphtheria / Whooping Cough, TB,	
	Insect borne diseases- Malaria, Intestinal Diseases, Poliomyelitis, Typhoid	
	Hepatitis, Sexually Transmitted Infection, HIV/AIDS	
7	National Health Programmes	8
	National Malaria Eradication Programme, National Leprosy Eradication	
	Programme, National TB Programme, Total Sanitation Campaign, STD Control	
	Programme, Universal Immunization Programme, National Family Welfare	
	Programme, National AIDS Control / National Rural Health Mission	
8	Interventions in the Field of Health and the role of the social worker.	7
	- Role and functions of medical social worker in different settings, namely:	
	Hospital, Institution and community.	

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Scanned with OKEN Scanner

Paper: 21 Environment Studies

Marks: 50 Hours: 30

Objectives:

Enable students to

- Develop sensitivity about the interconnectedness between environment and human
- Understand the connections between environmental issues and development.
- Understand international, national, local governments and the responses of civil society groups to environmental concerns

Unit	Content	Hours
1	Concepts of Environment and Fools	6
	Significant concepts and terminals = 1	Pro-Charles
	pes, causes and effects on human life	
2	Environmental Impact on Human Danala	6
	inter-connectedness of environment and beautiful in the connected to the c	
	of or flatural resources like land water and forests	
3	Environmental Degradation	4
	Development trends and their impact on environment with reference to	
	Industrialization, changes in land-like new trends in agriculture	
	waste Management in urban areas-importance and significant experiments	
4	impoverishment of Communities/Populations due to Environmental Issues	4
	Project Displacement and impact on people in urban and rural areas	
	Role of Government, NGOs and civil society with respect to project	
	displacement.	
5	International and National Legislations for Environmental Issues	6
	International protocols and national legislations related to the conservation	
	protection and restoration of the environment.	
6	Civil Society Interventions in Environmental Issues	4
	Sustainable Development – its concept, goals and objectives	
	Major international, national and local NGOs working in the field of	
	environmental issues – their role and contribution.	

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- 11. V. Paranipe, 1997, Rehabilitation Policy and Law in India. Right to Livelihood., ISI,

Paper 22 Development Communication

Marks: 100 Hours: 60

Objectives: Enable students to

- Understand the concept of Development Communication and its significance in

Develop conceptual clarity of different types of media and their influence on

Learn skills in the use of media for the purposes of development. Critical appreciation of values and ethical principles involved in media messages.

Unit		Hou
Unit	ropies	
1	Basic Communication theory	7 7
	Definition of communication Design Transfer Tran	/
	communication information. Historical development of Communication in society;	
	Contemporary dimension of communication.	
	Development communication: Magning of 1	
	Relevance of communication to development, Different communication theories and critique.	
2	Media and its influence on Development:	3
	Development paradigms and disparities: Functions and priorities of Madia in	
	dudiessing development issues; Professional ethics and values in media messages	
	Wedia as a water -dog.	
3	Group Media:	10
	Meaning and relevance of group media in development.	
	Introduction to different teaching aids:	
	Photo Language, Posters, Stories, Flash cards, Games, Short films	-
	Strengths and limitation of each of the aids, Selecting the appropriate media as per	
	the needs. Skills in using the aids Street Theatre	
	Meaning of street theatre, Relevance of street theatre in communicating messages,	
	Different aspects of street play, Designing a script for street play. Folk Media	
	Introduction to folk media – puppets, tamasha, nautanki etc. Strengths and Limitations of folk media, Relevance of Folk media to development.	
4		
'	Public speaking and presentation Functions of Public speaking, Preparation, Designing the content, Skills for public	7
	speaking, Power point presentations	

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adults, M.D Publishing Private Ltd. New Delhi.

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Paper: 9 Human Growth and Development

Marks 100 Hours 60

Objectives:

Enable students to

1. Develop knowledge of the Life Span Approach in Psychology and instill sensitivity towards differences and similarities amongst individuals

2. Develop knowledge of the concept, theories and factors affecting personality

3. Obtain knowledge on various schools of thoughts with reference to personality

4. Develop skills in identifying delayed developmental milestones.

	TOPICS	HOURS
UNIT	Introduction to Psychology:	7
I	Definition, Viewpoints, Contemporary Perspectives, Subfields	
II.	Personality Development: Concept and characteristics of personality development, Factors affecting Personality: Nature v/s Nurture Theory. Relevance of the study of Personality development to Social Work.	7
	Personality Theories:	7
III.	Psychoanalytical School of thought-Freud & Eric Erickson. Freud's Structure of personality	
	Psycho-sexual theory of Freud, Defense Mechanisms Erikson's Psycho-social theory	Value - 17
17.7	Personality Theories:	7
IV.	Humanistic and Behavioural Schools of Thought, Maslow's self- actualization theory, Person-centered theory of Carl Rogers Classical conditioning and Skinner's Operant conditioning.	
V.	Provotal Davidanment	8
	Prenatal Development: Conception, Stages of prenatal development and Three Trimesters of Pregnancy, Stages and methods of childbirth, pregnancy related complications, myths related to pregnancy, Factors affecting Prenatal development, Maternal factors (nutrition, emotional well-being of the mother, attitudes of significantly individuals) and paternal factors Prenatal and postnatal care, Developmental milestones achieved during	*
- 1	prenatal development.	8
	Lifespan Approach to Development (Part I): Introduction, Definition and characteristics of Developmental Psychology, Principles, characteristics and aspects of Human Development, Stages of numan development in the Indian Context, Infancy to Middle Childhood- physical, social, cognitive developmental milestones.	3
		8
	Adolescence to Late Adulthood-physical, social, cog	
/III.	milestones 1 Disorders in Children	8
	Behaviuoral Problems and Disorders in Children Types of Disorders - Emotional, Conduct, Attention Deficit Hyperactivity, Mental Retardation, Autism. Related Services.	

Note: There will be skills laboratory sessions on the following:

1. Presentation on Prenatal and Postnatal care

2. Relevance of Play and Play Therapy

- 3. Methods and programme skills for identifying and promoting referrals for children and adults with delayed developmental milestones
- 4. One Day Workshop on Personality Development

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Paper 10 Computer Education - II

Marks: 50 Hours: 30

Objectives: Enable students to

Equip themselves with skills and knowledge in the area of information technology so as to enhance their performance in their professional practice

UNIT	TOPICS	
UNA	Working in Excel ,Moving inside a work Book,	HOURS
1		5
	HIRME WOLKSHOOLS INCAPTION D	
	linking worksheets, Inserting Worksheet, Inserting Sheets, Formatting All Tolling Columns.	
2	Deleting columns, Sorting a Database Formatting rows, Deleting rows,	5
3	MICKUSUFT POWERPOINT	5
	Introduction to Power point, Inserting a text, Inserting auto shapes, Inserting Clip arts, Inserting pictures, Slide Layouts, Slide Designs, Adding notes.	
4	Background with slide designs, with patterns, textures, pictures, The Power point window, Creating presentations with animation Schemes, Creating presentations with Custom Animation.	5
	Creating presentations with Slide Transitions, Creating buttons for slides, Action setting for the slides, Presentations with Hyperlinks, Presentations with mouse clicks, Presentations Automatically, Printing Presentations	
5	MICROSOFT ACCESS	5
	Introduction to Access, Creating database using Access Wizard,)
6	Customise a database, Creating a blank database in Access, Database for specific needs, Creating a forms in Access, Creating a Reports in Access	ō

Paper - 11: English II MARKS : 50

HOURS : 30

Objectives:

Enable students to:

Increase abilities in areas such as vocabulary, conversation, reading, comprehension, note taking, report writing and summarizing passages.

Understand and appreciate the prescribed text

Unit	t Subject Matter				
Ulik	Conversation pieces (Learning to speak	Hours	References		
1	and understand)	5	Access book 2 and 3:		
			English Conversation and practice by		
			D.H.Spencer,		
	Comprehension (Story telling)		BBC Linguaphone texts.		
11	Compression (Grory telling)	5	1. English through Reading by		
			2. Bhaskar		
			3. and Prabhu.		
			English language course for		
			5. college		
	C - Fredish II		6. Book II – Hill and Daswani.		
III	Correct English Usage	5	3. Short Remedial English		
			course		
			4. Intermediate English		
			grammar –		
	and the state of t		Raymond and Murphy.		
IV	Detailed textual study	15	Eight Short stories by		
	1. The ReapingRace – Liam		K.N.Vasudeva		
	O'Flaherty		Panikar.		
	2. "My Lord, the Baby"-		Communication Skills in English by		
	Rabindranath Tagore		K.J.Kumar		
	3. God lives in the Punch- Prem				
	Chand				
	4. The Tax Collector – Pearl Buck.	,			

Paper 12 Field Work 15 hrs/wk x 12 weeks Marks 100 Total 180 hrs.

B.S.W.

Semester-III

Paper 13 Agency Administration Marks 50 Hours 30

Objectives: Enable students to

- Understand the concept of effective administration.
- Appreciate the relevance of social work administration as a method of Social Work.
- Develop skills in basic processes of agency administration

	C Ty Tallinottetton	
UNITS	TOPICS	HRS.
1	Introduction to Social Work Administration as a method in Social Work.	5
	Administrative process. Scope and functions of administration, the	
<u> </u>	Multidimensional roles of an Administrator. Basic principles of Administration	
2	Social Work Organizations. History of Voluntary action in India. Ngos in the	5
	social welfare and development sector, Role and functions of nongovernmental	
	organizations. Classification of ngos- service providers, empowerment ngos,	
	support ngos, and umbrella and network ngos	5
3	Administrative Processes Part I: Planning- Importance, principles of planning, steps involved in planning.	5
	Organizing: fundamental principles of organising, organising processes and	
	steps. Staffing: recruitment, selection, appointment, orientation, promotion,	
	appraisal and termination.	
	Direction: importance and strategies of direction and supervision	-
	Administrative Processes Part II: Coordination Principles And Techniques.	5
4	Reporting: Importance and Steps involved in Reporting.	
	Budgeting: Types and Steps involved in Budgeting.	
	Monitoring and Evaluation: Purpose and Methods of Monitoring and	
	Evaluation.	ļ
5	Effective Administrative Communication	5
3	Definition of communication, communication system, criteria for effective	
	Skills of an Administrator: Technical skills, human skills and conceptual skills.	5
6	Skills of an Administrator: Technical skills, numan skills and conceptual skills.	5
	Preparing program proposal, Resource mobilization, Time management,	
	Conducting meetings, Team building.	

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- 7. P C Tripathi.P. N. Reddy, Principles of Management Second Edition 1971 Tata Mc Graw Hill Publishing Company Limited.
- 8. Allock bebra(ed): Handbook Of Practical Administrative Skills Jaico Publishing
- 9. Hardingham Alison Royal Jenny Team Work In Practice- Putting Together, 1995.
- 10. Anthony R. Montebello Work Teams That Work Skills For Managing Cross The Organisation, Jaico Publishing House, Mumbai, 1996.

Paper 14 Contemporary Development Problems

Marks 100 Hours 60

Objectives: Enable students to

- 1. Understand the concept of development and the characteristics of development and under-development
- 2. Analyse the developmental issues and the government response
- 3. Develop understanding about the Indian economic planning as a strategy for economic development.

Unit	Topic	Hours
Unit	Concept of development	4
i	Definitions, Values, Objectives	
2	Characteristics of developing Countries	8
_	Low level of living, Low level of production.	- 1
	High rate of population growth, increasing unemployment and	. Line -
	underemployment, High dependence on Agriculture	
	Export of primary products, Unfavorable Social and political	
	conditions	
3	Indicators of development	7
	Human Development Index, Human Poverty Index.	
	Gender Development Index, Interstate and Inter-country	
	comparison	7
4	Millennium development goals	/
	The formation of the goals, Eight millennium goals.	
	Implementation mechanisms,	6
5	Underdevelopment. Historical Perspectives, External factors	0
	Internal factors	10
6	Developmental issues. Inequality, Poverty Indebtedness	10
-	Food security. Food Insecurity and Hunger, Population increase,	
	migration, unemployment, poor bank amenities	10
7.	Covernment response Five year plans	10
	Poverty alleviation programme, Institutional reforms.	
	Employment Generation Schemes	8
8	L. J. dian Economic Planning:	0
	Objectives, Achievements and failures, new economic trends.	

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- Jean Drez and Amartya Sen, 1997, India Development, second edition, Oxford
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World Development Indicators, 2004, World bank

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Ian Rox, 1979, Theories of Underdevelopment, Macmillon Press

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- 11. Mukesh Eswaran, 1994, Why poverty persist in India, Oford University Press.
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Paper 15 Politics

Marks: 50 Hours: 30

Objectives: Enable students to:

Understand various political concepts such as state, constitution, government, power, democracy, political parties and public opinion.

Understand the composition and functions of the Union Legislature and Executive

Understand Federalism in India and the nature of Centre and State relationship.

UNIT	TOPICS	
U V	Introduction to Politics:	Hrs
1	Relevance of the study of polities to Social Work,	5
	Concept of State: Elements and Functions,	
	Concept of a ower, Meaning E.	
2	Concept of Democracy . M	
	Type of democracy: Parliamentary 12	5
	Type of democracy: Parliamentary and Presidential Merits and Demerits o Democracy	
3	Political parties, Pressure groups, Public Opinion:	
.,	1 mon mounting, reduces more and firm at	5
1	Constitutional roundations of Indian Con-	1
7	Basic values enshrined in the Indian Constitution, Salient features	5
5	Composition and Functions of Indian Government:	İ
3	Union Legislature: Composition role and functions.	5
	Union Executive: Composition role and functions.	
6	Concept of federalism:	
U	Federal features of Indian state.	5
	Centre and state relation: I I I I I I I I	
	Centre and state relations in Indian federation.	

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Johari, J.C (2004) Principles of Modern Political Science, Sterling Publishers Pvt Ltd ,New Delhi

Jatkar, S.D, Krishna Rao, V (1990), Political Theory and Institutions, Sterling Publishers New Delhi

Siwach, J.R (1990) Indian Government and Politics, Sterling publishers, New Delhi

Mehra, A., K, Khanna, Kueck, G.W (ed) (2003) Political Parties and Party system, Sage Publicaations

Dubey, S.N. (20030 Indian political system, Laxmi Narain Agarwal Edu. Publishers Agra Awasthy, S.S (2001) Indian Government and Politics, HAR ANAND publications, New Delhi

Sikri,S.C (2002) Indian Government and Politics, Kalyani Publishers, New Delhi

Paper 16 Education Systems & Services

Marks: 100 Hours: 60

Objectives: Enable students to

Understand education as an instrument of social change.

Sensitize students towards education as a Right of every child/person

Develop critical understanding of education as a system in India.

Develop programme skills in dealing with various groups in education.

Appreciate the role of social work intervention in the field of education.

	Topic	Hours
Unit	Historical review & situational analysis of education system in	É
1.	India: pre-independence, post-independence, post-reform. National	
	education policy. Analyzing the Formal education system, magnitude	
	and characteristics.	
2.	Goals of education: understanding the leaner needs, characteristics,	6
۷٠	socio-economic, cultural influence on the learner. Shift of education	
	from "few to all."	
	The components & basic elements of education: teacher,	
	curriculum, knowledge, skills & attitude	8
3.	Structure of education system in India,	0
5.	pre-primary to higher, public-private process and structures. (CBSE,	
	Central municipal school, zilla parishad, ashram schools)	7
4.	Issues of education-issues related to access, retention, and	
	achievement. urban-rural, unorganized sector	7
5.	Intervention by Govt. and NGO efforts- policies, programmes,	
٥.	Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan, Campaign for right to edited to the content of the content	
	Mission	8
6.	- India and other confidence	
	Perspectives in adult education. I adio I tello,	
	Dr. Ambedkar, Dr. Amartya Sen, Mahatma Gandhi Problems of special groups: girls, minorities, learning disabled.	8
7.	Problems of special groups: gnis, minorities, re-	
	tribal, college yourn.	10
8.	Skills & programmes in implementing baseds characteristics, socio-	
	communities Understanding the learner, principles and	
	and culfillal factors miner	
	conditions of learning.	
	Steps in planning the NT L-3kind programme media related with education	
	programme media related	

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3. Kai. New Delli All Sues in Education, Cosmo Publications, New Delhi-1992 Pyt. Ltd., New Delhi-1992 Current Issues in Education, Cosmo Publications, New Delhi-1992 A. Mohanti, J., Education for All Promises and Progress, Rajat Publication of All Sugar S., Education for All Promises and Progress, Rajat Publication of All Promises and Progress, Rajat Publication of All Promises and Progress, Rajat Publication of All Promises and Progress, Rajat Publication of All Promises and Progress, Rajat Publication of All Promises and Progress, Rajat Publication of All Promises and Progress, Rajat Publication of All Promises and Progress, Rajat Publication of All Promises and Progress, Rajat Publication of All Promises and Progress, Rajat Publication of All Promises and Progress, Rajat Publication of All Promises and Progress, Rajat Publication of All Promises and Progress, Rajat Publication of All Promises and Progress, Rajat Publication of All Promises and Progress, Rajat Publication of All Promises and Progress, Rajat Publication of All Promises and Progress, Rajat Publication of All Promises and Progress, Rajat Publication of All Promises and Progress

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Problems, Allyn and Bacon USA, 1982 Problems, A., 'Education and Human Development 'Kanishka Publishers, New Delhi-2005.

Paper 17 Graphics & HTML- Language

Marks: 100 Hours: 60

Objectives:

Enable students to Enable students to Equip themselves with skills and knowledge in the area of information technology so as to enhance their performance in their professional practice

	Topics	Hours
Unit	Coral draw	10
1	Introduction, creating designs, Selecting & deselecting objects.	
	Drawing & shaping tools, Using freehand tools, Grouping &	
	ungrouping objects, Choosing outline thickness, Using fill tool	
		10
2	Inserting Text symbols, clip art, Mirroring objects Rotating &	
	Skewing objects, Using Transform Docker, Fitting Text to Path.	
	Using power clips, Applying drop shadows, Distortion of effects	
	Distortions Naturally Combining distortion with blends	10
3	Photoshop, Creation of layers, Tools, Work with shapes	
	Work with lasso tool, Create images with masks.	
	Create a stroke path with the pen tool,	
	Uses of Healing Brush, Clone stamp tool, Patch tool, Apply patterns	
	with custom tool, Use of eraser tool, Back grounds	10
4	use of burn and dodge tools, Shadow highlight command,	
	Replace colour commands, Variations command, Use of sponge tool. Hue/saturation command,	
	Variations command, Use of sponge tool. The saturation of the Variations command, Use of sponge tool. The saturation of the Variations command, Use of sponge tool. The saturation of the Variations command, Use of sponge tool.	İ
	Liquefy filter. Lense Blurr, Resample your image.	
	Crop & straighten your images, Roll Over	10
5	HTML	
	Introduction to Hypertext Markup Language, Definition for HTML, Off Loading of HTML document onto an Teas How to write an HTML document,	
	Internet Server, Browser, Tags, How to Wite an HTML document, How to save an HTML document, How to run an HTML document, How to save an HTML document, Ordered List Types, Unordered List	
	How to save an HTML document, How to fair an Investment of the How to demonstrate a Heading, Ordered List Types. Unordered List How to demonstrate a Heading, Ordered List Types.	
	Lyr demonstrate a Heading, Oldered Biot Typ	
	Types, Definition List, Prelomatica Text	10
б	How to create symbols, Linking,	
	II Deferencing a gil & jpg inc, Tuesto	
	Tables, Frames, Linking to a website	

Paper- 18 : English III

MARKS : 50 HOURS: 30

Objectives: Enable students to:

Consolidate and perfect the skills acquired in areas such as vocabulary, class presentation, Comprehension, selective record writing and synopsis of articles relevant to social issues.

Unit	Subject Matter Guided Conversations	Hours	References
I	Guided Conversations Writing formed Law	03	Access Book III
11	Letter Writing – formal letters	02	Communication skills in
	in Design and Constitution	See .	English by K.J. Kumar
III	Rapid Reading and Comprehension	10	Oliver Twist by Charles
			Dickens.
IV	Details Textual study	15	"Ten Short Stories" by Jatin
	1. What men live by – Leo Tolstoy		Mohanty
	2. The Romance of a busy broker –		
	O'Henry		
	3. A cup of Tea- Katherine Mansfield	11	

Field Work Begins: 15hrs/week x 12 weeks.

Total 180 hrs

<u>B.S.W.</u>

Semester IV

Paper 19 Development Administration

Marks 50 Hours 30

Objectives:

Enable students to

- Understand evolution of development administration.
- Appreciate the role of governance at central, state and local level.
- Understand the structure and the functions of the Local Self Government. Develop understanding of the procedures of establishment of Non Government
- Appreciate the role of voluntary sector, public –private partnership.

Units	Topics	Hours
1	Development Administration Evolution of development administration, Approach, changing trends. Constitutional distribution of power, Union list, state list. Concurrent list.	5
2	Administrative Structure Of Social Welfare at Central Level Ministry of Social Justice and Empowerment: Structure & functions Four Bureaus: 1. SC Development, 2. B C Development, 3. Disability, 4. Social Defence, their structure and role, National Commission for SC, National Commission for Safai Karamcharis, National Institutes - welfare, developmental schemes, programmes. National Commission For Minorities	7
	Administrative Structure At State Level Government of Maharashtra Dept. of Social Justice and Empowerment, Structure & functions at state level, administrative divisions& district. State level Mahamandals (eg. Annabhauh Sathe Mahamandal) MMRDA, MUTP	
3 & 4	Local Self Government Local self govt, URBAN – Muncipal Corporation of Greater Mumbai., (elected representative & bureaucracy set up, committees). 74 TH Constitutional amendment Nagar Parishad, Nagar Palika (Municipal Corporation) Rural- Panchayati Raj zilla parishad, panchayat samati, gram panchayat (elected representative & bureaucracy, committies) 73 RD Constitutional amendment, gram sabha, GO and NGO Interventions, Adarsh gaon (Ideal village).	10

	Legal Frame Work of an NGO: Role of voluntary organizations, public –private partnership. Registration of non government organization, Societies Registration Act -1860. The Indian Public Trust Act -1882, Foreign Company's Act - Section 25, Tax exemption for the organisations BUDGETS: concept & importance of hadrens and in the companisations	4
0	BUDGETS: concept & importance of budgets, planned & unplanned budget, Budgeting process. Corporate Social Responsibility	4

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Paper- 20: Health Systems and Services

Marks100 Hours 60

Objectives:

Enable students to

- Develop an understanding of health problems in India
- Develop capacity to perceive the role of clinical, environment and host factors in the causation, treatment and prevention of disease.
- Develop an understanding of the relationship between development and health status
- Appreciate the role of social workers in promoting qualitative health for the poor

Unit	Topics	Hours
I	Introduction of the Health Care System in India Concept of health, evolution of the concept of health, National Health Policy,	7
	Health Structure, Its evolution and present status.	
2	Public Health Care System in India	8
	Concept of primary health care and community health, PHC/CHC, Rural	
	hospitals, specialized hospitals and training hospitals.	
	Services: Types and critical appraisal of services in the Indian context	
3	Responsibility for Health, Levels of Health Care	7
	Primary/Secondary/Tertiary Indicators of Health	
4	Health and Development	8
	Privatization of health services, Health Tourism, Reproductive Health,	
	Occupational Health.	
5	Concept of Disease and Epidemiological Cycle, Prevention of Disease.	7
	The role of Agent, Host and Environment, Factors influencing individual, family	
	and community health, Iceberg concept of diseases, Health Education-Principles	
	and Methods.	
6	Communicable and Non-communicable Diseases	. 8
	Respiratory Tract Infections, Diphtheria / Whooping Cough, TB,	
	Insect borne diseases- Malaria, Intestinal Diseases, Poliomyelitis, Typhoid	
	Hepatitis, Sexually Transmitted Infection, HIV/AIDS	
7	National Health Programmes	8
	National Malaria Eradication Programme, National Leprosy Eradication	
	Programme, National TB Programme, Total Sanitation Campaign, STD Control	
	Programme, Universal Immunization Programme, National Family Welfare	
	Programme, National AIDS Control / National Rural Health Mission	
8	Interventions in the Field of Health and the role of the social worker.	7
	- Role and functions of medical social worker in different settings, namely:	
	Hospital, Institution and community.	

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Paper: 21 Environment Studies

Marks: 50 Hours: 30

Objectives:

Enable students to

- Develop sensitivity about the interconnectedness between environment and human
- Understand the connections between environmental issues and development.
- Understand international, national, local governments and the responses of civil society groups to environmental concerns

Unit	Content	Hours
1	Concepts of Environment and Fools	6
	Significant concepts and terminals = 1	Pro-Charles
	pes, causes and effects on human life	
2	Environmental Impact on Human Danala	6
	inter-connectedness of environment and beautiful in the connected to the c	
	of or flatural resources like land water and forests	
3	Environmental Degradation	4
	Development trends and their impact on environment with reference to	
	Industrialization, changes in land-like new trends in agriculture	
	waste Management in urban areas-importance and significant experiments	
4	impoverishment of Communities/Populations due to Environmental Issues	4
	Project Displacement and impact on people in urban and rural areas	
	Role of Government, NGOs and civil society with respect to project	
	displacement.	
5	International and National Legislations for Environmental Issues	6
	International protocols and national legislations related to the conservation	
	protection and restoration of the environment.	
6	Civil Society Interventions in Environmental Issues	4
	Sustainable Development – its concept, goals and objectives	
	Major international, national and local NGOs working in the field of	
	environmental issues – their role and contribution.	

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Paper 22 Development Communication

Marks: 100 Hours: 60

Objectives: Enable students to

- Understand the concept of Development Communication and its significance in

Develop conceptual clarity of different types of media and their influence on

Learn skills in the use of media for the purposes of development. Critical appreciation of values and ethical principles involved in media messages.

Unit		
Unit	Topics	Hou
1	Basic Communication theory	7 7
	Definition of communication Design Transfer Tran	/
	communication information. Historical development of Communication in society;	
	Contemporary dimension of communication.	
	Development communication: Magning of 1	
	Relevance of communication to development, Different communication theories and critique.	
2	Media and its influence on Development:	3
	Development paradigms and disparities: Functions and priorities of Madia in	
	dudiessing development issues; Professional ethics and values in media messages	
	Wedia as a water -dog.	
3	Group Media:	10
	Meaning and relevance of group media in development.	
	Introduction to different teaching aids:	
	Photo Language, Posters, Stories, Flash cards, Games, Short films	-
	Strengths and limitation of each of the aids, Selecting the appropriate media as per	
	the needs. Skills in using the aids Street Theatre	
	Meaning of street theatre, Relevance of street theatre in communicating messages,	
	Different aspects of street play, Designing a script for street play. Folk Media	
	Introduction to folk media – puppets, tamasha, nautanki etc. Strengths and Limitations of folk media, Relevance of Folk media to development.	
4		
'	Public speaking and presentation Functions of Public speaking, Preparation, Designing the content, Skills for public	7
	speaking, Power point presentations	

Mass and relevance of mass media, Introduction to different forms of mass Meaning Radio – Developmental programmes on Radio, Community radio, use of media, for development, T.V – impact of TV. media, Redevelopment, T.V - impact of TV on different groups, Role of TV in radio lor Cinema – History of Indian cinema, understanding cinema, cinema a development tool for education and development

Internet - Strengths and limitations of Internet, Internet for development

News papers and development Critical analysis of papers news paper News papers and development issues, Writing letter to editor, preparing a press release.

Social Marketing

Meaning of social marketing, Difference between marketing and social marketing, characteristics of social marketing. Ps in social marketing, Case studies of social marketing programmes. Media Advocacy and Social mobilization.

Globalization, Mass Media, Culture and Development:

Local cultural needs and development, National & International media organisations & policies (UNESCO) addressing imbalances in development, Globalisation of Media, Democratization of Communication, Changing face of Indian Media; Prasar Bharti Bill.

Right to Information

Meaning of RTI, Provisions in the RTI Act, When to use RTI, How to use RTI

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Mass and relevance of mass media, Introduction to different forms of mass Meaning Radio – Developmental programmes on Radio, Community radio, use of media, for development, T.V – impact of TV. media, Redevelopment, T.V - impact of TV on different groups, Role of TV in radio lor Cinema – History of Indian cinema, understanding cinema, cinema a development tool for education and development

Internet - Strengths and limitations of Internet, Internet for development

News papers and development Critical analysis of papers news paper News papers and development issues, Writing letter to editor, preparing a press release.

Social Marketing

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- 9. Mass Media 2001" (Chapters Part I & II Research, Reference and Training Division, Min. of Information & Broadcasting, Publication Division, Govt. of India.

Paper - 23 : English IV MARKS : 50

HOURS: 30

Objectives: Enable students to:

Consolidate and perfect the skills acquired in areas such as vocabulary, class presentation, comprehension, selective record writing and synopsis of articles relevant to social issues.

Unit	Subject Matter	11	
Unit	Revision of guided conversation and	Hours	References
1	Comprehension	05	Access Book II, III, IV
	Revision of correct language usage		
II	Letter Writing – formal and informal	05	TOEFL
III		05	Communication Skills in English
	letters		by K.J Kumar
IV	Details textual studies	15	
	1. The Earth – E Bates		Ten Short Stories
	2. A case of Identity- Arthur Conan		by Jatin Mohanty
	Doyle	ALCOHOLD TO	by Jatin Wonanty
	3. The Rocking- Horse Winner –	I - 1	
	D.H. Lawrence		
	4. The Bet _ Anton Chekov		
	The History D. B.	2 7 2 1	
	5. The Highway- Ray Bradbury		
	6. A Canary for one – E. Hemingway	1 1 1 1 1	
	7. Lawley Road- R. K Narayan	With Spring.	2 95 7

Paper 24, Field work: 15 hrs/week x 12 weeks Total 180 hrs Marks 200

B.S.W.

Semester: V

Paper- 25: Research

Marks: 50 Hours: 30

Objectives: Enable students to:

- Recognize and utilize research as a process in social work practice.
- Understand quantitative research methodology and basic univariate statistics
- Conduct a simple and need based survey relevant to field practice

Unit	Topic	Hours
1	Meaning and Relevance of Research Meaning of Social Work Research, Research & Scientific method, The Uses of Research in Social Work Practice, Ethical issues in Research	5
2	Planning for a Research Study Problem Identification: Literature review, Delimitation of Scope, Specifying Objectives, Hypothesis, Stating the Rationale. Problem formulation: Concepts and Operational Definition, Variables and Indicators, Measurement of variables	5
3	Research Design Meaning, Contents, Functions. Types and Features: Survey Design, Exploratory design, Descriptive design, Explanatory design.	5
4	Sampling Meaning& Relevance of sampling. Types of Sampling: Random Sampling Techniques, Non random Sampling Techniques.	5
5	Tools of Data Collection Different Methods and Tools of Data Collection. Rationale for Choosing a particular tool for Data collection. Preparation and administering of the tools in Survey Research.	5
6	Data Processing and Analysis Data processing: Meaning, Functions. Editing. Categorizing. Coding& Code Book. Tabulation. Data Analysis. Data Interpretation Use of Simple statistics: Percentages, Measures of Central tendency, Report Writing.	5

 $^{
m Note}$: Theory is reinforced through simple research exercises, so that the student $^{
m develops}$ the confidence to collaborate as part of a research team.

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Paper - 26: Individuals and Families

Marks 50 Hours 30

Objectives: Enable students to

- Understand the theoretical perspectives for effective interventions with individuals and families
- provide an exposure to the Generalist practice skills while working with individuals so as to develop a sound practice base in students.
- Understand the different types of problems, their interrelatedness, dynamics, their impact on individuals, families and groups

UNIT	Topics	HRS
1	Historical development of direct practice with individuals and families, underlying philosophy of direct practice, practice principles of working with individuals and families.	5
2	Historical background of family social work, underlying principles guiding family social work, Family concept[inclusive definitions on the family], human rights and the family,[individual rights to have a family, the individual rights within the family and families rights with reference to the environment] family as a system, developmental stages and the variations affecting the family life cycle.	5
3	Problem solving processes while working with individuals. Components: person, problem, place and process. Overview of the helping process: Phase I - exploration, engagement, assessment and planning. Phase II - implementation and goal attainment. Phase III- termination, planning maintenance strategies and evaluation.	5
4	Assessment techniques while working with individuals and families - Family dynamics, Family meetings, Graphing family composition, Genogram, Charting the family's relationship with the ecosystem-ecomap/family communication map, interviewing family units. Home- visits, importance of professional relationships –transference and counter transference reactions in	5
5	Recordings- importance of recordings while working with individuals and	5.
6	Problem solving techniques while working with individuals and families. Supportive Technique: Acceptance, Sympathy/Empathy, Assurance. Facilitation of expression of feelings, Allaying feelings that are overpowering. Building of self confidence, Encouragement, Being with the client, Emotional support, Action oriented support. Resource mobilization and Environmental modification: Providing or procuring material help, Change of physical environment. Enhancing information and knowledge. Counseling Techniques: Reflective discussion, Motivation, Clarification Correcting perception of the viewer, Modeling Role playing, Partialisation, Removing guilt Feelings, Universalisation, Setting limits, Confrontation, Renewing family links, Improving communication patterns, Changing attitudes.	5

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Paper - 27 Groups

Marks: 50 Hours: 30

Objectives:

Enable students to:

Understand the relevance of social group work as a method of Social Work Develop an understanding of various types of groups, their processes and dynamics, stages of development and models of interventions Appreciate and utilize different types of recording in group work to enhance self learning Develop skills in work with for therapeutic and non therapeutic purpose.

TT.	- TOPICS	HRS
NIT 1	Historical development of social group work as a method in social work. The focus of group work practice. Values in group work practice. Principles of working with groups.	5
2	Classification of groups: formed and natural groups. Typology of groups: treatment and task groups. Treatment Groups: educational growth, remedial, socialization., Task Groups: committees, administrative groups, delegate teams, treatment groups, social action groups.	5
	Therapeutic Groups Understanding group dynamics: communication and interaction patterns, group	5
3	attraction, social control and group culture. Group functions and roles: Task behaviors; Maintenance behaviors; Task and	5
4	Group functions and roles: Task behaviors, Mantenance maintenance roles, Self-interest behaviors. Group work recordings types of recordings and importance of recordings in	5
5	social work	5
6	Group work interventions in specific settings: application of group work techniques in the context of working with specific groups, special groups and specific settings. Role of a group worker.	

- 1. Harleigh b. Trecker, 1960 Social group work principles and practices., New York the 2. Robert f. Rivas, Ronald w. Toseland, 1995 introduction to group work practice,
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Paper - 28, Communities Marks 100 Hours 60

Objectives: unable students to

pevelop understanding of communities as unit of intervention

Development analytical understanding of community dynamics and conflicts

pevelop critical appreciation of different approaches to community organization and

strategies involved pevelop sensitivity towards multifaceted composition of society and the issues of varied

	Topics	Hours
Unit	ity Ouropiantian History	4
1	Community Organisation-History History of Community Organisation in the West – post- Indudstrialisation phase to contemporary times: Community	, / -,
	Development; Social Action to Rights-Based Perspective History of Community Organisation in India – post-	, ji tehi
	Independence period to present day situation: Community Development programmes to people's organizations to new social movements and citizen-groups.	et _ d .
	Community Organisation – Concept and Definitions	4
2	Concepts of community, community development and	1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -
	community organization.	Alik A
	Principles and values of Community Organisation	10
3	Process of Community Problem-solving Initial phase and fact-finding techniques.	11.00
	Importance of PRA and some of its main techniques Social context of problem and its linkages to economic and	14 AND 11
	political systems.	10
4	Understanding Community Dynamics Sources of power and power structure in the community – urban and rural. Concepts of power.	
-	Leadership styles, community leadership and community community leaders. Caste, class, gender in Community	11271
5	Organisation Understanding Community Conflict Types of conflict in communities and strategies for conflict-	8
٠	resolution. Strategies for Consensus, Conform and confrontation. Factors to be considered while selecting strategies; SWOT Analysis.	0
6	Overview of models and approaches in outside	8
	Organisation Locality Development, Social Planning, Social Action – significant features and role of the organizer in each.	

7	Strategic Planning	8
	Organizational techniques in Community work.	6
	THICK COMMON SUBJECTION IN THE PROPERTY OF THE	,
	people's Organisations and empowering them; concretization.	
	out und uniting of committees and CDOs in	
	Sustaining Advocacy campaigns, networks, coalition and e-	
	groups for farthering issues.	
8	Current issues in Community Organisation with respect to	8
	urban and fural development and government and NGO	
-	interventions.	
	Housing and urban planning	
	Rural development and poverty alleviation	
	Tribal Development and livelihood issues	

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PAPER -29 Haman Behaviour

MARKS: 100 HOURS: 60

Objectives:

Enable students to

Develop a basic understanding of the various aspects and characteristics of human behaviour and its implications on individuals, groups and the society at large

Develop an understanding of normal and abnormal behaviour and promote positive and healthy living in people

Develop knowledge and sensitivity towards mental health problems in adults and children Understand the role of a social worker as part of an inter-disciplinary team in the area of mental health

UNIT	TOPIC	HOURS
1	Relevance of the study of Human Behaviour to Social Work Practice	4
2	Understanding the concept of Human Behaviour Study of Basic Concepts in Social Psychology	9
3	Percepcion, Emotion, Motivation & Learning Attitude, Prejudice, Stereotyping, Mass Behaviour and Aggression	8
4.	Theories, Characteristics and Implications Conflict and Stress Management Concept of Conflict and Stress, Types of Conflict and Coping with Stress	5
5	Mental Health-I Concepts of Normality and Abnormality Behaviuoral and Mental Illness of children and Adults Causes. Classification, and Treatment Approaches. An Overview	9
6	Mental Health-II Psychological Assessment- Concept, Need for Testing, Types of Tests and the use of various tests. Policies and Legal situation related to Mental Health in	9
7	India Community and School Mental Health Community Mental Health- Preventive, Promotive and Remedial Approaches Preventive, Promotive and Remedial Health Programme Various Approach in the Field of Mental Health and the Role of the	8
8.	Various Approaches in School Mental Health Programme Various Approach in the Field of Mental Health and the Role of the Multidisciplinary Approach in the Field of Mental Health and the Role of the Social Worker Subfields of Psychology and the role of Interdisciplinary Team in Mental Health	0

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Paper - 30, Gender Issues

Marks: 50 Hours: 30

Objectives: Enable students to

- Develop respect and recognition for women as equal contributors to development
- Acquire knowledge about different kinds of oppression on women and acquire skills in dealing with gender issues
- Develop an appreciation of governmental and nongovernmental initiatives towards women's empowerment and utilize relevant schemes in their practice.

UNIT	TOPIC	HOURS
I	Scope and Significance of Gender Sensitivity in the professional practice of Social Work.	5
	Evolution of Gender Studies. Relevance of Gender Studies in Social Work.	
2	the distance profile and misconceptions.	4
3	Status of Women in India: Historical perspectives of women in India: Historical perspective in India: Historica	4
4	Patriarchal Factors influencing the status of women: Religion, Economic, Health, Media, Caste and class, Politics. Religion, Economic, Health, Position, and types of Gender related violence	5
5	Gender related Violence: Concept, Definition, and types of Gender Mon- Interventions: legal measures, social welfare services of Government and Non- Government Legal measures, Social welfare services of Government and Non-	6
6	Governmental organizations. National and international initiatives for the empowerment of women in India. National and international initiatives for the empowerment of women in India. National and international initiatives for the empowerment of women in India. National and international and State Constitutional rights for women. Government Departments at the national and State Constitutional rights for women, 1974, National Perspective Plan ,1988, Shramshakti level. Towards Equality Report, 1975. National Plan Of Action For Report, 1998. National Commission For Women, 1992. National Plan Of Action For Report, 1998. National Commission For Women, 1992. National Policy For Empowerment of The Girl Child.(1991-2001). Five Year Plans. National Policy For Empowerment of The Girl Child.(1991-2001). Five Year Plans. National Policy For Empowerment of The Girl Child.(1991-2001). Five Year Plans. National Policy For Empowerment of The Girl Child.(1991-2001). Five Year Plans. National Policy For Empowerment of The Girl Child.(1991-2001). Five Year Plans. National Policy For Empowerment of The Girl Child.(1991-2001). Five Year Plans. National Policy For Empowerment of The Girl Child.(1991-2001). Five Year Plans. National Policy For Empowerment of The Girl Child.(1991-2001). Five Year Plans of The Girl Child.(1991-2001). Five Year Plans of The Girl Child.(1991-2001). Five Year Plans of The Girl Child.(1991-2001). Five Year Plans of The Girl Child.(1991-2001). Five Year Plans of The Girl Child.(1991-2001). Five Year Plans of The Girl Child.(1991-2001). Five Year Plans of The Girl Child.(1991-2001). Five Year Plans of The Girl Child.(1991-2001). Five Year Plans of The Girl Child.(1991-2001). Five Year Plans of The Girl Child.(1991-2001). Five Year Plans of The Girl Child.(1991-2001). Five Year Plans of The Girl Child.(1991-2001). Five Year Plans of The Girl Child.(1991-2001). Five Year Plans of The Girl Child.(1991-2001). Five Year Plans of The Girl Child.(1991-2001). Five Year Plans of The Girl Child.(1991-2001). Five Y	6

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Paper 31, Disability

Marks: 50 Hours: 30

Objectives:

Enable students to:

Develop an understanding of the various types of disabilities and their causal factors; and its familial and societal impact.

Understand the changing perspectives when working with persons with disability. - Develop understanding of the specific problems faced by disabled women and girls

Review International conventions on disability and examine legislations, national planning efforts and policies of the government and Voluntary organizations in the context of human rights of persons with disability in India.

Understand the roles of different professionals in the multi-disciplinary rehabilitation team with an emphasis on the role of the social worker as a vital

Unit		
1	Definition of Disability Diffe	Hrs
	Definition of Disability. Different categories of disability. Causes, assessment,	5
2	Impact of disability on different areas of the individual's growth and development; Persons with disability-their familial and societal contexts; Disabling and enabling environments and their impact on the quality of life of persons with disability; problems and issues faced by them related to activities of daily living, education, sexuality, integration, employment and interpersonal relationships	7
3	Gender dimensions of Disability, Issues faced by women and girls with disability such as survival, mental health and self-esteem, bio-ethics and reproductive health, issues related to violence and abuse, specifically child abuse.	5
4	International and national perspectives and approaches to rehabilitation. International initiatives and UN instruments, the convention on the rights of persons with disability	4
5	Analysis of provisions in the Constitution of India and related legislations- The persons with Disability Act, the Rehabilitation Council of India Act, the National Trust Act, inclusion of PWDs in other legislations. Action taken by the government and their inclusion in development and rehabilitation, using the rights based perspective.	5
6	Role of different professionals in the multi-disciplinary rehabilitation team. The role of the social worker as a vital member of the interdisciplinary team.	3

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Field Work Begins: 15hrs/week x 12 weeks.

Total 180 hrs

B.S.W.

Semester: VI

Paper – 32 Integrated Practice in Social Work

Marks 100 Hours 60

Objectives:

Enable students to:

Understand the changing approaches and trends in social work practice.

Develop an understanding of critical practice and its application in social work practice.

Appreciate ones role as change agent

Unit	Topic	Hours
1	Paradigm shift from remedial to developmental, method centered to problem focused. Local to Global International Social Work. Human Right Perspective. Merits and Demerits of Integrated Practice	5
2	Theory base of Integrated Practice Approach: Systems Theory, Macro practice, Ecological model, PIE model, Critical practice, Remedial Practice – the value base and relevance to Indian context.	9
3	r tooletti sorving strategies: Issue based work in different anti-	3
4	Social work intervention models, case studies	5
5	Challenges in Social work education and Practice: Professional Associations- Regional, National and International levels. Role of social worker. Interdisciplinary and multi disciplinary approach	5
6	Ethical Dilemmas in Social Work Practice.	3
	<u></u>	3

Seminars 30 hrs

Note: There will be preparation and presentation of papers at a seminar by each student carrying 40 per cent marks as the internal assessment, on topics from subjects of Education, Health, Unorganized Labour, Disability and Ecology. There will be no Mid Semester Test in this paper.

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Paper- 33 Informal Sector Marks: 100

Hours 60

Objectives: Enable students to:

Define and understand the characteristics of informal sector work force.

Understand the people and problems of the informal sector work force in urban and rural areas.

Critically review legislations and social security measures related to the informal

Understand efforts made by NGOs and Trade Unions to address the issues of informal sector.

Develop appreciation for the contributions of informal sector work force to the

development of the country

Units	Topics	Hours
1.	Defining Informal sector: Magnitude, Concepts, Historical evolution, Globalization and the informal sector	7
2.	Characteristics of informal sector: Socio economic profile of the workers, Employment pattern, Wage pattern. Skill formation. Gender perspective,	6
3.	Migrant informal workers: Factors causing migration. Types of migration, Profile of the migrant workers. Rights of the migrant labor force.	5
4.	Profile and the problems of the informal work force in the Urban areas: Self employed, Informal workers in Small scale Industry, Informal workers in Home based industry. Informal workers in Construction industry, Informal workers solid waste management industry.	10
5	Profile and the problems of the informal work force in the rural /coastal/forest areas: Self employed Informal workers in the agriculture/pastoral communities. Informal workers in the mining and allied industry- mines, quarries, sand dredging, Informal workers in fishing industry and Salt pans	10
6	Legislations and social security measures for the Informal workers: National labour commission reports. Legislations for the informal workers.	7
7	Government response to Informal labor force: Role of the Financial institutes in the informal sector-banks, credit Societies, Social security measures government corporations. Ministry of small scale industry.	7
8	Organizing the informal work force: NGOs, Trade Union, Cooperative movements, Micro-credits, Social entrepreneurship.	8

Exposure visits will be arranged to Government/ Semi- government organizations, NGOs, Trade Unions and Cooperatives working with informal work force as part of the course.

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Decent work and the informal economy', Report VI, 2002 International Labour

Sarath Davala, 1994, Unprotected Labor In India 2.

Dutt .R& Sundharam -Indian Economy (2006 edition) .S.Chand &Co, New Delhi. 3.

Desai, Vasant – Small scale industries and Entrepunership (2001). Himalaya 4.

Abdul Aziz (1984), 'Urban poor and urban informal sector' Ashish publishing 5.

Martha Chen, Renana Jhabyala, Frances Lund 2002, 'Working paper on the informal economy -supporting workers in the informal economy, a policy framework, employment sector ,International Labor Organisation.

Report of the national commission on labor (2002-1991-1967), Economic Indian 7.

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Renana Jhabvala, RKA Subramanya 'The Unorganized Sector work security and 8. social protection.

Agarwal..A.N (2001) .- Indian economy: problems of development and planning, 9. Vishwas Prakashan, Mumbai

Paper - 34 The Elderly

MARKS: 50 HOURS: 30

Enable students to:

Understand the demographic profile of the elderly in India

Develop knowledge about and sensitivity towards the various characteristics, changes and special needs of individuals during the developmental stage of late adulthood

Cultivate ability to challenge personal stereotypes of aging while gaining an understanding of the changes during this period.

Identify and utilize various services and programmes that would promote the quality of life for the Elderly

UNIT	TOPIC	HOURS
1	Demographic Profile of the Elderly and its implications:	5
	Concept of Ageing, Demographic Profile of the Elderly and its	
	implications,	
	Globalization and Ageing, Human Rights Perspective in Understanding	
	Older Adults, Myths and Assumptions about Ageing	
2	Theoretical Approaches/ Perspectives on working with the Elderly:	5
	Theoretical Approaches for working with Older People, Disengagement	
	Theory, Activity Theory, and Continuity Theory.	
	Develo dynamic Ecological Lifespan.	
3	The characteristics, changes and special needs of individuals during the	5
3	I am antal stage of Late Adulthood	
	The absence (Physical Mental and Emotional) and special needs of	
	Latte Factors affecting Health Ageing, importance of	
	tradition Againg Concept and Components of Quarty of	
	i : for Ageing and methods of coping with biological and mental	
	1 . // amount in during Late Adulthood.	
	1: Garage effecting the agen Gengel unitellisions of agong.	- 5
4	By at unbox perspectives, migration, disability, 50010-Economic and	
	- Health implications	
		5
5		
	initiatives, policies, schemes and legal provisions for Older Adults. National Policy on Ageing Policies and Programmes for Older Adults. National Policy on Ageing Policies and Programmes and legal provisions for Older Adults.	
	Policies and Programmes for Older Adults. National Folicy on Agency in India. Constitutional provisions and legal provisions for Older Adults in India. Constitutional provisions and NGOs in the development of	
	1 Data Al Hilly Chillian and 1.000 m	
	in India. Role of Government of the Floring and Schemes for the Elderly: Residential and Non-	
	adequate services for the rural elderly. adequate services and Schemes for the Elderly: Residential and Non- Types of Services and Schemes for the Elderly: Residential and Non-	5
6	Types of Services and Schemes for the Elderly: Residential and Non- Residential(Day Care Services, self Help-Groups and Home-based Residential(Day Care Services, self Help-Groups and Home-based	
	Residential(Day Care Services, self Help-Groups and Home-based Care)Welfare Schemes-Financial and Social Security, Housing, Access Care)Welfare for the late adulthood stage.	
	Care) Welfare Schemes-Financial and Security Services. Preparing for the late adulthood stage.	
	Services. Preparing to the	

Bibliography:

An Aging India: Perspectives, Prospects and Policies, Phoebe S. Leibig, S. Irudaya Rajan, Rawat Publications2005,

Social Situation of the Aged in India, A.S. Kohli, Anmol Publications Pvt Ltd, 2.

New Delhi, 1996

Older Persons in India: Dr Arvind K.Joshi, Serials Publications, 2006, p33 3.

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- Changing Indian Society and Status of Ages, Husain, M.G., 1997, New Delhi: Manak Publications
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- 12. The Greying of India, Chakraborti, R.D., 2004, New Delhi, Inter-India, C
- 13. India's Elderly 'Burden or Challenge? Rajan I Mishra, U.S.and Sarma S.P., 199, New Delhi, Sage Publications

Paper - 35: Para Legal Education

Marks: 50 Hours: 30

Objectives : Enable students to

- Develop basic understanding about Indian Legal System- procedures and essential laws in practice.
- Understand the operational aspects of the Police System and Court Procedures.
- Acquire basic understanding about the Legal Aid Services.

Acquire skills to make appropriate use of Leval Proced

1.11	Acquire skills to make appropriate use of Legal Procedures.	Hours
Unit	Content	5
1.	Introduction to Indian Legal System and its Structure: Indian Constitution, Major Acts-India Penal Code /Criminal Procedure Code, Evidence Act, Civil Procedure Code.	
	Structure of Police. Overview of Hierarchy of Courts and Prison Administration.	5
2.	Indian Constitution Preamble, Fundamental rights and Directive Principles of State policy Amendments to Fundamental Rights and Directive Principles of State Policy	
3.	Indian Judicial System Structure, Criminal Courts and Civil Courts, Nature and Types of Civil /Criminal Cases, Procedure of civil suit notice, affidavit, plaint. Criminal Courts: Magistrate and Sessions, City Civil courts, Family Courts,	5
4.	Consumer Courts, High Court, Supreme Court. Concepts and procedures in Law enforcement: NC,FIR, Arrest, Summons, Warrant, Bail, Charge Sheet, Police Custody and Judicial Custody, Rights of Arrested Person, Rights of Women and Children in Jail.	5
-	Writ petitions: Habeas corpus, mandamus, prohibition warrants, certiorari	5
5.	Concept of Legal aid, Need for legal aid: Legal aid schemes and Problems, Lok adalat and its functioning, Legal aid to marginalized, National Legal Services Authority, Public Interest Litigation, role of Special Executive Officers and role of NGOs in legal aid.	5

Bibliography

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- Rajhwant Mohan, Law Publishers -1977. Code of Civil Procedure-1908-Lal Mohan, Delhi Publishing House
- Mathew P.D., Legal Education Series, Indian Social Institute, New Delhi, 1998

Paper- 36: Human Rights

Marks: 100 Hours: 60

Objectives: Enable students to:

Understand the concept of Human Rights and their evolution.

Develop understanding about various forms of violation of Human Rights and the marginalized groups affected by the same.

Make familiarity with the prevailing National and International conventions and

procedures for protection of Human Right

Unit	Topics	Hours
No. 1	Concept, Definition, Origin and Evolution of the Notion of Rights. Concept of Natural Rights, the American Declaration of Independence and the Bill of Rights. The French Declaration of Human Rights of Man.	7
2	The Universal Declaration of Human Rights of Man. Scope of Human Rights, Distinction between – Customary, Legal, Moral Rights, Individual and Collective Rights, Civil, Political, Socio-Economic and Cultural Rights.	7
3	Human Rights and Violation Affecting specific Groups in Society. Rights of Women, Children, Aged Mentally, Physically Disabled and Rights of PLHA.	7
4	Rights of Refugees, Political Asylum Seekers. Rights of Victims of Genocide and Terrorism	7
5	Human Rights and Marginal Groups: Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes, Nomedic and Denotified Tribes Minorities(Regional, Religious, Linguistic) Forms of violation- Casteism, Untouchablity, Social Exclusion, Segregation and Sub castes, Ostracism, Denial of Basic Facilities, Unequal Distribution of Natural Resources, Land Alienation, Displacement, Bonded Labour, Indebtedness, Identity Crisis, Myths and Misconceptions, Issue of Creamy Layer, Reservation Debate. Redressal Mechanism—Atrocity Act, Bonded Labour Act, Minority Act.	8
6	Human Rights and International Declarations: Slavery Convention 1926, Convention of the Political Rights of Women (1952) United Nations Declaration on the Elimination of All Forms of Racial Discrimination (1963). International Convention on the Elimination of all Forms of Racial Discrimination (1966). Convention on the Elimination of all Forms of Discrimination against Women (1979). United Nations Convention on the Rights of Child (1989). The international Bill on Human Rights, Universal Declaration of Human Rights International Covenant on Economic Social and Cultural Rights, Optional Protocol to the International covenant on civil and political Rights, Instrument of Accession by India to the Human Rights of Covenants.	8

State Human Rights Commission for Schedule Caste	for schedule Tribas	8
The Role of Regional, National Organizations in Furthering Huseial Work Profession and Me	and International Non Covernmental	8

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- Livezey, Lowell W.(1986) Non Governmental Organisationas and the Ideas of Human Rights., Princeton, University, New Jersy
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Paper- 37: Peace Education

Marks: 50 Hours: 30

Objectives:

Enable students to Become familiar with the concepts of Peace and Conflict and the source of conflict in the Indian socio-economic and political context

Understand the meaning and features of Nationalism, Communalism,

Fundamentalism, Fascism and Terrorism.

Understand the factors contributing to the origin of prejudices and stereotypes.

Study the role played by International, government, non-governmental organizations and civil society groups towards peace building.

Help students devel p attitudes and strategies to respond appropriately to conflicts situations.

	Tonias	Hours
Units 1	Meaning of Peace. Difference between positive and negative peace. Goals of Peace Education. Concept of secularism according to the Indian Constitution. Definition of Conflict. Sources of Conflict. Role of Conflict in human lives. Constructive and destructive impact of conflicts.	5
	Meaning of Communalism. Causes of communalism in India. Communalism and Nationalism. Communal Conflicts and Violence. Role played by the State and Police machinery. Role played by the media.	5
3	Communalism and its impact on the Minorities, Gender and Cases Meaning of Prejudice. Origins of Prejudice. Stereotypes and the reasons for having stereotypes. Dispelling of the commonly held myths about	5
4	Role of the UN and its agencies in Peace building, role played by the Truth and Justice Commission of South Africa and the role played by world leaders like Mahatma Gandhi, Martin Luther King and Nelson	5
5	Mandela in peace building. Common human values preached by different religions and the role played by the Bhakti and Sufi movements. Meaning of Syncretism and its	,5
6	Role played by Civil Society groups and educational institutions towards	5
	peace building. Different approaches to responding to conflicts. Forcing, Compromising, Avoiding, Accommodating, Conflict Resolution and Mediation.	

Bibliography:

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- 12. Kumar Krishna, "Learning from conflict", Orient Longman, Mumbai, 1996
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- Namishray Mohan Das, "Caste and Race Comparitive Study of BR Ambedkar and Martin Luther King", Rawat Publications, Jaipur 2003.
- 15. Nelson, Todd, D. "The Psychology of Prejudice", Allyn & Bacon, Boston, 2002
- Puniyani Ram (Ed), "Religion, Power and Violence Expression of Politics in Contemporary Times", Sage Publications, New Delhi, 2005
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- 18. Zakaria Rafiq, "The Widening Divide, An Insight into Hindu-Muslim Relations", Penguin Books, New Delhi, 1991

************ FIELD WORK EVALUATION CRITERIA

BSW: I Semester II Paper 12 Field Work Marks 100 Hours 360

Analytical Ability

Paper 38

Marks 30

With the help of the instructor, the student acquires knowledge and understanding of the With the holp objectives, administrative structure, its client system, and services agency, its goals, objectives, administrative structure, its client system, and services agency, his golds, and services and needs of offered. The student is able to understand the linkages between the services and needs of the client system.

- The tasks taken up by the student and his/her recordings reflect the ability of the INDICATORS student to understand the relevance and applicability of the different tools of fact finding such as surveys, home visits, interviews, PLA techniques and small group
 - The weekly recordings and the individual report submitted after the initial 3 weeks of field work reflect the knowledge gained and theory learned in the classroom. Marks 30

With the help of the instructor, the student is able to understand the process of programme planning, implementation and evaluation and is able to address simple problems of individuals and groups.

- Utilizes various tools of fact-finding like home-visits, interviews, simple surveys, INDICATORS PLA techniques, meetings, and observation
 - Partializes the problem and uses appropriate techniques of problem solving.
 - Works on referral services, conducts recreational and or educational groups and participates in different aspects of community work such as attending meetings, organizing and mobilizing community participation in programmes.
 - Identifies and helps in the mobilization of material and human resources.
 - Establishes working relationships with the client system, staff and team members.
 - g) Participates in the planning, organizing, co-coordinating, implementing and evaluating of agency programs, and in carrying out simple administrative tasks.

The student shows responsibility in relation to one's role in the agency, and is aware of self as an individual and as a professional

INDICATORS

Exhibits regularity, punctuality and commitment to tasks undertaken;

Functions as a team member and executes the given tasks;

Is aware of ways in which biases and cultural backgrounds affect relationships;

Is aware of self, feelings and body language when relating to others;

Acknowledges the need for working co-operatively with colleagues and staff; a) Appreciates and acknowledges the expertise of other team members.

participation in Orientation / Exposure Visits and Educational Camp Marks 05 OUTCOME GOAL

The student is able to appreciate the importance of Orientation / visits and Camps organized by the college and actively participates in them. The student is able to appreciate organizations in the field of social work and is able to understand the importance of the dignity of labour and the importance of community living.

INDICATORS

- Attends and actively participates in the orientation visits/exposure visits and camps
- Involves in the planning and execution of tasks in the organization of the camp.
- Critically evaluates the programmes, and makes constructive suggestions.
- Sensitive to local culture.
- Adheres to camp discipline and is sensitive to other group members.
- Writes reports and makes presentation.

Use of Field Instruction

Marks 10

OUTCOME GOAL

Understands and recognizes the role of the faculty advisor, field instructor, and field contact, and takes responsibility for learning.

INDICATORS

- Attends conferences regularly
- Seeks guidance of instructor and understands need for conferences.
- Follows up on tasks discussed with the faculty advisor/field instructor
- Submits recordings regularly

BSW – II Semester IV Paper 24 Field Work Marks 200 Hours 360

Analytical Ability OUTCOME GOAL

Marks 60

The student acquires knowledge and understands the agency, its philosophy, goals, administrative structure and services. The student also develops an in-depth understanding of the problem situation and the client system and is able to see its reflection in theory.

INDICATORS

 Independently collects relevant information about agency/clients by reading files and documents as well as through the use of appropriate fact finding techniques.

 Assesses the magnitude of the problem situation and makes a profile of the community/group/agency.

 Recordings reflect understanding of the link between client needs and agency services; and the role of other agencies working on similar issues.

The work undertaken by the student and his/her recordings reflect understanding of the relevant welfare services/schemes and systems such as ICDS, PDS, education, health and sanitation.

Skills:

Marks 60

OUTCOME GOAL

The student acquires skills relevant to the problem solving process and develops administrative and communication skills that aid in the process..

INDICATORS

- Identifies and partializes the problem into smaller units for work.
- Understands and identifies simple intervention strategies in relation to the problem situation.
- Independently responds to simple problems of individuals, families, groups communities, and agencies.
- Uses different techniques and problem-solving methods.
- Performs administrative tasks like keeping diaries, writing case sheets, minutes of the meetings, reports of the events, filing, program budgeting and simple accounting.
- Writes monthly agency reports which are process oriented, analytical and reflective.
- Plans and implements educational programs and sessions for women, children, youth and specific target groups.
- Prepares effective IEC material for awareness campaigns.
- Compiles relevant reference material about an issue as an aid to documentation.
- Works in coordination with the staff of the agency and students placed in the same organization.

Professional Development:

OUTCOME GOAL

Marks 50

OUTCOME Control of Self as an individual and as a profession to one's role in the agency and The student self as an individual and as a professional.

INDICATORS

Is able to introspect on ones own actions and is aware of one's self, feelings and body language when interacting with others in the field.

Is aware of ways in which biases and cultural backgrounds, affect relationships and is aware of the differences that arise because of caste, class, culture and

Shows interest in agency work and practices co-operation in group activities;

Shows consistency in taking up and completing tasks;

Volunteers for special tasks;

- Shows awareness of one's own strengths and limitations in evaluating the performance.

Participation in Orientation / Exposure visit and Educational Camp

Marks 10

OUTCOME GOAL

The student is able to appreciate the importance of Orientation / exposure visits and Camps organized by the coilege and actively participates in them. The student is able to appreciate and learn from the work of other organizations in the field of social work and is able to understand the importance of community living.

INDICATORS

- Attends and actively participates in the orientation visits/exposure visits and camps
- Involves in the planning and execution of tasks in the organization of the camp.
- Critically evaluates the programmes, and makes constructive suggestions.

Sensitive to local culture.

- Adheres to camp discipline and is sensitive to other group members.
- Writes reports and makes presentation.

Marks 20

Use of Field Instruction:

The student understands and recognizes the role of the faculty advisor, field instructor, and field contact, and takes responsibility for learning.

INDICATORS

Attends conferences regularly.

- Shows willingness to learn- reads relevant articles/books referred by the instructor. - Comes prepared for conferences and initiates discussions on issues / concerns

Follows up on tasks discussed with the faculty advisor/field instructor



BSW - III Semester VI Paper 38 Field Work Marks 200 Hours 360

Analytical Ability:

Marks 60

OUTCOME GOALS

OUTCOME Control of the agency's philosophy, goals, structure and services and analyses them in relation to the needs and problems of the client system. shows ability to make a systemic analysis of the problem situation and understands the implications for practice.

INDICATORS

- The student independently undertakes fact-finding tasks and by the end of the year submits an evaluative report on the problems/situations/programmes, which reflect his/her understanding of the integrated approach to problem solving.
- Plans, strategizes and implements tasks independently and suggests and identifies new areas of work.
- Identifies areas for research and conducts simple studies to understand problem situation/issue..
- Evaluates agency policies and goals in relation to client needs and proposes means to enhance agency functioning.
- Reviews and analyses government policies and legislations related to the problem
- Identifies documentation needs in the agency and compiles relevant data.
- Writes varied reports, articles, features and press releases.
- Reads and reviews books, journals and other relevant articles for perspective building and theoretical understanding.

Problem Solving Skills

Marks 60

OUTCOME GOALS

Effectively utilizes social work techniques in the process of problem solving and works effectively with the various practice systems at the micro and macro levels.

INDICATORS

(iro....

- Utilizes an integrated approach to problem solving which reflects an understanding of the four practice systems.
- Strategizes and uses innovative/creative techniques in problem solving and evaluates the results of the intervention.
- Works with different government and non-organisations to advocates for client needs and achieve agency goals.

Represents the agency at meetings and campaigns.

- Works with different cadres of staff in the agency, and understands their roles and
- Conducts staff development programmes for para-professional staff of the agency.
- Conducts small studies on issues related to agency's goals and writes reports on the
- Develops and uses appropriate programme media.

- Effectively uses community resources, welfare services and media to achieve objectives of the agency.
- Performs administrative tasks such as attending staff meetings, writing minutes, summarizing the proceedings of the meetings, maintain records / accounts etc.

Professional Development

Marks 50

OUTCOME GOAL

The student shows responsibility and maturity in relation to ones role in the agency and awareness of self as an individual and as a professional and shows commitment to social work values and the social work profession.

INDICATORS

- Is able to introspect on o ies own behaviour and is aware of one's self, feelings and body language when interacting with others in the field.
- Is aware of ways in which biases and cultural backgrounds, affect relationships, and is aware of the differences that arise because of caste, class, culture and religion.
- Shows interest in agency work and initiates activities/actions that build co-operation and team spirit.
- Shows consistency in taking up and completing tasks;
- Volunteers for special tasks and shows leadership in the team.
- Shows awareness of one's own strengths and limitations and is open to suggestions and learning from others.

Participation in Orientation / Exposure visits and Educational Camp Marks 10 OUTCOME GOAL

The student is able to appreciate the importance of Orientation / Exposure visits and Camps organized by the college and actively participates in them. The student is able to appreciate and learn from the work of other organizations in the field of social work and is able to understand the importance of community living.

INDICATORS

- Attends and actively participates in the orientation visits/exposure visits and camps (before, during and after) Involves in the planning and execution of tasks in the organization of the camp.
- Involves in the constructive suggestions.
 Critically evaluates the programmes, and makes constructive suggestions.
- Sensitive to local culture. Schstave to the discipline and is sensitive to other group members.
 Adheres to camp discipline and is sensitive to other group members.
- Writes reports and makes presentation.

Use of field Instruction:

OUTCOME GOAL

Understands and recognizes the role of faculty advisor, field instructor, and field contact, and takes responsibility for learning.

INDICATORS

- Attends conferences regularly and initiates opportunities for self learning.
- Comes prepared for conferences and takes responsibility for initiating learning
- opportunities for the group.
- Submits recordings regularly
- Follows up on tasks discussed with the faculty advisor/field instructor
- Raises issues related to larger professional concerns related to field work
- Shows willingness to learn-reads relevant articles/books referred by the instructor
