UNIVERSITY OF MUMBAI

TIME-TABLE OF POST- GRADUATE LECTURES FOR MSc-PART-I (SEMESTER-I) STUDENTS FOR THANEZONE

ACADEMIC YEAR 2018-2019

Co-Ordinator :Dr. V.B.Patil(8554954802)

Mondays	Mondays Aug: 20,27	o.m Sep;10,24 Oct:1,8,15	Nov: 26	Dec: 3 examples, merits and delifering are experience	3.2.1 Preparative methods, solvothermal, combustion synthesis, microwave, co-precipitation and the state of t	3.2.2 Applications in the field of semiconductors, solar cells.	Characterisation of Co-ordination compounds [151] Characterisation of Co-ordination compounds [151]	measurements, IR, NMR and ESR spectroscopic methods. 4.2 Spectral calculations using Orgel and Tanabe-Sugano diagram, calculation of electron	parameters such as \triangle ,B,C,Nephelauxetic ratio. 4.3 Determination of formation constants of metal complexes(Overall and stepwise):	O1	Name Prof. Ruby Kuriakose C.H.M.College 2.00p.m-4.00p.m 2.00p.m-6.00p.m	Mondays Aug: 20,27 Sep;10,24 Oct:1,8,15 Oct:29 Nov: 26 Dec: 3	PSCH 102 Paper-II: Unit – III [15L] Material Chemistry and Nanomatrials 3.1 Solid State Chemistry 3.1.1 Electronic structure of solids and band theory, Fermi level, K space and Brillouin zones. 3.1.2 Structures of Compounds of the type: AB [Nickel arsenide(NiAs)], AB2[Fluorite (CaF2)] 3.1.3 Methods of Compounds of the type: AB [Nickel arsenide(NiAs)], AB2[Fluorite (CaF2)] iodide(CdCl2, Cdl2)]. 3.1.3 Methods of preparation for inorganic solids: Cermic method, precursor method, sol-gel examples, merits and demerits are expected) 3.2 Nanomaterials 3.2 Nanomaterials 3.2.1 Preparative methods, solvothermal, combustion synthesis, microwave, co-precipitation, 3.2.1 Applications in the field of semiconductors, solar cells. 3.2.2 Application of Co-ordination compounds [151] Characterisation of Co-ordination compounds [151] 4.1 Formation, thermal studies, conductivity measurements, electronic, spectral and magnetic and spectral calculations using Orgel and Tanabe-Sugano diagram, calculation of electronic parameters such as A,B,C,Nephelauxetic ratio. 4.3 Determination of formation constants of metal complexes(Overall and stepwise): 4.3 Determination of potentiometric and spectral methods.
Aug: 20,27 5.m Sep;10,24 Oct:1,8,15	Sep;10,24 Oct:1,8,15		Oct:29	Oct:29 Nov: 26	Oct:29 Nov: 26 Dec: 3	Oct:29 Nov: 26 Dec: 3	Oct:29 Nov: 26 Dec: 3	Oct:29 Nov: 26 Dec: 3	Oct:29 Nov: 26 Dec: 3	1	00p.m-5.00p.m	Oct:,22	and antifluorite structures, rutile (1102) structure and injures on method, sol-gel iodide (CdCl ₂ , CdI ₂)].
Aug: 20,27 Sep;10,24 Oct:1,8,15 o.m Oct:,22	Sep;10,24 Oct:1,8,15 Oct:,22	Oct:,22		Nov: 26	Nov: 26 Dec: 3	Nov: 26 Dec: 3	Nov: 26 Dec: 3	Nov: 26 Dec: 3	Nov: 26 Dec: 3	2	00p.m-6.00p.m	Oct:29	3.1.3 Methods of preparation for inorganic solids: Cermic method, preparation for inorganic solids: Cermic method, preparation on principles,

PSCH102 Unit- I - Chemical Bonding (15L) 1.1 Recapitulation of Hybridization: Derivation of wave functions for sp ,sp2. sp3 orbital hybridization types, considering only sigma bonding.	Tuesdays Aug: 21,28 Sep:4,11,18,25	Dr. Yogini B. C.H.M. College 2.00p.m-4.00p.m	, 3
effect, hard-soft interaction, leaving group. Ambident nucleophiles, $S_N^c A$, S_N^1 and S_N^2 reactions. S_N at sp^2 (vinylic) carbon. 2.1.2.Aromatic nucleophilic substitution: $S_N Ar$, S_N^1 , benzyne mechanisms, lpso, cine, tele and vicarious substitution. 2.1.3 Ester hydrolysis: Classification, nomenclature and study of all eight mechanisms of acid and base catalyzed hydrolysis with suitable examples. 2.2 Aromaticity (6L) 2.2.1 Structural, thermochemical, and magnetic criteria for aromaticity, including NMR characteristics of aromatic systems, Delocalization and aromaticity. 2.2.2 Application of HMO theory to monocyclic conjugated systems. Frost-Musulin diagrams. Huckel's (4n+ 2) and 4n rules. 2.2.3 Aromatic and antiaromatic compounds upto 18 carbon atoms. Homoaromatic compounds. Aromaticity of all benzenoid systems, heterocycles, metallocenes, azulenes, annulenes, aromatic ions and Fullerene (C ₆₀).	PERSONAL CONTROL OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPER		TV DELATE.
2.1.1 Aliphatic nucleophilic substitution: S _N , S _N , S _N reactions, mixed S _N & S _N SET mechanisms S _N reactions involving NGP- participation by aryl rings, σand pi	Oct:,22	5.00p.m-6.00p.m	
Nucleophilic substitution reactions and Aromaticity 2.1 Nucleophilic substitution reactions: (9L)	Aug: 20,27 Sep;10,24 Oct:1,8,15	Khemani C.H.M. College 4.00p.m-6.00p.m	J. B
. PSCH103 Paper-III Unit -II	Mondays	Dr. Manisha	02

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1.00p.m-5.00p.m 2.00p.m-6.00p.m	Dr. V.B. Patil C.H.M. College 2.00p.m-4.00pm	and the state of t	Prof Mrs. Ruby K. C.H.M. College 4.00p.m-6.00pm 2.00p.m-5.00pm	t in t or to sub su semance on eth be united
Oct:3,10,17 Oct:24 Oct:31 Nov:28 Dec:4	Wednesdays Aug:29 Sep:5,12,19	postantamento di Tiore monanta di La Communicazi di	Tuesdays Sep:25 Oct:9 Oct:16,23 Oct:30	co vot
Thomson experiment, Joule Thomson coefficient, inversion coefficient in terms of van der Waals constants.[8L] coefficient in terms of van der Waals constants.[8L] 1.2 Third law of Thermodynamics, Entropy change for a phase transition, absolute entropies, determination of absolute entropies in terms of heat capacity, standard molar entropies and their dependence om molecular mass and molecular structure, residual entropy [7L] [Reference 2& 1,10,11,12,17] PSCH 101 Paper-I-Unit-III Chemical Dynamics-1 [15 L]	PSCH 101 Paper-I Unit – I Thermodynamics-I [15] 1.1 State Function and exact differentials. Maxwell equations, Maxwell thermodynamic places, Joule of the property of the pr	d. Solubility and solubility equilibria, chock of p. e. Calculations of pH of acids, bases, acidic and basic buffers. f. Concept of formation constants, stability and instability constants, stepwise formation constants. g. Oxidation number, rules for assigning oxidation number, redox reaction in term of oxidation number, oxidizing and reducing agents, equivalent weight of oxidizing and reducing agents, stoichiometry of redox titration(Normality of a solution of a oxidizing/ reducing agent and it's relationship with molarity).	Calculations based on Chemical Principles [15L] Calculations based on Chemical Principles [15L] The following topics are to be covered in the form of numerical problems only. a. Concentration of a solution based on volume and mass units. b. Calculations of ppm, ppb and dilution of the solutions, concept of mmol. c. Stoichiometry of chemical reactions, concept of kg mol, limiting reactant, theoretical and practical yield.	1.5 Molecular Orbital Theory for Polyatomic species of CO ₂ ,B ₂ H ₆ ,I ₃ - CO ₂ ,B ₂ H ₆ ,I ₃ - 1.6 Weak forces of attraction: Hydrogen bonding – concept, types, properties, methods of detection and importance. Van der Waal's forces, ion-dipole, dipole-dipole, London forces.

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	Wednesdays Aug:29 Sep:5,12,19 Oct:3,10,17, Oct:24	VERNARATET HATTWILL VOTTVERA
 2.4 Applications of Group Theory (a) Symmetry adapted linear combinations(SALC), symmetry aspects of MO theory, sigmabounding in AB_n (NH₃. CH₄) molecule. (b) Determination of symmetry species for translations and rotations. 	- Molecular Symmetry and Group theory - Molecular Symmetry and Group theory 2.1 Symmetry criterion of optical activity, symmetry restrictions on dipole moment. A systematic procedure for symmetry classification of molecules. 2.2 Concepts of Groups, Sub-groups, Classes of Symmetry operations, Group Multiplication Tables. Abelian and non -Abelian point groups. 2.3 Representation of Groups: Matrix representation of symmetry operations, reducible and irreducible representations. The Great Orthogonality Theorem and it's application in construction of character tables for point groups C _{2v} . C _{3v} and D _{2h} structure of character	3.1 Composite Reactions: Recapitulation of rate laws, Differential rate equations, Consecutive reactions, Steady Recapitulation of rate laws, Differential rate equations, Consecutive reactions, Steady Recapitulation of rate laws, Differential rate equations, Consecutive reactions. Steady Recapitulation of rate laws, Differential rate equations, Consecutive reactions. Detailed Balance State Approximation, rate determining steps, Microscopic Reversibility and Detailed Balance Reactions-chain initiation processes. Some inorganic mechanisms: formation and decomposition of phospen and some general examples. Bromine and some general examples. Gas phase combustion: Reaction between hydrogen and oxygen, Semenov – Gas phase explosion limits. 3.2Polymerization reactions: Kinetics of stepwise polymerization, Calculation of degree 3.2Polymerization for stepwise reaction. Kinetics of free radical chain polymerization, Kinetic chain length and estimation of average no .of monomer units in the polymer produced by chain polymerization. 3.3 Reaction in Gas Phase Unimolecular Reactions: Lindeman-Hinshelwood theory, Rice-Ramsperger-Kasssel (RRK) theory, Rice-Ramsperger-Kasssel-Marcus(RRKM) theory

A Descent and ascent in symmetry contribution was mind on the
(f) Descent and ascent in symmetry correlation diagrams showing relationship between

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ollans Section. Si Unit. Tule Enavan. SpartKalina.	Dr. Nagesh Sutar C.H.M College 2.00p.m-4.00p.m	Dr.T.N.Bansode C.H.M. College 4.00p.m-6.00p.m 4.00p.m-5.00p.m
2009 2009 2009	Fridays Aug:24,31 Sep:7,28 Oct:5,12,26 Nov:2	Thursdays Aug:23,30 Sep:6,20,27 Oct:4,11 Oct:18
3.3 Molecules with two or more chiral centres: Constitutionally molecules: erythro-threo and syn-anti systems of nomenclature. Interconversion of Fischer, Sawhorse, Newman and Flying wedge projections, Constitutionally symmetrical molecules with odd and even number of chiral centres: enantiomeric and meso forms, concept of stereogenic, chirotopic and pseudoasymmetric centres. R-S nomenclature for chiral centres in acyclic and cyclic compounds. 3.4. Axial and planar chirality: Principles of axial and planar chirality. Stereochemical features and configurational descriptors (R,S) for the	Stereochemistry: (15L) 3.1 Concept of Chirality: Recognition of symmetry elements. 3.2 Molecules with tri- and tetra- coordinate centres: Compounds with carbon, silicon, nitrogen, phosphorus and Sulphur chiral centres, relative configurational stabilities.	Physical Organic Chemistry (15L) 1.1 Thermodynamic and kinetic requirements of a reaction: Rate and equilibrium constants, reaction coordinate diagram, transition state(activated complex), constants, reaction complex, Hammond postulate, Reactivity vs selectivity. nature of activated complex, Hammond postulate, Reactivity vs selectivity. The control of organic reactions. 1.2 Determining mechanism of a reaction:Product analysis, kinetic isotope effect). isotopes (Kinetic isotope effect- primary and secondary kinetic isotope effect). Detection and trapping of intermediates, crossover experiments and stereochemical evidence. 1.3 Acids and Bases: Factors affecting acidity and basicity: Electronegativity and Inductive effect, resonance, bond strength, electrostatic effects, hybridization, aromaticity and solvation, Comparative study of acidity and basicity of organic compounds on the basis of pK _a values. Leveling effect and non-aqueous solvents. Acid and base catalysis- general and specific catalysis with examples. [Reference Books: 1,2,3, 16]

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nemiki su Probakkisu P	2.00pm-6.00pm	C.H.M College 4.00p.m-6.00p.m 4.00p.m-6.00p.m 2.00p.m-4.00p.m	12 12 12 13 13 13
at 2007.	Thursdays Oct:25 Nov:1,29	Aug:24,31 Sep:7,28 Oct:5,12,26 Nov:2	ex beinneges one
standard method. 1.2 Quality in Analytical Chemistry: [7L] 1.2 Quality Management System (QMS): Evolution and significance of Quality Management, types of quality standards for laboratories, total quality management (TQM), philosophy implementation of TQM (reference of Kaizen, Six Sigma approach & 5S), quality audits and quality reviews, responsibility of laboratory staff for quality and problems. 1.2.2 Safety in Laboratories:Basic concepts of Safety in Laboratories, personal protection Equipment(PPE), OSHA, Toxic Hazard (TH) classifications, Hazardous Chemical Processes (including process calorimetry/thermal build up concepts).	instruments for analysis, detectors, transducers an accuracy, precision, selectors, determinate and tackling of errors.	 1.1 Language of Analytical Chemistry[8L] 1.1.1 Analytical perspective, Common analytical problems, terms involved in analytical chemistry (analysis, determination, measurement, techniques, methods, procedures and protocol) 1.1.2 An overview of analytical methods, types of instrumental methods, 	cyclophanes, trans-cyclooctenes. 3.5 Prochirality: Chiral and prochiral centres, prochiral axis and prochiral plane. Homotopic, heterotopic (enantiotopic and diastereotopic) ligands and faces. Identification using substitution and symmetry criteria. Nomenclature of stereoheterotopic ligands and faces, Symbols for stereoheterotopic ligands in molecules with (i) one or more prochiral centres (ii) a chiral as well as a prochiral centre, (iii) a prochiral axis (iv) prochiral plane (v) pro-pseudoasymmetric centre. Symbols for enantiotopic and diastereotopic faces. [Reference Books: 6-8]
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3.1 Recapitulation and FT Technique 1.2.4 Good laboratory Practices (GLP): Principle, Objective, OECD guidelines, Indian government Standards (ISI, Hallmark, Agmark) 3.1.3 Introduction of Fourier Transform 3.1.2 Laser as a source of radiation, Fibre optics 3.1.1 Recapitulation of basic concepts, Electromagnetic spectrum, Sources Detectors, sample The US FDA 21 CFR58, Klimisch score. solvent and effect of substituents. absorption, types of transitions [emphasis on charge transfer absorption], pH, temperature, 3.2.1 Derivation of Beer-Lambert's Law and it's limitations, factors affecting molecular 3.2 Molecular Ultraviolet and Visible Spectroscopy (Numericals are expected) Optical Methods [15L] PSCH104 Paper-IV Unit-III Applications of ultraviolet and visible spectroscopy: 3.3.3 Applications of IR [Mid IR, Near IR, Far IR]: Qualitative with emphasis on "Finger 3.2.2 Dual spectrometry- Introduction, Principle, Instrumentation and Applications. 3.3.2 FTIR and it's advantages 3.3.1 Instrumentation: Sources, Sample handling, Transducers, Dispersive, non-dispersive instrument Infrared Absorption Spectroscopy On charge transfer absorption Simultaneous spectroscopy Derivative Spectroscopy

print" region, Quantitative analysis, Advantages and Limitations of IR' 3.3.4 Introduction and basic principles of diffuse reflectance spectroscopy

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PSCH 101: Unit-I Quantum Chemistry: [15] C.H.M. College 4.00p.m-6.00p.m Sep:1,8,22,29 Oct:6, 3.00p.m-5.00p.m 4.00p.m-5.00p.m 5ep:1,8,22,29 Cot:6, and their algebra, linear and Hermitian operators, orthogonality of wave functions, reigen functions, reigen functions, reigen functions, orthogonality of wave functions, orthogonality of wave functions, orthogonality of wave functions, reigen functions, reigen functions, orthogonality of wave	1	Dr.V.B.Patil C.H.M College 2.00p.m-4.00p.m 2.00p.m-3.00p.m	Saturdays Aug:25,31 Sep:1,8,22,29 Oct:6, Oct:13	PSCH 104 Unit IV 4.1 Thermal Methods 44.1.1 Introduction, Recapitulation of types of thermal methods, comparison between TGA and DTA. 4.1.2 Differential Scanning Calometry- Principle, comparison of DTA and DSC, Instrumentation, Block diagram, Nature of DSC Curve, Factors affecting curves (sample size, sample shape, pressure). 4.1.3 Applications- Heat of reaction, Specific heat, Safety screening, Polymers, liquid crystals, Percentage crystallinity, oxidative stability, Drug analysis, Magnetic transition e.g. Analysis of polyethylene for its crystallinity. 4.2 Automation in chemical analysis Need for automation, Objectives of automation, an overview of automated instruments and instrumentation, process control analysis, flow injection analysis, discrete automated systems, automatic analysis based on multilayered films, gas monitoring equipments, Automatic titrators.
Prof. Sheela Vasu C.H.M. College 4.00p.m-6.00p.m Aug;25,31 3.00p.m-5.00p.m 3.00p.m-5.00p.m Cct:20,27 Nov:2,30 Dec:1.1 Dai:1 Prof. Sheela Vasu C.H.M. College Aug:25,31 Classical Mechanics, failure of classical mechanics: Need for Quantum Mechanics. 2.1 , Classical Mechanics, failure of classical mechanics: Need for Quantum Mechanics. Cot:4. Application of wave functions, orthogonality of wave functions, properties of wave functions, orthogonality of wave functions, orthogonality of wave functions. Cot:20,27 Nov:2,30 Dec:1. Dec:1. Auguation of the Hamiltonian operator, average value and the expectation value of a dynamic variable of the system, Postulates of Quantum Mechanics, Schrodinger;s Time independent wave equation. 2.4. Application of quantum mechanics to the following systems: a) Free particle, wave function and energy of a free particle b) Particle in a one, two and three dimensional box, separation of variables, Expression for the wave function of quantum number, degeneracy of the energy levels.		(C)		
Aug:25,31 Sep:1,8,22,29 Oct:6, Oct:13 Oct:20,27 Nov:2,30 Dec:1	12	C.H.M. College	odluidays	Quantum Chemistry: [15]
Sep:1,8,22,29 Oct:6, Oct:13 Oct:20,27 Nov:2,30 Dec:1		4.00p.m-6.00p.m	Aug:25,31	2.1, Classical Mechanics, failure of classical mechanics: Need for Quantum Mechanics.
Oct:6, Oct:13 Oct:20,27 Nov:2,30 Dec:1			Sep:1,8,22,29	2.2 Particle waves and Shrodinger wave equation, wave functions, properties of wave
Oct:20,27 Nov:2,30 Dec:1		and the last	Oct:6,	functions, Normalization of wave functions, orthogonality of wave functions. La. Operators
Oct:20,27 Nov:2,30 Dec:1		3.00p.m-5.00p.m	Oct:13	and their algebra, linear and Hermitian operators, operators for the dynamic variables of a
Nov:2,30 Dec:1		3.00p.m-5.00p.m	Oct:20,27	eigen values and eigen value equation, Schrodinger wave equation as the eigen value
Dec:1			Nov:2,30	equation of the Hamiltonian operator, average value and the expectation value of a dynamic
2.4. Application of quantum mechanics to the following systems: a) Free particle, wave function and energy of a free particle b) Particle in a one, two and three dimensional box, separation of variables, Expression for the wave function of the system, expression for the energy of the system, concept of quantization.introduction of quantum number, degeneracy of the energy levels.		3.00p.m-5.00p.m	Dec:1	variable of the system, Postulates of Quantum Mechanics, Schrodinger; s I ime independent wave equation.
a) Free particle, wave function and energy of a free particle b) Particle in a one, two and three dimensional box, separation of variables, Expression for the wave function of the system, expression for the energy of the system, concept of an antization introduction of quantum number, degeneracy of the energy levels.			10 on an	2.4. Application of quantum mechanics to the following systems:
wave function of the system, expression for the energy of the system, concept of quantization.introduction of quantum number, degeneracy of the energy levels.				a) Free particle, wave function and energy of a free particle
auantization.introduction of quantum number, degeneracy of the energy levels.				wave function of the system expression for the energy of the system, concept of
				quantization, introduction of quantum number, degeneracy of the energy levels.

conductance at high frequencies), Wien effect. 4.4bio- electricity: Introduction, cells and membranes, membrane potentials, theory of cells[Solid-Oxide Fuel cells (SOFC) and Molten Carbonate Fuel cells 4.3Batteries: Alkaline fuel cells, Phosphoric acid fuel cells, High temperature fuel solution, deviations from Onsager equation, Debye-Falkenhagen effect(dispersion of equation(derivation expected). Validity of this equation for aqueous and non- aqueous 4.2 Electrolytic conductance and ionic interaction, relaxation effect. Debye- Huckel- Onsager extension to higher concentration(derivations are expected) 4.1 Debye- Huckel theory of activity coefficient, Debye- Huckel limiting law and its Recapitulation- basics of electrochemistry. Electrochemistry [15L] PSCH 101- Unit IV for wave function, expression for energy, use of the recursion formula. membrane potentials, interfacial electron transfer in biological systems, adsorption of in solution, enzymes as electrodes, electrochemical enzyme- catalyzed oxidation of styrene. proteins onto metals from solution, electron transfer from modified metals t dissolved protein [Note: Numerical and theoretical problems from each unit are expected] Goldmann equation. (derivations are expected). [Ref: 14 and 6,17,18]. [Reference 7,8,&9]

M.Sc. - I (Semester - I) Chemistry

NOTE: - Attention of the post-graduate students M.Sc. -I (Semester-I) is invited to the following:

- 1. That they will be required to attend in each of the term not less than 75% of the total number of lectures delivered and also not less than 75% of the lectures delivered in each paper.
- 2. That in addition to attendance at lectures, they will be required to carry out regularly the practical work assigned to them in the laboratory and shall be required to maintain a record there of in a properly bound journal. The work carried out by the students shall be reviewed by the respective teachers at the end of two terms. In case in the opinion of the Principal of the affiliated colleges or the Head of department of the recognized post-graduate Institution concerned, students has not done satisfactorily the work assigned to him by the respective teachers it shall be open to the Principals of the colleges or Head of the department of the recognized post-graduate institution concerned not to grant the terms to the student even though he might have kept the minimum attendance at the lectures.
 - N.B. Teachers participating in the scheme of post-graduate teaching and Instruction at the M.Sc. degree course in Chemistry are hereby informed that no change will be permitted in the venue and timings of the lectures.

Sd/-

Mumbai - 400 032. 8157 January, 2020.

Assistant Registrar, Post Graduate Studies Section

P.S. Teachers participating in the scheme of post-graduate teaching and Instructions in the subject of Chemistry are requested to submit the attendance rolls in respect of the lectures delivered by them during the academic year 2018-2019 within 15 days after completion of their lectures in the respective terms are over, to the Coordinator at the respective centre.

No. PG/ICD/2019-20/ 2118

3157 January 2020

Copy forwarded with compliments to the teachers of the University, included in the scheme of post-graduate teaching and instructions at the M.Sc. degree in Chemistry and the Principals of the respective colleges for information and necessary action.

Mumbai - 400 032. 3157 January, 2020.

Assistant Registrar, Post Graduate Studies Section