## As Per NEP 2020

## University of Mumbai



Syllabus for				
Basket of OE				
Board of Studies in Data Science				
UG First Year Programme				
Semester				
Title of Paper	Credits 2/ 4			
DS_Database Management     System (Open Elective)[OE]	2			
II.				
From the Academic Year	2024-2025			

Name of the Course: DS\_Database Management System

Sr.No.	Heading	Particulars	
1	Description the	Introduction: A Database Management System	
	course:	(DBMS) is a software that manages databases. It	
		provides an interface for interacting with the	
		database, ensures data integrity, and supports	
		efficient and secure data retrieval and storage.	
		Relevance and Usefulness: DBMS is widely used     in hydricals and installations to attend and response large.	
		in business applications to store and manage large	
		volumes of data related to customers, transactions, products, and more. DBMS allows for efficient data	
		retrieval and manipulation, improving overall system	
		performance.	
		Applications: The versatility of DBMS makes it a	
		fundamental component in numerous applications,	
		contributing to the efficient management and	
		utilization of data across various industries.	
		• Interest and Connection with Other Courses:	
		Prerequisite: Basic Computer knowledge of	
		computer architecture, storage, operating system. It	
		also good to know about basic programming	
		knowledge. Understanding DBMS principles and practices can	
		enhance the effectiveness of professionals in various	
		fields by providing them with the skills to manage and	
		utilize data efficiently.	
		Demand in the Industry: Database Management	
		System course aims to gain the knowledge of DBMS	
		concept, principle, and design. Database is a	
		collection of interrelated data, and this data can be	
		managed, access, manipulate and organise data in	
		system with the help of software. It benefits to user by	
		providing data access, reduced redundancy, data	
		integrity, data sharing, data organizing, data consistency, data accuracy, and security	
		• <b>Job Prospects:</b> The job prospects in DBMS are	
		diverse, and professionals with expertise in this field	
		are sought after in nearly every industry where data	
		plays a crucial role in decision-making and	
		operations. As technology continues to evolve, the	
		demand for skilled DBMS professionals is likely to	
2	Vertical :	remain strong.  Open Elective	
3		-	
<u> </u>	Type : Credits :	Theory 2 credits (30 Hours in a semester)	
<u>5</u>	Hours Allotted : Marks Allotted:	30 Hours 50 Marks	
7	Course Objectives(CO):		
	Course Objectives	ooj.	

	OO 4. The selection becomes for lately and leaves the selection of the sel			
	CO 1. To understand concept of database by organizing, structuring and			
	storing data.			
	CO 2. To understand data models and entity relationship. CO 3. To understand retrieve data and concept of redundancy			
	CO 4. To specify the data requirement in database applications			
	CO 5. To create, manipulate queries in database.			
8	Course Outcomes (OC):			
	OC 1. Students should be able to use the concept of database and it's important in software development.			
	OC 2. Students should be able to design database and draw logical structure			
	using Entity relationship.			
	OC 3. Students should be able to construct normalized database and			
	functional dependencies.			
	OC 4. Students should be able to design the database schema with the			
	appropriate data types.			
	OC 5. Students should be able to create, manipulate the database			
	management system to evaluate the business information prol	olem.		
9	Modules:			
	Module 1:			
	1. Introduction & DBMS Architecture: What is Database? Need			
	of database, Role and Advantages of the DBMS, Types of			
	Databases, Data Processing, Database Systems			
	2. Data Models: Data Modelling and Data Models, The Importance			
	of			
	Data Models, Data Model Basic Building Blocks, Business			
	Rules, Degrees of Data Abstraction			
	3. Entity Relationship Model and Unified Modelling Language:	15 Hrs		
	Relationships, Connectivity and Cardinality, Existence			
	Dependence, Relationship Strength, Weak Entities, Relationship Degree, Recursive Relationships, Associative			
	(Composite) Entities, Developing an ER Diagram.			
	4. Advanced Data Modelling: The Extended Entity Relationship			
	Model.			
	Entity Clustering, Entity Integrity: Primary Keys, Design Cases:			
	Learning Flexible Database Design.			
	Module 2:			
	Normalization of Database Tables: Database Tables and			
	Normalization, The Normalization Process, Surrogate Key			
	Considerations, Higher-Level Normal Forms, Normalization and			
	Database Design, Denormalization, Data-modelling Checklist.			
	2. <b>Database Design:</b> The Information System, The Systems			
	Development			
	Life Cycle, The Database Life Cycle, Conceptual Design,	15 Hrs		
	DBMS			
	Software Selection, Logical Design, Physical Design, Database			
	Design Stratogics, Controlized versus Decentralized Design			
	Strategies, Centralized versus Decentralized Design 3. Transaction Management and Concurrency Control: What			
	Is a			
	Transaction? Concurrency Control with Locking Methods,			
	Transaction: Concernity Control with Locking Methods,			

	Concurrency Control with Time Stamping Methods, Concurrency Control with Optimistic Methods, ANSI Levels of Transaction Isolation, Database Recovery Management Database Performance Tuning and Query Optimization: Database Performance-Tuning Concepts, Query Processing, Indexes and Query Optimization, Optimizer Choices, SQL Performance Tuning, Query Formulation, DBMS Performance Tuning.  4. Database Administration and Security: Data as a Corporate Asset, The Need for a Database and Its Role in an Organization, Special Considerations, Security, Database Administration Tools, Data Administration Strategy, The DBA's Role in the Cloud, The DBA at Work: Using Oracle for Database Administration		
10, 11	<ol> <li>Reference and Text Books</li> <li>Fundamentals of Database Systems, Elmasri Ramez and Navathe Shamkant B, Pearson Education 6th Edition, 2010.</li> <li>Database System Concepts Silberschatz, Korth, Sudarshan, McGraw Hill, 5 Edition, 2006.</li> <li>Database Management Systems, Ramakrishna, Gehrke, McGraw- Hill, 2007</li> <li>Murach's MySQL Joel Murach, Murach, 2012.</li> </ol>		
12	Internal Continuous Assessment: 40%	Semester End Examination: 60%	
13	Continuous Evaluation through: Class test of 1 of 15 marks Class test of 2 of 15 marks Average of the two: 15 marks Quizzes/ Presentations/ Assignments: 5 marks Total: 20 marks	Format of Question Paper: External Examination (30 Marks)– 1 hr duration	
14	Format of Question Paper: (Semester End Examination : 30 Marks. Duration:1 hour) Q1: Attempt any two (out of four) from Module 1 (15 marks) Q2: Attempt any two (out of four) from Module 2 (15 marks)		

Sign of Chairperson Dr. Mrs. R. Srivaramangai Ad-hoc BoS (Data Science)

Sign of the Offg. Associate Dean Dr. Madhav R. Rajwade Faculty of Science & Technology Sign of Offg. Dean, Prof. Shivram S. Garje Faculty of Science & Technology