As Per NEP 2020

University of Mumbai



Title of the program

- A- U.G. Certificate in Life Sciences
- B- U.G. Diploma in Life Sciences
- **C-** B.Sc. (Life Sciences)
- **D-** B.Sc. (Hons.) in **Life Sciences**
- E- B.Sc. (Hons. with Research) in Life Sciences

Syllabus for

Semester - Sem I& II

Ref: GR dated 20th April, 2023 for Credit Structure of UG

(With effect from the academic year 2024-25 Progressively)

University of Mumbai



(As per NEP 2020)

Sr. No.	Heading		Particulars
1	Title of program		
	O:A	Α	U.G. Certificate in Life Sciences
	O:B	В	U.G. Diploma in Life Sciences
	O:C	С	B.Sc. (Life Sciences)
	O:D	D	B.Sc. (Hons.) in Life Sciences
	O:E	E	B.Sc. (Hons. with Research) in Life Sciences
2	Eligibility O:A	A	A candidate for being eligible to the degree course of Bachelor of Science should have passed XII standard examination of the Maharashtra Board of Higher Secondary Education or its equivalent in Science with biological or allied sciences as one of the subjects. OR Passed Equivalent Academic Level 4.0
	O:B	В	Under Graduate Certificate in Life Sciences OR Passed Equivalent Academic Level 4.5
	O:C	С	Under Graduate Diploma in Life Sciences OR Passed Equivalent Academic Level 5.0
	O:D	D	Bachelors of Life Sciences with minimum CGPA of 7.5 OR Passed Equivalent Academic Level 5.5
	O:E	Е	Bachelors of Life Sciences with minimum CGPA of 7.5 OR Passed Equivalent Academic Level 5.5
3	Duration of program R:	Α	One Year
		В	Two Years
		С	Three Years

		D	Four Years	
		E	Four Years	
4	Intake Capacity R:	60 se	ats in one division.	
5	Scheme of Examination R:	NEP 40% Internal 60% External, Semester End Examination Individual Passing in Internal and External Examination		
6	R: Standards of Passing	40% i	n each component.	
7	Credit Structure Sem. I - R:A Sem. II - R:B	Attach	ned herewith	
	Credit Structure Sem. III - R:C Sem. IV - R:D			
	Credit Structure Sem. V - R:E Sem. VI - R:F			
8	Semesters	A	Sem I & II	
		В	SemIII& IV	
		С	Sem V & VI	
		D	Sem VII& VIII	
		Е	Sem VII & VIII	
9	Program Academic Level	Α	4.5	
		В	5.0	
		С	5.5	
		D	6.0	
		Е	6.0	
10	Pattern	Seme	ester	

11	Status	New
12	To be implemented from Academic Year Progressively	From Academic Year: 2024-25

Sign of the BOS Chairman Dr. Ujwala Jadhav The Chairman, Board of Studies in Life Sciences Sign of the Offg. Associate Dean Dr. Madhav R. Rajwade Faculty of Science & Technology Sign of the Offg. Dean Prof. Shivram S. Garje Faculty of Science & Technology

1) Introduction

This programme has been designed keeping in mind that the learners have been introduced to the science of life and are keen to explore this discipline. Life Sciences is a multidisciplinary programme and the concepts of life are understood by comparing and integrating examples from all biological sciences in a seamless experience.

The learner would discover that organisms have developed systems that maximize their utility and hence their existence and efficiency. The learner would also be directed to the fact that all organisms are aware of their surroundings and other life forms and exist as a part of a whole in dynamic harmony.

Practical studies during this course would help the learner to make use of principles in chemistry, physics, mathematics, statistics, bioinformatics and such allied disciplines in experiments using biological systems to estimate and interpret their results. Courses such as the Vocational Skill Course and the Skill Enhancement Course would further equip the learner to gain relevant skills and make them competent in the field of their choice.

The Indian Knowledge System course would enrich the studies in Life Sciences by bringing forth the knowledge packed in ancient texts, traditional medicine and practices and relate that data with the current scientific principles.

This course also provides the learner with an opportunity to relate concepts of allied disciplines to the Major subject by means of the courses in the Minor subject. The Open Elective course further allows the learner to tailor the scope of his or her education by broadly adding knowledge to the learner's major discipline or creating a special application niche in the outside world based on the learner's inherent forte. The On – the – job training concept would enhance the learner's skills and ready them for an opportunity in the real world.

2) Aims and Objectives

- To expose the learner to the diversity of biological organisms.
- To highlight the coexistence of the different lifeforms
- To relate and analyze inheritance of characteristics and traits of organisms.
- Todemonstrate that all organisms live as variations to a central theme of physiology and inheritance.
- To explain the concept of evolution and its theories.
- To outline the structure and various processes of the cell
- To understand the various biomolecules that play a role in the life processes.
- To make the learner aware of our environment and its challenges
- To appreciate the role of microbiota in human health and the environment.
- To enable design of methods to harness the power of biology in industry, health care and the environment.
- To impart hands-on methods of formulating, probing and analyzing problems or challenges regarding all aspects of biology.
- To estimate the significance of a study based on quantification and statistics.
- To make the learner proficient in scientific communication and dissemination of scientific research and concepts.

3) Learning Outcomes

- Summarize various forms of life and their mode of living.
- Explain the physiology of organisms
- Collect and analyze data of biological systems.
- Gain or improve skills related to their choice of study.
- improve current methods of operation
- Design a new method to mitigate challenges.
- Hone skills in niche areas of application
- Aware of skills and knowledge required be a contributing member of society and industry.

4) Programme Specific Outcomes:

- PSO 1: Comprehend and evaluate basic biological concepts and integrate perspectives from diverse fields of biology.
- PSO 2: Pursue higher education and research in various branches of biology such as genetics, evolution, cell biology, microbiology, physiology, biochemistry, immunology, developmental biology, neurobiology, ecology, biotechnology and bio-informatics.
- PSO 3: Understand niches within human health and environmental domains wherein life science applications have the potential to bring about substantial and sustainable change.
- PSO 4: Demonstrate proficiency in scientific fields such as biostatistics, bioinformatics and analytical techniques necessary for effective biological research; comprehend biotechnological processes used in industry and to foresee need-based entrepreneurship avenues in all fields of biology.
- PSO 5: Comprehend and use information from varied scientific resources; evaluate and interpret graphical data; formulate testable hypotheses, design experiments and observational strategies in a laboratory setting; exhibit problem-solving skills and present scientific data in oral and written form.
- PSO 6: Work in collaboration in a team, develop interpersonal communication.

5. Credit Structure of the Program (Sem I, II, III, IV, V & VI)

Under Graduate Certificate in Life Sciences

Credit Structure (Sem. I & II)

		_		T	T				1	
Level	Semester	Maj	or	Minor	OE	VSC,S EC (VSEC)	AE C,V EC, IKS	OJT, FP, CEP, CC,RP	Cum. Cr./ Sem.	Degree Cum. Cr.
		Mandatory	Electives							
4.5	I	6 Evolution, Genetics and Ecology (4) Practical 1: Evolution, Genetics and Ecology (2)		-	2+2	VSC:2, SEC:2 VSC - 2 Basic and Advanced Microscopy (2) OR Scientific Communicatio n (2) SEC - 2 Introduction to microscopic techniques. (2)	AEC:2, VEC:2,I KS:2	CC:2	22	UG Certif icate4 4
	R:		B		l				I	
	II	6 Introduction to Biomolecul es and Cell Biology (4) Practical 2: Biomolecul e and Cell Biology (2)		2	2+2	VSC:2,SEC:2 VSC- 2 Lab Management (2) Basic Microbiology (2) SEC - 2 The General Microbiome (2)	AEC:2, VEC:2	CC:2	22	
	CumCr.	12	-	2	8	4+4	4+4+2	4	44	

Exit option: Award of UG Certificate in Major with 40-44 credits and an additional 4 credit score NSQF course/Internship
OR Continue with Major and Minor

Under Graduate Diploma in Life Sciences Credit Structure (Sem. III & IV)

	III	8 Human Physiology I (2)		4	2	VSC:2, Tools for Omics	AEC:2	FP:2 CC:2	22	UG Dip
5.0		Metabolism and Biochemical Pathways (2)				Offices				
		Thermodynamic s and Biocatalysis (2)								
		Practical 3 (2)								
	R:		_D							
	IV	8 Human Physiology -2 (2) Introduction to Molecular Biology (2) Basic Biostatistics (2)		4	2	SEC:2 Separation Techniques in Biology	AEC:2	CEP:2 CC:2	22	
	CumCr.	Practical 4 (2)		10	12		8+4+2	0	88	_
	cumer.	28		10	12	6+6	8+4+2	8 + 4	88	

B.Sc. (Life Sciences)

Credit Structure (Sem. V & VI)

R	k:		E							
V 55		Inmunology (2) Industrial Biotechnol ogy (2) Practical 5 (2) and Practical 6 (2)	A) Protein Purification (2) Practicals in Protein Purification (2) B) Applicati ons of Biotechnolo gy (2) Practical Biotechnology (2)	4 Evolution and Behaviour Minor Practical4		VSC:2 Microtomy and Histology		FP/CEP: 2	22	UG Degree 132
V		10 Basic Neuroscienc e (2)	A) Nanotech nology (2)					OJT:4	22	
		Environment al Biology (2) Development al Biology (2)	Practicals in Nanotechnolog y (2) B). Public Health and Epidemiology (4)							
		Practical 7 (2) and Practical 8 (2)	C) Bioinformatics (2) Practical Bioinformatics (2)							
C	Cum Cr.	48	8	18	12	8+6	8+4+2	8+6+4	132	

Exit option: Award of UG Degree in Major with 132 credits OR Continue with Major and Minor

[Abbreviation - OE - Open Electives, VSC - Vocation Skill Course, SEC - Skill Enhancement Course, (VSEC), AEC - Ability Enhancement Course, VEC - Value Education Course, IKS - Indian Knowledge System, OJT - on Job Training, FP - Field Project, CEP - Continuing Education Program, CC - Co-Curricular, RP - Research Project]

Major Courses

Yr	Sem	T/	Course Title	Credits	Hours	Total	
		Р				Credits	
		Т	Evolution, Genetics and Ecology	4	60		
	ı		Practical 1: Evolution, Genetics and	0	60	6	
		P	Ecology	2	60		
1		Т	Biomolecules And Cell Biology	4	60		
	II	Р	Practical 2: Biomolecules And Cell	2	60	6	
			Biology		00		
		Т	Human Physiology I	2	30		
	III	Т	Metabolism and Biochemical Pathways	2	30	8	
	""	Т	Thermodynamics and Biocatalysis	2	30		
		Р	Practical 3: Physiology and Biochemistry	2	60		
2	2	Т	Human Physiology II	2	30		
		Т	Introduction to Molecular Biology	2	30		
	IV	Т	Basic Biostatistics	2	30	8	
		Р	Practical 4: Physiology, Molecular Biology	2	60		
		'	and Biostatistics		00		
		Т	Genetics	2	30		
		Т	Immunology	2	30		
	V	Т	Industrial Biotechnology	2	30	10	
		Р	Practical 5: Genetics and Immunology	2	60		
		Р	Practical 6: Industrial Biotechnology	2	60		
3		Т	Basic Neuroscience	2	30		
		Т	Environmental Biology	2	30		
	VI	Т	Developmental Biology	2	30	10	
	"	Р	Practical 7: Neurosciences and	2	60		
			Developmental Biology	2 60			
		Р	Practical 8: Environmental Biology	2	60		

Yr: Year Sem: Semester T: Theory P: Practical

Vocational Skill Courses

Yr	Sem	T/	Course Title	Credits	Hours	Total
		Р				Credits
		Т	Basic and Advanced Microscopy	_ 2	15	
		Р	Practical Microscopy		30	
	I		OR			2
		T	Scientific Communication	2	15	
1		Р	Preparation of Documents		30	
		Т	Lab Management	_ 2	15	
	II P		P Practical in Laboratory Management		30	
			OR			2
		T	Basic Microbiology	2	15	
		Р	Practical Microbiology		30	
2	III	Т	Tools for Omics	2	15	2
_	_		Practical Bioinformatics		30	_
3	V	Т	Microtomy and Histology	2	15	2
		Р	Practical Histology		30	_

Yr: Year Sem: Semester T: Theory P: Practical

Skill Enhancement Courses

Yr	Sem	T/	Course Title	Credits	Hours	Total
		Р				Credits
	ı	Т	Introduction to microscopic techniques	2	15	2
1		Р	Basic Microscopy	_	30	_
•	ll ll	Т	The General Microbiome	2	15	2
	" P		Practical Microbiology	_	30	_
2	IV	Т	Separation Techniques in Biology	2	15	2
	Р		Practical in Separation Techniques	_	30	_

Yr: Year Sem: Semester T: Theory P: Practical

SEMESTER I

Paper Code	Unit	Description	Credits	Hours
Course		Evolution, Genetics and Ecology	4	60
Module 1	I	Evolution	1	15
iviodule i	II	Genetics	1	15
Module 2	III	Biodiversity	1	15
Module 2	IV	Ecosystems	1	15
Course		Practicals in Evolution, Genetics and Ecology	2	60
		VOCATIONAL SKILL COURSES		
А		Basic and Advanced Microscopy	2	45
	I	Principles of Microscopy	1	15
	II	Practical Microscopy	1	30
		OR		
В		Science Communication	2	45
	I	Scope and Techniques	1	15
	II	Preparation of Documents.	1	30
		SKILL ENHANCEMENT		
		COURSES		
А		Introduction to microscopic techniques	2	45
	I	Introduction to microscopic techniques	1	15
	II	Basic Microscopy	1	30

SEMESTER II

Paper Code	Unit	Description	Credits	Hours
		Biomolecules And Cell Biology	4	60
Module 1	I	Proteins and Nucleic acids:	1	15
Module 1	II	Carbohydrates and Lipids:	1	15
Module 2	III	Prokaryotic and Eukaryotic cells structure	1	15
Wodule 2	IV	Structure of cell wall and cell membrane	1	15
		Practicals in Biomolecules And Cell Biology	2	60
		VOCATIONAL SKILL COURSES		
А		Laboratory Management	2	45
	I	Laboratory Management	1	15
	II	Practical in Laboratory Management	1	30
		OR		
В		Basic Microbiology	2	45
	I	Introduction to Microbiology	1	15
	П	Practical Microbiology	1	30
		SKILL ENHANCEMENT		
		COURSES		
		The General Microbiome	2	45
	I	The General Microbiome	1	15
	П	Practical Microbiology	1	30

Semester - I

Mandatory Name of the Course: Evolution, Genetics and Ecology

This course describes the different life forms, theories of their evolution, their coexistence and methods of inheritance of their traits and characteristics. This course will allow the learner to appreciate that all organisms are inter-related and the effects on one life form could manifest as a result in some other life form. It also underlines the importance of the environment on life. Vertical: Major Type: Theory Credits: 4 credits (1 credit = 15 Hours Theory in a semester) Hours Allotted: 60 Hours Marks Allotted: 100 Marks Course Objectives(CO): CO 1. To understand theories on the origin of life on earth. CO 2. To evaluate the evolution of organism from another. CO 3. To explore the genetic principles that direct inheritance CO 4. To interpret the principles of genetics that lead to evolution CO 5. To describe the variety of life forms CO 6. To illustrate the relationships between different organisms. CO 7. To understand the effect of environment on life. Course Outcomes (OC): The learner would be able to: CC 1. Understand and explain the various theories proposed for the origin of life on earth. CC 2. Compare the merits and demerits associated with creation – Myths to biochemical theories. CC 3. Correlate and analyze the relationship between micro evolution and macro evolution CC 4. To learn the Mendelian laws, monohybrid and dihybrid ratios. CC 5. To differentiate between Mendelian inheritance and modifications of Mendel's law. CC 6. To study different genetic disorders caused due to mutations. CC 7. Compare different types of diversities and their relevance to their habitats CC 8. Understand and explain the concepts related to biodiversity. CC 9. Identify and classify various threats to sustaining diversity. CC 10. Understand and explain the concepts related to ecosystems.	Sr.No.	Heading	Particulars
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international efforts in conserving biodiversity			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
,			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
OO 11. Onderstand and explain the concepts related to ecosystems.			,
OC 12. Compare the dynamics of different types of ecosystems.			
33 12. Sompare the dynamics of different types of ecosystems.		00 12. 00	ompare the dynamics of different types of ecosystems.

	OC 13. Understand and evaluate the importance of various factors	
	governing ecosystems.	
9	Modules:-	Lectures
	Module 1	
	Unit 1. Concepts of Evolution:	15
	Origin of life:	
	Theories of origin of life: Overview of Creation myths/ Divine creation;	
	Spontaneous generation; Cosmozoic hypothesis; Steady state;	
	Biochemical origin.	
	Biochemical Theories : Origin of macromolecules; Miller's experiment; RNA world.	
	Origin of cells: Protocells; Coacervates; Microspheres; Prokaryotes,	
	Eukaryotes.	
	Lukaryotes.	
	Evolution:	
	Pre-Darwinian ideas; Darwin's theory of Natural Selection, evidences,	
	and objections	
	Evidences for evolution.	
	Speciation: Concept of species: Physiological species, biological	
	species, evolutionary species; Types of speciation: Allopatric,	
	sympatric, and parapatric.	
	Micro evolution, macroevolution, and significance of speciation	
	Unit 2. Genetics:	15
	Mendelian Inheritance:	
	Mendel's Laws of inheritance, Mono and Dihybrid ratios with problems,	
	chi square –for 9:3:3:1; 3:1 and 1:1 ratios.	
	Concept of genes- sickle cell anaemia / Thalassemia as an example to	
	explain the	
	Chromosomal inheritance:	
	Sutton's hypothesis, sex-linked inheritance, study of human pedigrees	
	(e.g. Sex linked dominant and recessive; autosomal dominant &	
	recessive) Modifications of Mendel's laws and Mutations	
	Extensions of Mendel's laws:	
	Incomplete dominance, codominance Multiple genes; Multiple alleles:	
	Blood group, Gene interactions and Epistasis (Various ratios)	
	Mutations:	
	Point Mutations, Chromosomal aberrations:	
	Structural: deletion, duplication, inversion, translocation. Numerical:	
	euploidy& aneuploidy (e.g. Downs, Turners. Klinefelter's, Cri- du-chat)	
	Module 2	4.5
	Unit 3. Biodiversity	15
	Introduction to Biodiversity - Definition, Concepts, Scope and	
	Significance Levels of Biodiversity - Introduction to Genetic, Species and	
	Ecosystem Biodiversity	
	Biodiversity Hotspots- (One example of Indian and International	
	biodiversity hotspot)	
	Value of biodiversity - Direct and Indirect	
	Threats to Biodiversity - Habitat loss	
	Conservation and management of Biodiversity	

Conservation strategies: in situ, ex-situ, National parks, Sanctuaries and Biosphere reserves.

Introduction to International efforts:

Convention on Biological Diversity (CBD),

International Union for Conservation of Nature and Natural Resources (IUCN).

United Nations Environment Program - World Conservation Monitoring Centre (UNEP- CMC)

National Biodiversity Action Plan, 2002-2003

Indian Wildlife (Protection) Act, 1972

Convention for International Trade of endangered species

Unit 4:Concept of Ecosystems and factors influencing them:

Ecosystem: Definition and components. Impact of abiotic factors on biota.

Biogeochemical cycles: (Water, Oxygen, Nitrogen, Sulphur)

Freshwater ecosystem: (Lentic and Lotic)

Food chain and food web in ecosystem: (Fresh water and Grassland).

Ecological pyramids -energy, biomass, and number. **Animal interactions** (commensalism, mutualism, predation, antibiosis, parasitism) Two Case Studies can be mentioned.

10 and 11.

Text and Reference Books:

- 1. The World of Biology (2008) 8th Edition, Solomon, E.P. and Berg, L.R. Sanders College publishing
- 2. Essential Biology (2008) 8th Edition, Campbell, N.A., Reece, J.B., Umy, L.A., and Cain, M.A. Pearson Benjamin Cummings
- 3. An Introduction to Genetic Analysis Ed: Griffiths A.J. et al (2000). Pub: W. H. Freeman(London) Seventh Edition
- 4. Essentials of Human Genetics, S.M.Bhatnagar, M.L.Kothari&L.A.Mehta, (1994), Orient Longman's Publication.
- 5. Invertebrate Zoology, Volume I- Jordan and Verma, S. Chand and Co
- 6. Invertebrate Zoology- P. S. Dhami and J. K. Dhami, R. Chand, and Co.
- 7. A Textbook of Zoology, Vol. II- T. Jeffery Parker and William. A. Haswell Low Price Publications
- 8. Biodiversity- K. C. Agarwal- Agro Botanica Publications.
- 9. Biodiversity- K.C. Agarwal- Agro Botanica Publication.
- 10. Wildlife Laws and its Impact on Tribes- Mona Purohit, Deep and Deep Publication.
- 11. Ecology and Environment- P. D. Sharma, R. K. Rastogi Publications
- 12. Introduction to Ecology- R. Dajoz
- 13. Evolution and Ecology. S. Chand Publications, New Delhi
- 14. Ecology and Environment- P. D. Sharma, R. K. Rastogi Publications
- 15. Introduction to Ecology- R. Dajoz

15

12	Internal Continuous Assessment: 40%	Semester End Examination: 60%	
13	Continuous Evaluation	Theory Exam: 60 marks.	
	through:	2 hours	
	Class test 1: 10 marks		
	Class Test 2: 10 marks		
	Quizzes, presentation,		
	project, role play, creative		
	writing, assignment etc:		
	10 marks		
	Attendance and		
	Participation: 10 marks.		
	Total: 40 marks		
14	Format of Question Pape	r: Details given at the end of the document.	

Name of the Course: Practical 1: Evolution, Genetics and Ecology

Sr.No.	Heading	Particulars	Lectures
1	Description the	This course allows the learner to probe the	
	course:	concepts of ecology, relationships	
	Including but Not	between different life forms and	
	limited to:	inheritance of the characteristics and traits	
		in a hands-on experimental format.	
2	Vertical:	Major	
3	Type:	Practical	
4	Credits :	2 credits (1 credit = 30 Hours of Practical	
		work in a semester)	
5	Hours Allotted :	60 Hours	
6	Marks Allotted:	50 Marks	
7	Course Objectives(C		
	To acquaint the learne		
	CO 1. The Bloo	od group system.	
	CO 2. Different	tial staining methods.	
	CO 3. To cons	truct a pedigree chart using data.	
		, ,	
8	Course Outcomes (C	OC):	
	The learner would be	•	
	OC 1. To detec		
		are a pedigree chart using information of	
	• •	es of the family.	
	blood group	is of the fairling.	
9	Modules:-		
	Module 1		
			30
	Detection of AE	30 blood group	30
		nt of WBCs using Giemsa/ Lieishman stain.	
		ood group information from family and	
		pedigree charts.	
	4. Study of Barr b	. •	
		een the Giant chromosome and Lampbrush	
	chromosome.	con the Claim emergedine and Lampsraen	
		endelian inheritance	
	7. Study of types	of Corals - Brain, Organ pipe, Stag Horn,	
	Mushroom cora		
	Study of biolum	ninescent organisms – <i>Noctiluca</i> , glow	
	worm, fire fly, a		
	Mounting of scannel	ales of fish (placoid, cycloid and ctenoid)	
	Study of Adapt	ive radiation in Reptiles - Turtle, Tortoise,	
	Phrynosoma, D	Praco)	
	11. Identification ar	nd differentiation of venomous and non-	
	venomous snal	kes (Scales, Fangs, Bite marks, etc.)	
	4 Ot., t T	Module 2	20
	1. Study of Types	of feathers (contour, filoplume, down),	30
	<u> </u>		<u> </u>

10 and 11.	wading, swimming, 2. Identification of bird ringed Parakeet, Ma 3. Field Report – To be (submission of writte photographs/ tables) 4. Butterflies/ Fishes/ I (Submission of fau theorysyllabus). 5. Observations of fau theorysyllabus). 6. Ecosystems: 7. Documentation / Str. (Submission of fau theorysyllabus). 8. Symbiosis (Termite sea anemone) 9. Camouflage (leaf in 10. Cannibalistic mate-organism). 11. Animal architects: Tweaver bird Text and Reference Book 1. Russell, Peter J I Good Benjamin Cumming 2. Trigunayat M.M. and Practical Zoology: Bovelopmental Biological Singh Bineeta and	s - Coppersmith Barbet, Bulbul, Rose agpie Robin, two local birds. e done in a group of ten students en / typed report preferably along with s/ graphs. Migratory birds of localarea. na in the field (with reference to udy of the following (in a group); and Trychonympha, hermit crab and sect, chameleon) eating animals (Spider and Praying Fermites, Harvester ant and Baya ks:	
	ternal Continuous ssessment: 40%	Semester End Examination: 60%	
th Vi Jo At	ontinuous Evaluation rough: va: 10 marks. ournal: 05 marks tendance/Participation: 05 arks. otal: 20 marks.	Practical: 30 marks 2.5 hours	
	ormat of Question Paper: ocument.	Details given at the end of the	

VOCATIONAL SKILL COURSES

Name of the Course: Basic and Advanced Microscopy

Sr.No.	Heading	Particulars	
1	Description the	The course describes the various principles	
	course:	governing microscopy, the components of a	
	Including but	microscope and methods of magnifying	
	Not limited to:	samples and staining methods to easily	
		visualize components of a sample.	
2	Vertical :	Vocational Skill Course	
3	Type:	Theory and Practical	
4	Credits :	2 credits (1 credit = 15 Hours for Theory or 30	
		Hours of Practical work in a semester)	
5	Hours Allotted :	15 hours + 30 hours	
6	Marks Allotted:	50 Marks	
7	Course Objectives	· ·	
	The course aims to		
		arners to the principles, applications and	
	skills of using light	microscopy.	
	CO 2. Introduce lea	arners to principle and applications of other	
	forms of microscop	y such as Dark field, phase contrast, fluorescence.	
	•	arners to electron microscopy.	
		,	
8	Course Outcomes	s (OC):	
	The learner would	· /	
		describe the functions of different parts of a	
	compound light mid	·	
		bound light microscope to observe microscopic	
	structures in a biolo	-	
		-	
		ciples and applications of various microscopy	
	techniques		
	OC 4. Critically a	ssess microscopy experiments and draw	
	conclusions		
9	Modules:-		Lectures
		Module 1	
	Principles of Micr		15
	A. Compound ligh		
		n, resolution and numerical aperture	
	•	s: Objective lenses, Eye pieces, Condenser	
		enhancing contrast	
	B. Other forms of	• •	
	i. Examples of		
	ii. Phase contr	ast	
	iii. Dark field m	icroscopy	
	iv. Fluorescenc	e Microscopy	

	C. Introduction to electron i. Scanning Electron Mic	• •	
	Transmission Electron Micros	scopy (TEM).	
		Module 2	
	observe plant and anir a. Onion peel stair b. Buccal epithelia 3. Use of oil immersion le a. Monochrome st b. Gram Staining	ht Microscope. ses and high power objectives to mal cells. ning al cell staining ens to observe bacterial cells - taining ing of yeast/onion/Blood smear- se contrast, Dark field	30
10 and 11.	Sherwood, L. Woolver 2. Wilson and Walker's P Biochemistry and Mole K., Hofmann A., Walke Press 3. Experiments in bioche for the undergraduate Farrell, S. O., Ranallo, 4. Laboratory Manual in Jayaraman, J. New Ag 5. Introduction to Practical	ly (2020) 11 th edition, Willey, J. M., rton J. C. McGraw-Hill Education. Principles and Techniques of ecular Biology (2018) 8 th edition, Wilson er, J.M., Clokie, S.Cambridge University emistry: a hands-on approach: a manual laboratory. (2006). Taylor, L. E., R. T. Cengage Learning. Biochemistry (2004) 2 nd edition. ge International (P) Limited Publishers. al Biochemistry. (2001) 3 rd edition. McGraw Hill Publishing Company.	
12	Internal Continuous Assessment: 40%	Semester End Examination: 60%	
13	Continuous Evaluation through: Quizzes, class test, presentation, project, role play, creative writing, assignment etc.: 10 marks Journal: 05 marks Attendance and Participation: 05 marks. Total 20 marks.	Theory and Practical evaluation: 30 marks.	
14	Format of Question Paper: document.	Details given at the end of the	

Name of the Course: Science Communication

Sr.No.	Heading	Particulars	
1	Description the	This course explores the various forms of	
	course:	dissemination of scientific knowledge such as	
	Including but	reports and journalism. It also would acquaint the	
	Not limited to:	learner with features of project proposals. The	
		course would also emphasize on the concepts of	
		plagiarism and ethics in scientific writing.	
2	Vertical :	Vocational Skill Course	
3	Type :	Theory and Practical	
4	Credits :	2 credits (1 credit = 15 Hours for Theory or 30	
		Hours of Practical work in a semester)	
5	Hours Allotted :	15 hours + 30 hours.	
6	Marks Allotted:	50 Marks	
7	Course Objective		
	The learner would	be:	
	CO 1. Relate the v	vriting skills to the various professions in biomedical	
	science.	·	
	CO 2 Propose do	cuments related to applications to various fields of	
	science.	our out to applications to various holds of	
8	Course Outcome	s (OC):	
	The learner would		
		documents required for a scientific publication.	
	-	·	
	OC 2. Prepare the	e appropriate document(s) for scientific publications.	
9	Modules:-		Lectures
		Module 1	
	Unit 1 Scono and	d Techniques: Introduction, Types of science writing	15
	_	ation, Marketing, Scientific Publications, Research	13
		egulatory Documents), Challenges in medical writing	
		al Domain Expertise, Attrition rate, quality, training	
	`	e Indian Scenario. Essential components in	
	1 0	. Plagiarism and ethics in writing.	
	bioinculcal writing	. I lagianom and callos in whalig.	
		Module 2	
	Unit 2. Preparation		30
	-	(IMRAD model), Thesis writing, Report writing,	
	· ·	Scientific material, Styles of Referencing, Use of	
	Reference Manag		
10	Text and Referen		
and	1. Janice R.	Matthews and Robert W. Matthews (2008):	
11.	Successful	Scientific Writing. Cambridge University Press	
	2. Linda Fos	sati Wood, MaryAnn Foote (2009): Targeted	
		Writing Techniques: Clinical Documents for Drugs	
	= -	cs. Publisher Springer Basel AG.	
	_		
	3. IVIIMI Zeigei	r (2000): Essentials of Writing Biomedical Research	

	Professional. 4. Yellowlees Doug Writer What You	Edition 2nd Edition. Publisher - McGraw-Hill glas, Maria B. Grant (2018): The Biomedical Need to Succeed in Academic Medicine.	
12	Internal Continuous Assessment: 40%	Semester End Examination: 60%	
13	Continuous Evaluation through: Quizzes, class test, presentation, project, role play, creative writing, assignment etc.: 10 marks Journal: 05 marks Attendance and Participation: 05 marks. Total 20 marks.	Theory and Practical evaluation: 30 marks. Theory: 15 marks 1 hour Practical: 15 marks 2 hours	
14	Format of Question Page 1	aper: Details given at the end of the document.	

SKILL ENHANCEMENT COURSES

Name of the Course: Introduction to Microscopic Techniques

Sr.No.	Heading	Particulars	
1	Description the	The course describes the various principles	
	course:	governing microscopy, the components of a	
	Including but	microscope and methods of magnifying	
	Not limited to:	samples. The learners would gather skills to	
		operate and use microscopes and use this to	
		study microbes, plants and other biological	
		samples including differential staining.	
2	Vertical :	Skill Enhancement Course	
3	Type:	Theory and Practical	
4	Credits :	2 credits (1 credit = 15 Hours for Theory or	
		30 Hours of Practical work in a semester)	
5	Hours Allotted :	15 hours + 30 hours	
6	Marks Allotted:	50 Marks	
7	Course Objective	es(CO):	
	The course aims to	o:	
	CO 1. Introduce le	arners to the principles, applications and	
	skills of using light	microscopy.	
	CO 2. Introduce le	earners to principle and applications of other	
		by such as Dark field, phase contrast, fluorescer	
	•	earners to electron microscopy.	
	o o. miroddoo id	amere to dissilate microscopy.	
8	Course Outcome	s (OC):	
	The learner would	be able to:	
	OC 1. Identify and	d describe the functions of different parts of a	
	compound ligh	t microscope.	
	OC 2. Use a comp	bound light microscope to observe microscopic	
	structures in a biol		
		nciples and applications of various microscopy	
	techniques	iopics and applications of various intorescopy	
	•	and during	
	_	ssess microscopy experiments and draw	
	conclusions		
9	Modules:-		Lectures
	modalooi	Module 1	200141.00
	Principles of Mic		15
	A. Compound ligh		13
	_	on, resolution and numerical aperture	
		s: Objective lenses, Eye pieces, Condenser	
	•	enhancing contrast	
	vi. Methods of	Childrig Contrast	
	B. Other forms of	Microscopy	
	v. Examples of	. •	

	vi. Phase contrast		
	vii. Dark field micros	• •	
	viii. Fluorescence Mid	croscopy	
	C. Introduction to election ii. Scanning Electro	tron microscopy: n Microscopy (SEM)	
	Transmission Electron N	Microscopy (TEM).	
		Module 2	
	6. Parts of compour 7. Use of low power observe plant and c. Onion pee d. Buccal epi 8. Use of oil immers c. Monochro d. Gram Stai 9. Acridine Orange 10. Study and identif cells/organelles. 11. Demonstration of	r lenses and high power objectives to d animal cells. el staining ithelial cell staining sion lens to observe bacterial cells - me staining	30
10 and 11.	Sherwood, L. Wo 7. Wilson and Walk Biochemistry and Wilson K.,Hofma University Press 8. Experiments in b manual for the ur L. E., Farrell, S. O 9. Laboratory Manu Jayaraman, J. No Publishers.	books: biology (2020) 11 th edition, Willey, J. M., biology (2020) 11 th edition, Willey, J. M., biology (2020) 11 th edition, Willey, J. M., biology (2018) 8 th edition, er's Principles and Techniques of d Molecular Biology (2018) 8 th edition, enn A., Walker, J.M., Clokie, S.Cambridge diochemistry: a hands-on approach: a endergraduate laboratory. (2006). Taylor, ellogo, R. T. Cengage Learning. ellogo in Biochemistry (2004) 2 nd edition. ellogo Age International (P) Limited eractical Biochemistry. (2001) 3 rd edition.	
		Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company.	
	nternal Continuous ssessment: 40%	Semester End Examination: 60%	
th Q pi pl	continuous Evaluation nrough: duizzes, class test, resentation, project, role lay, creative writing, ssignment etc.: 10	Theory and Practical evaluation: 30 marks.	

	marks Journal: 05 marks Attendance and Participation: 05 marks. Total 20 marks.		
14	Format of Question Paper document.	: Details given at the end of the	

Semester - II

Name of the Course: Biomolecules and Cell Biology

Sr.No.	Heading	Particulars	
1	Description the	This course is the foundation of the basic units of a	
	course:	living cell and the biomolecules that help it	
	Including but	function. It describes the structure of the cells of	
	Not limited to:	different life forms, its division and its	
		biochemistry.	
2	Vertical :	Major	
3	Type:	Theory	
4	Credits :	4 credits (1 credit = 15 Hours for Theory in a	
		semester)	
5	Hours Allotted :		
6	Marks Allotted:	100 Marks	
7	Course Objective		
•	To acquaint the le		
	· ·	ant biomolecules present in living organisms	
	•		
	•	sition and structure of the biomolecules.	
		n of these biomolecules.	
8	Course Outcome		
	The learner would		
	OC 1. Summarize	the important biomolecules of life.	
	OC 2. Analyze the	e function of these molecules in living organisms	
	OC 3. Explain the	e function of these molecules in light of their	
	composition and st	_	
	•	I the basic structure of a typical prokaryotic and	
	eukaryotic cell.	tille basic structure of a typical prokaryotic and	
	danai youd doii.		
<u> </u>			_
9	Modules:-	Modulo 1	Lectures
9		Module 1	
9	Unit 1. Proteins a	and Nucleic acids:	Lectures
9	Unit 1. Proteins a Amino acids: Stru	and Nucleic acids: uctures, Classification based on R groups, and	
9	Unit 1. Proteins a Amino acids: Strudietary requiremen	and Nucleic acids:	
9	Unit 1. Proteins a Amino acids: Strudietary requirement amino acids.	and Nucleic acids: uctures, Classification based on R groups, and nts- essential, semi essential and non essential	
9	Unit 1. Proteins a Amino acids: Strudietary requirement amino acids. Proteins: Classific	and Nucleic acids: uctures, Classification based on R groups, and nts- essential, semi essential and non essential cation based on hydrolytic products, Functions,	
9	Unit 1. Proteins a Amino acids: Stru dietary requirement amino acids. Proteins: Classific Incomplete and co	and Nucleic acids: uctures, Classification based on R groups, and ints- essential, semi essential and non essential cation based on hydrolytic products, Functions, implete proteins, Structural organization- Primary,	
9	Unit 1. Proteins a Amino acids: Strudietary requirement amino acids. Proteins: Classific Incomplete and consecondary, Tertian	and Nucleic acids: uctures, Classification based on R groups, and nts- essential, semi essential and non essential cation based on hydrolytic products, Functions,	
9	Unit 1. Proteins a Amino acids: Stru dietary requirement amino acids. Proteins: Classific Incomplete and consecondary, Tertian Nucleic acids:	and Nucleic acids: uctures, Classification based on R groups, and ints- essential, semi essential and non essential cation based on hydrolytic products, Functions, implete proteins, Structural organization- Primary, ry, Quaternary levels.	
9	Unit 1. Proteins a Amino acids: Stru dietary requirement amino acids. Proteins: Classific Incomplete and consecondary, Tertian Nucleic acids: Structure of nucleon	and Nucleic acids: uctures, Classification based on R groups, and ints- essential, semi essential and non essential cation based on hydrolytic products, Functions, implete proteins, Structural organization- Primary, ry, Quaternary levels. cosides and nucleotides, structure of nucleic acids	
9	Unit 1. Proteins a Amino acids: Structure of nucleo (A,B,Z forms); the	and Nucleic acids: uctures, Classification based on R groups, and ints- essential, semi essential and non essential cation based on hydrolytic products, Functions, implete proteins, Structural organization- Primary, ry, Quaternary levels.	
9	Unit 1. Proteins a Amino acids: Stru dietary requirement amino acids. Proteins: Classific Incomplete and consecondary, Tertian Nucleic acids: Structure of nucleon	and Nucleic acids: uctures, Classification based on R groups, and ints- essential, semi essential and non essential cation based on hydrolytic products, Functions, implete proteins, Structural organization- Primary, ry, Quaternary levels. cosides and nucleotides, structure of nucleic acids	
9	Unit 1. Proteins a Amino acids: Strudietary requirement amino acids. Proteins: Classific Incomplete and consecondary, Tertian Nucleic acids: Structure of nucleo (A,B,Z forms); the molecules.	and Nucleic acids: uctures, Classification based on R groups, and ints- essential, semi essential and non essential cation based on hydrolytic products, Functions, implete proteins, Structural organization- Primary, ry, Quaternary levels. cosides and nucleotides, structure of nucleic acids	
9	Unit 1. Proteins a Amino acids: Strudietary requirement amino acids. Proteins: Classific Incomplete and consecondary, Tertian Nucleic acids: Structure of nucleo (A,B,Z forms); the molecules. Unit 2.	and Nucleic acids: uctures, Classification based on R groups, and ints- essential, semi essential and non essential cation based on hydrolytic products, Functions, implete proteins, Structural organization- Primary, ry, Quaternary levels. incides and nucleotides, structure of nucleic acids structure of DNA helps in its function as hereditary	15
9	Unit 1. Proteins a Amino acids: Strudietary requirement amino acids. Proteins: Classific Incomplete and consecondary, Tertian Nucleic acids: Structure of nucleic (A,B,Z forms); the molecules. Unit 2. Carbohydrates as	and Nucleic acids: uctures, Classification based on R groups, and ints- essential, semi essential and non essential cation based on hydrolytic products, Functions, implete proteins, Structural organization- Primary, ry, Quaternary levels. city of the protein of	
9	Unit 1. Proteins a Amino acids: Strudietary requirement amino acids. Proteins: Classific Incomplete and consecondary, Tertian Nucleic acids: Structure of nucleic (A,B,Z forms); the molecules. Unit 2. Carbohydrates at Carbohydrates: Structure of struc	and Nucleic acids: Juctures, Classification based on R groups, and Ints- essential, semi essential and non essential cation based on hydrolytic products, Functions, omplete proteins, Structural organization- Primary, ry, Quaternary levels. Disides and nucleotides, structure of nucleic acids structure of DNA helps in its function as hereditary and Lipids: Tructure of Monosaccharides,	15
9	Unit 1. Proteins a Amino acids: Strudietary requirement amino acids. Proteins: Classific Incomplete and consecondary, Tertian Nucleic acids: Structure of nucleic (A,B,Z forms); the molecules. Unit 2. Carbohydrates and Carbohydrates: Structures: Structures and Carbohydrates and Carbohydrates and Carbohydrates.	and Nucleic acids: uctures, Classification based on R groups, and ents- essential, semi essential and non essential cation based on hydrolytic products, Functions, emplete proteins, Structural organization- Primary, ry, Quaternary levels. usides and nucleotides, structure of nucleic acids structure of DNA helps in its function as hereditary und Lipids: uructure of Monosaccharides, gosaccharides, Polysaccharides. Structure and	15
9	Unit 1. Proteins a Amino acids: Strudietary requirement amino acids. Proteins: Classific Incomplete and consecondary, Tertian Nucleic acids: Structure of nucleic (A,B,Z forms); the molecules. Unit 2. Carbohydrates and Carbohydrates: Struction of animal	and Nucleic acids: Juctures, Classification based on R groups, and Ints- essential, semi essential and non essential cation based on hydrolytic products, Functions, omplete proteins, Structural organization- Primary, ry, Quaternary levels. Disides and nucleotides, structure of nucleic acids structure of DNA helps in its function as hereditary and Lipids: Tructure of Monosaccharides,	15
9	Unit 1. Proteins a Amino acids: Strudietary requirement amino acids. Proteins: Classific Incomplete and consecondary, Tertian Nucleic acids: Structure of nucleic (A,B,Z forms); the molecules. Unit 2. Carbohydrates and Carbohydrates: Struction of animal chitin.	and Nucleic acids: Juctures, Classification based on R groups, and Ints- essential, semi essential and non essential cation based on hydrolytic products, Functions, omplete proteins, Structural organization- Primary, ry, Quaternary levels. Disides and nucleotides, structure of nucleic acids structure of DNA helps in its function as hereditary and Lipids: Tructure of Monosaccharides, gosaccharides, Polysaccharides. Structure and and plant source- starch, glycogen, cellulose and	15
9	Unit 1. Proteins a Amino acids: Strudietary requirement amino acids. Proteins: Classific Incomplete and consecondary, Tertial Nucleic acids: Structure of nucleic (A,B,Z forms); the molecules. Unit 2. Carbohydrates at Carbohydrates: Struction of animal chitin. Lipids: Classification	and Nucleic acids: uctures, Classification based on R groups, and ants- essential, semi essential and non essential cation based on hydrolytic products, Functions, amplete proteins, Structural organization- Primary, ry, Quaternary levels. usides and nucleotides, structure of nucleic acids structure of DNA helps in its function as hereditary and Lipids: uructure of Monosaccharides, gosaccharides, Polysaccharides. Structure and and plant source- starch, glycogen, cellulose and on, structure, function and properties of lipids	15
9	Unit 1. Proteins a Amino acids: Strudietary requirement amino acids. Proteins: Classific Incomplete and consecondary, Tertial Nucleic acids: Structure of nucleic (A,B,Z forms); the molecules. Unit 2. Carbohydrates at Carbohydrates: Struction of animal chitin. Lipids: Classification	and Nucleic acids: Juctures, Classification based on R groups, and Ints- essential, semi essential and non essential cation based on hydrolytic products, Functions, omplete proteins, Structural organization- Primary, ry, Quaternary levels. Disides and nucleotides, structure of nucleic acids structure of DNA helps in its function as hereditary and Lipids: Tructure of Monosaccharides, gosaccharides, Polysaccharides. Structure and and plant source- starch, glycogen, cellulose and	15

	Module 2	
	Unit 3: Overview of Prokaryotic and Eukaryotic cells structure	15
	1. Cell Structure	
	a. Prokaryotic cell structure	
	b. Eukaryotic cell structure	
	2.Virus:	
	Virus structure: Plant and Animal virus (One example: TMV and	
	Adenovirus, Coronavirus)	
	3.Structure of cell wall:	
	Bacterial cell wall, Plant cell wall: Primary and secondary.	
	4. Cell Cycle and Cell Division:	
	a. Cell cycle (G0, G1, G2, M phases)	
	b. Mitosis and Meiosis and their significance	
	Overview of cell organelles: Structure and function:	
	Nucleus, Endoplasmic Reticulum (Rough and Smooth), Golgi bodies,	
	Mitochondria, Chloroplast, Lysosomes and Peroxisomes	
	Wittochondria, Onloropiast, Lysosomes and Feroxisomes	
	Unit 4:Cell membrane and Transport	
	Cell membrane:	15
	Membrane models: Unit membrane and Fluid Mosaic Model of Singer	13
	and Nicholson.	
	Membrane junctions: Tight, gap, desmosomes, septate.	
	Cytoskeletal apparatus: Microtubules, microfilaments and	
	intermediate filaments.	
	Membrane Transport:	
	a. Passive Transport: Simple diffusion, Facilitated diffusion (Carrier	
	proteins, Channels), Osmosis (one example of each type of transport)	
	b.Active Transport: Uniport, Symport, Antiport, Primary and	
	Secondary active transport	
	c. Bulk transport: endocytosis and exocytosis	
	d. Membrane transport associated disease: Cystic fibrosis.	
40	Tout and Defenence Dealer	
10	Text and Reference Books:	
and	1. David L. Nelson and Michael M. Cox (2021): Lehninger Principles of	
11.	Biochemistry. 8th Edition. Publisher - W H Freeman & Co	
	2. Donald Voet, Judith G. Voet, Charlotte W. Pratt (2016):	
	Fundamentals of Biochemistry. 5th Edition. Publisher - Wiley.	
	3. Molecular Biology of the Cell (2008) 5th Edition, Alberts, B.A.,	
	Johnson, A., Lewis, J., Roberts, M.R.K., Walters, P. Garland	
	Science Publication	
	4. Molecular Cell Biology (2008) 6th Edition, Lodish, H., Berk, A.,	
	Kaiser, A.C. Krieger, M., Scott, M.P., Bretscher, A., Ploegh, A.,	
	Mortsudira, P. W.H. Freeman and Company, N.Y.	
	5. Cell and Molecular Biology-concepts and experiments (2005) 4th	
	Edition, Karp, G.John Wiley and Sons Inc.	
	6. The World of Cell (2003) 5th Edition, Becker, W.M., Kleinsmith,	
	L.J., Hardin, J. Pearson Education (Singapore)	
	7. The Cell - A molecular approach (2007) 4th Edition, Cooper, G.M.,	
	Hausman, R.E.ASM Press Washington, D.C.s	

12	Internal Continuous Assessment: 40%	Semester End Examination: 60%	
13	Continuous Evaluation through: Class test 1: 10 marks Class Test 2: 10 marks Quizzes, presentation, project, role play, creative writing, assignment etc. 10 marks Attendance and Participation: 10 marks. Total: 40 marks.	Theory Examination: 60 marks. 2 hours	
14	Format of Question Pape	er: Details given at the end of the document.	

Name of the Course: Practicals in Biomolecules And Cell Biology

Sr.No.	Heading	Particulars	
1	Description the	This course enables the learner to visualize	
	course:	cell structure and their functions. It also	
	Including but Not	describes experiments that would allow the	
	limited to:	localization and estimation of biomolecules in	
		a cell or tissue. Principles of their estimation	
		would also be covered in this course.	
2	Vertical :	Major	
3	Type:	Practical	
4	Credits :	2 credits (1 credit = 30 Hours of Practical work	
		in a semester)	
5	Hours Allotted :	60 Hours	
6	Marks Allotted:	50 Marks	
7	Course Objectives(Co	O):	
	To acquaint the learne		
	CO 1. Techniqu	es to locate the biomolecules in the tissue.	
	•	tion(s) of the biomolecules under study.	
8	Course Outcomes (O	· /	
	The learner would be a	•	
		ction of the biomolecules in the sample.	
		y its localization in tissues.	
		te its function in these tissues.	
	Appreciate its function in these tissues.		
9	Modules:-		
	Module 1		
	Unit 4 Diameterale		20
	Unit 1. Biomolecules		30
		strengths of solutions	30
	1. Concentration and		30
	1. Concentration and	strengths of solutions age, ppm, ppb, moles/L, molarity,	30
	 Concentration and w/v, v/v, percentanormality, molality 		30
	 Concentration and w/v, v/v, percents normality, molality Preparation and ve Estimation of Prote 	age, ppm, ppb, moles/L, molarity, rification of solutions of desired strengths in by Biuret method.	30
	 Concentration and w/v, v/v, percentanormality, molality Preparation and ve Estimation of Prote Qualitative analysis 	age, ppm, ppb, moles/L, molarity, rification of solutions of desired strengths in by Biuret method. s of Carbohydrates (Glucose, Fructose, Maltose,	30
	 Concentration and w/v, v/v, percentanormality, molality Preparation and ve Estimation of Prote Qualitative analysis Sucrose, Starch) and 	age, ppm, ppb, moles/L, molarity, rification of solutions of desired strengths in by Biuret method. s of Carbohydrates (Glucose, Fructose, Maltose,	30
	 Concentration and w/v, v/v, percentanormality, molality Preparation and ve Estimation of Prote Qualitative analysis Sucrose, Starch) and Histochemistry: 	age, ppm, ppb, moles/L, molarity, rification of solutions of desired strengths in by Biuret method. s of Carbohydrates (Glucose, Fructose, Maltose, and Protein.	30
	 Concentration and w/v, v/v, percentanormality, molality Preparation and ve Estimation of Prote Qualitative analysis Sucrose, Starch) and Histochemistry: Localization of Prote 	rification of solutions of desired strengths in by Biuret method. s of Carbohydrates (Glucose, Fructose, Maltose, and Protein.	30
	 Concentration and w/v, v/v, percentanormality, molality Preparation and ve Estimation of Prote Qualitative analysis Sucrose, Starch) and Histochemistry: Localization of Prote Proteins of peas / cool 	age, ppm, ppb, moles/L, molarity, rification of solutions of desired strengths in by Biuret method. of Carbohydrates (Glucose, Fructose, Maltose, and Protein.	30
	 Concentration and w/v, v/v, percentanormality, molality Preparation and ve Estimation of Prote Qualitative analysis Sucrose, Starch) and Histochemistry: Localization of Prote Proteins of peas / codii. DNA and RNA from 	rification of solutions of desired strengths in by Biuret method. s of Carbohydrates (Glucose, Fructose, Maltose, and Protein.	30
	 Concentration and w/v, v/v, percentanormality, molality Preparation and ve Estimation of Prote Qualitative analysist Sucrose, Starch) and Histochemistry: Localization of Prote Proteins of peas / codii. DNA and RNA from staining 	rification of solutions of desired strengths in by Biuret method. s of Carbohydrates (Glucose, Fructose, Maltose, and Protein. eins and Nucleic acids from the suitable system ckroach muscles onion peel using methyl green and pyronin	30
	 Concentration and w/v, v/v, percentanormality, molality Preparation and ve Estimation of Prote Qualitative analysis Sucrose, Starch) and Histochemistry: Localization of Protein. Proteins of peas / codii. DNA and RNA from staining Localization of Carbon Localization of Carbon 	rification of solutions of desired strengths in by Biuret method. of Carbohydrates (Glucose, Fructose, Maltose, and Protein. Sins and Nucleic acids from the suitable system ckroach muscles onion peel using methyl green and pyronin ohydrates and Lipids;	30
	 Concentration and w/v, v/v, percentanormality, molality Preparation and ve Estimation of Prote Qualitative analysis Sucrose, Starch) and Histochemistry: Localization of Protei. Proteins of peas / codii. DNA and RNA from staining Localization of Carboi. Starch grains of Pota 	rification of solutions of desired strengths in by Biuret method. of Carbohydrates (Glucose, Fructose, Maltose, and Protein. Sins and Nucleic acids from the suitable system ckroach muscles onion peel using methyl green and pyronin ohydrates and Lipids; to / of seeds and other tubers	30
	 Concentration and w/v, v/v, percentanormality, molality Preparation and ve Estimation of Prote Qualitative analysis Sucrose, Starch) and Histochemistry: Localization of Protei. Proteins of peas / codii. DNA and RNA from staining Localization of Carboi. Starch grains of Pota 	rification of solutions of desired strengths in by Biuret method. of Carbohydrates (Glucose, Fructose, Maltose, and Protein. Sins and Nucleic acids from the suitable system ckroach muscles onion peel using methyl green and pyronin ohydrates and Lipids;	30
	 Concentration and w/v, v/v, percentanormality, molality Preparation and ve Estimation of Prote Qualitative analysis Sucrose, Starch) and Histochemistry: Localization of Protei. Proteins of peas / codii. DNA and RNA from staining Localization of Carboi. Starch grains of Pota 	rification of solutions of desired strengths in by Biuret method. of Carbohydrates (Glucose, Fructose, Maltose, and Protein. Sins and Nucleic acids from the suitable system ckroach muscles onion peel using methyl green and pyronin ohydrates and Lipids; to / of seeds and other tubers	30
	 Concentration and w/v, v/v, percentanormality, molality Preparation and ve Estimation of Prote Qualitative analysis Sucrose, Starch) and Histochemistry: Localization of Protei. Proteins of peas / codii. DNA and RNA from staining Localization of Carboi. Starch grains of Pota 	rification of solutions of desired strengths in by Biuret method. s of Carbohydrates (Glucose, Fructose, Maltose, and Protein. sins and Nucleic acids from the suitable system ekroach muscles onion peel using methyl green and pyronin ohydrates and Lipids; to / of seeds and other tubers pach/Drosophila/lipids of groundnut	30
	 Concentration and w/v, v/v, percentanormality, molality Preparation and ve Estimation of Prote Qualitative analysis Sucrose, Starch) and Histochemistry: Localization of Prote Proteins of peas / coolii. DNA and RNA from staining Localization of Carboi. Starch grains of Potalii. Fat bodies of Cockrolii. Fat bodies of Cockrolii. 	rification of solutions of desired strengths in by Biuret method. s of Carbohydrates (Glucose, Fructose, Maltose, and Protein. sins and Nucleic acids from the suitable system extroach muscles onion peel using methyl green and pyronin ohydrates and Lipids; to / of seeds and other tubers each/Drosophila/lipids of groundnut Module 2	
	 Concentration and w/v, v/v, percentanormality, molality Preparation and ve Estimation of Prote Qualitative analysis Sucrose, Starch) and Histochemistry: Localization of Prote Proteins of peas / coolii. DNA and RNA from staining Localization of Carbonic Starch grains of Potalii. Fat bodies of Cockro Unit 2. Cell Biology	rification of solutions of desired strengths in by Biuret method. s of Carbohydrates (Glucose, Fructose, Maltose, and Protein. sins and Nucleic acids from the suitable system extroach muscles onion peel using methyl green and pyronin ohydrates and Lipids; to / of seeds and other tubers each/Drosophila/lipids of groundnut Module 2	
	 Concentration and w/v, v/v, percentanormality, molality Preparation and ve Estimation of Prote Qualitative analysis Sucrose, Starch) and Histochemistry: Localization of Prote Proteins of peas / coolii. DNA and RNA from staining Localization of Carboi. Starch grains of Potalii. Fat bodies of Cockro Unit 2. Cell Biology Introduction to Micros. Cytoplasmic streaming Cytoplasmic streaming Observation of difference 	rification of solutions of desired strengths in by Biuret method. s of Carbohydrates (Glucose, Fructose, Maltose, and Protein. eins and Nucleic acids from the suitable system ekroach muscles onion peel using methyl green and pyronin ohydrates and Lipids; to / of seeds and other tubers each/Drosophila/lipids of groundnut Module 2 escopy Ing in Hydrilla erent stages of mitosis in onion root tip.	
	 Concentration and w/v, v/v, percentanormality, molality Preparation and ve Estimation of Prote Qualitative analysis Sucrose, Starch) and Histochemistry: Localization of Prote Proteins of peas / coolii. DNA and RNA from staining Localization of Carboi. Starch grains of Potalii. Fat bodies of Cockro Unit 2. Cell Biology Introduction to Micros. Cytoplasmic streaming Observation of different commonstration of ostalication. 	rification of solutions of desired strengths in by Biuret method. s of Carbohydrates (Glucose, Fructose, Maltose, and Protein. eins and Nucleic acids from the suitable system ekroach muscles onion peel using methyl green and pyronin ohydrates and Lipids; to / of seeds and other tubers each/Drosophila/lipids of groundnut Module 2 Pscopy Ing in Hydrilla Perent stages of mitosis in onion root tip. Psmosis (Hydrilla / Tradescantia / RBC).	
	 Concentration and w/v, v/v, percentanormality, molality Preparation and ve Estimation of Prote Qualitative analysis Sucrose, Starch) and Histochemistry: Localization of Prote Proteins of peas / coolii. DNA and RNA from staining Localization of Carboi. Starch grains of Potalii. Fat bodies of Cockro Unit 2. Cell Biology Introduction to Micros. Cytoplasmic streaming Cytoplasmic streaming Observation of difference 	rification of solutions of desired strengths in by Biuret method. s of Carbohydrates (Glucose, Fructose, Maltose, and Protein. eins and Nucleic acids from the suitable system ekroach muscles onion peel using methyl green and pyronin ohydrates and Lipids; to / of seeds and other tubers each/Drosophila/lipids of groundnut Module 2 Pscopy Ing in Hydrilla Perent stages of mitosis in onion root tip. Psmosis (Hydrilla / Tradescantia / RBC).	

	13.Subcellular fractionation and marker enzymes (Mitochondria) 14. Study of Electron micrographs:- i. Mitochondria, Chloroplast, Nucleus ii. Lysosomes: Basement membrane/ junctions iii. Cilia: Both normal and pathological iv. Basement membrane/ junctions (Cilia or Flagella)		
10 and	Text and Reference Books 1 Cell Biology Genetics Ma	: olecular biology, Evolution and Ecology –	
11.		al (2009), Publishers : S. Chand and	
	Co.Ltd.,	0 10 10 1 5 5 5 0	
	2. Biological Science, Taylor (2005) Cambridge Univ. pre	r, Green and Stout., 3rd edn. Ed. R. Soper	
	` ,	ction, B.S.Beckett (1994), GCSE Edn.	
	Oxford Univ. Press.		
12	Internal Continuous Assessment: 40%	Semester End Examination: 60%	
13	Continuous Evaluation	Practical: 30 marks	
	through:	2.5 hours	
	Viva: 10 marks. Journal: 05 marks		
	Attendance/Participation:		
	05 marks.		
	Total: 20 marks.		
14	Format of Question Paper: document.	Details given at the end of the	
	document.		

Vocational Skill Course

Name of the Course: Laboratory Management

Sr.No.	Heading	Particulars	
1	Description the	This course deals with the establishment of	
	course:	protocols that make the research in the	
	Including but	laboratory dependable and repeatable. It	
	Not limited to:	stresses on the importance of documentation	
		of experiments, materials, protocols and	
	Vertical :	maintenance of equipment.	
2			
3	Type: Theory and Practical		
4	Credits :	2 credits (1 credit = 15 hours of theory and 30 Hours of Practical work in a semester)	
5	Hours Allotted :	15 Hours + 30 Hours	
6	Marks Allotted:	50 Marks	
7	Course Objectives	•	
		protocols for dependable and repeatable	
	experimenta		
		on practices in the laboratory that minimize	
		improves safety of the laboratory personnel.	
		nethods of documentation to ensure	
	adherence to	protocols and techniques, and the quality	
	and source o	of materials used.	
8	Course Outcomes		
	OC 1. Understand		
	OC 2. Understand		
	while using various equipment.		
	OC 3. Use simple statistics for understanding quality control.		
9	Modules:-	NA. L.L. A	Lectures
	_	Module 1	
	Unit 1. Laboratory		15
	Good Laboratory		
		to the Standard Laboratory set up ety guidelines	
		ation and Disinfection.	
	iv. Sterilization		
		ysis, Safety Data Sheets, and First Aid Kit.	
		ations for preparation of solutions	
		/ Management:	
	-	racy and Precision.	
	•	nd Specificity of protocols	
	_	trol mechanisms, (Internal and External)	
		of lab report and cataloguing.	
	IV. Basic princi	oles of accreditation of labs, (ISO and NABL).	

		Module 2	
10	 Unit 2: Practicals in Laboratory Management Preparation and standardization of common reagents. Standardization of balances, pipettes, and other common measurement devices. SOP writing for common instruments Monitoring of performances of common equipment like autoclave, incubators and maintaining records. Preparation of QC charts of the collected data. Visit to a commercial / research lab. Group presentations on GLP and related aspects within college set-up. 		30
and 11.	 Text and Reference Books: Godkar, P.B. Godkar, P.D. (2014) "Textbook of Medical Laboratory Technology (Set of 2 Volumes): Clinical Laboratory Science and Molecular Diagnosis" Bhalani Publishing House. Skoog, D.A., Holler, F.J., Crouch S.R. (2018) "Principles of Instrumental Analysis" Cengage Learning. Garcia L.S. (2014) "Clinical Laboratory Management" American Society for Microbiology Press. McPherson R.A., Pincus, M. R. (2017) "Henry's Clinical Diagnosis and Management by Laboratory Methods" Elsevier. Spector, David L. & Goldman, R.D. (2006) "Basic Methods in Microscopy: Protocols and Concepts from Cells: A Laboratory Manual" Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press. 		
12	Internal Continuous Assessment: 40%	Semester End Examination: 60%	
13	Continuous Evaluation through: Quizzes, class test, presentation, project, role play, creative writing, assignment etc. 10 marks Journal: 05 marks Attendance and Participation: 05 marks. Total 20 marks.	Theory and Practical evaluation: 30 marks. Theory: 15 marks 1 hour Practical: 15 marks 2 hours	
14	Format of Question Pa document.	per: Details given at the end of the	

Name of the Course: Basic Microbiology

Sr.No.	Heading Particulars		
1	Description the	This course introduces the learner to the	
	course:	microbial world, their types, structure, life	
	Including but	cycle and also methods to isolate and	
	Not limited to:	recognize them. It also imparts knowledge on	
		sterility techniques that are vital to	
		microbiological experimentation.	
2	Vertical :	Vocational Skill Course	
3	Type:	Theory and Practical	
4	Credits :	2 credits (1 credit = 15 hours of theory and 30	
		Hours of Practical work in a semester)	
5	Hours Allotted :	15 hours + 30 hours	
6	Marks Allotted:	50 Marks	
7	Course Objective	• •	
	To acquaint the lea	arner with:	
	CO 1. The microor	ganisms and their types, life cycle.	
	CO 2. The importa	nce of culture media and isolation techniques	
	=	ation of cultures.	
	,		
8	Course Outcomes	• •	
	To identify the mici	<u> </u>	
	OC 1. To learn the	life cycle and growth curve of microorganisms	
	OC 2. To learn th	e importance of culture media, isolation and	
	preservation techniques of microorganisms.		
	Billion		
			_
9	Modules:-	Madula 4	Lectures
9		Module 1	
9	Unit 1. Introduction	on to microbiology	Lectures 15
9	Unit 1. Introduction	on to microbiology sms and their types.	
9	Unit 1. Introduction i. Microorgani ii. Life cycle of	on to microbiology sms and their types. bacteria eg. E.coli	
9	Unit 1. Introduction i. Microorgani ii. Life cycle of iii. Growth curv	on to microbiology sms and their types. bacteria eg. E.coli re of bacteria eg.E.coli.	
9	Unit 1. Introduction i. Microorgani ii. Life cycle of iii. Growth curv iv. Culture med	on to microbiology sms and their types. bacteria eg. E.coli e of bacteria eg.E.coli. lia and types of culture media.	
9	Unit 1. Introduction i. Microorgani ii. Life cycle of iii. Growth curv iv. Culture med v. Isolation ted	on to microbiology sms and their types. bacteria eg. E.coli e of bacteria eg.E.coli. lia and types of culture media. hniques of bacteria (Streaking methods, spread	
9	i. Microorgani ii. Life cycle of iii. Growth curv iv. Culture med v. Isolation tec	on to microbiology sms and their types. bacteria eg. E.coli e of bacteria eg.E.coli. lia and types of culture media. hniques of bacteria (Streaking methods, spread our plate)	
9	i. Microorgani ii. Life cycle of iii. Growth curv iv. Culture med v. Isolation tec	on to microbiology sms and their types. bacteria eg. E.coli e of bacteria eg.E.coli. lia and types of culture media. hniques of bacteria (Streaking methods, spread	
9	i. Microorgani ii. Life cycle of iii. Growth curv iv. Culture med v. Isolation tec	on to microbiology sms and their types. bacteria eg. E.coli e of bacteria eg.E.coli. lia and types of culture media. hniques of bacteria (Streaking methods, spread our plate) n techniques of bacterial culture.	
9	i. Microorgani ii. Life cycle of iii. Growth curv iv. Culture med v. Isolation tec	on to microbiology sms and their types. bacteria eg. E.coli e of bacteria eg.E.coli. lia and types of culture media. hniques of bacteria (Streaking methods, spread our plate)	
9	i. Microorgani ii. Life cycle of iii. Growth curv iv. Culture med v. Isolation tec	on to microbiology sms and their types. bacteria eg. E.coli e of bacteria eg.E.coli. lia and types of culture media. hniques of bacteria (Streaking methods, spread our plate) n techniques of bacterial culture. Module 2	
9	Unit 1. Introduction i. Microorgani ii. Life cycle of iii. Growth curv iv. Culture med v. Isolation technology vi. Preservation Unit 2: Practical N	on to microbiology sms and their types. bacteria eg. E.coli e of bacteria eg.E.coli. lia and types of culture media. hniques of bacteria (Streaking methods, spread our plate) n techniques of bacterial culture. Module 2	15
9	Unit 1. Introduction i. Microorgani ii. Life cycle of iii. Growth curv iv. Culture med v. Isolation technology plate and povi. Preservation Unit 2: Practical Notes i. Introduction	on to microbiology sms and their types. bacteria eg. E.coli e of bacteria eg.E.coli. lia and types of culture media. hniques of bacteria (Streaking methods, spread our plate) n techniques of bacterial culture. Module 2 Microbiology:	15
9	Unit 1. Introduction i. Microorgani ii. Life cycle of iii. Growth curv iv. Culture med v. Isolation tect plate and po vi. Preservation i. Introduction ii. Staining tect	on to microbiology sms and their types. bacteria eg. E.coli e of bacteria eg.E.coli. lia and types of culture media. hniques of bacteria (Streaking methods, spread our plate) n techniques of bacterial culture. Module 2 Microbiology: to the Microscope. hniques:-Gram staining, cell wall staining etc	15
9	Unit 1. Introduction i. Microorgani ii. Life cycle of iii. Growth curv iv. Culture med v. Isolation technique and povi. Preservation Unit 2: Practical Notes ii. Introduction iii. Staining technique iii. Sterilization	on to microbiology sms and their types. bacteria eg. E.coli e of bacteria eg.E.coli. lia and types of culture media. hniques of bacteria (Streaking methods, spread our plate) n techniques of bacterial culture. Module 2 Microbiology: to the Microscope. hniques:-Gram staining, cell wall staining etc techniques	15
9	Unit 1. Introduction i. Microorgani ii. Life cycle of iii. Growth curv iv. Culture med v. Isolation tect plate and po vi. Preservation Unit 2: Practical N i. Introduction ii. Staining tect iii. Sterilization iv. Working prin	sms and their types. bacteria eg. E.coli e of bacteria eg.E.coli. lia and types of culture media. hniques of bacteria (Streaking methods, spread our plate) n techniques of bacterial culture. Module 2 Microbiology: to the Microscope. hniques:-Gram staining, cell wall staining etc techniques nciples of Instruments used in microbiology;-Hot	15
9	Unit 1. Introduction i. Microorgani ii. Life cycle of iii. Growth curv iv. Culture med v. Isolation tect plate and pov vi. Preservation i. Introduction ii. Staining tect iii. Sterilization iv. Working prin air oven, Au	sms and their types. bacteria eg. E.coli e of bacteria eg.E.coli. lia and types of culture media. hniques of bacteria (Streaking methods, spread our plate) n techniques of bacterial culture. Module 2 Microbiology: to the Microscope. hniques:-Gram staining, cell wall staining etc techniques nciples of Instruments used in microbiology;-Hot toclave, Incubator, centrifuge, laminar flow etc.	15
9	Unit 1. Introduction i. Microorgani ii. Life cycle of iii. Growth curv iv. Culture med v. Isolation technical plate and po vi. Preservation i. Introduction ii. Staining technical iv. Working print air oven, Au v. Isolation of it.	sms and their types. bacteria eg. E.coli e of bacteria eg.E.coli. lia and types of culture media. hniques of bacteria (Streaking methods, spread our plate) n techniques of bacterial culture. Module 2 Microbiology: to the Microscope. hniques:-Gram staining, cell wall staining etc techniques nciples of Instruments used in microbiology;-Hot toclave, Incubator, centrifuge, laminar flow etc. microorganisms using streak plate technique.	15
9	Unit 1. Introduction i. Microorgani ii. Life cycle of iii. Growth curv iv. Culture med v. Isolation technical plate and po vi. Preservation i. Introduction ii. Staining technical iv. Working print air oven, Au v. Isolation of it.	sms and their types. bacteria eg. E.coli e of bacteria eg.E.coli. lia and types of culture media. hniques of bacteria (Streaking methods, spread our plate) n techniques of bacterial culture. Module 2 Microbiology: to the Microscope. hniques:-Gram staining, cell wall staining etc techniques nciples of Instruments used in microbiology;-Hot toclave, Incubator, centrifuge, laminar flow etc.	15

	laboratory. vii. Compare the compositions of the two different media (Basal media and differential media or enriched media).		
10 and 11.	Text and Reference Books: 1. James.C.Cappuccino. 2017. Microbiology A laboratory manual. 11th edition, Pearson education publishers. 2. Kannan, N. 2003. Hand book of Laboratory culture media 1st edition, Panima publishing house. 3. Michael J.Pelczar Jr., E.C.S. Chan ,Noel R , Microbiology TMH 5th Edition. 4. Stanier, Ingraham et al		
12	Internal Continuous Assessment: 40%	Semester End Examination: 60%	
13	Continuous Evaluation through: Quizzes, class test, presentation, project, role play, creative writing, assignment etc.: 10 marks Journal: 05 marks Attendance and Participation: 05 marks. Total 20 marks.	Theory and Practical evaluation: 30 marks. Theory: 15 marks 1 hour Practical: 15 marks 2 hours	
14		per: Details given at the end of the	

SKILL ENHANCEMENT COURSES

Name of the Course: The General Microbiome

Sr.No.	Heading	Particulars	
1	Description the	This course introduces the learner to the	
	course :	microbial world, their types, structure, life	
	Including but	cycle and also methods to isolate and	
	Not limited to:	recognize them. It also imparts skills on	
	mot mintou to:	aseptic techniques that are vital to	
		microbiological experimentation.	
2	Vertical: SKILL ENHANCEMENT COURSES		
3	Type: Theory and Practical		
4	Credits :	2 credits (1 credit = 15 hours of theory and	
		30 Hours of Practical work in a semester)	
5	Hours Allotted	15 hours + 30 hours	
6	: Marks Allotted:	50 Marks	
7	Course Objective		
'	To acquaint the le		
	•		
		organisms and their types, life cycle.	
	CO 4. The import	ance of culture media and isolation techniques	
	and preser	vation of cultures.	
8	Course Outcome		
	To identify the microorganisms.		
	OC 3. To learn the life cycle and growth curve of		
	microorganisms		
	OC 4. To learn the importance of culture media, isolation and		
	preservation techniques of microorganisms.		
	preservation teeriniques of filleroorganisms.		
9	Modules:-		
	Module 1		
	Unit 1. Introduction to microbiology		
		nisms and their types.	15
	•	of bacteria eg. <i>E. coli</i>	
	•	ve of bacteria eg. <i>E. coli.</i>	
		edia and types of culture media.	
		echniques of bacteria (Streaking methods,	
		te and pour plate)	
		on techniques of bacterial culture.	
	0. 1 10001 valid	on toominguou or baotonar caltare.	
		Module 2	
	Hait 2: Skilla in l	nasia migrahiology	30
	OIIIL Z. OKIIIS IN I	pasic microbiology:	30
	1. Introductio	n to the Microscope – parts and working.	
		chniques: Gram staining and cell wall staining.	
	_		
		n techniques: Working principles of Instruments	
		crobiology;-Hot air oven, Autoclave, Incubator,	
	centrifuge,	laminar flow etc.	
ii			

		 Culture media preparation (Liquid media and solid media) in the laboratory. Media transfer under asceptic conditions. Culture of organisms using different media (Basal media/differential media/enriched media). Isolation of microorganisms using streak plate technique. 		
and	 10 and 1. James.C.Cappuccino. 2017. Microbiology A laboratory manual. 11th edition, Pearson education publishers. 2. Kannan, N. 2003. Hand book of Laboratory culture media 1st edition, Panima publishing house. 3. Michael J.Pelczar Jr., E.C.S. Chan ,Noel R , Microbiology TMH 5th Edition. 4. Stanier, Ingraham et al 		17. Microbiology A laboratory on education publishers. ook of Laboratory culture media 1st ouse.	
12		nal Continuous Sem ssment: 40%	nester End Examination: 60%	
13 Continuous Evaluation through: Quizzes, class test, presentation, project, role play, creative writing, assignment etc.: 10 marks Journal: 05 marks Attendance and Participation: 05 marks. Total 20 marks.		righ: zes, class test, entation, project, blay, creative g, assignment etc.: arks hal: 05 marks dance and cipation: 05 marks.	Theory and Practical evaluation: 30 marks. Theory: 15 marks 1 hour Practical: 15 marks 2 hours	
14		at of Question Paper: D	etails given at the end of the	

Examination and Standard of Passing:

A. Evaluation of the Major (mandatory) Theory courses: 100 marks.

The evaluation of these courses would include continuous evaluation (internal assessment) and Semester end examinations (External assessment). The evaluation pattern would be as follows:

Internal assessment: 40 marks.

a. Class test 1: 10 marks

b. Class Test 2: 10 marks

- c. Quizzes, presentation, project, role play, creative writing, assignment etc. 10 marks
- d. Attendance and Participation: 10 marks.

External Examination for Major (Mandatory) Theory Courses (4 Credits) – 60 Marks

Duration: 2 Hours

Theory question paper pattern:

Question	Based on	Options	Marks
Q.1	Unit I	Any 1 out of 2 (1 or 1 a, b)	12
Q.2	Unit II	Any 1 out of 2 (2 or 2 a, b)	12
Q.3	Unit III	Any 1 out of 2 (3 or 3 a, b)	12
Q.4	Unit IV	Any 1 out of 2 (4 or 4 a, b)	12
Q5.	Unit I, II, III	Any 3 out of 6 (short notes)	12
	IV		
		Total	60

B. Evaluation for Major (Mandatory) Practical Courses (2 Credits): 50 marks.

The evaluation of these courses would include continuous evaluation (internal assessment) and Semester end examinations (External assessment). The evaluation pattern would be as follows:

Each practical course carries a total of 50 Marks, distributed as follows:

Internal Assessment: 20 marks.

The criteria would be as follows:

No.	Criterion	Marks
1	Journal	05
2	Viva	10
3	Attendance/ Participation	05
	Total	20

External Assessment: 30 Marks:

The practical question paper pattern would be as follows:

All questions are compulsory		
Question	estion Criterion Marks	
Q1.	Practical performance 20	
Q2.	Q2. Spot Tests 10	
	Total	30

- The duration of each practical course evaluation is 3hours.
- To be eligible for evaluation, students must complete a minimum of 80% of the practical work assigned in each core subject.
- It is mandatory for students to submit a certified journal at the time of the practical examination. The journal serves as a record of their practical work and is an essential component of the evaluation process.

C. Evaluation for Vocational Skill Course: 50 Marks

The evaluation of these courses would include continuous evaluation (internal assessment) and Semester end examinations (External assessment). The evaluation pattern would be as follows:

Internal Assessment: 20 marks.

Theory Component: 10 marks.

Quizzes, class test, presentation, project, role play, creative writing, assignment etc: 10 marks

Practical Component: 10 marks.

Journal: 05 marks

Attendance and Participation: 05 marks.

External Assessment: 30 marks.

Theory Component: 15 marks.

Duration: 1 Hour

Theory question paper pattern:

Question No.	Unit	Question	Marks
Q1.	I	Any 1 out of 2 (1 or 1a, b)	12
Q2	I	Any 1 out of 2 (2 or 2a, b)	3
		Total	15

Practical Component: 15 marks.

Assessment of these questions would be done at the time of Major Practical External Assessment. The marks earned by the candidate would be added to the theory component to make a total of 30 marks of External Assessment.

Question No.	Unit	Question	Marks
Q1.	П	Practical Performance	10
Q2	П	Viva	05
		Total	15

Regulations regarding the scheme of exams, number of credits and standard of passing will be as prescribed by the University of Mumbai.

A student is said to have passed if he/she secures 40% of marks allotted in each head of passing. External evaluation of 30 marks and Internal evaluation of 20 marks are treated as separate heads of passing.

The Ten Point Grading System prescribed by the University of Mumbai will be as follows:

Letter Grades and Grade Points:

Semester GPA/Programme CGPA Semester/ Programme	% of Marks	Alpha-Sign/ Letter Grade Result	Grading Point
9.00 - 10.00	90.0 - 100	O (Outstanding)	10
8.00 - < 9.00	80.0 - <	A+ (Excellent)	9
	90.0		
7.00 - < 8.00	70.0 - <	A (Very Good)	8
	80.0		
6.00 - < 7.00	60.0 - <	B+ (Good)	7
	70.0		
5.50 - < 6.00	55.0 - <	B (Above	6
	60.0	Average)	
5.00 - < 5.50	50.0 - <	C (Average)	5
	55.0		
4.00 - < 5.00	40.0 - <	P (Pass)	4
	50.0		
Below 4.00	Below 40.0	F (Fail)	0
Ab (Absent)	-	Ab (Absent)	0

Team for Creation of Syllabus

Name	College Name	Sign
Dr. Ujwala Jadhav	Head, University Department of Life Sciences, University of Mumbai	
Dr. Indu Anna George	Professor, University Department of Life Sciences, University of Mumbai	
Dr.Tejashree Shanbag	Principal, K. C. College, Mumbai	
Dr. Prashant Ratnaparkhi	Head, Department of Life Science and Biochemistry, St. Xavier's College (Autonomous), Mumbai	
Dr. Nilima Gajbhiye	Head, Department of Life Science, RamnarainRuia Autonomous College, Mumbai	
Dr. Priya Sundarrajan	Professor, Department of Life Science and Biochemistry, St. Xavier's College (Autonomous), Mumbai	
Dr. KanchanChitnis	Associate Professor, Department of Life Science, RamnarainRuia Autonomous College, Mumbai	

Justification for B.Sc. (Life Sciences)

1.	Necessity for starting the course:	Life Sciences is a multi-disciplinary course. It exposes the learner to all aspects of biology seamlessly without compartmentalization of individual disciples in biology, chemistry, physics and the quantitative sciences. This encourages novel conceptual reasoning and challenges an inflexible traditional approach to biology. This would be a refreshing approach to mitigate the challenges faced by society at large.
2.	Whether the UGC has recommended the course:	YES
3.	Whether all the courses have commenced from the academic year 2024-2025	The courses are scheduled to begin from the academic year 2024 – 2025.
4.	The courses started by the University are self-financed, whether adequate number of eligible permanent faculties are available?:	The self-financed courses would be run by permanent faculty and supported by visiting or guest faculty.
5.	To give details regarding the duration of the Course and is it possible to compress the course?:	The course would be of four years. It would not be possible to compress the course.
6.	The intake capacity of each course and no. of admissions given in the current academic year:	60 seats for one division. Admissions will be held from 2024-2025 onwards
7.	Opportunities of Employability / Employment available after undertaking these courses:	The opportunities would include biology based industries and organizations such as health care, food and feed, environment etc. research opportunities and in the field of education.

Sign of the BOS Chairman Dr. Ujwala Jadhav The Chairman, Board of Studies in Life Sciences Sign of the Offg. Associate Dean Dr. Madhav R. Rajwade Faculty of Science & Technology Sign of the Offg. Dean Prof. Shivram S. Garje Faculty of Science & Technology