As Per NEP 2020

University of Mumbai



Bachelor of Engineering (Civil and Infrastructure Engineering)

Semester I & II

- A- U.G. Certificate in Civil and Infrastructure Engineering.
- B- U.G. Diploma in Civil and Infrastructure Engineering.
- C- B.Sc. (Civil and Infrastructure Engineering).
- D- B.E. (Civil and Infrastructure Engineering) with Multidisciplinary Minor in (Discipline).
- E- B.E. (Civil and Infrastructure Engineering) with Honors in (Emerging Area) and Multidisciplinary Minor in (Discipline).
- F- B.E. (Civil and Infrastructure Engineering) Honors with Research and Multidisciplinary Minor in (Discipline).
- G- B.E. (Civil and Infrastructure Engineering) with Multidisciplinary Minor in (Discipline) and with Emerging Minor in (Emerging Area).

From the Academic Year 2024-25 Progressively

Under

FACULTY OF SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY

Ref: As per GR dated 4thJuly 2023 for Credit Structure of UG (As per AICTE & NEP 2020 Guidelines)

University of Mumbai



(As per NEP 2020)

Sr. No.	Heading		Particulars
1	Title of program O: TEU-561A	A	U.G. Certificate in Civil and Infrastructure Engineering.
	O: TEU-561B	В	U.G. Diploma in Civil and Infrastructure Engineering.
	O: TEU-561C	С	B.Sc. (Civil and Infrastructure Engineering).
	O: TEU-561D	D	B.E. (Civil and Infrastructure Engineering) with Multidisciplinary Minor in (Discipline).
	O: TEU-561E	E	B.E. (Civil and Infrastructure Engineering) with Honors in (Emerging Area) and Multidisciplinary Minor in (Discipline).
	O: TEU-561F	F	B.E. (Civil and Infrastructure Engineering) Honors with Research and Multidisciplinary Minor in (Discipline).

	O: TEU-561G	G	B.E. (Civil and Infrastructure Engineering) with Multidisciplinary Minor in (Discipline) and with Emerging Minor in (Emerging Area).
2	Eligibility O: TEU-562A	A	For Undergraduate, Integrated, or Dual Degree courses Candidates passing SSC and HSC or 10+2 Examination or Diploma in Engineering or D.Voc. Examination from a recognized institution. As per the criteria of the Government of Maharashtra State Circular.
	O: TEU-562B	В	Passed Equivalent Academic Level 4.0 For Under Graduate course in Engineering and Technology Candidates passing SSC or HSC or 10+2 Examination and also Diploma in Engineering or Technology or Bachelor of Science or D.Voc. or its equivalent from a recognized Institution.
			Under Graduate Certificate in Engineering (in any Engineering or Technology discipline) OR Passed Equivalent Academic Level 4.5.
	O: TEU-562C	С	Under Graduate Diploma in Engineering (All Engineering Discipline) OR Passed Equivalent Academic Level 5.0

	O: TEU-562D	D	Bachelor of Engineering Civil and
			Infrastructure Engineering with minimum CGPA of 7.5
			OR
			Passed Equivalent Academic Level 5.5
	O: TEU-562E	E	Bachelor of Engineering Civil and Infrastructure Engineering with minimum CGPA of 7.5
			OR
			Passed Equivalent Academic Level 5.5
	O: TEU-562F	F	Bachelor of Engineering Civil and Infrastructure Engineering with minimum CGPA of 7.5
			OR
			Passed Equivalent Academic Level 5.5
	O: TEU-562G	G	Bachelor of Engineering Civil and Infrastructure Engineering with minimum CGPA of 7.5
			OR
			Passed Equivalent Academic Level 5.5
3	Duration of program R: TEU-651	A	One Year
		В	Two Years
		С	Three Years
		D	Four Years
		E	Four Years

		F	Four Years			
		G	Four Years			
4	Intake Capacity					
	R: TEU-652					
5	Scheme of Examination R: TEU-653	NEP 40% Internal 60% External, Semester End Examination Individual Passing in Internal and External Examination				
6	Standards of Passing R: TEU-654	40%				
7	Credit Structure		Attached herewith			
	R: TEU-655A		Sem I & II R: 45 Credit			
	R: TEU-655B R: TEU-655C		Sem. I - R: 23 Credit			
	R: TEU-655D R: TEU-655E R: TEU-655F R: TEU-655G R: TEU-655H		Sem. II - R: <u>22 Credit</u>			
8	Semesters	Α	Sem I & II			
		В	Sem III & IV			
		С	Sem V & VI			
		D	Sem VII & VIII			
		Е	Sem VII & VIII			
		F	Sem VII & VIII			
		G	Sem VII & VIII			
9	Program Academic Level	А	4.5			
		В	5.0			
		С	5.5			

		D	6.0			
		Е	6.0			
		F	6.0			
		G	6.0			
10	Pattern	Semester				
11	Status	New				
12	To be implemented from Academic Year Progressively	From Academic Year: 2024-25				

Sd/Dr. R. B. Magar
BoS-Chairman-Civil Engineering
Faculty of Technology

Sd/-Dr. Deven Shah Associate Dean Faculty of Science & Technology Sd/Prof. Shivram S. Garje
Dean
Faculty of Science & Technology

Preamble

To meet the challenge of ensuring excellence and NEP 2020 policy in engineering education, the issue of quality needs to be addressed, debated, and taken forward systematically. Accreditation is the principal means of quality assurance in higher education. The major emphasis of the accreditation process is to measure the outcomes of the program that is being accredited. In line with this Faculty of Science and Technology (in particular Engineering) of the University of Mumbai has taken the lead in incorporating the philosophy of NEP 2020 education in the process of curriculum development.

The First Year Engineering course is a broad foundation training program to impart scientific and logical thinking Training to learners in general with a choice of course selection in the Basic sciences and Engineering Sciences. Simultaneously NEP- 2020 objectives demand nurturing the basic skills required for familiarizing within the respective chosen Branch of Engineering by the learner. Keeping this in view, a pool of courses is offered in Basic sciences covering fundamentals required to understand modern engineering practices and emerging trends in technology. Considering the change in pedagogy and the convenience of the stress-free learning process, in the course work under heads of Engineering Sciences, a choice-based subject pool is offered in the second semester. Essentially to give a glimpse of trends in the industry under vocational skill practices, the pool is offered to nurture and develop creative skills in contemporary industrial practices. Criteria met in the structure is the opportunity for learners to choose the course of their interest in all disciplines.

Basic sciences cover Applied Physics and Elective Physics, Applied Chemistry and Elective Chemistry, and Applied Mathematics where a pool of subjects are given for selection, the rationale for the same is that generalized basic science courses are not feasible from learners' point of view. Considering the present scenario, diverse choices need to be made available to fulfill the expectation of a learner to aspire for a career in the field of current trends of Technology and interdisciplinary research. Ability enhancement can be achieved in Undergraduate training by giving an objective viewpoint to the learning process and transitioning a learner from a rote learner to a creative professional, for the purpose Design Thinking is introduced in the First Semester to orient a journey learner to become a skilled professional. Considering the NEP-2020 structure of award of Certificate & Diploma at multiple exit-point pools of Vocational skills is arranged for giving exposure to the current Industry practices.

Faculty resolved that course objectives and course outcomes are to be clearly defined for every course so that all faculty members in affiliated higher education institutes understand the depth and approach of the course to be taught, which will enhance the learner's learning process. NEP 2020 grading system enables a much-required shift in focus from teacher-centric to continuous-based learner-centric education since the workload estimated is based on the investment of time in learning and not in teaching. It also focuses on continuous evaluation which will enhance the quality of education. Credit assignment for courses is based on a 15-week teaching-learning process for NEP 2020, however, the content of courses is to be taught in 12-13 weeks and the remaining 2-3 weeks are to be utilized for revision, tutorial, guest lectures, coverage of content beyond the syllabus, etc.

There was a concern that in the present system, the first-year syllabus must not be heavily loaded to the learner and it is of utmost importance that the learner entering into the first year of an engineering course should feel at ease by lowering the burden of syllabus and credits. This is necessary for a learner to get accustomed to the new environment of a college and to create a bond between the teacher and the learner. The present curriculum will be implemented for the First Year of Engineering from the academic year 2024-25. Subsequently, this system will be carried forward for Second Year Engineering in the academic year 2025-26, and for Third Year and Final Year Engineering in the academic years 2026-27, and 2027-28, respectively.

Prof. Shivram S. Garje Dean Faculty of Science & Technology

1) Credit Structure of the Program (Sem I, II)

UnderGraduateCertificate in (Civil and Infrastructure Engineering) Credit Structure (Sem. I & II)

Level	Semester		ajor	Minor	OE	VSC,SE C (VSEC)	AEC,VEC,IK S				Cum .Cr. / Sem.	Degree/C um.Cr.
	1	Mandato	Electives				AEC101	2	CC101	2	23	
4.5	•	BSC102 2 BSC103 2 ESC101 2 ESC102 3 BSL101 0 BSL102 0 ESL101 ESL102	5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5				AELI01 VSEC101 VSEC102	1 1 2				UG
	II	BSC201 3 ESC201 3 ESL201 1 PCC2011 2 PCL2011 1	BSC2022 2 BSC2023 2				IKS201 VSEC201 VSEC202	2 1 2	CC201	2	22	Certificate 45

CumCr.		45

Program Structure for First Year Engineering

UNIVERSITY OF MUMBAI (NEP 2020 With Effect from Academic Year 2024-2025)

Semester I

Course Code	CourseDescription	TeachingScheme (Contact Hours)			Credit Assigned			
		Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Theory	Tutorial	Practical	Total Credits
BSC101	AppliedMathematics-I	2		1	2	1		3
BSC102	AppliedPhysics	2		-	2	-		2
BSC103	Applied Chemistry	2	-	-	2	-	-	2
ESC101	EngineeringMechanics	2	-	-	2	-	-	2
ESC102	BasicElectrical&Electronics Engineering	3		-	3	-		3
BSL101	AppliedPhysics Lab	-	1	-	-	-	0.5	0.5
BSL102	Applied Chemistry Lab	-	1	-	-	-	0.5	0.5
ESL101	EngineeringMechanics Lab	-	2	-	-	-	1	1
ESL102	BasicElectrical&Electronics Engineering Lab		2	-		-	1	1
AEC101	ProfessionalandCommunicationEthi cs	2		-	2	-		2
AEL101	ProfessionalandCommunicationEthi cs		2				1	1
VSEC101	Engineering Workshop-I	-	2	-	-	-	1	1
VSEC102	C Programming	-	2*+2	-	-	-	2	2

CC101	Inductioncum Universal HumanValues	2#	-	-	2	-		2
	Total	15	14	1	15	01	07	23

^{*} Two hours of practical class to be conducted for full class as demo/discussion.

Semester I

		Examinationscheme								
Course	CourseDescription	Internal	Assess (IAT)		End Sem.	End Sem. Exam	Term	Oral &		
Code	CourseDescription	IAT-I	IAT-II	Total (IAT-I) + IAT-II)	Exam Marks	Duration (Hrs)	Work (Tw)	Pract.	Total	
BSC101	AppliedMathematics-I	20	20	40	60	02	25		125	
BSC102	AppliedPhysics	15	15	30	45	1.5			75	
BSC103	Applied Chemistry	15	15	30	45	1.5			75	
ESC101	EngineeringMechanics	20	20	40	60	02			100	
ESC102	BasicElectrical&Electronics Engineering	20	20	40	60	02			100	
BSL101	AppliedPhysics Lab						25		25	
BSL102	Applied Chemistry Lab						25		25	
ESL101	EngineeringMechanics Lab						25	25	50	
ESL102	BasicElectrical&Electronics Engineering Lab						25	25	50	
AEC101	ProfessionalandCommunicationEthics	15	15	30	45	1.5			75	
AEL101	ProfessionalandCommunicationEthics	-					25	-	25	
VSEC101	Engineering Workshop-I						25		25	
VSEC102	C Programming	-					25	25	50	
CC101	Inductioncum Universal HumanValues						-		-	
	Total	105	105	210	315	10.5	200	75	800	

[#] Course evaluation is activity-based which may be an individual or group of four students.

Theory / Tutorial 1 credit for 1 hour and Practical 1 credit for 2 hours

Program Structure for First Year Engineering

UNIVERSITY OF MUMBAI (NEP 2020 With Effect from Academic Year 2024-2025)

Semester II

Course Code	CourseDescription	TeachingScheme (Contact Hours)			Credit Assigned			
Couc		Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Theory	Tutorial	Practical	Total Credits
BSC201	Applied Mathematics- II	2	-	1	2	1		3
BSC202X	Elective Physics	2	-	-	2	-		2
BSC203X	Elective Chemistry	2	-	-	2	-		2
ESC201	EngineeringGraphics	3	-	-	3	-		3
PCC201X	Program Core Course	2	-	-	2	-		2
BSL201X	Elective Physics Lab	-	1	-	-	-	0.5	0.5
BSL202X	Elective Chemistry Lab	-	1	-	-	_	0.5	0.5
ESL201	EngineeringGraphics Lab	-	2		-	_	1	1
PCL201X	Program Core Lab	-	2	-	-	-	1	1
CC201	Social Science & Community Services	-	2*+2	-	-	-	2	2
IKS201	IndianknowledgeSystem	-	2*+2	-	-	-	2	2
VSEC201	Engineering Workshop-II	-	2	-	-	-	1	1

VSEC202 Python Programming	-	2*+2	-	-	-	2	2
Total	11	20	01	11	01	10	22

^{*} Two hours of practical class to be conducted for full class as demo/discussion

Semester II

				E	xaminat	tionschem	ie		
Course	CourseDescription	Internal	Assess (IAT	sment Test		End Sem.	Term	Oral	
Code	CourseDescription	IAT-I	- A - (1A1-1) +		Sem. Exam Marks	Exam Duration (Hrs)	Work (Tw)	& Pract.	Total
BSC201	Applied Mathematics— II	20	20	40	60	02	25		125
BSC202X	Elective Physics	15	15	30	45	1.5			75
BSC203X	Elective Chemistry	15	15	30	45	1.5			75
ESC201	EngineeringGraphics	20	20	40	60	03			100
PCC201X	Program Core Course	20	20	40	60	02			100
BSL201X	Elective Physics Lab						25		25
BSL202X	Elective Chemistry Lab						25		25
ESL201	EngineeringGraphics Lab						25	25	50
PCL201X	Program Core Lab						25	25	50
CC201	Social Science & Community Services						25		25
IKS201	IndianknowledgeSystem						25		25
VSEC201	Engineering Workshop-II						25	-	25
VSEC202	Python Programming						25	25	50
	Total		90	180	270	10	225	75	750

Elective Physics

BSC202X	Elective Physics Theory			
BSC2021	Physics for Emerging Fields			
BSC2022	Semiconductor Physics			

[#] Course evaluation is activity-based which may be individual or group of four students.

Theory / Tutorial 1 credit for 1 hour and Practical 1 credit for 2 hours.

BSL201X	Elective Physics Lab

Physics of Measurements and Sensors

Physics for Emerging Fields Lab

Physics of Measurements and Sensors Lab

Semiconductor Physics Lab

BSC2023

BSL2011

BSL2012

BSL2013

Elective Chemistry

BSC203X	Elective Chemistry			
BSC2031	Engineering Materials			
BSC2032	Environmental Chemistry and Non-conventional energy sources			
BSC2033	Introduction to Computational Chemistry			

BSL202X	Elective Chemistry Lab			
DCI 2021	Facing with Materials Leb			
BSL2021	Engineering Materials Lab			
BSL2022	Environmental Chemistry and Non-conventional energy sources Lab			
BSL2023	Introduction to Computational Chemistry Lab			

Program Core Course

PCC201X	Name of Program as per Cluster	Name of Program Core Course
PCC2012	Civil Engineering, Civil and Infrastructure Engineering, Civil Engineering and Planning, Constructions Engineering	Elements of Civil Engineering

Program Core Lab

PCL201X	Name of Program as per Cluster	Name of Program Core Course
PCL2012	Civil Engineering, Civil and Infrastructure Engineering, Civil Engineering and Planning, Constructions Engineering	Elements of Civil Engineering Lab

Course	Course Name	Teaching Scheme (Contact Hours)			Credits Assigned			
Code		Theory	Pract	Tut.	Theory	TW/Pract	Tut.	Total
BSC101	Applied Mathematics-I	02		01	02		01	03

					Exan	nination S	cheme			
			T	heory						
		Inter Test (sessment						
Course Code	Course Name	IAT-I	IAT-II	IAT-I + IAT-II (Total)	End Sem Exam	Exam Duration (in Hrs)	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Pract	Oral	Total
BSC101	Applied Mathematics-I	20	20	40	60		25			125
						02				

Course Objectives: The course is aimed

- 1. To develop the basic Mathematical skills of engineering students that are imperative for effective understanding of engineering subjects. The topics introduced will serve as basic tools for specialized studies in many fields of engineering and technology.
- 2. To provide hands-on experience using SCILAB software to handle applications to real-life problems.

Course Outcomes: Students will be able to

- 1. Apply the basic concepts of Complex Numbers and will be able to use themto analyze for engineering problems.
- 2. Apply hyperbolic functions and logarithms insubjects like electrical circuits and electromagnetic wave theory for cutting-edge tools and technology.
- 3. Apply the basic concepts of partial differentiation of function of several variables and will be able to use in subjects like Electromagnetic Theory, Heat and Mass Transfer, etc.
- 4. Apply the concept of Maxima, Minima, and Successive differentiation and will be able to use it for optimization and tuning the systems in emerging and computing areas.
- 5. Apply the concept of Matrices and be able to use it for solving the KVL and KCL in electrical networks in emerging and telecommunications areas.
- 6. Apply the concept of Numerical Methods for solving engineering problems with help of SCILAB software.

Module	Detailed Contents	Hrs.	CO Mapping
01	 Complex Numbers Pre-requisite: Review of Complex Numbers-Algebra of Complex Numbers, Cartesian, polar and exponential form of complex number, Statement of D'Moivre's Theorem. 1.1. Expansion of sinⁿθ, cosⁿθ in terms of sines and cosines of multiples of θ and Expansion of sinnθ, cosnθ in powers of sinθ, cosθ. 1.2. Powers and Roots of a complex number. # Self-learning topic: Basic of Complex Number. 	2 2	CO1
02	Hyperbolic Functions & Logarithms of Complex Numbers 2.1. Circular functions of complex number and Hyperbolic functions. Inverse Circular and Inverse Hyperbolic Functions. Separation of real and imaginary parts of all types of Functions. (Simple Examples) 2.2. Logarithm of Complex Number (Simple Examples) # Self-learning topic: Applications of complex numbers in Electrical circuits.	3	CO2
03	Partial Differentiation 3.1.Partial Differentiation: Function of two and three variables, Partial derivatives of first and higher order. Differentiation of composite function. 3.2.Euler's Theorem on Homogeneous functions with two independent variables (with proof). Deductions from Euler's Theorem. (without proof). # Self-learning topics: Total differentials, implicit functions,	3 2	CO3

	Euler's Theorem		
	on Homogeneous functions with three independent variables.		
	Applications of Partial Differentiation and Successive	1	
	Differentiation.		
	4.1.Maxima and Minima of a function of two independent		
	variables,	1	
	4.2. Successive differentiation: nth derivative of standard		CO4
04	functions. Leibnitz's Theorem (without proof) and	3	CO4
	simple examples.		
	# Self-learning topics: Jacobian's of two and three independent		
	variables		
	(simpleproblems) Lagrange's Multiplier method.		
	Matrices		
	Pre-requisite: Inverse of a matrix, addition, multiplication, and		
	transpose of a matrix, symmetric, skew-symmetric Matrix (Only		
	Definition).		
	5.1. Types of Matrices (Hermitian, Skew Hermitian, Unitary,	3	
	Orthogonal Matrices and		
	properties of Matrices(without proof)). The rank of a	2	CO5
05			
	Matrix using Echelon form, reduction to		
	normal form, and PAQ form(Only 3X3 Matrix)		
	5.2.System of homogeneous and non –non-homogeneous		
	equations, their consistency, and solutions.		
	# Self-learning topics: Application of inverse of a matrix to		
	coding theory.		
	Reduction to normal form and PAQ form.(m x n Matrix)		
	Numerical Solutions of Transcendental Equations and		
	System		
	of Linear Equations and Expansion of Function.		
	6.1. Solution of Transcendental Equations: Solution by	2	
	Newton Raphsonmethod and Regula –Falsi method.	_	
06	6.2. Solution of a system of linear algebraic equations, by		
• •	(1) Gauss Jacobi Iteration		CO6
	Method, (2) Gauss Seidel Iteration Method.	2	
	Tributos, (2) Sussis serial institution intellion.		
	# Self-learning topics:Indeterminate forms, L- Hospital Rule,		
	Gauss EliminationMethod, Gauss Jordan Method.		
	Cause Eminiation Tenion, Gauss Fordan Method.		1

References:

1. Higher Engineering Mathematics, Dr.B.S.Grewal, Khanna Publication

- 2. Advanced Engineering Mathematics, Erwin Kreyszig, Wiley EasternLimited, 9thEd.
- 3. Engineering Mathematics by Srimanta Pal and Subodh, C.Bhunia, Oxford University Press
- 4. Matrices, Shanti Narayan, S. Chand publication.
- 5. Applied Numerical Methods with Matlab for Engineers and Scientists by Steven Chapra, McGraw Hill
- 6. Elementary Linear Algebra with Application by Howard Anton and Christ Rorres. 6th edition.

John Wiley & Sons, INC.

- 7. A textbook of Engineering Mathematics by N.P. Bali & Manish Goyal. Laxmi Publication.
- 8. A textbook of Applied Mathematics Vol-I & Vol-II by P. N. Wartikar & J.N. Wartikar.

Term Work:

General Instructions:

- 1. Batch-wise tutorials are to be conducted. The number of students per batch should be as per University pattern for practicals.
- 2. Students must be encouraged to write SCILAB Programs in tutorial class only. Each Student has to write at least 2 SCILAB tutorials (including print out) and at least 6 class tutorials on entire syllabus.
- 3. SCILAB Tutorials will be based on (i) Gauss Jacobi Iteration Method (ii) GuassSeidal Iteration method (iii) Newton Raphson Method (iv)Regula –Falsi method.

The distribution of Term Work marks will be as follows -

1.	Attendance (Theory and Tutorial)	05 marks
2.	Class Tutorials on entire syllabus	10 marks
3.	SCILAB Tutorials	10 marks

Assessment:

Internal Assessment Test (IAT) for 20 marks each:

• IA will consist of Two Compulsory Internal Assessment Tests. Approximately 40% to 50% of the syllabus content must be covered in the IAT-I and the remaining 40% to 50% of the syllabus content must be covered in the IAT-II.

End Semester Theory Examination:

- > Question paper format
 - Question Paper will comprise a total of six questions each carrying 15 marks Q.1 will be compulsory and should cover the maximum contents of the syllabus
 - Remaining questions will be mixed in nature (part (a) and part (b) of each question must be from different modules. For example, if Q.2 has part (a) from Module 3 then part (b) must be from any other Module randomly selected from all the modules)
 - A total of **four questions** need to be answered

Course		Teac	hing Sch	eme		Cradita /	\ aaiamad	ssigned Tut Total			
Course Code	Course Name	(Cor	ntact Hou	ırs)		Creatis A	Assigned				
Code		Theory	Pract.	Tut.	Theory	Pract.	Tut.	Total			
BSC102	Applied Physics	2		-	2		-	2			

				Theo	Term	Pract /	Total		
Course			ernal essmen ')	t Test	End Sem	Exam Duration	work	Oral	
Code	Course Name			IAT-I +	Exam	(in Hrs)			
			IAT-II	(Total)					
		IAT-I	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	(Total)					
BSC102	Applied Physics	15	15	30	45	02			75

Rationale:

Most of the engineering branches are being off-spring of basic sciences where physics is playing a pivotal role in concept and understanding of foundation of core engineering branches. This syllabus is developed by keeping in mind, needs of all branches that we offer in University of Mumbai. In the distribution of modules, core physics and its applied form are given priority. Further, it is ensured that these modules will cover prerequisites needed for engineering courses to be introduced in higher semesters as core subjects or as interdisciplinary subjects in respective branches.

Course Objectives:

- 1. To provide students with a basic understanding of laser operation.
- 2. To explain the basic working principle of Optical fiber and its use in communication technology.
- 3. To demonstrate principles of interference in thin film.
- 4. To describe Maxwell's equations and their significance.
- 5. To build a foundation of quantum mechanics needed for modern technology.
- 6. To give exposure to the concept of Fermi level in semiconductors.

Course Outcomes:

- 1. Learners will be able to ILLUSTRATE the use of laser in LiDAR and Barcode reading.
- 2. Learners will be able to APPLY the foundation of fiber optics in the development of modern communication technology
- 3. Learners will be able to determine the wavelength of light and refractive index of liquid using the interference phenomenon.
- 4. Learners will be able to ARTICULATE the significance of Maxwell's equations.
- 5. Learners will be able to RELATE the foundations of quantum mechanics with the development of modern technology.
- 6. Learner will be able to CLASSIFY semiconductors and EXPLAIN variation of Fermi level with temperature and doping concentration.

DETAILED SYLLABUS:

	Name of	Detailed Content	Hours	CO
	Module	Detailed Content	Hours	Mapping
		Basic knowledge of optics and atomic structure,		
		Wavefront and Huygens principle, reflection and		
		refraction, Interference by division of wavefront,		
		Refractive index of a material, Snell's law, Basics of		
	Prerequisite	vector algebra, partial differentiation concepts, Dual		
		nature of radiation, Photoelectric effect, Matter		
		waves, Davisson-Germer experiment.		
		Intrinsic and extrinsic semiconductors, electrical		
		resistivity and conductivity concepts		
		Lasers: Spontaneous and stimulated emission,		
		population inversion, pumping, active medium &		
_	T	active center, resonant cavity, coherence length and	0.4	GO1
I	Lasers	coherence time, Characteristics of lasers, He-Ne	04	CO1
		laser: construction and working. Fiber		
		laser Construction and working		

		Application:				
		(i)Elementary knowledge of LiDAR(ii) Barcode				
		reader (iii) Application of				
		laser in metal work				
		Optical fibers: Critical angle, acceptance angle,				
		acceptance cone, numerical aperture, total internal				
		reflection and propagation of light, Types of optical				
		fibers: Single mode & multimode, step index &				
II	Fibre Optics	graded index, attenuation, attenuation coefficient,	04	CO2		
		factors affecting attenuation, Fibre Optic		CO2 CO3		
		Communication System, Advantages of optical fiber				
		communication, numerical				
		Interference in thin film of uniform thickness,				
		conditions of maxima and minima for reflected				
		system, Conditions for maxima and minima for				
***	Interfenence In	wedge shaped film (qualitative), engineering	0.4	002		
III	Thin Films	applications –	04	CO3		
	Thin Films	(i) Newton's rings for determination of unknown				
		monochromatic wavelength and refractive Index of				
		transparent liquid (ii) AntiReflecting Coating				
		Vector Calculus : Gradient, Divergence, Curl.				
		Gauss's law, Amperes' circuital Law, Faraday's law,				
IV		Divergence theorem , Stokes theorem Maxwell's	04	CO3		
	CS	equations in point form, Integral form and their				
		significance(Cartesian coordinate only)				
		de Broglie hypothesis of matter waves, de Broglie				
		wavelength for electron, Properties of matter waves,				
		Wave function and probability density,				
V	Quantum	mathematicalconditions for wave function, problems	06	CO5		
Y	Physics	on de Broglie wavelength, Need and significance of				
		Schrödinger's equations, Schrödinger's time				
		independent and time dependent equations, Energy of				
		a particle enclosed in a rigidbox and related				

		numerical problems, Quantum mechanical tunneling,		
		Principles of quantum computing: concept of Qubit.		
		Direct and Indirect Band Gap Semiconductors,		
	Basics Of	Electrical Conductivity of Semiconductors, Drift		
VI	Semiconductor	Velocity, Mobility and Conductivity in Conductors	04	CO6
	Physics	Fermi- Dirac distribution function, Position of Fermi		
		Level in Intrinsic and Extrinsic Semiconductors.		

Text Books:

- 1. A Text book of Engineering Physics -Dr. M. N. Avadhanulu, Dr. P. G. Kshirsagar, S. Chand, Revised Edition 2014
- 2. Modern Engineering Physics A. S. Vasudeva, S. Chand, Revised Edition 2013
- 3. Engineering Physics D. K Bhattacharya, Poonam Tandon, Oxford Higher Education, 1st Edition 2015
- 4. Engineering Physics -R. K. Gaur, S. L. Gupta, DhanpatRai Publications, 2012
- 5. Engineering Physics -V. Rajendran, McGraw Hill Educations, 2017
- 6. A Textbook of Nanoscience and Nanotechnology, T. Pradeep Tata McGraw Hill Education Pvt. Ltd., 2012

References:

- 1. Concepts of Modern Physics ArtherBeiser, ShobhitMahajan, S. Choudhury, McGraw Hill, 7thEdition 2017
- 2. Fundamentals of optics Francis A. Jenkins, Harvey E. White, McGraw Hill Publication, India, 4th Edition
- 3. Fundamentals of Physics, Halliday and Resnick, Wiley publication
- 4. Introduction to Electrodynamics, D. J. Griffiths, Pearson PublicationOnline

References:

Sr. No.	Website Name
1.	https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/115/102/115102124/
2.	https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/115/102/115102025/
3.	https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/115/105/115105132/

Assessment:

Internal Assessment Test (IAT) for 15 marks each:

• IA will consist of Two Compulsory Internal Assessment Tests. Approximately 40% to 50% of the syllabus content must be covered in the IAT-I and the remaining 40% to 50% of the syllabus content must be covered in the IAT-II.

End Semester Theory Examination: Question paper format

Cours	Course Name		hing Schotact Hou		Credits Assigned			
Couc		Theory	Pract.	Tut.	Theory	Pract.	Tut.	Total
BSL10	Applied Physics Lab		1	-		0.5	-	0.5

- Question Paper will comprise a total of **five questions each carrying 15 marks Q.1** will be **compulsory** and should **cover the maximum contents of the syllabus**
- Remaining questions will be mixed in nature (part (a) and part (b) of each question must be from different modules. For example, if Q.2 has part (a) from Module 3 then part (b) must be from any other Module randomly selected from all the modules)
- A total of**three questions** need to be answered

				Theo	Гheory			Pract /	Total
			Internal Assessment Test		End	Exam	work	Oral	
Course Name		(IAT)	1	Sem	Duration			
Code	Course Name			IAT-I +	Exam	(in Hrs)			
				IAT-II					
		IAT-I	IAT-II	(Total)					
DCT 101	Applied Physics						25		25
BSL101	Lab						25		25

Lab Objectives:

- 1. To develop scientific understanding of the physics concepts.
- 2. To develop the ability to explain the processes and applications related to science subjects.
- 3. To apply skills and knowledge in real life situations.
- 4. To improve the knowledge about the theory concepts of Physics learned in the class.
- 5. To improve ability to analyse experimental result and write laboratory report.
- 6. To develop understanding about inferring and predicting.

Lab Outcomes: Learners will be able to..

- 1. Determine wavelength / divergence of laser beam.
- 2. Determine parameters like numerical aperture / power attenuation of an optical fibre.
- 3. Perform experiments based on interference in thin film and determine radius of curvature of lens / diameter of wire / thickness of paper.
- 4. Calculate basic parameters / constants using semiconductors.
- 5. Determine energygap / resistivity of a semiconductor.
- 6. Learner to understand the concept for virtual lab as per syllabus.

List of Experiments. (Minimum five experiments required)

Sr No	List of Experiments	Hrs	LO Mapping
01	Determination of wavelength using Diffraction grating. (Laser source)	01	LO1
02	Study of divergence of laser beam	01	LO1
03	Determination of Numerical Aperture of an optical fibre.	01	LO2
04	Measuring optical power attenuation in your plastic optical fiber	01	LO2
05	Determination of radius of curvature of a lens using Newton's ring set up.	01	LO3
06	Determination of diameter of wire/hair or thickness of paper using Wedge shape film method.	01	LO3
07	Determination of 'h'photo cell	01	LO4
08	Determination of 'h' using LED	01	LO4
09	Determination of energy band gap of semiconductor.	01	LO5
10	Determination of resistivity by four probe method.	01	LO5
11	Any other experiment based on syllabus may be included, which would help the learner to understand concept. Virtual lab may be developed and used for performing the experiments, after defining a suitable LO	01	LO6

Term Work Marks: 25 Marks (Total marks) = 10 Marks (Experiment) + 10 Marks Project + 5 Marks (Attendance)

Project work will be extended to semester-2 as well. In semester 1, a group of four students will be formed; a domain may be provided by faculty, the group will frame a problem statement in consultation with faculty. A PPT presentation with problem statement, preliminary literature survey, execution plan and a probable outcome is to be considered for awarding marks. Proper rubrics must be framed by faculty member

Course Code	Course Name		hing Sch ntact Hou		Credits Assigned				
		Theory	Pract.	Tut.	Theory	Pract.	Tut.	Total	
BSC103	Applied Chemistry	2		-	2		-	2	

				Theo	ory		Term	Pract /	Total
Course			rnal essmen)	t Test	End Sem	Exam Duration	work	Oral	
Code	Course Name			IAT-I +	Exam	(in Hrs)			
				IAT-II					
		IAT-I	IAT-II	(Total)					
BSC103	Applied Chemistry	15	15	30	45	02			75

Rationale:

<u>Chemical science</u> has contributed in many ways to most of the Engineering branches where <u>"Environmental Chemistry"</u> is the modern approach to learn impact of Technology on habitat and can be common to all Core Groups, <u>"Engineering Materials"</u> can be prerequisites to many subjects of all core groups and Impact of corrosion on metals as engineering materials is the important area of concern. <u>"Conventional and Non Conventional Energy Study"</u> is the matter of general approach to all Core groups as Energy issue is the most recent concern even for designing computational engines (Include hardware & software energy efficient).

Course Objectives:

- 1) To study Coal as a conventional source of energy.
- 2) To study the effect of corrosion by different mechanisms on metals and methods of corrosion control.

- 3) To recognise importance of alloys and can apply the phase rule on it to study the effect of temperature and composition.
- 4) To introduce important properties of polymers as Engineering material.
- 5) To recognise the composition, properties and functions of various composite materials.
- 6) To study importance of Green Chemistry by comparative study of conventional and Green routes of syntheses, solvents and fuels.

Course Outcomes: Student will be able to -

- 1) Determine the quality of coal and quantify the oxygen required for combustion of coal.
- 2) Apply different methods to minimize corrosion in industries.
- 3) Interpret various phase transformations of alloy using thermodynamics.
- 4) Use the polymers for specific engineering applications on the basis of the properties.
- 5) Identify different types of composite materials for engineering applications.
- 6) Apply the principles of Green chemistry and study environmental impact for sustainable development

Prerequisite:

- 1) Knowledge about basic difference in Conventional and non-conventional energy sources.
- 2) Knowledge about concepts of Electrochemistry.
- 3) Knowledge of basic properties of metals and nonmetals.
- 4) Knowledge of 12 principles of Green Chemistry

DETAILED SYLLABUS:

Sr.	Name of	Detailed Content	Hours	СО
No.	Module			Mapping
Ι	Fuels and	A) cFuel: - Definition, Characteristics of good fuel.	04	CO1
	Combustion	B) Calorific value (Definition, Types,		
		Determination, Dulong's formula, Numerical)		
		C) Coal: - Analysis of coal – Proximate analysis,		
		Ultimate analysis, Numerical)		
		D) Combustion of coal – Numerical		
II	Corrosion	A) Introduction: - Definition, Types of Corrosion –	04	CO2
		i) Dry or Atmospheric Corrosion, ii) Wet or		
		Electrochemical corrosion (In Acidic medium, In		
		Neutral medium)		
		B) Factors affecting rate of corrosion:-i) Position of		
		metal in galvanic series, ii) Purity of Metal, iii)		
		Nature of Corrosion product, iv) Temperature, v)		
		pH of medium, vi) concentration of medium, vii)		
		moisture, viii) Relative Cathodic and Anodic		
		area, ix) overvoltage		
		C) Methods to control corrosion: - i) Selection of		
		metal, ii) Proper Designing, iii) Cathodic		
		protection, iv) Use of Corrosion Inhibitors, v)		
		Metallic Coating		
		D) Corrosion in Electronic devices		
III	Alloys	A) Purpose of making alloys.	04	CO3
		B) i) Gibbs Phase rule – Statement, Terms involved		

		with examples. ii) Reduced phase rule, Two-component system (Pb-Ag) & Numerical. iii) Merits and Limitations of Phase rule.		
IV	Introductio n to Polymers	A) Macro-molecular science, basic concept of polymers, Chemical bonding in polymers, Classification of Polymers. B) Properties of Polymers:- i) Molecular weight - Number average molecular weight, Weight average molecular weight, Numerical, ii) Crystallinity - Crystalline and amorphous polymers – Glass transition temperature, iii) Mechanical Properties: Hardness, tensile strength, creep, fatigue, impact resistance (introduction), iv) Electrical properties: dielectric strength, insulation resistance, surface resistivity (Introduction), v) Optical properties: refractive index, transmittance, photoelectric property, colour	05	CO4
V	Introductio n to Composites	 A) Definition, Characteristics of Composites, B) Constituents of Composites – Matrix Phase and Dispersed Phase (Definition and Functions) C) Classification of Composites 	04	CO5
VI	Green Chemistry for sustainable developmen t	 A) Comparative study of synthesis of following industrially important molecules by conventional and green route:-i) Indigo dye, ii) Adipic acid, iii) Carbaryl B) Green Solvents: - characteristics and applications of Supercritical solvents and ionic liquids C) Green Fuels:- Synthesis and Advantages of i) Biodiesel, ii) Ethanol 	05	CO6

Recommended Books:

- 1. Engineering Chemistry, Jain and Jain, Dhanpat Rai Publication
- 2. A textbook of Engineering Chemistry, S. S. Dara, S. Chand and Company
- 3. Polymer science: Vasant Gowarikar, Wiley Estern Ltd, new Delhi
- 4. Green Chemistry: V. K. Ahluwalia

Online References:

Sr. No.	Website Name
1.	https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/103/106/105106205/
2.	https://courses.nptel.ac.in/noc20_ch41/preview

Assessment:

Internal Assessment Test (IAT) for 15 marks each:

• IA will consist of Two Compulsory Internal Assessment Tests. Approximately 40% to 50% of the syllabus content must be covered in the IAT-I and the remaining 40% to 50% of the syllabus content must be covered in the IAT-II.

End Semester Theory Examination:

Course	Course Name	Teaching Scheme (Contact Hours)			Credits Assigned				
Code		Theory	Pract.	Tut.	Theory	Pract.	Tut.	Total	
BSL102	Applied Chemistry Lab	-	1	1		0.5	•	0.5	

Question paper format

• Question Paper will comprise a total of five questions each carrying 15 marks Q.1

		Theo	ory		Term	Pract /	Total
Course					work	Oral	
Code	Course Name	Intornal	End	Exam	,, 0222	0141	
Code		Internal Assessment Test (IAT)	Sem	Duration			

will be compulsory and should cover the maximum contents of the syllabus

- Remaining questions will be mixed in nature (part (a) and part (b) of each question must be from different modules. For example, if Q.2 has part (a) from Module 3 then part (b) must be from any other Module randomly selected from all the modules)
- A total of**three questions** need to be answered.

				IAT-I +	Exam	(in Hrs)		
				IAT-II				
		IAT-I	IAT-II	(Total)				
BSL102	Applied Chemistry Lab					-	25	 25

Lab Objectives:

- 1. To apply knowledge acquired during the theory class in carrying out the experiments for qualitative and quantitative determination.
- **2.** To analyse experimental results and write laboratory report.

Lab Outcomes: After completion of experiment, the learners will be able to:

- 1. Understand the significance of proximate analysis of coal and determine quality of coal sample.
- 2. Learn various quantitative analytical techniques to determine % of elements from alloy samples.
- 3. Synthesize biodiesel at laboratory level and calculate % atom economy from Green chemistry point of view.
- 4. Learn the effect of various factors on the rate of corrosion.
- 5. Synthesize bioplastic at laboratory level using from Green chemistry.
- 6. Quantitative determination of N2 / Flue gas.

Prerequisite:

- 1. Knowledge of basic safety practices in the Chemistry Laboratory
- 2. Knowledge of Proximate analysis of coal
- 3. Knowledge of volumetric analysis

List of Experiments.

Sr No	List of Experiments	Hrs	LO Mapping
01	Determination of moisture content of coal	01	LO1
02	Determination of ash content of coal	01	LO1
03	Determination of Zn in Brass	01	LO2
04	Synthesis of Biodiesel from vegetable oil	02	LO3
05	Determination of Cu in Brass	01	LO2
06	Flue gas analysis by Orsats Apparatus	02	LO6
07	Synthesis of biodegradable plastics	02	LO5
08	Determination of nitrogen by Kjeldahl's method	02	LO6
09	To compare rate of corrosion of various metals in acidic medium	01	LO4

	Sr No		List of	Assign	nments / '	Tutorial	S		L(Map)	
	01	Numerical based or ultimate analysis or		fic value	determin	nation, pr	oximate and		LC	01
	02	Phase Diagram on		Praqto	4 Total					
	03	Diagrams and num	er leaf	aslasse	esmental	or Fend sy	ste Fxam	work	/ LC	
	our <u>se</u>	Numerical vased or							Orado	5
	Codes	Synthesis of at leas	t two In	dustrial	ly A Trport	ant in the	cules Hrs)		LO3,	LO5
			IAT-I	IAT-II	IAT-II					
					(Total)					
E	SC101	Engineering	20	20	40	60	02			100

Assessment:

Term Work: Term Work shall consist of at least 5 to 6 practicals based on the above list. Also, Term work Journal must include at least 4 assignments.

Term Work Marks: 25 Marks (Total marks) = 15 Marks (Experiment) + 5 Marks (Assignments) + 5 Marks (Attendance)

Code	Course Name		ching Schotact Hou		Credits Assigned				
Code		Theory	Pract.	Tut.	Theory	Pract.	Tut.	Total	
ESC101	Engineering Mechanics	02	-	-	02	-	-	02	

Rationale:

Engineering mechanics is a branch of science that deals with the behavior of solid bodies when subjected to external forces or loads and the effects of these forces on the bodies. It is a fundamental discipline within engineering and provides the basis for understanding and analyzing various types of structures and mechanisms.

Course Objectives:

Mechanics

- 1. To acquaint with basic principles of centroid and its application
- **2.** To familiarize with the concepts of force, moment, Resultant and Equilibrium of system of coplanar force.
- **3.** To acquaint with the basic concept of friction and its application in real-life problems.
- **4.** To understand the parameters required to quantify the Kinematics of Particle and Rigid body.
- **5.** To understand the parameters required to quantify the Kinetics of rigid body.
- 6. To acquaint with the basics of Robot kinematics

Course Outcomes:

- 1. Determine the equivalent force-couple system for a given system of forces.(L3)
- 2. DemonstratetheunderstandingofCentroidanditssignificanceandlocatethesame. (L3)
- 3. Illustrate the concept of force, moment and apply the same along with the concept of equilibrium in two- and three-dimensional systems with the help of FBD. (L3)
- 4. Calculate position, velocity and acceleration etc. of particle/rigid body using principles of kinematics (L3)
- 5. Analyzeparticlesinmotionusingforceandacceleration,work-energyandimpulse- momentum principles (L4)
- 6. Establish the relation between robot joints and parameters (L2)

DETAILED SYLLABUS:

Sr. No.	Name of Module	Detailed Content	Hours	CO Mapping
0	Prerequisite	Resolution of a force. Use of trigonometry functions. Parallelogram law of forces. Law of triangle. Polygon	01	CO1

			law of forces, Lami's theorem. Concepts of Vector		
			Algebra.		
			Uniformly accelerated motion along a straight line,		
			motion under gravity, projectile motion, Time of		
			flight, Horizontal range, Maximum height of a		
			projectile.		
			Law of conservation of Energy, Law of conservation		
			of Momentum, and Collision of Elastic Bodies. Work-		
			Energy Principle		
			(Note: There will be no questions from the prerequisite		
		G	in the theory examination)	0.4	201
	I	System of	Classification of force systems, Principle of	04	CO1
		Forces	transmissibility, composition and resolution of forces.		
			Resultant of coplanar force system (Concurrent forces,		
			parallel forces and general system of forces). Moment		
			of force about a point, Couples, Varignon's Theorem.		
			Resultant of Non-Coplanar (Space Force): Concurrent		
	**	0 1 11	force system	0.2	G02
	II	Centroid	Centroids of plane laminas: Plane lamina consisting	03	CO2
<u> </u>			of primitive geometrical shapes.		
	III	Equilibrium of	3.1Equilibrium:	06	CO3
		Force system	Conditions of equilibrium for concurrent forces,		
		and Friction	parallel forces and general forces, Couples.		
			Equilibrium of rigid bodies, free body diagrams.		
			3.2Equilibrium of Beams:		
			Types of beams, simple and compound beams, type of		
			supports and reaction: Determination of reactions at		
			supports for various types of loads on beams.		
			(Excluding problems on internal hinges)		
			3.3 Friction:		
			Laws of friction. Cone of friction. angle of repose,		
			angle of friction, equilibrium of bodies on a		
<u> </u>	TT 7	T71 41 6	horizontal and inclined plane.	0.5	GO.4
	IV	Kinematics of	4.1 Motion of particle with variable acceleration.	05	CO4
		particle and	Motion along plane curved path. velocity and		
		rigid bodies	acceleration in terms of rectangular components,		
			tangential and normal component of acceleration.		
			4.2 Introduction to general plane motion, problem		
			based on Instantaneous center (ICR) method for		
			general plane motion (up to 2 linkage mechanism		
	T 7	T7: 4: 0	and no relative velocity method)	0.5	G0.
	\mathbf{V}	Kinetics of	5.1 Force and Acceleration: -Introduction to basic	05	CO5
		particle	concepts, D'Alembert's Principle, concept of Inertia		
			force, Equations of dynamic equilibrium.		
			5.2 Principle of linear impulse and momentum. Impact		
			and collision: Law of conservation of momentum,		
			Coefficient of Restitution. Direct Central Impact and		
			Oblique Central Impact. Loss of Kinetic Energy in		
			collision of inelastic bodies.		

VI Introduction	Fundamental of Robot Mechanics, Degree of	02	CO6
Robot Kinematics	Freedom, D-H Parameters, robot kinematics (Forward), Homogeneous transformation (limited to 2 DOF Serial robot)		

Text Books:

- 1. EngineeringMechanicsbyAKTayal,Umesh Publication.
- 2. EngineeringMechanicsbyKumar,TataMcGraw Hill
- 3. EngineeringMechanicsbyBeer&Johnston,TataMcGraw Hill

References:

- 1. EngineeringMechanics byR. C. Hibbeler.
- 2. EngineeringMechanicsbyF. L.Singer,Harper&Raw Publication
- 3. EngineeringMechanicsbyMacklin&Nelson,Tata McGraw Hill
- 4. EngineeringMechanicsbyShaum Series
- 5. EngineeringMechanics(Statics)byMeriamandKraige,Wiley Bools
- **6.** EngineeringMechanics(Dynamics)byMeriamandKraige, Wiley Bools
- 7. Introduction to Industrial Robotics by RamchandranNagrajan, Pearson publication

Online References:

Sr. No.	Website Name
3.	https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/112/106/112106286/
4.	https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc21_me70/preview
3.	https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/112/106/112106180/

Assessment:

Internal Assessment Test (IAT) for 20 marks each:

• IA will consist of Two Compulsory Internal Assessment Tests. Approximately 40% to 50% of the syllabus content must be covered in the IAT-I and the remaining 40% to 50% of the syllabus content must be covered in the IAT-II.

End Semester Theory Examination:

- > Question paper format
 - Question Paper will comprise a total of six questions each carrying 15 marks Q.1 will be compulsory and should cover the maximum contents of the syllabus
 - **Remaining questions** will be **mixed in nature** (part (a) and part (b) of each question must be from different modules. For example, if Q.2 has part (a) from Module 3 then part (b) must be from any other Module randomly selected from all the modules).
 - A total of **four questions** needs to be answered

			Theory				Term	Pract	Total	
		Interna	l Ass	essmen	t En	d	Exam	work	/	
Course	Course Name	Test (IAT)		Ser	n	Duration	1	Oral		
Code				IAT-	I Exa	m	(in Hrs)			
		IAT- I	AT-	+ IA 7	Γ-					
C		I Te	e āč hi	ng S E h	eme			Credits A	ccianod	
Course	Course Name	((Conta	ct Tota	d∂s)		'	Credits A	ssigned	
Code ESL101	Engineering	Theor	y I	ract.	Tut <u>.</u>		Theory	Pract.	Tut.	Total
	Mechanics in ab									
ESL101	Mechanics Lab			02	-			01	-	01

Lab Objectives:

- 1. To acquaint with basic principles of centroid and its application
- 2. To familiarize with the concepts of force, moment, Resultant and Equilibrium of system of coplanar force.
- 3. To acquaint with the basic concept of friction and its application in real-life problems.
- 4. To understand the parameters required to quantify the Kinematics of Particle and Rigid body.
- 5. To understand the parameters required to quantify the Kinetics of rigid body.
- 6. To acquaint with the basics of Robot kinematics

Lab Outcomes:

- 1. Determine the equivalent force-couple system for a given system of forces (L3)
- 2. DemonstratetheunderstandingofCentroidanditssignificanceandlocatethesame. (L3)
- 3. Illustrate the concept of force, moment and apply the same along with the concept of equilibrium in two- and three-dimensional systems with the help of FBD. (L3)
- 4. Calculate position, velocity and acceleration etc of particle and rigid body using principles of kinematics. (L3)
- 5. Analyzeparticlesinmotionusingforceandacceleration,work-energyandimpulse- momentum principles (L4)
- 6. Establish the relation between robot joints and parameters (L2)

List of Experiments:

Minimumsixexperimentsfromthefollowinglistofwhich a minimumoneshould be fromdynamics.

Sr N o	List of Experiments	Hr s	CO mappin g
01	VerificationofPolygonlawofcoplanarforces	01	LO1
02	Verification of the Principle of Moments (Bellcranklever)	01	LO3
03	Determination of support reactions of a Simply Supported Beam.	01	LO3
04	Determinationofcoefficientoffriction)usinginclined plane	01	LO3
05	Verificationoftheequationsofequilibriumfornon-concurrentnon-	02	LO3
03	parallel(General)forcesystem.		

06	Collisionofelasticbodies (Lawofconservationofmomentum).	02	LO5
07	Kinematicsofparticles.(Uniformmotionofaparticle, Projectile motion, motion unde rgravity)	02	LO4
08	Kineticsofparticles.(collisionofbodies)	02	LO5

Sr No	List of Assignments / Tutorials	Hrs	CO mapping
01	ResultantofCoplanarforcesystem	02	LO1
02	Resultantofnon-coplanarforcesystem: Concurrent force system	01	LO1
03	CentroidofCompositeplaneLaminas	01	LO2
04	Equilibrium of System of Coplanar Forces including support reaction of	02	LO3
04	beams		
05	Equilibrium of bodies on inclined plane and problems involving ladder.	02	LO3
06	Kinematics of particles (Variable acceleration)	02	LO4
07	Kinetics of particles (D'Alembert's Principle, Impulse momentum	02	LO5
07	Principle, Impact and Collisions.)		
08	Homogeneous transformation, Direct Kinematics of robot	02	LO6

Term Work: Term Work shall consist of at least 6 practical's and 8 assignments based on the above list

Term Work Marks: 25 Marks (Total marks) = 10 Marks (Experiment) + 10 Marks (Assignments) + 5 Marks (Attendance)

Oral Exam: An Oral exam will be held based on entire syllabus.

Cours	Course Name		ching Sch ntact Hou		Credits Assigned					
Code	,	Theory	Pract.	Tut.	Theory	Pract.	Tut.			
ESC10	Basic Electrical and Electronics Engineering	3		-	3		ı	3		
			773	•	•	-		TD ()		

Course	Course Name	Theo	ry		Term work	Pract / Oral	Total
Code		Internal Assessment Test (IAT)	End Sem	Exam Duration			

		IAT- I	IAT- II	IAT-I + IAT- II (Total)	Exam	(in Hrs)			
ESC102	Basic Electrical and Electronics Engineering	20	20	40	60	2	-	-	100

Course Objectives:

- 1. To provide knowledge on fundamentals of DC circuits
- **2.** To provide knowledge of single phase and three phase AC circuits.
- **3.** To inculcate fundamental knowledge of $1-\Phi$ transformer.
- **4.** To provide basic knowledge on fundamentals of DC and AC machines.
- **5.** To provide knowledge of special purpose Diodes.
- **6.** To provide knowledge of Transistor.

Course Outcomes:

- 1) Apply various network theorems to determine the circuit response / behavior.
- 2) Evaluate and analyze 1- Φ and 3- Φ AC circuits.
- 3) Understand the construction, operation and applications of 1- Φ transformers.
- 4) Illustrate the working principle of $3-\Phi$, $1-\Phi$ Induction motors and DC Motors.
- 5) Study the construction, operation and applications of some special purpose Diodes.
- 6) Study construction, operation and applications of some Transistors.

DETAILED SYLLABUS:

Sr.	Name of	Detailed Content	Hours	CO
No.	Module			Mapping
0	Prerequisite	Resistance, inductance, capacitance, series and parallel connections of resistance, concepts of voltage, current, power and energy and its units. Magnetic circuits, MMF, Magnetic field strength, reluctance.		
I	01	DC Circuits: (Only independent sources) Kirchhoff's Laws, Ideal and Practical Voltage and Current Sources, Source Transformation, Mesh and Nodal Analysis (no super node and super mesh) Star-Delta / Delta-Star Transformations, Superposition Theorem, Thevenin's Theorem, Norton's Theorem and Maximum Power Transfer Theorem.	10	CO1
II	02	AC Circuits: Generation of alternating voltage, basic definitions, average and RMS values, phasor and phase difference, sums on phasors, Single-phase ac series and parallel circuits consisting of R, L, C, RL, RC, RLC combinations, definitions - real, reactive and apparent power, admittance (Y), Series and parallel resonance (only theory). Generation of Three-Phase Voltages, voltage & current relationships in Star and Delta Connections.	12	CO2

III	03	Single Phase Transformer: (Numerical are not expected) Working principle of single-phase transformer, types of single- phase transformer, transformation ratio, actual (practical) and ideal transformer, Transformer losses, efficiency,	04	CO3
IV	04	applications of transformer. Electrical Machines: (Numerical are not expected) principle of operation, constructional details, classification and applications of DC Motor, three-phase induction motor, Single-Phase induction motors and BLDC motor	05	CO4
V	05	Special Purpose Diodes: (Numerical are not expected) Characteristics and operation of Zener Diode and application as a voltage regulator. Basic and structure of LED. Application of LED in indicative and lighting displays.	04	CO5
VI	06	Introduction to Transistors: (Numerical are not expected) structure and operation of BJT. BJT configurations (only common emitter). FET structure and operation. Application of BJT and FET in amplification, switching and oscillators.	04	CO6

Text Books:

- 1. V. N. Mittal and Arvind Mittal "Basic Electrical Engineering" Tata McGraw Hill, (Revised Edition)
- 2. Vincent Del Toro "Electrical Engineering Fundamentals", PHI Second edition, 2011
- **3.** Edward Hughes "Hughes Electrical and Electronic Technology", Pearson Education (Tenth edition)
- 4. D P Kothari and I J Nagrath "Theory and Problems of Basic Electrical Engineering", PHI 13th edition 2011.
- 5. M. Naidu, S. Kamakshaiah "Introduction to Electrical Engineering" McGraw-Hill Education, 2004.
- 6. B.R Patil "Basic Electrical Engineering" Oxford Higher Education,
- 7. Electronic Devices and Circuit Theory" by Robert L. Boylestad and Louis Nashelsky

References:

- 1. B.L. Theraja "Electrical Engineering "Vol-I and II
- 2. S.N. Singh, "Basic Electrical Engineering" PHI, 2011Book

Assessment:

Internal Assessment Test (IAT) for 20 marks each:

• IA will consist of Two Compulsory Internal Assessment Tests. Approximately 40% to 50% of the syllabus content must be covered in the IAT-I and the remaining 40% to 50% of the syllabus content must be covered in the IAT-II.

End Semester Theory Examination:

- > Question paper format
 - Question Paper will comprise a total of six questions each carrying 15 marks Q.1 will be compulsory and should cover the maximum contents of the syllabus

- Remaining questions will be mixed in nature (part (a) and part (b) of each question must be from different modules. For example, if Q.2 has part (a) from Module 3 then part (b) must be from any other Module randomly selected from all the modules)
- A total of **four questions** need to be answered

Course	Course Name		hing Sch ntact Hou		Credits Assigned				
Code		Theory	Pract.	Tut.	Theory	Pract.	Tut.	Total	
ESL102	Basic Electrical and Electronics		2			1	-	1	
	Engineering Lab								

Course Code				Term work	Pract / Oral	Total			
	Course Name	Internal Assessment Test (IAT)			End Sem	Exam Duration			
		IAT- I	IAT- II	IAT-I + IAT-	Exam	(in Hrs)			
				II (Total)					
ESL102	Basic Electrical and Electronics Engineering Lab						25	25	50

Lab Objectives:

- 1. To impart the basic concept of network analysis and its application.
- 2. To provide the basic concept of AC circuit analysis and its application.
- 3. To illustrate the operation of the transformer.
- 4. To illustrate the operation of machines.
- 5. To explain the Zener diode voltage regulation characteristic.
- 6. To explain the BJT and FET as switches and amplifiers.

Lab Outcomes:

- 1) Interpret and analyze the behavior of DC circuits using network theorems.
- 2) Perform and infer experiments on single-phase and three-phase AC circuits

- 3) Illustrate the performance of a single-phase transformer
- 4) Illustrate the performance of A.C. machine and DC Motor
- 5) Perform an experiment on voltage regulation characteristics of Special diode
- 6) Perform an experiment on the VI characteristic Transistor.

List of Experiments.

Sr No	List of Experiments	Hrs	LO Mapping
01	Basic safety precautions. Introduction and use of measuring instruments - voltmeter, ammeter, multi-meter, oscilloscope. Reallife resistors, capacitors, and inductors	01	LO1
02	To measure output voltage across load resistor/current through load resistor and verify the result using Mesh and Nodal analysis	01	LO1
03	Verification of Superposition Theorem.	02	LO1
04	Verification Thevenin's and Norton's theorem	02	LO1
05	Verification Maximum Power Transfer Theorem.	02	LO1
06	To find the resistance and inductance of a coil connected in series with a pure resistance using the voltmeter method	02	LO2
07	To measure the relationship between phase and line, currents and voltages in three-phase system (star & delta)	02	LO2
08	To demonstrate cut-out sections of the single-phase transformer.	02	LO3
09	To demonstrate cut-out sections of the DC machine	02	LO4
10	To plot Zener diode voltage regulation characteristics	02	LO5
11	To demonstrate the application of LED in indicative and lighting display	02	LO5
12	To demonstrate the application of BJT as a switch	02	LO5
13	To demonstrate BJT/FET as an amplifier	02	LO6

Sr No	List of Assignments / Tutorials	Hrs	LO Mapping
01	Assignment on Basic electrical safety practices		LO1
02	Numerical assignment on Mesh analysis and nodal analysis		LO1
03	Numerical assignment on Thevenin, Norton, and maximum power		LO1
03	transfer theorem	0.2	
04	Numerical assignment on series and parallel circuits	02	LO2
05	Assignment on single-phase transformer		LO2
06	Assignment on DC and AC machine		LO4
07	Assignment on special purpose diodes		LO5
08	Assignment on BJT and FET		LO6

Online Resources:

Sr. No.	Website Name

1.	All About Circuits (https://www.allaboutcircuits.com)
2.	Circuit Lab (https://www.circuitlab.com)
3.	Tinkercad (https://www.tinkercad.com)

Assessment:

Term Work: Term Work shall consist of at least 08 to 10practicals based on the above list. Also, Term work Journal must include at least 6 assignments.

Term Work Marks: 25 Marks (Total marks) = 15 Marks (Experiment) + 5 Marks (Assignments) + 5 Marks (Attendance)

Practical& Oral Exam: An Oral & Practical exam will be held based on the above syllabus.

Course Code	Course Name	Teaching (Contact			Credits Assigned				
		Theory	Pract.	Tut.	Theory	Pract.	Tut.	Total	
AEC101	Professional Communication and Ethics	02	-	-	02	-	•	02	

Course Code	Course Name	Theory Internal Assessment Test (IAT)			End Exam Sem Duration Exam		Term work	Pract / Oral	Total
		IAT-I	IAT-II	IAT-I + IAT-II (Total)	Laun	(in Hrs)			
AEC101	Professional Communication and Ethics	15	15	30	45	1.5			75

Rationale

This course has been designed to hone the communicative abilities of First Year Engineering students by providing them skill-based training on LSRW (Listening-Speaking-Reading-Writing) to

prepare them for a career in the industry and for competitive exams pertaining to higher studies.

Course Objectives - The learners should be able to:

- 1. Effectively evaluate the dynamics of communication and navigate professional arenas
- 2. Competently acquire active listening skills by comprehending various types of Speech Acts
- 3. Critically analyse communication barriers, audience and purpose to speak proficiently
- 4. Minutely comprehend extensive texts, technical and non-technical, to execute relevant tasks
- 5. Efficiently organize and create purposeful technical writing for professional transaction
- 6. Successfully manage teams, by applying ethical standards to deliver synergistic solutions

Course Outcomes - The learners will be able to:

- 1. Evaluate the dynamics of communication and effectively navigate professional arenas
- 2. Acquire active listening skills by comprehending various types of Speech Acts
- 3. Analyse different communication barriers, audience and purpose, and speak proficiently
- 4. Comprehend extensive texts, technical and non-technical, to execute relevant tasks
- 5. Organize and create purposeful technical writing for professional transactions
- 6. Manage teams successfully, by applying ethical standards to deliver synergistic solutions

DETAILED SYLLABUS:

Sr. No.	Name of Module	Detailed Content	Hours	CO Mapping
01	Module 1- Fundamentals of Communication	 1.1. Basic Concepts of Communication Definition, Objectives, Postulates 1.2. Process of Communication Stimulus, Sender, Encoding, Message, Medium, Channel, Receiver, Decoding, Feedback 1.3. Methods of Communication Verbal (Written & Spoken). Non-verbal cues perceived through the five senses (Visual, Auditory, Tactile, Olfactory, Gustatory) Non-verbal cues transmitted cues through (The body, Voice, Space, Time, Silence) 1.4. Barriers to Communication Mechanical, Physical, Semantic & Linguistic, Psychological, Socio-cultural 1.5. Organisational Communication Formal (Upward, Downward, Horizontal). Informal (Grapevine) 	08	CO1

02 Module 2 - Developing Basic Listening Skills	2.1.Concepts of Active Listening Listening for Details Listening for Gist Listening for Inference (For details please refer to Lab. Syllabus) 2.2. Enhancing Listening Proficiency Using	02	CO2
	Language Labs or on Open Source Platforms		
Module 3 - Developing Basic Speaking Skills	 3.1. Conversational Activities - Monologues Introducing yourself, Introducing others, One-minute impromptu speeches, Scaffolded story telling 3.2. Conversational Activities - Dialogues Role plays on everyday interactions, Interviews (Find out if), Information Gap Activities, Picture descriptions and feedback, Situational conversations. 3.3. Conversational Activities - Pronunciation, Stress & Rhythm, Intonation Neutralisation of accent, Word stress, Rhythm & Pauses, Tonal variations/inflections (For details please refer to Lab. Syllabus) 	02	CO3

04	Module 4 -	4.1. Verbal Aptitude	02	CO4
	Developing	• Root Words, Meanings, Word Forms,		
	Basic Reading	Synonyms, Antonyms, Collocations,		
	Skills	Prefixes, Suffixes at a similar difficulty		
		level of entrance tests like		
		CAT/GRE/GMAT & proficiency tests		
		like TOEFL/IELTS		
		4.2. Grammar		
		Identifying Common Errors (Subject-verb)		
		agreement, Articles. Prepositions,		
		Misplaced modifiers and Punctuations)		
		Redundancies, Idioms, Cliches at a similar		
		difficulty level of entrance tests like		
		CAT/GRE/GMAT & proficiency tests		
		like TOEFL/IELTS		
		4.3. Techniques to Improve Reading Fluency		
		and Comprehension		
		Intensive Reading		
		Extensive Reading		
		• Skimming		
		• Scanning		
		• SQ5R Method (Survey, Question,		
		Reading, Recording, Recall, Review and		
		Revise)		
		4.4. Reading &Summarisation Skills		
		• Summarising text to Graphic Organisers		
		(GO) and visa-versa. Venn diagrams,		
		Radial Diagrams (Mindmaps), Tree		
		Diagrams, Cyclic Diagrams, Flow Charts,		
		Timelines, Matrix (<i>Tables</i>), Pyramids		
		Summarising text in point form		
		• Summarising text in one-sentence central idea		
05	Module 5 -	5.1.Coherence & Cohesion in Writing	09	CO5
	Developing	Basic Units of Writing (Words, Sentences,		
	Basic Writing	Paragraphs)		
	Skills	• Coherence (Structure of written pieces,		
		CSI Order of Organisation)		
		• Cohesive Devices (Referencing,		
		Repetition, Substitution, Ellipsis,		
		Transition Signals).		
		• Structure of a Paragraph (<i>Topic Sentence</i> ,		
		Supporting Ideas, Concluding Sentence).		
		5.2. Seven Cs of Business Writing		
		• Completeness, Conciseness,		
		Consideration, Concreteness, Clarity,		
				,

		Courtesy, Correctness.		
		5.3. Format & Types of Formal Letters Parts of a Formal Letter in Complete Block Style Request/Permission Letter Claim and Adjustment Letter Sales Letter E-mails 5.4. Writing User Instructions Styles of Instruction Presentation (Impersonal, Indirect, Direct, Imperative) Describing general function/purpose of an object/process, Drawing labelled diagrams Describing labelled parts Writing User Instructions Writing Special Notices (Note, Caution, Warning, Danger) 5.5. Content Creation for Social Media and e-Commerce Platforms Blogs Poetry Keynote speeches Podcast titles Landing pages Social media posts YouTube video description Screenwriting/Script Writing (Ensure minimum 3 of these categories are covered in the form of competitions)		
06	Module 6 - Ethical and Managerial Skills for Engineers	 6.1.Team building Five stages of Team, (Forming, Storming, Norming, Performing and Adjourning) 6.2.Goal setting SMART goals – short term and long-term goals 	03	CO6
		 6.3.Ethical Considerations for Professional Integrity Fairness and Honesty Difference between Values and Ethics 		

Ethical-dilemma case studies

References:

- 1. Communication Skills by Sanjay Kumar & Pushp Lata
- 2. Business Communication with Writing Improvement Exercises. Hemphill, McCormick and Hemphill
- 3. Business Communication: Building Critical Skills by Locker, Kitty O. Kaczmarek, Stephen Kyo
- 4. Effective Business Communication by Herta Murphy
- 5. Technical Communication: Principles and Practice by Raman and Sharma
- 6. Effective Technical Communication: A Guide for Scientists and Engineers by Rizvi
- 7. Oxford Guide to Effective Writing & Speaking by John Seely
- 8. English Grammar by Raymond Murphy
- 9. Word Power Made Easy by Norman Lewis

Online References:

	https://bbclearningenglish.org
2.	https://www.bbc.co.uk/learningenglish

Assessment:

Internal Assessment Test (IAT) for 15 marks each:

• IA will consist of Two Compulsory Internal Assessment Tests. Approximately 40% to 50% of the syllabus content must be covered in the IAT-I and the remaining 40% to 50% of the syllabus content must be covered in the IAT-II.

End Semester Theory Examination:

Question paper format

- Question Paper will comprise a total of **five questions each carrying 15 marks Q.1** will be **compulsory** and should **cover the maximum contents of the syllabus**
- **Remaining questions** will be **mixed in nature** (part (a) and part (b) of each question must be from different modules. For example, if Q.2 has part (a) from Module 3 then part (b) must be from any other Module randomly selected from all the modules)
- A total of**three questions** need to be answered.

Course Code	Course Name	Teaching Scheme (Contact Hours)		Credits Assigned				
		Theory	Pract.	Tut.	Theory	Pract.	Tut.	Total
AEL101	Professional Communication and Ethics	-	2	-	-	1	•	1

Course	Course Name	Theo Inter (IAT)		ssment Test	End Sem Exam	Exam Duration			Total
Code	Course runne	IAT-I	IAT-II	IAT-I + IAT- II (Total)		(in Hrs)			
AEL101	Professional Communication and Ethics						25		25

Lab Objectives: The learners should be able to:

- 1. Effectively evaluate the dynamics of communication and navigate professional arenas
- 2. Competently acquire active listening skills by comprehending various types of Speech Acts
- 3. Critically analyse communication barriers, audience and purpose to speak proficiently
- 4. Minutely comprehend extensive texts, technical and non-technical, to execute relevant tasks
- 5. Efficiently organize and create purposeful technical writing for professional transactions
- 6. Successfully manage teams, by applying ethical standards to deliver synergistic solutions

Lab Outcomes: The learners will be able to:

- 1. Apply the understanding of communication dynamics and navigate professional arenas
- 2. Appreciate other's point of view and apply effective listening strategies
- 3. Analyse different communication barriers, audience and purpose to speak proficiently
- 4. Comprehend extensive technical and non-technical texts to execute specific tasks
- 5. Plan and create purposeful technical writing for professional transactions
- 6. Employ ethical standards and managerial skills in various professional situation

DETAILED SYLLABUS:

Si No		Practical/ Tutorial	Detailed Content	Hours	LO Mapping
1	Fundamentals of Communication	1	1.1. Situational Application of Fundamentals of Communication 1.2. Case Studies on Fundamentals of Communication	02	LO1
2	Developing Basic Listening Skills	2	2.1. Listening for Details • Listen to a song and fill in the blanks, Listen to a telephonic conversation and fill in the blanks, Listen to a story/lecture/podcast and fill in the blanks, Listen to a monologue and complete the sentences	04	LO2
			 2.2. Listening for Gist Listen to an audio recording and identify the gist/main idea/theme in the form of MCQs or True/False statements 		
			 2.3.Listening for Inference Listen to short passages and draw inferences in the form of MCQs or True/False statements 		
			 2.4. Listening Comprehension Exercises in the Language Lab or on Open Source Platforms Listening to a telephonic conversation, Listen to a Podcast 		
			Examples of the Activities That Can Be Done under the Above 4 Heads:		
			Listen to a Formal Speech Martin Luther King Jr., Swami Vivekananda Dr.A.P.J.Abdul Kalam John F. Kennedy Mr.Ratan Tata Steve Jobs		

3	Developing Basic Speaking Skills	3	Note-taking & Designing Quizzes Listen to a lecture, take notes and prepare a quiz for others Dictations Take old-fashioned dictation with special focus on punctuations and spellings Draw a Story Listen to a descriptive passage read out by the teacher on a scenery/item and draw a picture based on what you hear Labelling a Map, Plan, Diagram, Table & Flow Charts Listen to your teacher and write labels on a plan (e.g. of a building), map (e.g. of a piece of equipment), table (e.g. place/time/price), flow chart (e.g. a process which has clear stages). 3.1. Conversational Activities - Monologues Introducing yourself, Introducing others, One-minute impromptu speeches, Scaffolded story telling 3.2. Conversational Activities - Dialogues Role plays on everyday interactions, Interviews (Find out if), Information Gap Activities, Picture descriptions and feedback, Situational conversations. 3.3. Conversational Activities - Pronunciation, Stress and Rhythm, Intonation	04	LO3
			Pronunciation, Stress and Rhythm,		

			Communication Activities That Can Be Done under the Above 3 Heads: Asking for and giving information Taking initiative Seeking and giving favour/offers Requesting and responding to requests Apologizing and forgiving Seeking and giving permission Congratulating people on their success Expressing opinions, likes and dislikes, agreements and disagreements Expressing condolences Asking questions and responding politely Giving instructions Agreeing and disagreeing Asking for and giving advice and suggestions Expressing sympathy Using mobile phone Live commentary on videos on mute Debates		
4	Developing Basic Reading Skills	4	 4.1.Verbal Aptitude Reading Fluency & Comprehension Monitoring Reading short/long passages to answer MCQs based on factual, general and inferential comprehension skills Reading short/long passages to answer MCQs based on factual, general and inferential comprehension skills (Passages should be of a technical nature and minimum length of passages should be 350-400 words) 4.2. Vocabulary Building Activities Examples of Word Games: Crosswords Bingo Word Ladders 	04	LO4

	HangmanWord Association		
	4.3. Reading &Summarisation Skills • Summarising text to Graphic Organisers and visa-versa ○ Venn diagrams ○ Radial Diagrams (Mindmaps) ○ Tree Diagrams ○ Cyclic Diagrams ○ Flow Charts ○ Timelines ○ Matrix (Tables) ○ Pyramids • Summarising text in bullet points • Summarising text in one-sentence central idea		
5 Developing Basic Writing Skills	 5.1. Mechanics of Writing - Paragraph Writing Building paragraphs developing coherence (Structure of written pieces, CSI Order of Organisation) Coherence (Structure of written pieces, CSI Order of Organisation) Cohesive Devices (Referencing, Repetition, Substitution, Ellipsis, Transition Signals). Structure of a Paragraph (Topic Sentence, Supporting Ideas, Concluding Sentence). 5.2. Write Letters and eMails Request/Permission Letter Claim & Adjustment Letter Sales Letter (Complete Block format applying the seven Cs) eMails USE ONLY COMPLETE BLOCK FORMAT 5.3 Writing User Instructions on: Examples: 	04	LO5

			 Using payment system (Google Pay, PhonePe, Paytm) Using AI Tools (ChatGPT, Gemini, ZeroGPT and GPTZero) Electronic Devices/ Gadget (Gaming Console, Smartwatch) Home Appliances (Mixer-Grinder, Microwave Oven, Air Fryer) Tools (Chisel, Screw-driver) 5.4 Content Creation for Social Media and e-Commerce Platforms Examples Blogs Poetry Keynote speeches Podcast Titles Landing Pages Social media posts YouTube Video Description Screenwriting/Script Writing (Ensure minimum 3 of these categories are covered in the form of competitions) 		
6	Ethical and Managerial Skills for Engineers	6	 6.1. Ethics Case Studies on Ethical dilemma 6.2. Team building Examples Newspaper Bridges/ Towers/ Dress Building Best out of waste Obstacle Race 	02	LO6

Nos.	List of Assignments	Details	Hrs.
01	Application-based Assignment on Communication Theory	Must include Methods and Barriers from Module 1	01
02	Consolidated Listening	At least 4 type of listening activities must be taken from	01

	Skills Activity Sheet with Students' Answers	Module 2		
03	Performance-based Oral Activities (Refer below for further details)	Should be based on Continuous Evaluation of minimum 5 activities from entire lab syllabus. Follow the Common European Framework of Reference (CEFR) Rubrics for assessment.	01	
04	A. MCQ on Reading Comprehension and Summarisation with GO	A. Must cover sub-topics under Module 4	01	
	B. Objective Test on Verbal Aptitude & Grammar	B. Must be based on Module 4 at the same difficulty level of entrance tests like CAT/GRE/GMAT & proficiency tests like TOEFL/IELTS	<u> </u>	
05	Assignment on Writing Skills	Must include 3 types of letters from Module 5	01	
06	Application-based Assignment on Ethics	Case studies on ethical dilemma from Module 6	01	

References:

- 1. Communication Skills by Sanjay Kumar & Pushp Lata
- 2. Business Communication with Writing Improvement Exercises. Hemphill, McCormick and Hemphill
- 3. Business Communication: Building Critical Skills by Locker, Kitty O. Kaczmarek, Stephen Kyo
- 4. Effective Business Communication by Herta Murphy
- 5. Technical Communication: Principles and Practice by Raman and Sharma
- 6. Effective Technical Communication: A Guide for Scientists and Engineers by Rizvi
- 7. Oxford Guide to Effective Writing & Speaking by John Seely
- 8. English Grammar by Raymond Murphy
- 9. Word Power Made Easy by Norman Lewis

Online References:

Sr. No.	Website Name
1.	https://bbclearningenglish.org
2.	https://www.bbc.co.uk/learningenglish

Term Work: Term Work shall consist of at least 6 practicals' based on the above list. Also, Term work Journal must include at least 9 assignments.

Term Work Marks: 25 Marks (Total marks) = 10 Marks (Experiment) + 10 Marks (Assignments) + 5 Marks (Attendance)

Course Code	Course Name	Teaching Scheme (Contact Hours)			Credits Assigned			
		Theory	Pract.	Tut.	Theory	Pract.	Tut.	Total
VSEC101	Engineering Workshop-I	-	2	-	-	-	-	1

			Theory					Pract	Total
		Internal Assessment			End	Exam	work	/	
Course	Course Name	ŗ	Test (IAT)		Sem	Duration		Oral	
Code				IAT-I	Exam	(in Hrs)			
		IAT-	IAT-	+ IAT-					
		I	II	II					
				(Total)					
VSEC101	Engineering Workshop-I						25		25

Lab Objectives

- 1. Toimpart trainingto helpthe studentsdevelop engineeringskill sets.
- 2. Toinculcaterespectforphysicalworkandhard labor.
- 3. Togetexposureto the interdisciplinaryengineeringdomain.

Lab Outcomes: Learnerswillbeableto...

- 1. Developthenecessaryskill required to handle/used if ferent fitting tools.
- 2. Developskillrequired forhardwaremaintenance.

- 3. Ableto installan operatingsystem and system drives.
- 4. Ableto identifythe networkcomponents and performbasic networkingand crimping.
- 5. Abletopreparetheedgesofjobsand dosimplearcwelding.
- 6. Developthenecessaryskill required to handle/use different plumbing tools and simple job.

Sr. No.	DetailedContent	Hrs.	LO Mapping
	Note: Trade 1 and 2 are compulsory. Select any ONE trade topics out of the topic at trade 3 to 5.Demonstrations and hands on experience to be provided during the periods allotted for thesame. Report on the demonstration including suitable sketches is also to be included in the termwork CO-1isrelatedtoTrade-1 CO-2to CO-4isrelatedtoTrade-2CO-5is related to Trade-3 CO-6 is related to Trade-4CO-7isrelatedtoTrade-5		
	COevaluationis tobedoneaccordingtotheoptedTradesin additiontoCompulsoryTrades.		
Trade-1	 Fitting(Compulsory): Useandsettingoffittingtoolsforchipping,cutting,filing,marking, centerpunching, drilling,tapping. Termworktoincludeonejobinvolvingfollowingoperations:filing tosize, onesimple male-femalejoint, drillingandtapping 	04	LO1
Trade-2	HardwareandNetworking:(Compulsory) • DismantlingofaPersonalComputer(PC),IdentificationofComp onentsofaPCsuchaspowersupply,motherboard,processor,hard disk, memory (RAM, ROM), CMOS battery, CD drive, monitor,keyboard,mouse,printer,scanner,pendrives,diskdrivesetc .□AssemblingofPC,InstallationofOperatingSystem(Anyone)and Device drivers,Boot-upsequence.Installation of application software(at least one)□ Basic troubleshooting and maintenance□Identificationof network components: LAN card, wireless card, switch, hub, router,differenttypesofnetworkcables(straightcables,crossoverca bles,rollovercables)Basicnetworkingandcrimping.NOTE:Handso nexperienceto be given inagroup ofnot morethanfourstudents	06	LO2, LO3, LO4
Trade-3	Welding: • Edge preparation for welding jobs. Arc welding for different job like, Lap welding of two plates, butt welding of plates with simple cover, arcweldingto join plates at right angles.	06	LO5

Trade4	 Plumbing: Useofplumbingtools, spanners, wrenches, threadingdies, demon stration of preparation of a domestic line involving fixing of awatertapand useofcoupling, elbow, tee, and unionetc. 	04	LO6
Trade-5	MachineShop: • Atleastoneturningjobistobedemonstratedandsimplejobtobemad eforTerm Work in a group of4 students.	06	LO6

Term Work: Term Work shall consist of at least 3 Trade based on the above list. Also, Term work. **Term Work Marks:** 25 Marks (Total marks) = 20 Marks (Workshop Experiment) + 5 Marks (Attendance)

Course Code	Course Name	Teaching Scheme (Contact Hours)			Credits Assigned			
		Theory	Pract.	Tut.	Theory	Pract .	Tut	Total
VSEC102	C Programming		2*+2	-		2	-	2

		Examination Scheme							
Course				Theory			Term	Pract	Total
Code	Course						work	/	
	Name							Oral	
		Inte	ernal		End	Exam			
		Ass	essment	Test	Sem	Duration			
		(IAT)		Exam	(in Hrs)			
		IAT-I	IAT-	IAT-I +					
			II	IAT-II					
				(Total)					
VSEC102	C Programming	-	-	-	-	-	25	25	50

Lab Objectives: This subject aims to provide students with an understanding of the role computation can play in solving problems. The Course will be taught using C-Programming Language.

1. Understand and use basic terminology in computer programming.

- 2. Use various data types in C programs effectively.
- 3. Design and implement programs involving decision structures, loops, and functions.
- 4. Design Implement Arrays, String, and Structure
- 5. Describe and utilize memory dynamics through the use of pointers.
- 6. Use different data structures and create/update basic data files in C.

Lab Outcomes: Learners will be able to

- 1. Illustrate the basic terminology used in computer programming.
- 2. Use different data types in a computer program.
- 3. Design programs involving decision structures, loops and functions.
- 4. Implement Arrays, String, and Structure
- 5. Describe the dynamics of memory by the use of pointers.
- 6. Use different data structures and create/update basic data files.

DETAILED SYLLABUS

Sr. No	Module	Detailed Content	Hours	LO mapping
1	Fundament als of C- Programmi ng	 1.1 Character Set, Identifiers and keywords, Data types, Constants, Variables. 1.2 Operators-Arithmetic, Relational and logical, Assignment, Unary, Conditional, Bitwise, Comma, other operators. Expression, statements, Library Functions, Preprocessor. 1.3 Data Input and Output – getchar(), putchar(), scanf(), printf(), gets(), puts(), Structure of C program . 	06	LO1, LO2
2	Control Structures	 2.1 Branching - If statement, If-else Statement, Multiway decision. 2.2 Looping – while, do-while, for 2.3 Nested control structure- Switch statement, Continue statement Break statement, Goto statement. 	05	LO3

3	Functions and Parameter	 3.1 Function -Introduction of Function, Function Main, defining a Function, accessing a Function, Function Prototype, Passing Arguments to a Function, Recursion. 3.2 Storage Classes –Auto, Extern, Static, Register 	05	LO3
4	Arrays , String Structure	 4.1 Array-Concepts, Declaration, Definition, Accessing array element, One-dimensional and Multidimensional array. 4.2 String- Basic of String, Array of String, Functions in String.h 4.3 Structure- Declaration, Initialization, structure within structure, Operation on structures, Array of Structure. 	05	LO4
5	Pointer	5.1 Pointer: Introduction, Definition and uses of Pointers, Address Operator, Pointer Variables, Dereferencing Pointer, Void Pointer, Pointer Arithmetic, Pointers to Pointers, Pointers and Array.	03	LO5
6	Files	6.1 Files: File operation- Opening, Closing, Creating, Reading, Processing File.	02	LO6

Text Books

- 1. "Basics of Computer Science", by BehrouzForouzan, Cengage Learning.
- 2. "Programming Techniques through C", by M. G. Venkateshmurthy, Pearson Publication.
- 3. "Programming in ANSI C", by E. Balaguruswamy, Tata McGraw-Hill Education.
- 4. "Programming in C", by Pradeep Day and Manas Gosh, Oxford University Press.
- 5. "Let Us C", by Yashwant Kanetkar, BPB Publication.

Reference Books

- 1. "The C Programming Language" by Brian W. Kernighan and Dennis M. Ritchie, Publisher: Prentice Hall
 - Publication Date: February 22, 1988, ISBN-13: 978-0131103627,
- 2. "C Programming: A Modern Approach" by K. N. King, Publisher: W. W. Norton & Company Publication Date: April 26, 2008 (2nd Edition), ISBN-13: 978-0393979503
- **3.** "C Primer Plus" by Stephen Prata, Publisher: Addison-Wesley Professional Publication Date: December 27, 2013 (6th Edition) ISBN-13: 978-0321928429
- **4.** "Programming in C" by Stephen G. Kochan Publisher: Addison-Wesley Professional Publication Date: August 18, 2014 (4th Edition) ISBN-13: 978-0321776419

Online Resources:

Sr. No.	Website Name
1.	Learn C - This website offers a free, interactive tutorial to learn C programming,
	covering both basic and advanced topics.
2.	Codecademy - Codecademy provides a comprehensive, interactive course for learning
	C, complete with real-world projects and skill paths.
3.	Coursera - Coursera, in collaboration with Duke University, offers a specialization in C
	programming, including hands-on projects and a certificate upon completion.
4.	edX - This course, offered by edX, covers C programming with a focus on Linux,
	including professional certification.

Sr No	Suggested List of Experiments	H rs
01	 a) Program to demonstrate Operators Data Input and Output – getchar(), putchar(), scanf(), printf(), gets(), puts() b) Program to demonstrate Operators-Arithmetic, Relational and logical, Assignment, Unary, Conditional, Bitwise, Comma, other operators. 	02
02	 a) Program to demonstrate Branching - If statement, If-else Statement, Multiway decision. b) Program to demonstrate Looping – while, do-while a) Program to demonstrate Nested control structure- Switch statement, Continue statement, Break statement, Goto statement 	02
04	 a) Program to demonstrate Function, Passing Arguments to a Function (call by value and call by reference a) Implement an iterative function for factorial/ Fibonacci etc. b) Implement a recursive function for factorial/ Fibonacci etc. 	02
06	a) Program to demonstrate Storage Classes –Auto, Extern, Static, Register	02
07	c) Program to demonstrate Array 1D, d) Program to demonstrate Array 2D	02
08	e) Program to demonstrate String f) Program to demonstrate String arrays of string	02
09	Program to demonstrate Structure Write a program to store and display information of a student/employee etc. using structures. a) Define a structure. b) Read and store details. c) Display the stored information.	02
10	Program to demonstrate pointers a) Define a node structure. b) Implement functions to insert, delete, and display nodes.	02

11	Program to demonstrate files	02
	Write a program to maintain a simple student/employee etc. database using	
	file handling.	
	a) Open a file to store student records.	
	b) Implement functions to add, update, and display records.	
	c) Ensure data persistence by saving changes to the file.	
12	Implement one small application using Function, Files, Structure and	02
	Pointers concepts you have learnt in C (eg. : Simple Library Management	
	System	
	1. Functions: Add, display, and search books. 2. Files: Store and retrieve	
	book data. 3. Structures: Represent a book. 4. Pointers: Manage the list of	
	books dynamically	

Sr No	List of Assignments / Tutorials	Hrs
01	Flowcharts for programs	
02	Functions and Parameter	
03	Control Structures	03
04	Functions and Parameter	02
05	Arrays, String Structure and Union	
06	Pointer and Files	

Assessment:

Term Work: Term Work shall consist of at least 10 to 12 practicals' based on the above list. Also, Term work Journal must include at least 2 assignments.

Term Work Marks: 25 Marks (Total marks) = 15 Marks (Experiment) + 5 Marks (Assignments) + 5 Marks (Attendance)

Practical & Oral Exam: An Oral & Practical exam will be held based on the above syllabus.

Course	Course Name	Teaching Scheme (Contact Hours)		Credits Assigned				
Code		Theory	Pract.	Tut.	Theory	Pract.	Tut.	Total
CC101	Induction cum Universal Human Values	2#	-	-	-	-	-	2

				Theo	ory		Term	Pract /	Total
			ernal essmen	t Test	End	Exam	work	Oral	
Course	Caura Nama	(IAT		t rest	Sem	Duration			
Code	Course Name			IAT-I +	Exam	(in Hrs)			
				IAT-II		(=======)			
		IAT-I	IAT-II	(Total)					
	Induction cum								
CC101	Universal								
	Human Values								

Rationale:

"The purpose of the education system is to develop good human beings capable of rational thought and action, possessing compassion and empathy..., with sound ethical moorings and values. It aims

at producing engaged, productive, and contributing citizens for building an equitable, inclusive, and plural society as envisaged by our Constitution. Education must develop not only cognitive capacities... but also social, ethical, and emotional capacities and dispositions.... Education is fundamental for achieving full human potential, developing an equitable and just society, and promoting national development... A holistic and multidisciplinary education would aim to develop all capacities of human beings – intellectual, aesthetic, social, physical, emotional, and moral in an integrated manner" [NEP 2020, p 4].

UHV courses are intended to help students to develop a holistic, humane world vision. A self-reflective, explorational methodology is adopted. All content discussed is universal, rational, and verifiable, and leads to harmony.

Holistic education inculcates the following three aspects in the student:

- 1. **Holistic, Humane Vision of Life** harmonious individual to cosmos
- 2. **Human Values** human feelings, participation based on holistic vision
- 3. **Skills** required to live with these values in mutual relationship at all levels of human existence

Course Objectives:

The objective of the course is:

- 1. Development of a holistic perspective based on self-exploration about themselves (human being), family, society and nature/existence.
- 2. Understanding (or developing clarity) of the harmony in the human being, family, society and nature/existence
- 3. Strengthening of self-reflection.
- 4. Development of commitment and courage to act.
- 5. Prepare learner for achieving full human potential who can be contribute for developing an equitable and just society, and promoting national development
- **6.** developing clarity of these fundamental universal human values to help the learner in understanding and living by the various specific expressions. E.g., National values enshrined in the Constitution, aspirations articulated in NEP 2020, UN MDGs and SDGs...

Course Outcomes: After completion of the course learner will be able to

- 1. Identify basic human aspirations and programme for its fulfilment.
- 2. Express existing reality of Human being
- 3. Explain the values in human-human relationship and program for its fulfilment to ensure mutual happiness.
- 4. Describe harmony in surroundings family and society.
- 5. Explain harmony nature, existence as coexistence and become more responsible in life, in handling problems with sustainable solutions.
- 6. Apply what they have learnt to their own self in day-to-day life and utilize the professional competence for augmenting universal human order, develop holistic technologies, management models and production systems.

Prerequisite: There is no prerequisite for this course.

DETAILED SYLLABUS:

Sr. No.	Name of Module	Detailed Content	Hours	CO Mapping
0	Prerequisite	No prerequisite		

I	Introduction - Need, Basic Guidelines, Content and Process for Value Education	Purpose and motivation for the course, Self-Exploration, Continuous Happiness and Prosperity- the basic Human Aspirations, Right understanding, Relationship and Physical Facility- the basic requirements for fulfilment of aspirations, Understanding Happiness and Prosperity correctly- A critical appraisal of the current scenario, Method to fulfil the above human aspirations.	05	CO1
II	Understanding Harmony in the Human Being	Understanding human being as a co-existence of the sentient 'I' and the material 'Body'. Understanding the needs of Self ('I') and 'Body' - happiness and physical facility. the Body as an instrument of 'I', characteristics and activities of 'I' and harmony in 'I', harmony of I with the Body: Self-regulation and Health; correct appraisal of Physical needs, meaning of Prosperity in detail, Programs to ensure Self-regulation and Health.	04	CO2
III	Understanding Harmony in the Family	Understanding values in human-human relationship and program for its fulfilment to ensure mutual happiness; Trust and Respect as the foundational values of relationship, the other salient values in relationship	07	CO3
IV	Understanding Harmony in the Society	Understanding the harmony in the society (society being an extension of family): Resolution, Prosperity, fearlessness (trust) and co-existence as comprehensive Human Goals, Visualizing a universal harmonious order in society- Undivided Society, Universal Orderfrom family to world family.	03	CO4
V	Understanding Harmony in the Nature and Existence - Whole existence as Coexistence	Understanding the harmony in the Nature, Interconnectedness and mutual fulfilment among the four orders of nature, cyclability and self-regulation in nature. Understanding Existence as Co-existence of mutually interacting units in all pervasive space, Holistic perception of harmony at all levels of existence.	04	CO5
VI	Implications of the Holistic Understanding of Harmony on Professional Ethics	Natural acceptance of human values, Definitiveness of Ethical Human Conduct, Basis for Humanistic Education, Humanistic Constitution and Humanistic. Universal Order, Competence in professional ethics: Ability to utilize the professional competence for augmenting universal human order and identify the scope and characteristics of people friendly and eco-friendly production systems. Ability to identify and develop appropriate technologies and management patterns for above production systems. Case studies of typical holistic	03	CO6

technologies, management models and	
production systems, Strategy for transition from	
the present state to Universal Human Order. Sum	
up.	

(In every module one lecture can be used for students sharing and discussion)

Text Books:

- 1. A Foundation Course in Human Values and Professional Ethics, R R Gaur, R Asthana, G P Bagaria, 3rd Revised Edition, Excel Books, New Delhi, 2019. ISBN 978-93-87034-47-1
- 2. The Teacher's Manual Teachers" Manual for A Foundation Course in Human Values and Professional Ethics, R R Gaur, R Asthana, G P Bagaria, 2nd Revised Edition, Excel Books, New Delhi, 2019. ISBN 978-93-87034-53-2
- 3. A Foundation Course in Holistic Human Health Its Philosophy and Practice, Sharmila Asthana, Akhilesh Shukla, T Sundara Raj Perumall, 1st Edition, October 2023, Published by UHV Publications, , Kanpur, UP.7

A References:

- 1. Jeevan Vidya: EkParichaya, A Nagaraj, Jeevan Vidya
- 2. Prakashan, Amarkantak, 1999.
- 3. Human Values, A.N. Tripathi, New Age Intl. Publishers, New Delhi, 2004.
- 4. The Story of Stuff (Book).
- 5. The Story of My Experiments with Truth by Mohandas Karamchand Gandhi
- 6. Small is Beautiful E. F Schumacher.
- 7. Slow is Beautiful Cecile Andrews
- 8. Economy of Permanence J C Kumarappa
- 9. Bharat Mein Angreji Raj Pandit Sunderlal
- 10. Rediscovering India by Dharampal
- 11. Hind Swaraj or Indian Home Rule by Mohandas K. Gandhi
- 12. India Wins Freedom Maulana Abdul Kalam Azad
- 13. Vivekananda Romain Rolland (English)
- 14. Gandhi Romain Rolland (English)

Online References:

Ommie itt	of the control of the
Sr. No.	Website Name
3.	https://uhv.org.in

Note:

- 1. This is an audit course.
- 2. This course is to be taught by faculty from every teaching department
- 3. Lecture hours are to be used for interactive discussion, placing the proposals about the topics at hand and motivating students to reflect, explore and verify them.
- 4. In the discussions, the mentor encourages the student to connect with one's own self and do self-observation, self-reflection and self-exploration
- 5. One or two periods from each module may be used for tutorials. These are important for the course. The difference is that the laboratory is everyday life, and practical are how you behave and work in real life.
- 6. Depending on the nature of topics, worksheets, home assignment and/or activity can be included. The practice sessions (tutorials) would also provide support to a student in performing actions commensurate to his/her beliefs. It is intended that this would lead to development of commitment, namely behaving and working based on basic human values.

Course		Teach	ing Sche	me	Credits Assigned			
Course	Course Name	(Con	tact Hou	rs)	Credits Assigned			
Code		Theory	Pract	Tut.	Theory	TW/Pract	Tut.	Total
BSC201	Applied Mathematics-II	02		01	02		01	03

				Exai	mination	ո Scheme	9		
Course Code	Course Name	Interi Test (nal Asse	IAT-I + IAT-II (Total)	End Sem Exam	Torm		Oral	Total

BSC201	Applied Mathematics-II	20	20	40	60	25	 	125
								i

Course Objectives

- 1. The course is aimed to develop the basic Mathematical skills of engineering students that are imperative for effective understanding of engineering subjects. The topics introduced will serve as basic tools for specialized studies in many fields of engineering andtechnology.
- 2. To provide hands on experience in using SCILAB software to handle applications to real life problems.

Course Outcomes: Students will be able to...

- 1. Apply the concepts of First Order and first degree Differential equation to the problems in the field ofengineering.
- 2. Apply the concepts of Higher Order Linear Differential equation to the engineering problems.
- 3. Apply concepts of Beta and Gamma function to solve improperintegrals.
- 4. Apply concepts of Double integral of different coordinate systems to the engineering problems.
- 5. Apply concepts of triple integral of different coordinate systems to the engineering problems and its application.
- 6. Solve differential equations and integrations numerically using SCILAB software to experimental aspect of applied mathematics.

DETAILED SYLLABUS

Module	DetailedContents	Hrs.	CO Mapping
01	Differential Equations of First Order and First Degree 1.1 Exact differential Equations, Equations reducible to exact form by using integrating factors. 1.2 Linear differential equations (Review), equation reducible to linear form, Bernoulli's equation. # Self learning topics: Simple application of differential equation of first order and first degree to electrical and Mechanical Engineering problem	3 2	CO1
	Linear Differential Equations With Constant Coefficients of		
02	Higher Order 2.1 Linear Differential Equation with constant coefficient-complementary function, particular integrals of differential equation of the type $f(D)y = X$ where X is e^{ax} , $\sin(ax + b),\cos(ax + b),x^m,e^{ax}V$	3	CO2
	2.2 Method of variation ofparameters.# Self learning topics: Cauchy's homogeneous linear differential equation and Legendre's differential equation, Applications of Higher		

	order differential equation.		
	Beta and Gamma Function, Differentiation under Integral sign		
03	3.1 Beta and Gamma functions and itsproperties.	2	CO3
	3.2 Differentiation under integral sign with constant limits of integration.	2	COS
	# Self learning topics: Rectification of curves.(Cartesian, Polar and Parametric)		
	Multiple Integration- I Pre-requisite: Tracing of curves		
04		2	
	4.1 Double integration-definition, Evaluation of Double Integrals.(Cartesian & Polar)		CO4
	integrals.(Cartesian & Folar)		
	4.2 Change the order of integration.(No Evaluation)	1	
	4.3 Evaluation of double integrals by changing to polarcoordinates	2	
	Multiple Integration- II		
05	5.1 Triple integration definition and evaluation (Cartesian, cylindrical	2	CO5
	and spherical polar coordinates).	2	
	5.2 Application of double integrals to compute Area, Mass. # Self learning topics: Application of triple integrals to compute Volume.		
0.6	Numerical solution of ordinary differential equations of first		
06	order and first degree, and , Numerical Integration		
	6.1 Numerical solution of ordinary differential equation using (a) Euler'smethod	3	CO6
	(b) Modified Euler method, (c) Runge-Kutta fourth order method		
	6.2 Numerical integration-by (a) Trapezoidal (b) Simpson's 1/3rd (c) Simpson's 3/8th rule (all without proof)	1	

References:

- 1. Higher Engineering Mathematics, Dr.B.S.Grewal, KhannaPublication
- 2. Advanced Engineering Mathematics, Erwin Kreyszig, Wiley EasternLimited,9thEd.
- 3. Engineering Mathematics by Srimanta Pal and SubodhBhunia, Oxford University Press
- 4. Applied Numerical Methods with MATLAB for Engineers and Scientists by Steven Chapra, McGrawHill
- 5. Elementary Linear Algebra with Application by Howard Anton and Christ Rorres. 6th edition. John Wiley &Sons,INC.

Term Work:

General Instructions:

- 1. Batch wise tutorials are to be conducted. The number of students per batch should be asper University pattern for practical.
- 2. Students must be encouraged to write SCILAB Programs in tutorial class only. Each Student has to write at least 4 SCILAB tutorials (including print out) and at least 6 class tutorials on entiresyllabus.
- 3. SCILAB Tutorials will be based on (i) Euler Method, (ii) Modified Euler Method, (iii) Runge-Kutta Method of fourth order , (iv) Trapezoidal Rule , (v) Simpson's 1/3rdRule
- (vi) Simpson's 3/8th rule

The distribution of Term Work marks will be as follows –

1. Attendance (Theory and Tutorial)	: 05 marks
2. Class Tutorials on entire syllabus	: 10marks
3. SCILAB Tutorials	: 10 marks

Assessment:

Internal Assessment (IA) for 20 marks each:

• IA will consist of Two Compulsory Internal Assessment Tests. Approximately 40% to 50% of the syllabus content must be covered in the IAT-I and the remaining 40% to 50% of the syllabus content must be covered in the IAT-II.

End Semester Theory Examination:

- Question paper format
 - Question Paper will comprise a total of six questions each carrying 15 marks Q.1 will be compulsory and should cover the maximum contents of the syllabus
 - Remaining questions will be mixed in nature (part (a) and part (b) of each question must be from different modules. For example, if Q.2 has part (a) from Module 3 then part (b) must be from any other Module randomly selected from all the modules)
 - A total of **four questions** need to be answered.

Course Code	Course Name	Teaching Scheme (Contact Hours)			Credits Assigned			
0042		Theory	Pract.	Tut.	Theory	Pract.	Tut.	Total
BSC2021	Physics for Emerging Fields	2		-	2		-	2

		Theory	7		Ter	Pract	Total
Course					m	/	
Code	Course Name				work	Oral	
Couc		Internal Assessment	End	Exam			
		Test (IAT)	Sem	Duratio			

		IAT-	IAT-	IAT-I	Exa	n		
		I	II	+ IAT-	m	(in Hrs)		
				II				
				(Total)				
BSC2021	Physics for Emerging Fields	15	15	30	45	2		75

Rationale:

This course discusses basic aspects and working principles of frontier technologies which are in trend and in frontier research. Modules are designed to provide conceptual clarity of technologies of the 21st century ranging from Imaging to Energy Harvesting where AI and Data analytic are going to play an important role. Creative young minds have larger scope to explore in these areas with the skill sets they are going to acquire in having specific training in their selected Branch of engineering.

Course Objectives:

- 1. To demonstrate the use of Solar Power system and basic designing of solar power stations.
- 2. To explain basic working principle of Image sensors and their use and fundamentals of image processing.
- 3. To explain MEMS technology and sensor construction
- 4. To describe various types of fuel cell and its selection
- 5. To provide fundamentals of Energy harvesting
- 6. To discuss nanotechnology applications in Nano computing

Course Outcomes:

- 1. Learners will be able to MEASURE solar Power and CONSTRUCT basic solar power system .[BT 3]
- 2. Learners will be able to MEASURE Chromaticity and ILLUSTRATE colour matching concept..[BT3]
- 3. Learners will be able to ILLUSTRATE use of MEMS sensors {BT2]
- 4. Learners will be able to DESCRIBE various Fuel cells and its components [BT2]
- 5. Learner will be able to ASSIMILATE concept of Energy harvesting and its role in emerging innovative eco friendly applications. [BT2]
- 6. Learner will be able to EXPLAIN AI integration in various nanotechnology applications.[BT2]

DETAILED SYLLABUS:

	Name of Module	Detailed Content	Hours	CO Mapping
0	Prerequisite	P-n- junction, working principle of optical fibre, Basics of sound, electric field, magnetic field, conductivity, mobility, Basics of Crystal Physics (Unit cell, Space lattice, Crystal systems), X-rays, Frequency ranges in electromagnetic spectrum, classification of sound, Electrostatic focusing, magneto-static		
I	solar Energy	focusing. Conversion of solar Energy in to Electricity ,PhotovoltaicEffect and Solar Cells working principle , Types of Solar Cells , Series & parallel solar cell connections . Applications of Solar system .	4	CO1
II	OPTICAL Imaging	Imaging sensors CCD , CMOS construction and working , Image formation .(Monochrome and Colour) Chromaticity diagram , Chromaticity coordinates, Colour Measurement &colour matching	4	CO2
III	Micro Electro - Mechanical Systems	Overview of MEMS , Intrinsic Characteristics of MEMS , Microsensors and microactuators , Materials for MEMS (Silicon , polymer , Metal) , Packaging and encapsulation of MEMS .	4	CO3

IV	Fuel Cell	Introduction, Classification of Fuel cell Construction & working of Alkaline Fuel cell, Molten carbonate fuel cell, Polymer electrolyte membrane Cell, Solid OXide fuel cell.	4	CO4
V	Energy harvesting	Piezoelectric Effect, Materials and models for Piezoelectric effect, Piezoelectric Electricity generator, energy harvesting application, human power	4	CO5
VI	Nanocomputing	NanocomputerIntroduction , Nano computer Building block , DNA Carbon nanotubes and nanowires, CHEMICALLY ASSEMBLED ELECTRONIC NANOTECHNOLOGY (CAEN)	6	CO6

Text Books:

- 1. Terrestrial Solar Photovoltaics: Tapan Bhattacharya: Narosa Publication House
- 2. Essential Principles of Image Sensors: by Takao Kuroda: oreilly Publication
- 3. Fuel cells from fundamentals to Applications By S Srinivasan , L. Krishnana, C Marozzi, Springer
- 4. Piezo electric Energy Harvesting Willey
- 5 Designing Nano computer

https://rguir.inflibnet.ac.in/bitstream/123456789/16635/1/9781984664167.pdf

- 6. Digital Image Processing Rafael C. Gonzalez, Richard E. Woods, Pearson Prentice Hall
- 7. Designing Nano computer

https://rguir.inflibnet.ac.in/bitstream/123456789/16635/1/9781984664167.pdf

- 8. Instrumentation & Measurement Techniques by Albert D. Helfrick & William D. Cooper (PHI) Edition
- 9. A Textbook of Nanoscience and Nanotechnology, T. Pradeep Tata McGraw Hill Education Pvt. Ltd., 2012

References:

- 1. Handbook of Modern Sensors Physics design and application- Jacob Fraden, Springer, AIP press.
- 2. Fundamentals of Physics, Halliday and Resnick, Wiley publication
- 3. Textbook of and Nanoscience Nanotechnology B S Murty, S Shankar, Springer Universities Press

Online References:

Sr. No.	Website Name
1.	https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc23_ee95/preview
2.	https://repositorio.uam.es/bitstream/handle/10486/665596/artificial_sacha_NT_2013_
	<u>ps.pdf</u>
3.	https://biogenericpublishers.com/pdf/JBGSR.MS.ID.00147.pdf
4	https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/117/105/117105082/
5	https://www.bharathuniv.ac.in/page_images/pdf/courseware_eee/Notes/NE3/BEE026
	%20MEMS.pdf

Assessment:

Internal Assessment Test (IAT) for 20 marks each:

• IA will consist of Two Compulsory Internal Assessment Tests. Approximately 40% to 50% of the syllabus content must be covered in the IAT-I and the remaining 40% to 50% of the syllabus content must be covered in the IAT-II.

End Semester Theory Examination:

Question paper format

- Question Paper will comprise a total of **five questions each carrying 15 marks Q.1** will be **compulsory** and should **cover the maximum contents of the syllabus**
- Remaining questions will be mixed in nature (part (a) and part (b) of each question must be from different modules. For example, if Q.2 has part (a) from Module 3 then part (b) must be from any other Module randomly selected from all the modules)
- A total of **three questions** need to be answered

Course	Course Name	Teaching Scheme (Contact Hours)			Credits Assigned			
Code	Code		Pract.	Tut.	Theory	Pract.	Tut.	Total
BSL2011	Physics for Emerging Fields Lab		1	-		0.5	-	0.5

			Examination Scheme						
		Th							
Course Code	Course Name	Internal assessment (IAT)		End	Term Wor	Practical/	Total		
		IAT IAT- I II	IAT-I + IAT-II (Total)	Sem. Exam	k	Oral	Total		

Fields Lab

Lab Objectives:

- 1. To develop scientific understanding of the physics concepts.
- 2. To develop the ability to explain the processes and applications related to science subjects.
- 3. To apply skills and knowledge in real life situations.
- 4. To improve the knowledge about the theory concepts of Physics learned in the class.
- 5. To improve ability to analyze experimental result and write laboratory report.
- 6. To develop understanding about inferring and predicting.

Lab Outcomes:

Learners will be able to

- 1. Learn Characteristics and use of Photovoltaic Cell
- 2. Learn Characteristics and use of MEMS sensors
- 3. Learn to use color sensors and Color measurement
- 4. Learn to Calibrate RGB LED
- 5. Learn to use CMOS image sensor
- 6. Learn use of virtual lab and simulation Experiments

List of Experiments. (Minimum five experiments required)

Sr No	List of Experiments	Hrs	LO
01	Measurements of V-I characteristics (Load) Photovoltaic Cell	01	LO1
02	Study of power out of series and parallel combinations of Photovoltaic cells	01	LO1
03	Study of MEMS pressure Sensor	01	LO2
04	study of colour sensor	01	LO3
05	Study of Chromaticity diagram with RGB led	01	LO4
06	Study of directivity and frequency response of MEMS microphone	01	LO2
07	Study of CMOS image sensor and Colour calibration	01	LO3
08	Study of a piezoelectric electric transducer as energy source	01	LO2
09	Study of a Chromaticity &colour matching using Chromatic Vision simulator	01	LO3
10	Simulation experiments based on nanotechnology using open source simulation	02	LO6

11	•	pased on syllabus may be included, which would erstand concept. ,after defining a suitable LO LO6								
Course	Course Name		hing Sch ntact Hou			Credits .	s Assigned			
Code		Theory	Pract.	Tut.	Theory	Pract.	Tu	t.	Total	
BSC202 2	Semiconductor Physics	2		-	2		-		2	

Term Work Marks: 25 Marks (Total marks) = 10 Marks (Experiment) + 10 Marks Project + 5 Marks (Attendance)

Project work: Execution of project as per the plan submitted in semester-I, A working model or a simulation model or a study report leading to a conclusion as anticipated in semester –I is required to

				Theory				Pract	Total
		Inter	nal Asso (IAT)	essment	End Sem	Exam Duration	work	/ Oral	
Course	Course Name	IAT-	IAT-	IAT-I	Exam	(in Hrs)		Olai	
Code		I	II	+ ITA-		,			
				II (T-4-1)					
				(Total)					
BSC2022	Semiconductor Physics	15	15	30	45	2			75

be used for awarding marks. A proper rubric should be framed.

Rationale:

Most of the engineering branches are being off-spring of basic sciences where physics is playing a pivotal role in concept and understanding of foundation of core engineering branches. This syllabus is developed by keeping in mind, needs of all branches that we offer in University of Mumbai. In the distribution of modules, core physics and its applied form are given priority. Further, it is ensured that these modules will cover prerequisites needed and will remain aligned to the requirements for a certain group of engineering courses to be introduced in higher semesters as core subjects or as interdisciplinary subjects.

Course Objectives:

- To provide students with a basic understanding of Semiconductors in the field of Basic Engineering.
- 2. To explain basic importance of p-n junction diodes.
- 3. To learn about few special diode important for semiconductor industry.

- 4. To understand the basics of transistors and their applications in the field of electronics.
- 5. To build foundation of Field effect transistors and their applications.
- 6. To give exposure to the upcoming field of Nano technology in the field of solid state physics.

Course Outcomes:

- 1. Learners will be able to **USE** and **DEMOSTRATE** his/her ability earned here to **apply** it to calculate Hall voltage
- 2. Learners will be able to **CALCULATE** barrier potential and **PLOT I-V** characteristics of p-n junction diode.
- 3. Learners will be able to **PLOT** I V characteristics and understand their applications of some special diodes
- 4. Learners will be able to **CALCULATE** current gain and **PLOT I-V** characteristics for CB-CE configurations.
- 5. Learner will be able to **PLOT** I-V characteristics and understand applications of FETs
- 6. Learner will be able to **APPLY** the knowledge of Nano Technology to certain emerging areas of technology.

Sr. No.	Name of Module	Detailed Content	Hours	CO Mapping
	Prerequisite	Band theory of solids Fermi Dirac	-	-
		Distribution function Density of		
		states and		
1	Basics of	Types of semiconductors, Carrier	4	CO1
	Semiconductors	Concentration in Intrinsic		
		Semiconductors, Fermi level of		
		Intrinsic Semiconductors, Variation		
		of Fermi level of Intrinsic		
		Semiconductors, wrttemperature.		
		Extrinsic Semiconductors, Fermi		
		level of Extrinsic Semiconductors,		
		Variation of Fermi level of		
		Extrinsic Semiconductors, wrt		
		temperature and Impurity		
		Concentration, Equation of		
		conductivity with current flow, Hall		
		Effect, Calculation of Hall Voltage.		
2	Junction diode	Formation of p-n junction,	4	CO2

		calculation of barrier potential		
		Diode equation, p-n junction in		
		forward Bias, p-n junction in		
		Reverse bias, Current- voltage		
		curve for p-n junction diode, LED		
		and its working		
3	Important Diodes	Working of: Photo diode, solar	4	CO3
		cell, Zenerdiode ,Varactor diode ,		
		Gunn diode and their applications.		
4	Bipolar Junction	BJT Structure and Operation - BJT	4	CO4
	Transistors	structure, Modes of operation,CB,		
		CE I-V characteristics BJT		
		Amplification and Switching -		
		Current gain, BJT as a switch,		
5	Field Effect	Field-Effect Transistors (FETs) -	6	CO5
	Transistors	FET types: JFET, MOSFET,		
		Structure and operation MOSFETs		
		in Detail - MOSFET structure,		
		Enhancement and depletion modes,		
		Threshold voltage MOSFET		
		Applications - MOSFET as a		
		switch,		
6	NanoTechnology	Introduction to Nanotechnology,	4	CO6
		Properties (optical, Electrical,		
		Structural, Mechanical) Importance		
		of surface to Volume ratio,		
		Bonding in solids (Vander walls		
		interactions), Application:		
		Lithography, Single Electron		
		Transfer (SET), Spin Valves.		

Text Books:

- 1. Engineering Physics by D.K Bhttacharya, PoonamTandon Oxford University Press
- 2. Solid State Electronic Devices B. G. Streetman Pearson
- 3. Electronic Devices and Circuits Homas Floyd Pearson
- 4. Electronic Devices and Circuits David A. Bell Oxford University Press

References:

- 1. Semiconductor Physics and Devices Basic Principles Donald Neamen McGraw Hill
- 2. Physics of Semiconductor Devices S.M. Sze, Kwok K. Ng John Wiley & Sons
- 3. Electronic Devices and Circuit Theory R. Boylestad, L Nashelsky Pearson

Online References:

Sr. No.	Website Name
4.	https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/108/108/108108122/
5.	https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc22_ee97/preview
3.	https://www.optima.ufam.edu.br/SemPhys/Downloads/Neamen.pdf

Assessment:

Internal Assessment Test (IAT) for 20 marks each:

• IA will consist of Two Compulsory Internal Assessment Tests. Approximately 40% to 50% of the syllabus content must be covered in the IAT-I and the remaining 40% to 50% of the syllabus content must be covered in the IAT-II.

End Semester Theory Examination:

Question paper format

- Question Paper will comprise a total of **five questions each carrying 15 marks Q.1** will be **compulsory** and should **cover the maximum contents of the syllabus**
- Remaining questions will be mixed in nature (part (a) and part (b) of each question must be from different modules. For example, if Q.2 has part (a) from Module 3 then part (b) must be from any other Module randomly selected from all the modules)
- A total of **three questions** need to be answered

Course Code	Course Name		hing Sch ntact Hou		Credits Assigned			
		Theory	Pract.	Tut.	Theory	Pract.	Tut.	Total
BSL2012	Semiconductor Physics Lab		1	-		0.5	-	0.5

	Course Name		Examination Scheme							
Course Code		In	Theory Marks Internal assessment (IAT)			Term	Practical/	Total		
		IAT-	IAT- II	IAT-I + IAT-II (Total)	Sem. Exam	Wor k	Oral	Total		
BSL2012	Semiconductor Physics Lab					25		25		

Lab Objectives:

- 1. To develop scientific understanding of the physics concepts.
- 2. To develop the ability to explain the processes and applications related to science subjects.

- 3. To apply skills and knowledge in real life situations.
- 4. To improve the knowledge about the theory concepts of Physics learned in the class.
- 5. To improve ability to analyze experimental result and write laboratory report.
- 6. To develop understanding about inferring and predicting.

Lab Outcomes:

Learners will be able to..

- 1. Understand the concepts of Hall effect.
- 2. Experimentally obtain I-V Characteristics of various junction diodes.
- 3. Experimentally obtain I-V Characteristics of transistors in various configurations.
- 4. Experimentally obtain I-V Characteristics of FET in configurations
- 5. Experimentally obtain I-V characteristics of special purpose diodes.
- 6. Use virtual lab effectively to perform experiments

List of Experiments. (Minimum five experiments required)

Sr No	List of Experiments	Hrs	LO
01	Measurement of Hall Voltage	01	LO1
02	Input –out put characteristics of CE configuration	01	LO3
03	Input –out put characteristics of CB configuration	01	LO3
04	I-V Characteristics of p-n junction diode	01	LO2
05	I-V Characteristics of Zener diode (RB)	01	LO5
06	I-V Characteristics of photo diode	01	LO5
07	Carrier concentration using Hall Effect	01	LO1
08	I-V characteristics of JFET	01	LO4
09	Carrier concentration using Hall Effect	01	LO1
10	Simulation experiments based on nanotechnology using open source simulation .	02	LO6
11	Any other experiment based on syllabus may be included, which would help the learner to understand concept. ,after defining a suitable LO	02	LO6

Term Work Marks: 25 Marks (Total marks) = 10 Marks (Experiment) + 10 Marks Project + 5 Marks (Attendance)

Project work: Execution of project as per the plan submitted in semester-I , A working model or a simulation model or a study report leading to a conclusion as anticipated in semester –I is required to be used for awarding marks. A proper rubric should be framed.

Course	Course Name		hing Sch ntact Hou		Credits Assigned			
Code		Theory	Pract.	Tut.	Theory	Pract.	Tut.	Total
BSC202	Physics of Measurements and Sensors	2		-	2		-	2

				Theor	Term	Pract	Total		
		Inter	nal Asso	essment	End	Exam	work	/	
			(IAT)		Sem	Duration		Oral	
Course	Course Name	IAT-	IAT-	IAT-I	Exam	(in Hrs)			
Code		I	II	+ IAT-					
				II					
				(Total)					
	Physics of								
BSC2023	Measurements	15	15	30	45	2			75
	and Sensors								

Rationale:

Most of the engineering branches are being off-spring of basic sciences where physics is playing a pivotal role in concept and understanding of foundation of core engineering branches. This syllabus is developed by keeping in mind, needs of all branches that we offer in University of Mumbai. In the distribution of modules, core physics and its applied form are given priority. Further, it is ensured that these modules will cover prerequisites needed and will remain aligned to the requirements for a certain group of engineering courses to be introduced in higher semesters as core subjects or as interdisciplinary subjects.

Course Objectives:

- To provide students with a basic understanding of Measurements in the field of Basic Engineering.
- 2. To explain basic importance of Interference in the field of measurements.
- 3. To learn foundation of Transducers in the area of measurements...
- 4. To describe the significance of solid state sensors.
- 5. To build foundation of temperature measurements required in the field of technology...
- 6. To give exposure to upcoming field of Nano technology in the field of Measurements.

Course Outcomes:

- 1. Learners will be able to **USE** and **DEMOSTRATE** his ability earned here to **EXAMINE** the erroneous results of measurement systems.
- 2. Learners will be able to **EXECUTE** the flatness testusing Light waves
- 3. Learners will be able to **EXAMINE** the use of appropriate transducers for application.
- **4.** Learners will be able to **EXAMINE** the use of appropriate sensors for application
- **5.** Learner will be able to **IMPLEMENT** and **ORGANISE** Various temperature measurement techniques ranges.
- **6.** Learner will be able to **IMPLEMENT** knowledge learned here tonano measurements

Sr. No.	Name of Module	Detailed Content	Hours	CO Mapping
	Prerequisite	Unit and Dimensions, Wave optics, Piezo electric effect, Wheatstone bridge, Potentiometer, Wave particle duality.	-	-
1	Introduction	Preliminary Idea of Physical Measurements: Principle of Measurement, Error of Measurement, Correction, Correctness of Measurement Reliability of Measurements, Verification, Calibration, Measuring Instruments: Measuring range, Sensitivity, Scale Intervals, Response time, repeatability, Inaccuracy, Precision, Accuracy. Sources of error: Static error, Environmental error, Characteristic error dynamic error Statistical Treatment of errors: Sample mean, Sample Standard deviation, Population Mean, Population standard Deviation, Principles of least Squares	6	CO1
2	Measurements by light – Wave Interference	Significance of monochromatic light in interference, Interferometry applied to flatness testing, surface contour test	4	CO2
3	Transducers	Transducers: Classification by function, classification by performance, classification by	4	CO3

		output.		
		Developments in transducer		
		technology:Solid state transducer,		
		Optical transducers, Piezoelectric		
		Transducers		
		Resistive Transducers:		
		Potentiometer, Strain Gauges,		
		Resistive Temperature Transducers		
		Inductive Transducers : LVDT		
		Optical measurements system:		
		Thermal photo detectors		
4	Solid state	Hall Effect, Measurement of Hall	4	CO4
	sensors	voltage, Piezo electric effect and		
		its use as source in Ultrasonic		
		system, Its application in flow		
		measurements, Ultrasonic distance		
		meter		
5	Temperature and	Concept of Heat, Temperature and	4	CO5
	its measurements	its measurements, Bimetallic		
		thermometers, Platinum Resistance		
		thermometers, Thermoelectric		
		thermometers Negative		
		Temperature Coefficient (NTC)		
		Thermistors, Factors for the		
		selection of a thermometer for a		
		particular use, Temperature Range		
		and Comparison of various		
		thermometers. Calibration of PT-		
		100 for temperature measurement.		
6	Nanotechnology	Introduction to Nanotechnology,	4	CO6
		Properties (optical, Electrical,		
		Structural, Mechanical) Importance		
		of surface to Volume ratio,		
		Bonding in solids (Vander walls		
		interactions),Scanning Electron		
		Microscope (SEM), Transmission		
		Electron Microscope (TEM),		
		Atomic Force Microscope (AFM),		
		Applications in sensing toxic gases,		
		gas sensing capacitors, Introduction		
		to lithography, water purification		

Text Books:

1.Engineering Metrology by R.K.Jain (Khanna Publication)

- 2. Mechatronics by D.A. Bradley et al CRC press Boca Raton London
- 3. Engineering Physics by Dattu R. Joshi Mcgraw Hill Publication (India) Pvt Limited

References:

- 1.:Transducers and Interfacing by Banister B.R. and Whitehead DC
- 2 Sensors and Transducers by D Patranabis PHI
- 3. Transducers and Instrumentation byMurty DVS, (Second Edition) PHI

Online References:

Sr. No.	Website Name
1.	https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc21_ee32/preview
2.	https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc23_ee95/preview
3.	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/118102003

Assessment:

Internal Assessment Test (IAT) for 20 marks each:

• IA will consist of Two Compulsory Internal Assessment Tests. Approximately 40% to 50% of the syllabus content must be covered in the IAT-I and the remaining 40% to 50% of the syllabus content must be covered in the IAT-II.

End Semester Theory Examination:

Question paper format

- Question Paper will comprise a total of **five questions each carrying 15 marks Q.1** will be **compulsory** and should **cover the maximum contents of the syllabus**
- **Remaining questions** will be **mixed in nature** (part (a) and part (b) of each question must be from different modules. For example, if Q.2 has part (a) from Module 3 then part (b) must be from any other Module randomly selected from all the modules)
- A total of **three questions** need to be answered

Course Code	Course Name	Teaching Scheme (Contact Hours)			Credits Assigned			
		Theory	Pract.	Tut.	Theory	Pract.	Tut.	Total
BSL2013	Physics of							
	Measurements and		1	-		0.5	-	0.5
	Sensors Lab							

		Examination Scheme						
Course Code	Course Name	Internal asset (IAT)	ry Marks essment IAT-I + IAT-II (Total)	End Sem. Exam	Term Wor k	Practical/ Oral	Total	

BSL2013	Physics of Measurements and Sensors Lab	1	1:	1	1	25		25
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Lab Objectives:

- 1. To develop scientific understanding of the physics concepts.
- 2. To develop the ability to explain the processes and applications related to science subjects.
- 3. To apply skills and knowledge in real life situations.
- 4. To improve the knowledge about the theory concepts of Physics learned in the class.
- 5. To improve ability to analyze experimental result and write laboratory report.
- 6. To develop understanding about inferring and predicting.

Lab Outcomes:

Learners will be able to:

- 1. Measure certain physical parameters like R.I.,
- 2. Understand function of Solid state sensors.
- 3. Calibrate thermocouple
- 4. Measure physical parameters using ultra sound sensors.
- 5. Use virtual lab effectively to perform experiments

List of Experiments.

Sr No	List of Experiments	Hrs	LO
01	Measurements of R.I of a suitable liquid using Newton's ring Experiment	1	LO1
02	Measurement of Hall Voltage	1	LO2
03	Carrier concentration using Hall Effect	1	LO2
04	Measuring distance using ultrasonic distance meter flow	1	LO4
05	Calibration of PT100	1	LO3
06	Calibration of J /K type thermocouple	1	LO3
07	Simulation experiments based on nanotechnology using open source simulation	1	LO5
08	Study and use of pressure transducer	1	LO2
09	V-I characteristic of photo diode	1	LO2
10	Characteristics of LDR	2	LO2
11	Any other experiment based on syllabus may be included, which would help the learner to understand concept. ,after defining a suitable LO	2	LO6

Term Work Marks: 25 Marks (Total marks) = 10 Marks (Experiment) + 10 Marks Project + 5 Marks (Attendance)

Project work: Execution of project as per the plan submitted in semester-I, A working model or a simulation model or a study report leading to a conclusion as anticipated in semester —I is required to be used for awarding marks. A proper rubric should be framed.

Course Code	Course Name		hing Sch ntact Hou		Credits Assigned			
		Theory	Pract.	Tut.	Theory	Pract.	Tut.	Total
BSC2031	Engineering Materials	2		-	2		ı	2

				Theor	y		Ter	Pract	Total
	Intern	al Asses	ssment	End	Exam	m	/		
		(IAT)			Sem	Duratio	work	Oral	
		IAT-	IAT-	IAT-	Exa	n			
Course	Course Name	I	II	I +	m	(in Hrs)			
Code				IAT-					
				II					
				(Tota					
				l)					
BSC2031	Engineering	15	15	30	45	2			75
BSC2031	Materials	13	13	30	73	2			13

Rationale:

<u>Chemical science</u> has contributed in many ways to most of the Engineering branches where <u>"Engineering Materials"</u> such as alloys, ceramics, composites can be prerequisites to many subjects of all core groups. <u>Polymeric materials</u> can be learnt from the perspective of applications as Polymer semiconductor, Polymer batteries which are common in technology.

Course Objectives:

- 1. To study the composition, properties and functions of various alloys
- 2. To learn the types, properties and uses of various Ceramics
- 3. To learn the composition, properties and functions of various Composite materials
- 4. To learn important types, synthesis and uses of plastics and elastomers.
- 5. To study the different types of advanced polymers with their applications.
- 6. To study the types, properties and uses of various Nanomaterials

Course Outcomes:

Student will be able to -

- 1. Identify different types of alloys and use them for specific engineering applications
- 2. Familiar with different types of ceramics and apply them for different engineering purposes

- 3. Identify different types of composite materials for the industrial uses
- 4. Utilize different plastics and elastomers in industries
- 5. Recognize different advanced polymers for specific engineering applications
- 6. Find different nanomaterials for the scientific applications

Prerequisite:

- 1. Knowledge about purpose of making alloys
- 2. Knowledge about Constituents of Composites and their functions.
- 3. Knowledge of basic properties of polymers.

Sr.	Name of	Detailed Content	Hours	СО
No.	Module			Mapping
I	Alloys	 A) Ferrous alloys – Plain-carbon steels, Heat and Shock resisting steels, Stainless steels. Effect of the alloying element- Ni, Cr, Co, Mn, Mo, W and V. B) Aluminium alloys – Composition, properties and uses of i) Duralumin, ii) Magnalium. C) Copper alloys – Composition, properties and uses of i) Brass – Dutch Metal and German Silver and ii) Bronze – Gun metal and Nickel bronze. D) Alloys of Pb – Composition, properties and Uses of i) Wood's metal ii) Tinman's solder. E) Numerical based on Composition, 	4	CO1
II	Ceramics	density and weight of an alloy A) Introduction of Ceramics — Definition, types, properties and uses. B) Glass — Definition, Properties, Types with uses. C) Abrasives — Natural and Artificial Abrasives — Examples, Properties and Uses. D) Optical fibres — Definition, Components of optical transmission system, Advantages of optical fibre communication, Applications of glass-based fibre - optical fibres.	4	CO2
III	Composites	A) Types of Composites, sub-types and Applications: - i) Fibre- reinforced composites, ii) Layered-composites (Laminates), iii) Particulate-	4	CO3

	Ī			
		composites.		
		B) Bio-composites – Definition,		
		Classification and Applications.		
IV	Plastics and	A) Introduction to Plastics -	5	CO4
	Elastomers	Thermoplastic and Thermosetting		
		plastics, compounding of plastics,		
		Application of Plastics, Numerical		
		based on Degree of polymerisation,		
		Density and mass, tensile strength of		
		polymer		
		B) Introduction to elastomers -		
		structural requirement of elastomer,		
		natural rubber, processing of natural		
		rubber, drawbacks, compounding of		
		rubber		
		C) Synthesis of commercial polymers:		
		i) Plastics: Preparation,		
		properties and uses of		
		Polymethyl Methacrylate		
		(PMMA),		
		polytetrafluoroethylene		
		(PTFE)		
		ii) Elastomers: Preparation,		
		properties and uses of		
		Polyurethane Rubber,		
		Silicone rubber		
V	Advanced	A) Conducting polymers,	3	CO5
,	Polymers	B) Bio- polymers,		
		C) Liquid crystal polymers,		
		D) Intelligent (smart) polymers		
VI	Nano materials		4	CO6
		A) Definition, Types of Nanostructured		
		materials, Applications of Nanomaterials.		
		B) Graphene,		
		C) Types of Carbon Nanotubes		
		(SWCNTs and MWCNTs) – Properties		
		and Uses.		

Recommended Books:

- 1. Engineering Chemistry, Jain and Jain, Dhanpat Rai Publication
- 2. A textbook of Engineering Chemistry, S. S. Dara, S. Chand and Company
- 3. Polymer Science: Vasant Gowarikar, Wiley Estern Ltd, new Delhi
- 4. Textbook of Polymer science : F.W. Billmeyer

5. Fundamentals of Polymer science & Engineering- Anilkumar& S K Gupta, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi

Online References:

Sr. No.	Website Name
1.	https://www.researchgate.net/
2.	https://www.sciencedirect.com/topics/engineering/polymer-material
3.	https://www.sciencedirect.com/topics/chemistry/nanomaterial

Assessment:

Internal Assessment Test (IAT) for 20 marks each:

• IA will consist of Two Compulsory Internal Assessment Tests. Approximately 40% to 50% of the syllabus content must be covered in the IAT-I and the remaining 40% to 50% of the syllabus content must be covered in the IAT-II.

End Semester Theory Examination:

Question paper format

- Question Paper will comprise a total of **five questions each carrying 15 marks Q.1** will be **compulsory** and should **cover the maximum contents of the syllabus**
- **Remaining questions** will be **mixed in nature** (part (a) and part (b) of each question must be from different modules. For example, if Q.2 has part (a) from Module 3 then part (b) must be from any other Module randomly selected from all the modules)
- A total of **three questions** need to be answered

Course Code	Course Name		hing Sch ntact Hou		Credits Assigned			
		Theory	Pract.	Tut.	Theory	Pract.	Tut.	Total
BSL2021	Engineering Materials Lab		1	-		0.5	-	0.5

	Course Name	Examination Scheme							
Course Code		Theory Marks Internal assessment						Total	
		(IAT)			End Sem.	Term Work	Practical/ Oral		
		IAT-I	IAT- II	IAT-II (Total)	Exam	,,,	0141		
BSL2021	Engineering Materials Lab					25		25	

Lab Objectives:

- 1. To apply knowledge acquired during the theory class in carrying out the experiments for qualitative and quantitative determination.
- 2. To analyse experimental results and write laboratory reports.

Lab Outcomes:

After completion of experiment, the learners will be able to:

- 1. Learn various quantitative analytical techniques to determine % of elements from alloy samples
- 2. Synthesize UF/PF resin at laboratory level

Prerequisite:

- 1. Knowledge of basic safety practices in Chemistry Laboratory
- 2. Knowledge of volumetric analysis

List of Experiments.

Sr No	List of Experiments	Hrs
01	Determination of Sn from solders volumetrically	01
02	Determination of Cu by colorimetry	01
03	Determination of Fe by colorimetry	01
04	Determination of % purity of iron	01
05	Synthesis of Urea formaldehyde resin	01
06	Synthesis of Phenol formaldehyde resin	01
07	Determination of viscosity average molecular weight of polymer	01
08	Determination of glass transition temperature of polymer0	01

Sr No	List of Assignments / Tutorials	Hrs
01	Composition, Properties of any 4 alloys	1
02	Advantages and applications of Ceramics	1
03	Note on FRPs	1
04	Synthesis, properties and uses of any two plastics/elastomers	1
05	Note on Liquid Crystal polymers	0.5
06	Note on CNTs	0.5

Assessment:

Term Work: Term Work shall consist of at least 5 to 6 practicals based on the above list. Also, Term work Journal must include at least 4 assignments.

Term Work Marks: 25 Marks (Total marks) = 15 Marks (Experiment) + 5 Marks (Assignments) + 5 Marks (Attendance)

Course Code	Course Name		hing Sch ntact Hou		Credits Assigned				
		Theory	Pract.	Tut.	Theory	Pract.	Tut.	Total	
BSC2032	Environmental Chemistry and Non-conventional energy sources	2		•	2		•	2	

Course				Theor	Ter	Pract	Total		
		Internal Assessment (IAT)			End Sem	Exam Duratio	m work	/ Oral	
		IAT-	IAT-	IAT-	Exa	n	WUIK	Orai	
Code	Course Name	I	II	I+	m	(in Hrs)			
				IAT- II					
				(Tota					
				l)					
	Environmental								
BSC2032	Chemistry and non-conventional	15	15	30	45	2			75
	energy sources								

Rationale:

<u>Chemical science</u> has contributed in many ways to most of the Engineering branches where <u>"Environmental Chemistry"</u> is the modern approach to learn impact of Technology on habitat and can be common to all Core Groups. <u>"Non-Conventional Energy Study"</u> is the matter of general approach to all Core groups as Energy issue is the most recent concern even for designing computational engines (Include hardware & software energy efficient).

Course Objectives:

- 1. To gain the knowledge of different air pollutants and their control methods.
- 2. To identify water pollutants of different sources and suggest methods for the treatments.

- 3. To study the solid and hazardous waste management methods
- 4. To identify different types of non-conventional energy sources.
- 5. To gain knowledge of biomass energy and processes.
- 6. To demonstrate sustainable practices to make the environment clean

Course Outcomes:

Student will be able to -

- 1. Apply the knowledge of air pollution control to save the environment.
- 2. Analyze the quality of waste water to clean the water bodies
- 3. Identify methods for solid and hazardous waste treatment to protect the health and environment.
- 4. Compare the availability and efficiency of performance and environmental impact of non-conventional energy sources.
- 5. Determine the sources and applications of biomass to save the environment
- 6. Apply the knowledge of sustainable practices in different parts of world to protect the environment

Prerequisite:

- 1. Knowledge of different types of pollution.
- 2. Knowledge of basics of pollution control
- 3. Knowledge of demerits of conventional energy sources.

Sr.	Name of	Detailed Content	Hours	CO
No.	Module			Mapping
I	Air Pollution and Atmospheric Chemistry	A) Chemistry and mechanism of some global effects of air pollution – Acid rain, Ozone hole, Photochemical smog B) Gaseous Pollutants: i) Measurement of	4	CO1
		gaseous pollutants; ii) Methods to control emissions of sulphur oxides, nitrogen oxides, carbon monoxide and gaseous hydrocarbons. C) Automotive emission controls:		
		Measurement and control, catalytic convertors.		
II	Water & Waste water Treatment and Management	 A) Classification of water pollutants – Organic, Inorganic, Suspended, Radioactive, Heat. B) Monitoring Techniques and methodology for following parameters: Hardness, pH, Dissolved oxygen, Chloride (Numerical) 	4	CO2

		 C) Point and nonpoint sources of water pollution D) Characteristics of waste water, Acidification, Eutrophication and thermal stratification of lake water. E) Wastewater treatment: Primary treatment, Secondary Treatment – Activated Sludge Process, Tertiary Treatment F) Relevance of determining Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD) and Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD) with reference to waste water treatment process, numerical 		
III	Solid and Hazardous Waste Management	 A) Integrated solid waste management; Waste hierarchy; Rules and regulations for solid waste management in India. Definition and Composition Hazardous waste. B) Hazardous waste management: Control Methods: - i) Physical Methods - Sedimentation, Adsorption, Ion exchange methods, Electrodialysis, Reverse Osmosis ii) Chemical Methods – Neutralization, Chemical precipitation, chemical oxidation- reduction, biological treatment, incineration 	4	CO3
IV	Introduction to non- conventional (Renewable) energy sources	 A) Need of non-conventional energy sources. B) Renewable Sources of Energy such as Hydro, Solar, Wind, Biomass, Tidal and Geothermal - their availability and limitations. 	4	CO4
V	Non- conventional Energy sources	A) Biomass Energy: - i) Definition, ii) Sources of Biomass – Wood, Agricultural crop, Animal waste, Algae, Sewage waste iii) Advantages and disadvantages of Biomass, iv) Important Biomass processes – Pyrolysis, Gasification, Anaerobic decomposition, v) Uses of biomass – (Direct) for heat generation and (Indirect) for conversion to biofuel B) Hydrogen fuel cell	4	CO5
VI	Sustainable Practices	A) Energy Resources availableB) Consumption practices in different parts of the world.	4	CO6

C) Natural Resource management & Environmental Ethics D) Importance of Responsible	
Consumption. E) Introduction to concept of Energy Audit	

Recommended Books:

- 1. Engineering Chemistry, Jain and Jain, Dhanpat Rai Publication
- 2. A textbook of Engineering Chemistry, S. S. Dara, S. Chand and Company
- 3. "Energy Resources: Conventional & Non-Conventional" by R. K. Rajput
- 4. Engineering Chemistry, O. G. Palana, Tata McGraw Hill Publication
- 5. Environmental Chemistry, A. K. De, Tenth edition, New Age International,

Online References:

Sr. No.	Website Name
1.	https://www.sciencedirect.com/topics/earth-and-planetary-sciences/wastewater-
	management
2.	https://www.researchgate.net/publication/355204245_Biomass_Energy
3.	https://nelda.org.in/sustainable-living-practices/

Assessment:

Internal Assessment Test (IAT) for 20 marks each:

• IA will consist of Two Compulsory Internal Assessment Tests. Approximately 40% to 50% of the syllabus content must be covered in the IAT-I and the remaining 40% to 50% of the syllabus content must be covered in the IAT-II.

End Semester Theory Examination:

Question paper format

- Question Paper will comprise a total of **five questions each carrying 15 marks Q.1** will be **compulsory** and should **cover the maximum contents of the syllabus**
- Remaining questions will be mixed in nature (part (a) and part (b) of each question must be from different modules. For example, if Q.2 has part (a) from Module 3 then part (b) must be from any other Module randomly selected from all the modules)
- A total of **three questions** need to be answered

Course	Course Name		ching Scho ntact Hou		Credits Assigned			
Code		Theory	Pract.	Tut.	Theory	Pract.	Tut.	Total
BSL2022	Environmental Chemistry and Non-conventional Energy sources Lab		1	ı		0.5	-	0.5

Course Code	Course Name	Examination Scheme							
		Theory Marks Internal assessment (IAT)							
		IAT-I	IAT- II	IAT-I + IAT- II (Total)	End Sem. Exam	em. Work	Practical/ Oral	Total	
BSL2022	Environmental Chemistry and Non- conventional Energy sources Lab					25		25	

Lab Objectives:

- **1.** To apply knowledge acquired during the theory class in carrying out the experiments for qualitative and quantitative determination.
- 2. To analyze experimental results and write laboratory reports.

Lab Outcomes:

After completion of experiment, the learners will be able to:

- 1. Apply knowledge of various quantitative analytical techniques to determine the hardness and other impurities in water.
- 2. Use pH meter for determination of pH of water samples
- 3. Interpret results of COD to assess pollution level of wastewater.

Prerequisite:

- 1. Knowledge of basic safety practices in Chemistry Laboratory
- 2. Knowledge of volumetric analysis
- 3. Knowledge of BOD & COD of waste water

List of Experiments.

Sr No	List of Experiments	Hrs	LO Mapping
01	Determination of Total, Temporary and Permanent hardness of water by EDTA method	2	LO1
02	Determination of Chloride content of water	2	LO2
03	Determination of pH of various water samples	2	LO3
04	Determination of COD of waste water	2	LO4
05	Making report on energy saving appliances	2	LO5
06	Case study based on sustainable development practices	2	LO6

Sr No	List of Assignments / Tutorials	Hrs
01	Note on methods to control emissions of various air pollutants	
02	Numerical on determination of hardness of water	
03	Note on Activated sludge treatment	Ω1
04	Note on limitations of Renewable sources of energy	01
05	Note on Hydrogen fuel cell	
06	Note on Environmental Ethics	

Assessment:

Term Work: Term Work shall consist of at least 5 to 6 practicals based on the above list. Also, Term work Journal must include at least 4 assignments.

Term Work Marks: 25 Marks (Total marks) = 15 Marks (Experiment) + 5 Marks (Assignments) + 5 Marks (Attendance)

Course	Course Name	Teaching Scheme (Contact Hours)			Credits Assigned				
Code		Theory	Pract.	Tut.	Theory	Pract.	Tut.	Total	
BSC2033	Introduction to Computational Chemistry	2		-	2		-	2	

				Theor	Ter	Pract	Total		
Course		Internal Assessment			End	Exam	m ,	/	
		(IAT)			Sem	Duratio	work	Oral	
		IAT-	IAT-	IAT-	Exa	n			
Code	Course Name	I	II	I +	m	(in Hrs)			
Couc				IAT-					
				II					
				(Tota					
				1)					
	Introduction to								
BSC2033	Computational	15	15	30	45	2	25		100
	Chemistry								

Rationale:

This subject is a <u>Common to All Core Groups</u> as this involves basic simulation Design Techniques to understand real world phenomena. It links real world to correlated simulation essential to understand how simulation works with reliability. Generation of data and data analysis with experimentation is the core theme of this subject and can be a <u>choice of all core Groups</u>.

Course Objectives:

- 1. To know the fundamental principles of Computational Chemistry required to solve engineering problems
- 2. Practical implementation of fundamental theory concepts
- 3. To enable the students to understand the role of computers in chemistry
- 4. To study the applications of chemistry in various engineering and technological processes

Course Outcomes:

Student will be able to -

- 1. Understand computational chemistry, distinguishing it from experimental chemistry, and articulate its role within the broader field of chemical sciences.
- 2. Apply mathematical concepts and theories that underpin computational chemistry techniques, such as quantum mechanics and statistical mechanics
- 3. Utilize computers to understand role of computer simulations to understand and solve basic problems in chemistry
- 4. Develop the basic understanding of scientific simulation and modeling
- 5. Apply computational and theoretical chemistry concepts to understand chemistry behind every day and industrial processes
- 6. Apply the computational tools and methodology to represent chemical systems

Prerequisite:

- 1. Basic understanding of chemical principles, including atomic structure, chemical bonding, stoichiometry, and thermodynamics.
- 2. Knowledge of differential and integral calculus, including concepts of limits, derivatives, and integrals.
- 3. Understanding of basic numerical techniques for solving mathematical problems, such as root-finding, numerical integration, and differential equations.
- 4. Familiarity with general scientific software and tools, such as MATLAB and basic knowledge of operating systems (Linux, Windows).

Sr.	Name of	Detailed Content	Hours	CO
No.	Module			Mapping
I	Introduction to Computational Chemistry	A) Definition and scopeB) Importance in modern chemical researchC) Computational investigations	4	CO1
II	Tools of Computational Chemistry	A) Molecular MechanicsB) Ab initio CalculationsC) Semi Empirical methods	4	CO2

		D) Density Functional Theory E) Molecular dynamics		
III	Basics of Quantum mechanics	 A) Fundamental concepts: particles, waves, and quantization B) Schrödinger equation and its significance C) Simple systems: particle in a box, hydrogen atom 	4	CO3
IV	Molecular mechanics	A) Force fields: definition and components B) Potential energy surfaces and molecular modeling C) Applications of molecular mechanics in predicting molecular properties	4	CO4
V	Molecular Structure and Bonding	 A) Atomic orbitals and electron configuration B) Molecular orbitals: formation and significance C) Bonding theories: Valence Bond Theory (VBT) and Molecular Orbital Theory (MOT) 	4	CO5
VI	Computational Methods in Quantum Chemistry	A) Introduction to Hartree-Fock method B) Basis sets and their importance	4	CO6

Recommended Books:

- 1. "Introduction to Computational Chemistry" by Frank Jensen, John Wiley & Sons, Ltd
- 2. "Essentials of Computational Chemistry: Theories and Models" by Christopher J. Cramer, John Wiley & Sons, Ltd
- 3. Computational Chemistry, David C. Young, John Wiley & Sons, Inc, Publication

Online References:

Sr. No.	Website Name
1.	MIT OpenCourseWare: Computational Chemistry
2.	Khan Academy: Basic Quantum Mechanics
3.	https://www.sciencedirect.com/topics/chemistry/computational-
	chemistry#:~:text=Computational% 20chemistry% 20is% 20a% 20branch, properties% 2
	0of%20 molecules%20%5B43%5D

Assessment:

Internal Assessment Test (IAT) for 20 marks each:

• IA will consist of Two Compulsory Internal Assessment Tests. Approximately 40% to 50% of the syllabus content must be covered in the IAT-I and the remaining 40% to 50% of the syllabus content must be covered in the IAT-II.

End Semester Theory Examination:

Question paper format

- Question Paper will comprise a total of **five questions each carrying 15 marks Q.1** will be **compulsory** and should **cover the maximum contents of the syllabus**
- Remaining questions will be mixed in nature (part (a) and part (b) of each question must be from different modules. For example, if Q.2 has part (a) from Module 3 then part (b) must be from any other Module randomly selected from all the modules)
- A total of **three questions** need to be answered

Course Code	Course Name	Teaching Scheme (Contact Hours)			Credits Assigned			
		Theory	Pract.	Tut.	Theory	Pract.	Tut.	Total
BSL2023	Introduction to Computational Chemistry Lab		1	-		0.5	-	0.5

		Examination Scheme								
			Th	eory Mark	s					
Course	Course Name	Inte	rnal ass	essment						
Code	Course Name	(IAT)			End Sem.	Term	Practical/	Total		
		IAT-I	IAT- II	IAT-I + IAT-II (Total)	Exam	Work	Oral	Total		
BSL2023	Introduction to Computational Chemistry Lab	-			1	25		25		

Lab Objectives:

- 1. To study applications of computational chemistry
- 2. To learn to simulate and predict molecular structures and properties using different kinds of calculations based on quantum and classical physics

Lab Outcomes:

After completion of experiment, the learners will be able to:

- 1. Attain proficiency in using major computational chemistry software packages (e.g., Gaussian, GAMESS) to conduct simulations and analyze chemical systems.
- 2. Apply principles of Computational Chemistry
- 3. Simulate and predict molecular structures and properties using different kinds of calculations.
- 4. Understand the complementarity of computational and experimental approaches in chemistry.
- 5. Develop research skills and problem-solving abilities using computational chemistry techniques.
- 6. Adhere to ethical standards and practices in computational chemistry research.

List of Experiments.

Sr No	List of Experiments	Hrs	LO Mapping
01	Introduction to key software packages (e.g., Gaussian, GAMESS)	1	LO1
02	Setting up and running basic calculations	1	LO2
03	Interpreting output files	1	LO3
04	Fundamentals of Molecular interaction	1	LO4
05	Fundamentals of Chemical reaction	1	LO5
06	Prediction of molecular structure	1	LO6

Sr No	List of Assignments / Tutorials	Hrs
01	Research and summarize three key applications of computational chemistry in different fields (e.g., drug design, material science, environmental chemistry).	2
02	Derive and explain the significance of the Schrödinger equation.	1
03	Define force fields and list their main components (bond stretching, angle bending, torsional interactions, non-bonded interactions).	1
04	Draw a simple PES for a diatomic molecule by hand or using a graphing software. Label the critical points (minima, maxima, saddle points).	1
05	Download and install a molecular visualization software (e.g., Avogadro, VMD). Use the software to build and optimize the geometry of a small organic molecule (e.g., ethanol). Take screenshots of the optimized structure and include them in a report. Describe the process you followed	2

		and discuss any changes in bond lengths or angles observed during optimization.	
C)6	Follow a tutorial to perform a simple MD simulation of a water box using online resources or an introductory MD software package.	2

Assessment:

Term Work: Term Work shall consist of at least 5 to 6 practicals based on the above list. Also,

Course Code	Course Name		aching Scho Contact Hou		Credits Assigned				
		Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Total	
ESC201	Engineering Graphics	3	-	-	3	-	-	3	

Term work Journal must include at least 4 assignments.

Term Work Marks: 25 Marks (Total marks) = 15 Marks (Experiment) + 5 Marks (Assignments) + 5 Marks (Attendance)

				Theor	Term	Practical	Total		
Carrege		Internal Assessment			End	Exam	work	/ Oral	
		(IAT)			Semester	Duration			
Course Code	Course Name	IAT-I	IAT-II	IAT-I	Exam	(in Hrs.)			
Code				+ IAT-					
				II					
				(Total)					
ESC201	Engineering	20	20	40	60	3			100
E5C201	Graphics	20	20	+0	00	3		= -	100

Rationale:

Engineering Graphics is an essential subject across all engineering disciplines, as it develops crucial visualization skills, enabling students to comprehend and design complex structures and systems in three dimensions. It facilitates precise technical communication, allowing engineers to convey design ideas, concepts and specifications effectively, which is vital for collaboration in multidisciplinary

teams. It is a language engineers, designers, and architects use to convey their ideas to manufacturers, constructors, and stakeholders. This subject enhances problem-solving abilities of students to create and interpret detailed technical drawings, helping to identify and resolve design issues early. Furthermore, it emphasizes accuracy and precision, which are critical in producing exact drawings for fabrication and assembly across all branches of engineering.

Course Objectives:

- 1. To impart and inculcate proper understanding of the theory of projection.
- 2. To impart the knowledge to read and interpret a drawing
- **3.** To improve the visualization skill.
- **4.** To enable students to represent three-dimensional objects on a two-dimensional surface in a way that accurately conveys their shape, size, and orientation.
- **5.** To acquaint students with representing internal features of a three-dimensional object by way of section that accurately conveys their internal orientation.

Course Outcomes: Learners will be able to ...

- 1. Apply basic concepts of geometrical constructions to create engineering curves.
- 2. Apply the basic principles of projections in Projection of Lines and Planes
- 3. Apply the basic principles of projections in Projection of Solids.
- 4. Apply the basic principles of sectional views in Section of solids.
- 5. Apply the basic principles of projections in converting pictorial views into orthographic Views.
- 6. Apply the basic principles of projections in converting orthographic Views into isometric drawing.

Sr.	Name of								
No.	Module			Mapping					
0	Prerequisite	 1.To draw basic geometric shapes like pentagon, hexagon and square (in different orientation). 2. Divide a line into equal number of parts. 3. Divide a circle into equal number of parts. Comment (Prerequisite syllabus should not be 	01						
		considered for paper setting)							
I	Introduction	1.1 Introduction to Engineering Graphics and its	03	CO1					
	to	significance in Engineering domain. Types of Lines,							
	Engineering	Dimensioning Systems as per IS conventions.							
	Drawing	1.2 Introduction to plain and diagonal scales.							
		1.3 Engineering Curves: Basic construction of							
		Cycloid, Involutes and Helix (cylinder only).							
II	Projections of	2.1 ProjectionsofPoints	06	CO2					
	Points, Lines	Projections of points in any quadrants as well as							
	and Planes	resting on planes.							
		2.2 ProjectionsofLines							
		Projections of linesinclinedto boththe reference							
		planes(Excluding Tracesof lines).							

		Simpleapplicationbasedproblemsonprojectionoflin		
		es.		
		2.3 ProjectionsofPlanes		
		Projections of planes		
		(Triangular,Square,Rectangular,Pentagonal,Hexag		
		onaland Circular) inclined to both the Reference		
		Planes. (Excludecompositeplanes).		
III	Projections of	Projections of solids with the axis inclined to one	06	CO3
	Solids	and both reference planes. (prism, pyramid,		
		cylinder and cone only). Triangular to hexagonal		
		prism and pyramids to be considered. Exclude		
		Spheres, Composite, hollow solids and frustum of		
		solids). Use change of position or Auxiliary plane		
		method.		
IV	SectionsofSoli	4.1 SectionsofSolids	08	CO4
	ds and	Sections of Prism, Pyramid, Cylinder, & Cone cut by		
	Development	plane perpendicular to atleast one reference plane		
	of Surfaces	(Exclude Curved Section Plane). Use change		
		ofpositionorAuxiliaryplanemethod.		
		4.2 @Development of Surfaces		
		Development of lateral surface (only) of prism and		
		pyramid only.	0.0	~~=
V	Orthographic	5.1 Orthographic Projections	09	CO5
	Projections	Fundamentalsoforthographic projections like concept		
		of quadrants, observer position, horizontal, vertical		
		and profile plane, symbol etc. Different orthographic		
		views, First and Third angle method of projection.		
		Views of a simple machine part as per the firstangle		
		projection method recommended by I.S.		
		projection method recommended by I.S. 5.2 SectionalOrthographicProjections		
		projection method recommended by I.S. 5.2 SectionalOrthographicProjections Fundamentalsof sectional projections like concept of		
		projection method recommended by I.S. 5.2 SectionalOrthographicProjections Fundamentalsof sectional projections like concept of section plane, its representation, section lines and its		
		projection method recommended by I.S. 5.2 SectionalOrthographicProjections Fundamentalsof sectional projections like concept of section plane, its representation, section lines and its features, need of sectional views, rib and web in		
		projection method recommended by I.S. 5.2 SectionalOrthographicProjections Fundamentalsof sectional projections like concept of section plane, its representation, section lines and its features, need of sectional views, rib and web in section. Types of section and its representation.		
		projection method recommended by I.S. 5.2 SectionalOrthographicProjections Fundamentalsof sectional projections like concept of section plane, its representation, section lines and its features, need of sectional views, rib and web in section. Types of section and its representation. Different views of a simple machine part as per the		
VI		projection method recommended by I.S. 5.2 SectionalOrthographicProjections Fundamentalsof sectional projections like concept of section plane, its representation, section lines and its features, need of sectional views, rib and web in section. Types of section and its representation. Different views of a simple machine part as per the firstangle projection.	07	604
VI	IsometricVie	projection method recommended by I.S. 5.2 SectionalOrthographicProjections Fundamentalsof sectional projections like concept of section plane, its representation, section lines and its features, need of sectional views, rib and web in section. Types of section and its representation. Different views of a simple machine part as per the firstangle projection. Basic concept of isometricprojection like why it is	07	CO6
VI	IsometricVie ws	projection method recommended by I.S. 5.2 SectionalOrthographicProjections Fundamentalsof sectional projections like concept of section plane, its representation, section lines and its features, need of sectional views, rib and web in section. Types of section and its representation. Different views of a simple machine part as per the firstangle projection. Basic concept of isometric projection like why it is called isometric, what does it represents, its need,	07	CO6
VI		projection method recommended by I.S. 5.2 SectionalOrthographicProjections Fundamentalsof sectional projections like concept of section plane, its representation, section lines and its features, need of sectional views, rib and web in section. Types of section and its representation. Different views of a simple machine part as per the firstangle projection. Basic concept of isometric projection like why it is called isometric, what does it represents, its need, isometric and non-isometric lines, isometric axes	07	CO6
VI		projection method recommended by I.S. 5.2 SectionalOrthographicProjections Fundamentalsof sectional projections like concept of section plane, its representation, section lines and its features, need of sectional views, rib and web in section. Types of section and its representation. Different views of a simple machine part as per the firstangle projection. Basic concept of isometricprojection like why it is called isometric, what does it represents, its need, isometric and non-isometric lines, isometric axes and isometricscale. Difference between isometric	07	CO6
VI		projection method recommended by I.S. 5.2 SectionalOrthographicProjections Fundamentalsof sectional projections like concept of section plane, its representation, section lines and its features, need of sectional views, rib and web in section. Types of section and its representation. Different views of a simple machine part as per the firstangle projection. Basic concept of isometric projection like why it is called isometric, what does it represents, its need, isometric and non-isometric lines, isometric axes and isometricscale. Difference between isometric projection and isometric views. Conversionof	07	CO6
VI		projection method recommended by I.S. 5.2 SectionalOrthographicProjections Fundamentalsof sectional projections like concept of section plane, its representation, section lines and its features, need of sectional views, rib and web in section. Types of section and its representation. Different views of a simple machine part as per the firstangle projection. Basic concept of isometricprojection like why it is called isometric, what does it represents, its need, isometric and non-isometric lines, isometric axes and isometricscale. Difference between isometric projection and isometric views. Conversion of orthographicviewstoisometricviews	07	CO6
	ws	projection method recommended by I.S. 5.2 SectionalOrthographicProjections Fundamentalsof sectional projections like concept of section plane, its representation, section lines and its features, need of sectional views, rib and web in section. Types of section and its representation. Different views of a simple machine part as per the firstangle projection. Basic concept of isometric projection like why it is called isometric, what does it represents, its need, isometric and non-isometric lines, isometric axes and isometricscale. Difference between isometric projection and isometric views. Conversionof		

@ only in Term Work and to be considered for lab course (i.e.; Questions will not be asked in any examination).

Textbooks:

- **1.** N.D. Bhatt, "Engineering Drawing (Plane and solid geometry)", Charotar Publishing House Pvt. Ltd.
- 2. N.D. Bhatt & V.M. Panchal, "Machine Drawing", Charotar Publishing House Pvt. Ltd.

References:

- 1. Narayana, K.L. & P Kannaiah (2008), Textbook on Engineering Drawing, Scitech Publisher.
- 2. Prof. Sham Tickoo (Purdue University) & Gaurav Verma, "(CAD Soft Technologies).
- 3. Auto CAD 2012 (For engineers and Designers)", Dreamtech Press New Delhi.
- 4. Dhananjay A Jolhe, "Engineering Drawing" Tata McGraw Hill.

Online References:

Sr. No.	Website Name
1.	https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/112/105/112105294/
2.	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/112103019
3.	https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/112/102/112102304/

Assessment:

Internal Assessment (IA) for 20 marks each:

• IA will consist of Two Compulsory Internal Assessment Tests. Approximately 40% to 50% of the syllabus content must be covered in the IAT-I and the remaining 40% to 50% of the syllabus content must be covered in the IAT-II.

End Semester Theory Examination:

> Question paper format

- Question Paper will comprise a total of six questions each carrying 15 marks Q.1 will be compulsory and should cover the maximum contents of the syllabus
- Remaining questions will be mixed in nature (part (a) and part (b) of each question must be from different modules. For example, if Q.2 has part (a) from Module 3 then part (b) must be from any other Module randomly selected from all the modules)
- A total of **four questions** need to be answered

Course Code	Course Name		aching Scho Contact Hou		Credits Assigned			
		Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Total
ESL201	Engineering Graphics Lab	-	2	-	-	1	-	1

		Examination Scheme							
Course	Course Name	T		heory Marks					
Code		Internal assessment (IAT)			End	Term	Practical/	Total	
		IAT-I	IAT -II	IAT-I + IAT-II (Total)	Semester Exam	Work	Oral	Total	
ESL201	Engineering Graphics Lab					25	25	50	

Lab Objectives:

- 1. To impart and inculcate proper understanding of the theory of projection.
- 2. To impart the knowledge to read and interpret a drawing
- **3.** To improve the visualization skill.
- **4.** To enable students to represent three-dimensional objects on a two-dimensional surface in a way that accurately conveys their shape, size, and orientation.
- **5.** To acquaint students with representing internal features of a three-dimensional object by way of section that accurately conveys their internal orientation.
- 6. To impart basic AutoCAD skills.

Lab Outcomes: Learners will be able to ...

1. Apply basic concepts of geometrical constructions to create engineering curves.

- 2. Apply the basic principles of projections in projection of basic geometric objects.
- 3. Apply the basic principles of projections in projection of regular solid objects.
- 4. Apply the basic principles of projections in converting pictorial views into orthographic Views.
- 5. Apply the basic principles of projections in converting orthographic views into isometric drawing.
- 6. Apply basic AutoCAD skills in construction of views and objects.

Sr.	Module	Detailed Content	Hours	LO
No.				Mapping
I	Basic	1.1 Construction of plain and diagonal scales for	02	LO1
	Engineering	simple applications.		
	Curves	1.2 Construction of basic engineering curves like		
		cycloid, involutes and helix (cylinder only).		
II	Projections of	2.1 ProjectionsofLines	04	LO2
	Lines and	Simple problems to apply the concept of		
	Planes	projections of linesinclinedto boththe reference		
		planes.		
		2.2 ProjectionsofPlanes		
		Problems on projections of planesinclinedto		
777	0 4	boththe reference planes.	0.4	T 02
III	Operations	3.1 Projections of Solids	04	LO3
	on Solids	Problems on projections of solids with the axis		
		inclined to one and both reference planes. Use		
		auxiliaryplanemethod. 3.2 SectionsofSolids		
		Problems on sections of solids cut by plane		
		perpendicular to atleast one reference plane. Use		
		auxiliaryplanemethod.		
		3.3 @Development of Surfaces		
		Development of lateral surface (only) of prism,		
		pyramid and cylinder.		
IV	Orthographic	4.1 OrthographicProjections	04	LO4
	Projections	Construction of orthographic views from pictorial		
		view of an object. Use of proper dimensioning		
		technique for dimensioning the drawn views.		
		4.2 Sectional Orthographic Projections		
		Construction of orthographic views (with section)		
		from pictorial view of an object. Location of		
		section plane in concerned views.		
V	IsometricVie	Conversion of orthographic views to isometric views.	02	LO5
	ws			
VI	Drafting	6.1 OverviewofComputerGraphicsCovering:	08	LO6
	Technique	Basic information about the drafting software		
		(CAD). Demonstrating knowledge of the theory of		
		CAD software such as: MenuSystem, Toolbars		

(Standard, Object Properties, Draw, Modify and		
Dimension), Drawing Area (Background,		
Crosshairs, Coordinate System), Dialog boxes		
andwindows, Shortcutmenus (Button Bars), The Com		
mandLine(whereapplicable),The Status Bar,		
Different methods of zoom as used in CAD, Select		
and eraseobjects.		
6.2 Customization&CADDrawing:		
Consistingofsetupofthedrawingpageandtheprinteri		
ncludingscalesettings,settingupofunitsanddrawing		
limits,ISOandANSIstandardsforcoordinate		
dimensioning.		
6.3		
Annotations, layering & other Functions Covering:		
Applyingdimensionstoobjects, applying annotations		
todrawings, setting upanduse of layers, layers to		
create drawings, Create, edit and use customized		
layers, changing line lengths through modifying		
existing lines (extend/lengthen).		

Textbooks:

- **1.** N.D. Bhatt, "Engineering Drawing (Plane and solid geometry)", Charotar Publishing House Pvt. Ltd.
- 2. N.D. Bhatt & V.M. Panchal, "Machine Drawing", Charotar Publishing House Pvt. Ltd.

References:

- 1. Narayana, K.L. & P Kannaiah (2008), Textbook on Engineering Drawing, Scitech Publisher.
- 2. Prof. Sham Tickoo (Purdue University) & Gaurav Verma, "(CAD Soft Technologies).
- 3. Auto CAD 2012 (For engineers and Designers)", Dreamtech Press NewDelhi.
- **4.** Dhananjay A Jolhe, "Engineering Drawing" Tata McGraw Hill.

Online Resources:

Sr. No.	Website Name
1.	https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/112/105/112105294/
2.	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/112103019
3.	https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/112/102/112102304/

List of Experiments

Sr No	List of Experiments	Hrs	CO Mapping
01	Two problems on Scale and two problems on EngineeringCurves	02	LO1
01	to be drawn on drawing sheet.		
02	Minimum four problems on ProjectionofLinesto be drawn on	02	LO2

	drawing sheet.		
03	Minimum four problems on Projectionof Planesto be drawn on	02	LO2
03	drawing sheet.		
	Minimum of two problems on Projection of Solids to be drawn	02	LO3
04	on drawing sheet. Out of two problems one should be on the prism		
	category (includes cylinder) and other should be on the pyramid		
	category (includes cone).	0.2	
	Minimum of two problems on Sectionsof Solids to be drawn on	02	LO3
05	drawing sheet. Out of two problems one should be on the prism		
	category (includes cylinder) and other should be on the pyramid category (includes cone).		
	Minimum two problems on Development of Surfaces to be	02	LO3
	drawn on drawing sheet. Out of two problems one should be on the	02	LOS
06	prism category (includes cylinder) and other should be on the pyramid		
	category (includes cone).		
07	Two problems on OrthographicProjections(withoutsection)using	02	LO4,
07	drafting software.		LO6
08	Two problems on OrthographicProjections(withsection)using	02	LO4.
08	drafting software.		LO6
	Minimum of two problems on Isometric Projections to be drawn	02	LO5
	on drawing sheet. Out of the two problems, one should include a		
09	circular portion and one problem should have a sloping surface.		
	Also, one problem should be solved by natural scale and another		
	problem should be solved by isometric scale.		
10	Minimum two problems on Isometric Projections using drafting	02	LO5,
	software.		LO6

^{*} Out of four problems from practical numbers 4 and 5 at least one problem should be on cone and cylinder each.

Assessment

a) **Term Work:** Term Work shall consist of all the above mentioned practical. Term work will also include the A3 size sketch book. Problems taught in theory class in A3 size sketch book may be considered for term work. Alternatively subject teacher may give problems on each topic to be solved by students as home assignments in the same A3 size sketch book.

Term Work Marks: 25 Marks

- a) Drawing Sheets + CAD printout = 15 Marks
- b) Theory Class A3 size Sketch Book = 5 Marks
- c) Attendance = 5 Marks
- **b) Practical Exam:** (2 hours/ 25 Marks)

End semester Practical exam will be held using CAD software only. This exam will be based on the following syllabus.

- 1. Isometric projections. (One problem, compulsory)
- 2. Orthographic Projection (without section)
- 3. Orthographic Projection (with section)

^{*}Allprintoutstobe taken inthe CADLaboratory. Preferably, use A3 size sheets for printout.

^{*} The examiners may decide the weightage of the questions asked in the practical exam.

- * Printout of the answers have to be taken preferably in A3 size sheets and should be assessed by external examiner only.
- * Knowledge of AutoCAD software, concepts of Engineering Graphics related to specified problem and accuracy of drawing should be considered during evaluation.

Course Code	Course Name		hing Sch ntact Hou		Credits Assigned			
	Course Name	Theory	Tut.	Pract / Oral	Theory	Tut.	Pract/ Oral	Total
PCC2012	Elements of Civil Engineering	2		-	2	•	-	2

	Course Name			Theor	Term	Pract /	Total		
Course		Internal Assessment Test (IAT)			End Sem	Exam Duration	work	Oral	
Code		IAT-I	IAT-	IAT-I	Exam	(in Hrs)			
			II	+ IAT- II					
				(Total)					
PCC2012	Elements of Civil Engineering	20	20	40	60	2			100

Rationale:

This course is intended for gaining useful knowledge with respect to principles and procedures related to civil engineering with practical approaches. Civil Engineering structures are made using various engineering materials such as concrete, timber, metals, or their composites. Knowledge of surveying is very useful to all engineers to plan and execute any civil engineering project. The element of civil engineering is to address societal needs like water and shelter by creating safe,

efficient, and sustainable infrastructure that also enhances quality of life and economic development.

Course Objectives:

- 1. To study the basic concepts of civil engineering.
- 2. To study various building material and their significance in the construction activity.
- 3. To introduce the concept of elements of building drawing.
- 4. To develop the concept of basic surveying.
- 5. To understand the concept of water resources engineering
- 6. To understand the concept of transportation engineering

Course Outcomes:

- 1. Compare and contrast different branches of civil engineering in terms of their focus areas and applications.
- 2. Analyse common building materials and their construction applications.
- 3. Interpret and sketch basic building drawings using standard symbols.
- 4. Apply basic surveying principles using instruments for simple measurements.
- 5. Describe the importance of water resources management
- 6. Understand the basics of transportation systems.

Prerequisite: A strong foundation of Mathematics, Physics, Chemistry and Spatial reasoning. **DETAILED SYLLABUS:**

Sr. No.	Name of Module			CO Mapping
0	Prerequisite	Spatial reasoning and basics of Mathematics		
I	Introduction to Civil Engineering	What is Civil Engineering/ Infrastructure? Basics of Engineering and Civil Engineering; Importance of Civil Engineering, Introduction to different disciplines of Civil Engineering; Possible scopes for a career Early constructions and developments over time; Ancient monuments & Modern marvels; Development of various materials of construction and methods of construction; Works of eminent civil engineers Position of construction industry vis-à-vis other industries, five-year plan outlays for construction; current budgets for		CO1
II	Building Materials	infrastructure works Materials: Introduction to construction materials like Stone, Bricks, Lime, Timber, Sand, Aggregates, Mortar, and bitumen. Cement: Chemical composition, Hydration of cement, Properties of Portland cement, OPC: PPC, Slag cement and other types of cement and their suitability, Different tests		CO2

			on Cement		
			Concrete: Introduction to Concrete, Grade		
		2.3	of concrete. Manufacturing process of		
			concrete, Introduction to RMC plant.		
III	Building drawing		Classification of buildings, Types of loads	05	CO3
			acting on buildings, building components		
		3.1	and their functions and nominal		
		3.1	dimensions, signs, and symbols used for		
			different materials and elements of		
			buildings		
			Elements of building drawing, Methods of		
			making line drawing and detailed drawing.		
		3.2	Site plan, floor plan, FSI, elevation and		
			section drawing of small residential		
	- · · · ·		building.		~~.
IV	Basics of		Role of Civil Engineer in Surveying,	08	CO4
	Surveying	1 1	Definition, Working Principles, Scale and		
		4.1	Mapping, Classification of surveying,		
			Linear measurement, Chain and tapes, field work		
			Angular Measurement: Bearing and		
		4.2	Direction, Types of compasses		
			Levelling: Principle of leveling,		
		4.3	Instruments for leveling, Methods of		
			reduction.		
V	Water supply and	5.1	Sources of Water and quality standards,	03	CO5
	Sanitary	J.1	Water demands.		
	Engineering		Fundamentals of Sanitary Engineering		
		5.2	collection and conveyance of refuse, waste		
			water: Introduction to Air pollution, noise		
7.77	TD		pollution.	0.5	ac.
VI	Transportation	C 1	Role of transportation in national	02	CO6
	Engineering	6.1	development, Introduction to mass		
			transportation system. Introduction to transportation		
		6.2	1		
		0.2	infrastructure in India, Highways,		
			Railways, Airports and Ports		

Text Books:

- 1. Building Construction: S.P. Arora, Dr. S.P. Bindra, Dhanpat Rai Publication, New Delhi.
- 2. Planning and Designing Buildings: Y. S. Sane (Modern Publication House, Pune)
- 3. Surveying and Levelling: *Dr. B. C. Punmia*, Vol.-I, 16th Edition, Vol. -II 4th Edition, Laxmi Publications (ISBN9788170088530)
- 4. Irrigation and Water power Engineering: *Dr. B. C. Punmia, Dr. Pande Lal, Ashok Kumar Jain, Arun Kumar Jain,* 16th Edition, Laxmi Publication.
- 5. Principles of Transportation Engineering: *Chakrabory, Partha and Das, Animesh;* Prentice Hall India Learning Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi

References:

1. Introduction to Engineering Materials: B. K. Agrawal, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi.

- 2. Building Materials (Products, Properties and Systems): M.L. Gambhir and Neha Jamwal, McGraw Hill Publications.
- 3. IS 962: 1989 Code of Practice for Architectural and Building Drawings.
- 4. Surveying and Levelling (Vol.-I): S.K. Duggal, Tata McGraw Hill
- 5. Principles and Practice of Highway Engineering: *Kadiyali, L. R.*; Khanna Publsihers, Delhi.

Online References:

Sr. No.	Website Name
1.	https://www.asce.org/about-civil-engineering
2.	https://gate.nptel.ac.in/video.php?branchID=5&cid=1
3.	http://www.nptel.iitm.ac.in/courses.php?branch=Civil
4.	http://www.nptel.iitm.ac.in/courses/Webcourse-contents/IIT

Assessment:

Internal Assessment (IA) for 20 marks each:

• IA will consist of Two Compulsory Internal Assessment Tests. Approximately 40% to 50% of the syllabus content must be covered in the IAT-I and the remaining 40% to 50% of the syllabus content must be covered in the IAT-II.

End Semester Theory Examination:

- Question paper format
 - Question Paper will comprise a total of six questions each carrying 15 marks Q.1 will be compulsory and should cover the maximum contents of the syllabus
 - Remaining questions will be mixed in nature (part (a) and part (b) of each question must be from different modules. For example, if Q.2 has part (a) from Module 3 then part (b) must be from any other Module randomly selected from all the modules)
 - A total of **four questions** need to be answered

Course Code	Course Name		hing Sch ntact Hou		Credits Assigned				
Code	Course Name	Theory	Tut.	Pract / Oral	Theory	Tut.	Pract/ Oral	Total	
PCL2012	Elements of Civil Engineering Lab			2		-	1	1	

Course Code				Theo	Term	Pract	Total		
		Inter	rnal Ass	essment	End	Exam	work	/ Oral	
Course	Course Name		Test (IA	AT)	Sem	Duration			
Code		IAT-	IAT-	IAT-I +	Exam	(in Hrs)			
		I	II	IAT-II					
				(Total)					
PCL2012	Elements of Civil						25	25	50
FCL2012	Engineering Lab						23	23	50

Lab Objectives:

- To study the basic concepts of civil engineering.
 To study various building material and their significance in the construction activity.
- 3. To introduce the concept of elements of building drawing.

- 4. To develop the concept of basic surveying.
- 5. To understand the concept of water resources engineering
- 6. To understand the concept of transportation engineering

Lab Outcomes:

- 1) Recall the fundamental role of civil engineering and list its core branches.
- 2) Explain the characteristics of common building materials and their typical applications in construction.
- 3) Use standard symbols to sketch basic building drawings based on given interpretations.
- 4) Compare and contrast basic surveying instruments and their principles for simple measurements.
- 5) Assess the importance of water resources management in relation to environmental and societal needs.
- 6) Understanding the basic of the transportation system considering various factors.

Prerequisite: Knowledge of physics and mathematics up to 12 science level.

DETAILED SYLLABUS:

Sr. No.	Module	Detailed Content	Hours	LO Mapping
0	Prerequisite	Knowledge of physics and mathematics up to 12 science level.		
I	Introduction to Civil Engineering	Prepare a report on different branches of civil engineering in terms of their focus areas and applications	02	LO1
II	Building Materials	Prepare a report on different building materials with their properties	02	LO2
III	Building drawing	Each student shall prepare a plan, elevation, and section of a simple residential building from given data	02	LO3
IV	Basics of Surveying	Use of Chain Compass and Instruments for leveling	02	LO4
V	Open Ended Problem (Model Making):	Prepare a model of any one type from hydraulic structures like gravity dam, earthen dam, falls, canal structures	02	LO5
VI	Transportation Engineering	Prepare a poster related to transportation engineering	02	LO6

Text Books:

- 1. Building Construction: S.P. Arora, Dr. S.P. Bindra, Dhanpat Rai Publication, New Delhi.
- 2. Planning and Designing Buildings: Y. S. Sane (Modern Publication House, Pune)
- 3. Surveying and Levelling: *Dr. B. C. Punmia*, Vol.-I, 16th Edition, Vol. -II 4th Edition, Laxmi Publications (ISBN 9788170088530)

References:

- 1. Introduction to Engineering Materials: B. K. Agrawal, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi.
- 2. Building Materials (Products, Properties and Systems): M.L. Gambhir and Neha Jamwal, McGraw Hill Publications.
- 3. IS 962: 1989 Code of Practice for Architectural and Building Drawings.
- 4. Surveying and Levelling (Vol.-I): S.K. Duggal, Tata McGraw Hill
- 5. Principles and Practice of Highway Engineering: Kadiyali, L. R.; Khanna Publsihers, Delhi.

Online Resources:

Sr. No.	Website Name
1.	https://www.asce.org/about-civil-engineering
2.	https://gate.nptel.ac.in/video.php?branchID=5&cid=1
3.	http://www.nptel.iitm.ac.in/courses.php?branch=Civil
4.	http://www.nptel.iitm.ac.in/courses/Webcourse-contents/IIT

List of Experiments.

Sr No	List of Experiments	Hrs.	LO Mapping
01	Initial and Final setting time test on cement	02	LO1
02	Compressive strength of cement	02	LO2
03	Drawing plan of G+1 bungalow (Existing)	02	LO3
04	Ranging, chaining, and offsetting	02	LO4
05	Measurement of bearings using prismatic and surveyor's compass	02	LO5
06	Simple and compound levelling	02	LO6

Sr No	List of Assignments / Tutorials	Hrs.	LO Mapping
01	Enlist in detail scope of Civil Engineering based on different disciplines of Civil Engineering		LO1, LO2, LO3,
02	Prepare detail report on three Civil Engineering projects of national repute	02	LO4, LO5,
03	Discuss on Hydrological cycle and water supply		LO6
04	Comparison of different modes of transportation		

Assessment:

Term Work: Term Work shall consist of at least 10 to 12 practicals' based on the above list. Also, Term work Journal must include at least 2 assignments.

Term Work Marks: 25 Marks (Total marks) = 15 Marks (Experiment) + 5 Marks (Assignments) + 5 Marks (Attendance)

Practical & Oral Exam: An Oral & Practical exam will be held based on the above syllabus.

Course		Teaching Scheme (Contact Hours)		Credits Assigned				
Course Code	Course Name	Theo ry	Pract.	Tut.	Theory	Pract.	Tut.	Total
CC201	Social Science and Community Services		2*+2	-		2	-	2

				Theory			Ter	Pract	Total
							m	/	
							work	Oral	
Course		Intern	al Asses	ssment	End	Exam			
Code	Course Name		(IAT)		Sem	Duratio			
Code		IAT-I	IAT-	IAT-I +	Exa	n			
			II	IAT-II	m	(in Hrs)			
				(Total)					
CC201	Social Science						25		25
CC201	and Community	_				_	23		23

α •				
Services				1
2021200				

Rationale :This group of activities is to support Individual Interest, Skill utilization and desire to contribute towards social welfare and discharge a duty of good citizen. Activities offered are based on based on diverse scope, ranging from social activities and services, training as a volunteer at the time of National Emergencies, Training volunteer take part at National level campaign in the field of science and technology.

Course Objectives:

- Understanding knowledge from a range of disciplines
- Connecting knowledge to other knowledge, ideas, and experiences
- Constructing knowledge
- Relating knowledge to daily life
- Critical thinking
- Reflective thinking
- Effective reasoning
- Creativity

Course Outcomes:

- 1) Communicate effectively verbally and in writing by selecting proper content, tone, and demeanor for the situation
- 2) Demonstration effective use of technology for personal and professional activities, including electronic communication and information resources
- 3) Develop and actively pursue personal, academic and professional goals
- 4) Seek guidance and assistance as needed to achieve academic success, maintain good academic standing and progress toward a degree
- 5) Manage personal affairs by demonstrating empathy toward others, caring for one's self and seeking assistance as needed
- 6) Demonstrate professionalism toward peers, faculty, staff, employers and other members of the College community through social etiquette, effective communication and restraint

Available Choice (Any One)	Available at	Guided By	Evaluation at
NSS	College / Cluster	University NSS Coordinator	Institute *
NCC	College/Cluster	University/State level NCC core	Institute *
Civil Defense	College/Cluster	State/ local Governance Civil defense Unit	Institute *

Coordinator	Amateur radio College / Cluster Local / Cluster / University level Institute
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• By Coordinator / program officer assigned at institute level

DETAILED GUIDELINE:

1) For NSS /NCC

The students shall earn marks for all relevant activities, which include Sports and Games, NCC, NSS etc. Every student opted for NSS is expected

to participate in the program for a minimum of 120 hours in a semester to become eligible for the credit. Every time the student participates / completes a task, the same is entered in the attendance register meant for the purpose and to be certified by the concerned Head and the Academic Coordinator, at the end of the semester, the student shall be awarded marks for participation as devised for the respective program.

<u>Assessment:</u> (<u>Towards termwork</u>) Evaluation Pattern for Participation

Sr No	Particulars	Max marks
1	Attendance & Routine Activities	05
2	Participation in Camps / Field Activity	10
3	Brief Report	10
	Total	25

2) For Civil Defense

Civil Defence offers members the opportunity to train in a variety of skills and to learn new techniques that will not only assist your local community in the event of an emergency but will also enhance your own personal development. All training is given by experienced instructors and is certified to national standards. Casualty Service – training for First Aid, Rescue Service – training for Rescue. Fire Fighting Service – training in certain areas of fire fighting. Pumping floodwaters and supplying water and emergency services for support to the community.

The activity can be started at college level/ Cluster level by coordinating with the local Civil defense center. Training will be arranged by the Local civil defense center set up by the Directorate of civil defense, Maharashtra state in the region of College/ Cluster. a Civil Defense unit can be established

by a Coordinator assigned amongst the desiring faculty member at college / cluster level .

OBJECTIVES OF CIVIL DEFENCE UNIT

To enable students to identify social issues and their solutions.

To develop self discipline and a helping attitude among the students.

To make students responsible citizens For protection of the environment.

To implement government programs and policies among people.

To prepare students to give scientific aid in natural and manmade disaster

Online References:

Sr. No.	Website Name
1.	https://www.maharashtracdhg.gov.in/cde/index.php
2.	https://dgfscdhg.gov.in/training-0
3.	https://dgcd.assam.gov.in/sites/default/files/swf_utility_folder/departments/cdhg_web
	comindia_org_oid_5/menu/information_and_services/eligibility_criteria_to_apply_fo
	r_civil_defence_0_5.pdf

<u>Assessment:</u> (<u>Towards termwork</u>) Evaluation Pattern for Participation

Sr No	Particulars	Max marks
1	Attendance & Routine Activities	05
2	Participation in Training	10
3	field demonstration /presentation	10
	Total	25

3) For Amateur Radio

Amateur Radio is a scientific activity popularly known as "Ham Radio". Amateur radio operators use two way radio stations and communicate with others similarly authorized using various modes of communication like voice, morse code, computers, internet etc. The things that amateur radio operators do with their radios are as diverse as the people themselves. The advanced amateur radio communication techniques include Automatic Position Reporting Systems using GPS information, Internet linking of Repeater stations, Interface with internet for exchange of emails, images etc as well as visual communication modes.

Amateur (HAM) Radio is both a Hobby activity and Service. It is an activity of self learning, intercommunication & technical investigation carried on the duly authorized persons (i.e. Amateur Radio Operators) for a personal aim and without pecuniary interest. A wireless communication network through Amateur Radio is one of the most effective and alternate medium of communication and can play a significant role in providing reliable communications when other normal communications fail. The skills of the trained amateur radio operator can be used for public service in times of need and national emergencies.

For participation in ISRO programs for student satellites and to act as a volunteer for radio monitoring of space missions, owning an Amateur (HAM) Radio operators certification is a legal and technical essential condition.

The Activity can be started at college level or at University inducted Nodal Centers. Interested faculties can be assigned a role of coordinator and enroll students for becoming Radio enthusiasts.

Online References:

Sr. No.	Website Name
1	https://vigyanprasar.gov.in/science-communication-programs/ham-radio/
2	https://www.isro.gov.in/HAMSAT.htmlhttps://www.isro.gov.in/HAMSAT.html
3.	https://amsatindia.org/

<u>Assessment:</u> (<u>Towards termwork</u>) <u>Evaluation Pattern for Participation</u>

Sr No	Particulars	Max marks
1	Attendance & Routine Activities	05
2	Participation in Training sessions & progress	15
3	Technical report / field activity	05
	Total	25

Course Code	Course Name	Teaching Scheme (Contact Hours)			Credits Assigned			
		Theory	Pract.	Tut.	Theory	Pract.	Tut.	Total
IKS201	Indian Knowledge System	2*		-	-	2*	-	

Course Code	Course Name	Inter	(IAT) Sem		End Sem Exam	Exam Duration	Term work	Pract / Oral	Total
		IAT- I	IAT- II	IAT-I + IAT-II (Total)	Lixam	(in Hrs)			
IKS201	Indian Knowledge System	-	-	-	-	-			

Rationale:

The Indian Knowledge System (IKS) is vital for preserving India's rich cultural heritage, fostering holistic and sustainable practices, and integrating ancient wisdom with modern science to address contemporary challenges and enrich global knowledge.

Course Objectives:

- 1. To explore and understand the evolution of Indian scientific thought
- 2. To evaluate the historical and modern educational systems in our country
- 3. To analyse sustainable practices in in ancient India
- 4. To know the richness of Indian Arts and Culture
- 5. To understand the contributions of Indian Scientists and Nobel Laureates
- 6. To understand the principles of good governance

Course Outcomes:

- 1. Recognize the sources and concepts of the Indian knowledge system
- 2. Learn about our history of Indian ancient knowledge and its significance in the current scenario.
- 3. Demonstrate sustainable development in various fields like Science, Technology, agriculture, industry, architecture performing arts, etc.
- 4. Understand and appreciate the rich heritage that resides in literature
- 5. Learn about the ancient Bhartiya education system in comparison with the modern era
- 6. Showcase the multi-dimensional nature of IKS and its importance in modern society

Prerequisite:

- 1. Students should have the foundational knowledge and skills necessary for a comprehensive understanding of IKS
- 2. Students should be familiar with the Indian Culture, Language, and History of Science and Technology in India.

DETAILED SYLLABUS:

S r. N	Name of Module	Detailed Content	Ho urs	CO Map ping
0.				P8
I	Introduction to the Indian Knowledge System (I.K.S.)	 Basic knowledge and scope of IKS IKS in ancient India and modern India, Bhartiya education system – ancient to modern era, Sources of Education, Aim of Education, Curriculum, methods of learning, Educational Institutes, Higher Educational Institutions, Advantages and Disadvantages of the Gurukul System, Distinguish between the Gurukul system And 	3	CO2

		the Modern Education System		
II	Development of Scientific Thoughts in Ancient India	Development in Science, Technology, Astronomy, Mathematics, and Life Sciences – Life Science, Physiology, Ayurveda, etc.	4	CO1
II I	Development of Arts & Culture in India	 Introduction to Ancient Architecture (Arts, Forts, Paintings, Sculpture, Temple architecture, etc) Development in performing arts & culture: Music, Art of singing, Art of dancing, Natyakala Cultural traditions and Folk arts 	5	CO4
I V	Good Governance in Ancient India	 Introduction to Indian religions Moral and Ethical Governance Vishva Kalyan through Vasudhaiva Kutumbkam Principles of Good Governance about Ramayana, Mahabharat, Artha Sastra and Kautilyan State 	5	CO6
V	Contribution of Indian Scientist & Nobel Laureates	 Baudhayan, Aryabhatta, Brahmgupta, Bhaskaracharya, Varahamihira, Nagarjuna, Susruta, Kanada&Charak Rabindranath Tagore, C.V. Raman, Har Gobind Khorana, Mother Teresa, Subrahmanyan Chandrasekhar, Amartya Sen, V.S. Naipaul, Venkatraman Ramakrishnan, Kailash Satyarthi and Abhijit Banerjee 	5	CO5
VI	Sustainable Practices in Ancient India	 Agriculture, waste management, water conservation, forest conservation, architecture, urban planning, biodiversity preservation, etc Yoga, pranayama, and meditation for health and well-being 	4	CO3

Text Books:

- 1. **1.** A.K Bag, History of technology in India (Set 3 vol), Indian Nation Science Academy, 1997.
- 2. An Introduction to Indian Knowledge Systems: Concepts and Applications, B Mahadevan, V R Bhat, and Nagendra Pavana R N; 2022 (Prentice Hall of India).
- 3. Ancient Indian Knowledge: Implications To Education System, Boski Singh; 2019
- 4. India's Glorious Scientific Tradition by Suresh Soni; 2010 (Ocean Books Pvt. Ltd.)
- 5. Indian Art: Forms, Concerns, and Development in Historical Perspective (History of Science, Philosophy and Culture in Indian Civilization), General Editor: D.P. Chattopadhyaya, Ed. By. B.N. Goswamy; 1999 MunshiramManoharlal Publishers Pvt. Ltd.

- 6. Indian Knowledge Systems: Vol I and II, Kapil Kapoor and A K Singh; 2005 (D.K. Print World Ltd).
- 7. Pandey, K.K. Kriya Sarira Comprehensive Human Physiology, Chaukhambha Sanskrit series, Varanasi, 2018
- 8. Shukla Vidyadhar& Tripathi Ravidatt, Aayurved ka ItihasevamParichay, Chaukhambha Sanskrit Sansthaan, New Delhi, 2017
- 9. Textbook on The Knowledge System of Bharata by Bhag Chand Chauhan; 2023 (Garuda Prakashan) 6. Pride of India- A Glimpse of India's Scientific Heritage edited by Pradeep Kohle et al. Samskrit Bharati; 2006
- 10. Traditional Knowledge System in India, Amit Jha

Online References:

Sr. No.	Website Name
1.	https://swayam.gov.in/explorer?searchText=iks
2.	https://iksindia.org/book-list.php
3.	https://iksindia.org/index.php

Assessment:

Suggested Pedagogy and assessment criteria for Teachers:

- 1. Project-based activities.
- 2. Presentation, Group Discussions, and Case studies.
- 3. Visit historical places.
- 4. Flip class mode/ Roleplay
- 5. Ouiz MCO
- 6. Assignment as per the modules: 06
- 7. Internal Assessment through flipped class and PowerPoint presentation along with documentation

Course Code	Course Name	Teaching Scheme (Contact Hours)			Credits Assigned			
		Theory	Pract.	Tut.	Theory	Pract.	Tut.	Total
IKS201	Indian Knowledge System	-	2*+2	-	-	2*+2	•	2

		Examination Scheme								
Course Code	Course Name		Theory Marks							
			assessment (AT)	End	Term Work	Practical/	Total			
		IAT IAT- I II	IAT-I + ITA-II (Total)	Sem. Exam	VV OI K	Oral				

IKS201	Indian Knowledge	 	 	25	-	25	
	System						

Objectives:

To provide practice in

- 1. Understanding Traditional Indian Knowledge Systems that have evolved in India over centuries
- 2. Learn practical applications of traditional Indian techniques in various fields
- 3. Promote the cultural heritage in Indian knowledge systems,
- 4. Develop skills to critically analyze Indian knowledge systems in contemporary contexts, assessing their relevance, strengths, and limitations.
- 5. Analyze interdisciplinary connections between Indian knowledge systems and modern scientific & technological advancements.
- 6. Applycommunication & collaborative abilities through group discussions or presentations focusing on specific aspects of Indian knowledge systems.

Outcomes:

Learners will be able to

- 1. Learn about the evolution and practices of major Indian religions
- 2. Gain insight into the cultural diversity of India through its art, literature, music, dance, and architecture.
- 3. Recognize India's historical contributions to fields such as mathematics astronomy, medicine, and technology.
- 4. Develop critical ability to evaluate different interpretations of Indian knowledge systems in academics, literature, media, and popular culture.
- 5. Analyze how Indian philosophical and spiritual ideas have influenced global thought
- 6. Understand the relevance of Indian knowledge systems in contemporary contexts, including their role in shaping social values, ethics, and sustainable practices.

Sr No	Details of Activities	Hrs
01	Project-based activities	02
02	Presentation	02
03	Case studies	02

04	Visit historical places and write a report	02
05	Flip class mode	02
06	Quiz with MCQ	02
07	Comparative Study of IKS & other philosophical & scientific systems around the world	02
08	Group Discussions	02
09	Roleplay	02
10	Self-study activities	02

(The faculty can choose any of these activities for continuous assessment)

Assessment:

Suggested Pedagogy and assessment criteria for Teachers:

- 1. Total Assignments as per the modules: 06
- 2. Internal Assessment through flipped class and PowerPoint Presentation along with documentation
- Sample Case Studies:
- Mathematics of Madhava, NilakanthaSomayaji
- Astronomical models of Aryabhata
- Wootz steel, Aranumula Mirrors, and lost wax process for bronze castings
- Foundational aspects of Ayurveda
- Foundational aspects of Ashtanga yoga
- Foundational aspects of Sangeeta and Natya-shastra

Term Work:

• Assignments: 10 Marks

Presentation/Group Discussion:10 Marks

Attendance: 05 Marks

Course Code	Course	Teaching Scheme (Contact Hours)				Credits Assigned					
Code	Name	Theory	Pract	•	Tut.	Theory	Tut.	Pract.	Total		
VSEC201	Engineering Workshop- II		2	2				1	1		
		Examination Scheme									
Course	Course Name	Theory									
Code		Internal Assessment (IAT)			End Exam. Sem. Duration		Term Wor	Pract. /oral	Total		
		IAT-I	IAT-II	IAT-I + IAT- II (Total)	Exam.	(in Hrs)	k				
VSEC201	Engineering Workshop-II						25		25		

Lab Objectives

- 1. To impart training to help the students develop engineering skill sets.
- 2. To inculcate respect for physical work and hard labor.
- 3. To get exposure to interdisciplinary engineering domain.

Lab Outcomes: Learner will be able to...

- 1. Develop the necessary skill required to handle/use different carpentry tools.
- 2. Identify and understand the safe practices to adopt in electrical environment.
- 3. Demonstrate the wiring practices for the connection of simple electrical load/ equipment.
- 4. Design, fabricate and assemble pcb.
- 5. Develop the necessary skill required to handle/use different masons tools.
- 6. Develop the necessary skill required to use different sheet metal and brazing tools.
- 7. Able to demonstrate the operation, forging with the help of a simple job.

DETAILED SYLLABUS

Detailed Content Hr	rs.
---------------------	-----

Note:

Trade 1 and 2 are compulsory. Select any ONE trade topics out of the topic trade 3 to 5. Demonstrations and hands on experience to be provided during the periods allotted for the same. Report on the demonstration including suitable sketches is also to be included in the term work

CO-1 is related to Trade-1

CO-2 to CO-4 is related to Trade-2

CO-5 is related to Trade-3

CO-6 is related to Trade-4

CO-7 is related to Trade-5

CO evaluation is to be done according to the opted Trades in addition to Compulsory Trades.

Trade-1 1. Use and setting of hand tools like hacksaws, jack planes, chisels and gauges for construction of various joints, wood tuning and modern wood turning methods. 2. Term work to include one carpentry job involving a joint and report on demonstration of a job involving wood turning
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Trade-2	 Basic Electrical work shop:(Compulsory): 3. Single phase and three phase wiring. Familiarization. of protection switchgears and their ratings (fuse, MCB, ELCB). Wiring standards, Electrical safety in the work place safe work practices. Protective equipment, measures and tools. 4. Layout drawing, layout transfer to PCB, etching and drilling and soldering technique 	08
Trade-	 Masonry: 5. Use of masons tools like trowels, hammer, spirit level, square, plumb line and pins etc. demonstration of mortar making, single and one and half brick masonry, English and Flemish bonds, block masonry, pointing and plastering. 	06
Trade 4	Sheet metal working and Brazing: 6. Use of sheet metal, working hand tools, cutting, bending, spot welding	06
Trade-	Forging (Smithy): 7. At least one forging job to be demonstrated and a simple job to be made for Term Work in a group of 4 students.	06

Text Books:

- 1. Workshop Technology, Volume-I, P.N.Rao, McGrrawHill Publication
- 2. Elements of Workshop Technology, Vol-I, S.K. Hajra Choudhury, A K HajraChoudhury, Nirjar Roy, Media Promoters & Publishers Pvt Ltd

References:

- 1. Workshop Technology, Part-II, W A J Chapman, VIVA Books Pvt Ltd
- 2. A Course in Workshop Technology, B.S. Raghuvanshi, Dhanpat Rai and Co Ltd.

Assessment:

Term Work: Term Work shall consist of at least 3 practicals' based on the above list **Term Work Marks:** 25 Marks (Total marks) = 20 Marks (Experiment) + 5 Marks (Attendance)

Course Code	Course Name		ing Sche		Credits Assigned				
		Theory	Pract.	Tut.	Theory	Pract.	Tut.	Total	
VSEC202	Python Programming	-	2*+2	-	-	2	-	2	

Course Code			Examination Scheme								
	Course Name			Theory Marks							
		Int	Internal assessment (IAT) End Sem.			Term Work	Practical/	Total			
		IAT I	IAT- II	IAT-I + IAT- II (Total)	Exam		Oral				
VSEC202	Python Programming					25	25	50			

Lab Objectives:

- 1. To familiarize learners with Python's basic syntax, variables, data types, operators, and input/output functions.
- 2. To reinforce the understanding and application of conditional statements, loops, and functions in Python programming.
- 3. To instill learners on file handling, exception management, and Python packaging.
- 4. To Introduce object-oriented programming principles and their application in Python.
- 5. To explore advanced topics such as regular expressions, pattern matching, and GUI development.
- 6. To introduce and demonstrate the use of popular Python libraries for data handling.

Lab Outcomes: Learner will be able to

- 1. Demonstrate the proficiency in basic python programming or Create and perform various operations on data structures like list, tuple dictionaries and strings.
- 2. Apply Control Flow and Functions for efficient coding to solve problems.
- 3. Demonstrate proficiency in handling file operations, managing exceptions, and developing Python packages and executable files for modular programming.
- 4. Illustrate the concept of Object-Oriented Programming used in python.
- 5. Design Graphical User Interface (GUI) applications, utilizing appropriate Python libraries to create user-friendly interfaces.
- 6. Investigate and apply popular python libraries to conduct efficient data handling tasks.

Prerequisite: VSEC 102 C Programming

DETAILED SYLLABUS:

Sr. No.	Module	Detailed Content	Hrs	LO Mapping
0	Prerequisite	Introduction to Programming: Understanding basic concepts like algorithms, flowcharts, and pseudocode. Problem-Solving Skills: Ability to approach problems methodically and apply logical thinking to develop solutions.	1	
1	Introduction to Python	 Basic Syntax and Data Types - Variables and data types, Operators, Input and output, Data Structures- list, tuple, set and dictionary Understanding the Syntax Transition: From C to Python 	4	L1
2	Control Flow and Functions	 2.1 Conditional Statements: if, else, elif 2.2 Loops: for and while loop 2.3 Functions- Defining functions, Parameters and return values, Scope and lifetime of variables 	4	L2
3	File Handling, Packaging, and Debugging	3.1 File Handling- Reading and writing files, Exception handling 3.2 Creating Python Packages, Modules and	4	L3

		executable files		
		3.3 Dealing with Syntax Errors, Runtime Errors		
		and Scientific Debugging		
4	Object Oriented	Scientific Debugging		L4
4	Object-Oriented	3		1.4
	Programming (OOP) in	Encapsulation, inheritance, and polymorphism 4.2 Creating Classes and Objects: Class attributes		
	Python			
		and		
		methods Constructor and destructor.		
		4.3 Type of Inheritance: Single, multiple and		
		multilevel		
		inheritance		
5	Advanced Python	5.1 Regular Expressions, Pattern matching, Regex	5	L5
	Concepts	functions		
	_	in Python		
		5.2 GUI Development using any Python GUI framework		
6	Dython I ibnoring	6.1 Introduction to Popular Libraries	4	L6
	Python Libraries	6.2 NumPy for numerical computing,		
		6.3 Pandas for data manipulation		
		6.4 Matplotlib for data visualization		

Text Books:

- 1. Core Python Programming, Dr. R. Nageswara Rao, Second Edition, Dreamtech Press.
- 2. Beginning Python: Using Python 2.6 and Python 3.1. James Payne, Wrox Publication.
- 3. Python Programming, Anurag Gupta and G. P. Biswas, First Edition, McGraw-Hill Education.

References:

- 1. Learn Python the Hard Way, Zed Shaw, Third Edition, Addison-Wesley.
- 2. Python Projects, Laura Cassell, Alan Gauld, First Edition, Wrox Publication.
- 3. Introduction to computing and problem-solving using python, Balagurusamy, First Edition, McGraw Hill Education.

Online Resources:

Sr. No.	Website Name
1.	Python Tutorial: http://docs.python.org/release/3.0.1/tutorial/
2.	Python for everybody specialization: https://www.coursera.org/specializations/python.

List of Experiments.

The following experiments serve as samples to illustrate the application of concepts covered in each unit. Instructors are encouraged to modify and adapt these experiments to meet the specific needs of the course and

the learning objectives. It is essential to ensure that the fundamental concepts and skills outlined in each unit are adequately covered, even with modifications.

Week No	List of Experiments	Hrs
140	Objective: To enable learners to transition their understanding of basic programming constructs from C to Python by focusing on Python's syntax, variables, data types, operators, and input/output functions, and comparing these elements with their equivalents in C	
01	 Personalized Greeting Generator* - Write a python code to generate Personalized Greeting. Calculating Areas of Geometric Figures* - Write a python program to calculate areas of any geometric figures like circle, rectangle and triangle. Developing Conversion Utilities: Develop any converter such as Rupees to dollar, temperature convertor, inch to feet etc. Calculating Gross Salary of an Employee*: Write a Python program to calculate the gross salary of an employee. The program should prompt the user for the basic salary (BS) and then compute the dearness allowance (DA) as 70% of BS, the travel allowance (TA) as 30% of BS, and the house rent allowance (HRA) as 10% of BS. Finally, it should calculate the gross salary as the sum of BS, DA, TA, and HRA and display the result. Calculating Simple Interest: Write a Python program to calculate the simple interest based on user input. The program should prompt the user to enter the principal amount, the rate of interest, and the time period in years. It should then compute the simple interest using the formula Simple Interest=(Principal×Rate×Time) /100 and display the result. Exploring Basic Arithmetic Operations in Python*: Write a Python program to explore basic arithmetic operations. The program should prompt the user to enter two numbers and then perform addition, subtraction, multiplication, division, and modulus operations on those numbers. The results of each operation should be displayed to the user. 	02
02	Objective: Mastering Python New Data Structures for Practical Applications Task List Manager*: Develop a Python program to manage a task list using lists and tuples, including adding, removing, updating, and sorting tasks. Student Enrollment Manager *: Create a Python code to demonstrate the use of sets and perform set operations (union, intersection, difference) to manage student enrollments in multiple courses / appearing for multiple entrance exams like CET, JEE, NEET etc. Student Record Keeper *: Write a Python program to create, update, and manipulate a dictionary of student records, including their grades and attendance.	02
03	 Objective: To enable students to transition their understanding of control statements and loops from C to Python, emphasizing the adoption of Python syntax while reinforcing logical structures already learned. Triangle Pattern Generator Using Loops: Write a Python program to print a triangle pattern (give any), emphasizing the transition from C to Python syntax. Number Type Identifier*: Develop a Python program that takes a numerical input and identifies whether it is even or odd, utilizing conditional statements and loops. Character Type Identifier: Create a Python program to check whether the given input is a digit, lowercase character, uppercase character, or a special character using an 'if-else-if' ladder. Multiplication Table Generator: Write a Python program to take a numerical input from 	02

	the user and generate its multiplication table using loops. 5. Fibonacci Sequence Generator: Develop a Python program to print the Fibonacci		
	sequence using a while loop. 6. Factorial Generator*: Design a Python program to compute the factorial of a given integer N.		
	7. Prime Number Analyzer*: Using function, write a Python program to analyze the input number is prime or not.		
	8. Simple Calculator Using Functions*: Implement a simple Python calculator that takes user input and performs basic arithmetic operations (addition, subtraction, multiplication, division) using functions.		
	9. Interactive Guessing Game: Develop a number guessing game where the program generates a random number, and the user has to guess it. Implement loops and conditional statements for user interaction.		
	Objective: To enable learners to proficiently handle file operations, manage exceptions, and		
04	 create Python packages and executable files. Extracting Words from Text File *: Develop a Python program that reads a text file and prints words of specified lengths (e.g., three, four, five, etc.) found within the file. Finding Closest Points in 3D Coordinates from CSV: Write a python code to take a csv file as input with coordinates of points in three dimensions. Find out the two closest points. Sorting City Names from File: Write a python code to take a file which contains city names on each line. Alphabetically sort the city names and write it in another file. Building an Executable File*: Create a executable file for any program developed in earlier practical. 	02	
05	 Objective: To enable learners to proficiently handle errors and exceptions in Python programs, ensuring robust and fault-tolerant code. Learners will also develop debugging skills to identify, diagnose, and fix issues efficiently using scientific debugging methods. Basic Exception Handling*: Write a Python program that takes two numbers as input and performs division. Implement exception handling to manage division by zero and invalid input errors gracefully. Custom Exceptions: Develop a Python program that simulates a banking system with a function to withdraw money. Raise custom exceptions for scenarios such as insufficient funds and invalid account numbers Logging for Debugging: Enhance a Python program by adding logging statements to record the flow of execution and error messages. Use the logging module to configure different logging levels (INFO, DEBUG, ERROR). Using a Debugger*: Demonstrate the use of a Python debugger (e.g., pdb or an IDE with debugging capabilities) on a sample program with intentional errors. Guide students on setting breakpoints, stepping through code, and examining variable values. Scientific Debugging Techniques: Provide a Python program with multiple logic and runtime errors. Instruct students to apply scientific debugging techniques, such as binary search debugging, to identify and resolve the issues methodically 	02	
06	Objective: To apply object-oriented programming (OOP) principles in Python to model real-world scenarios and systems, fostering the development of modular, reusable, and efficient solutions. Fostering the ability to design and implement solutions for real-world problems. Choose any one real world scenario. Ask student to apply OOP principles such as encapsulation, inheritance, and polymorphism in practical scenarios. The sample real world scenarios are as follows.	02	
	1. Event Management System: Implement an event management system using OOP concepts to organize and manage various aspects of college festivals or events. Design		

classes for events, organizers, participants, and activities. Include methods for event registration, scheduling, participant management, and activity coordination. 2. Online Shopping System: Develop classes for products, customers, and shopping carts. Include methods for adding items to the cart, calculating total costs, processing orders, and managing inventory. 3. Vehicle Rental System: Design a system using classes for vehicles, rental agencies, and rental transactions. Implement methods to handle vehicle availability, rental periods, pricing, and customer bookings. **Objective:** To develop a graphical user interface (GUI) application for any use case. Choose any use case from below. 1. **GUI for Developing Conversion Utilities:** Develop a Python GUI application that performs various unit conversions such as currency (Rupees to Dollars), temperature (Celsius to Fahrenheit), and length (Inches to Feet). The application should include input fields for the values, dropdown menus or buttons to select the type of conversion, and labels to display the results. 2. GUI for Calculating Areas of Geometric Figures: Develop a Python GUI application that calculates the areas of different geometric figures such as circles, rectangles, and triangles. Allows users to input the necessary dimensions for various geometric figures and calculate their respective areas. The application should include input fields for the dimensions, buttons to perform the calculations, and labels to display the results. 3. College Admission Registration Form: The college admission registration form collects essential personal, educational, and contact information from prospective students. Create a GUI as shown in Figure-1 that allows the user to input his/her name, branch and favorite game. When the user clicks the Submit button, it should display the output as 07 illustrated. 02 TK Enter Student Name: Virat Select Your Branch: Select Favorite Games: Cricket ☐ Football □ Badminton Submit **OUTPUT:** Your name is Virat. Virat is from Computer Engineering Department. Virat is from Computer Engineering Department and enjoy playing Cricket. Figure-1: A basic GUI featuring text field and various buttons. **Objective:** To enable learners to effectively utilize regular expressions in Python for pattern matching, validation, and data extraction tasks, enhancing their ability to process textual data efficiently and accurately. 1. Script to Validate Phone Number and Email ID *: Write a Python script that prompts the user to enter their phone number and email ID. It then employs Regular Expressions to verify if these inputs adhere to standard phone number and email address formats 08 02 2. Password Strength Checker: Write a Python script that prompts the user to enter a password. Use regular expressions to validate the password based on these criteria: At least 8 characters long, Contains at least one uppercase letter, one lowercase letter, one digit, and one special character. 3. **URL Validator:** Develop a script that verifies if a given string is a valid URL. Use regular expressions to check for standard URL formats, including protocols (http, https), domain names, and optional path segments. Test with various URLs and ensure the validation

	covers common cases. 4. Extracting Data from Text *: Create a program that reads a text file containing various data (e.g., names, emails, phone numbers). Use regular expressions to extract specific types of data, such as email addresses, phone numbers, dates (e.g., MM/DD/YYYY format).	
09	 Objective: To equip learners with the skills to utilize the NumPy libraries for efficient numerical computing. 1. Creating and Manipulating Arrays*: Write a Python program to create a 1D, 2D, and 3D NumPy array. Perform basic operations like reshaping, slicing, and indexing. 2. Array Mathematics*: Develop a Python script to create two arrays of the same shape and perform element-wise addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division. Calculate the dot product and cross product of two vectors. 3. Statistical Operations*: Write a Python program to calculate mean, median, standard deviation, variance, and correlation coefficients of a given array. 	02
	Objective: To provide learners with the knowledge and skills necessary to effectively use the Pandas library for data manipulation and the Matplotlib library for data visualization. Learners will engage in tasks that involve analyzing real-world datasets, creating meaningful visualizations, and drawing insights from data.	
10	Task1- Loading and Inspecting Data: Load a CSV file containing information on global COVID-19 cases into a DataFrame. Display the first few rows, check the data types, and summarize basic statistics. Task 2-Data Cleaning: Identify and handle missing values in the dataset. Remove any duplicate rows and ensure data consistency. Task 3-Data Aggregation: Perform aggregation operations to summarize data. Task 4- Plotting graphs: Generate a line plot showing the trend / bar plot to compare data/ histogram to show distribution/ scatter plot to examine relationships between variables. Instructors can choose other datasets relevant to the course objectives. Sample datasets and task list are as follows. 1. Using the Iris Data (https://www.kaggle.com/datasets/saurabh00007/iriscsv), perform the following tasks: i.Read the first 8 rows of the dataset. ii.Display the column names of the Iris dataset. ii.Fill any missing data with the mean value of the respective column. v.Remove rows that contain any missing values. v.Group the data by the species of the flower. vi.Calculate and display the mean, minimum, and maximum values of the Sepal length column. 2.Using the Cars Data (https://www.kaggle.com/datasets/nameeerafatima/toyotacsv) perform the following tasks: i.Create a scatter plot between the Age and Price of the cars to illustrate how the price decreases as the age of the car increases. ii.Generate a histogram to show the frequency distribution of kilometers driven by the cars.	02
	ii.Produce a bar plot to display the distribution of cars by fuel type. v.Create a pie chart to represent the percentage distribution of cars based on fuel types. v.Draw a box plot to visualize the distribution of car prices across different fuel types.	

Note: * Marks indicate the minimum required programs to be taken. Additional programs should be covered based on the student's learning pace.

The goal of these experiments is to provide a structured approach to learning Python programming concepts. Instructors are encouraged to use these samples as a foundation and customize them to create engaging and effective learning experiences for the students.

Assessment:

Term Work: Term Work shall consist of at least 15 to 18 practicals based on the above list. Since the initial Python programs are small and straightforward, this allows for more practicals to be conducted, providing essential practice needed for mastering any programming language.

Internal Practical Exam: Conduct an internal practical exam after completing the first three modules of the Python course to assess and ensure the learner's understanding.

Term Work Marks: 25 Marks (Total marks) = 10 Marks (Experiment) + 10 Marks (Internal Practical Exam) + 5 Marks (Attendance)

Practical& Oral Exam: An Oral & Practical exam will be held based on the above syllabus.

Justification for B.E. (Civil and Infrastructure Engineering)

1.	Necessity for starting the course:	India's infrastructure needs have become a critical focal point due to rapid urbanization, environmental concerns, and evolving technological advancements. Key initiatives such as Smart Cities Mission, Atal Mission for Rejuvenation and Urban Transformation (AMRUT), and Bharatmala Project aim to transform the urban and rural landscape, creating a strong demand for professionals who are adept at managing large infrastructure projects efficiently. Civil and infrastructure engineering involves designing, building, and maintaining infrastructure systems, such as roads, bridges, water supply systems, and public utilities. The introduction of this course will provide specialized training that blends traditional civil engineering with modern infrastructure management techniques, including sustainable and green building practices, project management, and technology integration.
2.	Whether the UGC has recommended the course:	Yes
3.	Whether all the courses have commenced from the academic year 2023-24	Yes, the Program started from A.Y 2024-25 as per NEP 2020 Policy.
4.	The courses started by the University are self-financed, whether adequate number of eligible permanent faculties are available?:	Self-financed Yes. Some experts are called as adjunct or visiting faculties.
5.	To give details regarding the duration of the Course and is it possible to compress the course?:	4 years. Not possible to compress the program.
6.	The intake capacity of each course and no. of admissions given in the current academic year:	60 seats for one division. Admissions will be held from 2024-2025 onwards.
7.	Opportunities of Employability / Employment available after undertaking these courses:	Graduates of the Civil and Infrastructure Engineering course will have a wide range of career opportunities across both private and government sectors. With the country's infrastructure projects and urbanization initiatives continually growing, the demand for skilled engineers is expected to rise. Key employment opportunities include urban planner, project manager, site engineer, structural engineer, transportation engineer, water resources engineer, environmental consultant, infrastructure development consultant, construction & real estate sector, smart city development, government sector jobs such as the Public Works Department (PWD), National Highways Authority of India (NHAI), and Municipal Corporations for planning, designing, and executing government infrastructure projects.

Sd/-Dr. Rajendra B. Magar BoS-Chairman-Civil Engineering Faculty of Technology Sd/-Dr. Deven Shah Associate Dean Faculty of Science & Technology Sd/Prof. Shivram S. Garje
Dean
Faculty of Science & Technology