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Q.1. a. Discuss main characteristics of the urban economy.

Definition, growing population, agriculture surplus, migration, rise and growth of cities, growth in urban population, regional disparities

b. Review the growth of economy during the first urbanization.

Definition, Density of population, agriculture surplus, planning of urban expansion, flourishing crafts, scope for artisans and craftsman, trade commerce, harappa.

c. Explain the economic life of the second urbanization.

Agriculture, industry, trade, commerce, trade routes, currency, trade relations with other countries, prosperity.

Q.2. a. Examine the process of agrarian development during the period of Magadha .

Strong king and government, planned settlement, land forest, seasonal crops, agricultural tools. forced labour, market, store house, revenue-cash-kind, prosperous economy

b. Enumerate the progress of trade and industry during the age of Magadha.

Emergence of towns migration, development of arts and crafts, trade with India and Rome, Greece, south east Asian countries, currency, prosperity

c. Give an account of economy of Magadha as reflected in Arthashastra.

Agriculture, industry, trade, commerce, trade routes, currency, trade relations with other countries, prosperity.

Q.3. a. Trace the factors responsible for the growth of Indo- Roman trade.

Powerful kings and strong central government, growth of cities, development of ports, trade routes, spread of Buddhism, foreign travellers,

b. Describe trade activities with special reference to Sopara.

Trade- spice, precious stones, metals medicinal herbs, textile, cotton etc, currency, trade routes, Wealth, development of relations

c. Examine the trade and commerce with South East Asia.

Trade- spice, precious stones, metals medicinal herbs, textile, cotton etc, currency, trade routes, Wealth, development of relations.

Q.4. a. Give an account of inland trade in Uttarapath.

Trade in North India, Rome, Greece, South India, trade routes, centres like Ujjain, Bharuch, Articles of import export, Source of wealth, prosperity to the region,

b. Evaluate the contribution of Dakshinapath as a trading centre in ancient period.

Centre of trade, Roman, Arab trade relations, currency, Maritime trade, emergence of prosperous cities and ports economic prosperity, influence on life and culture

c. Discuss inland trade with special reference to Ujjain.

Trade centre in Uttarapath, links with Dakshinapath, Rome, Greece, demand for articles. Significance.

Q.5. Write short notes on any two of the following.

a. Punch Marked Coins. Early coinage, Mauryan dynasty, foreign influence, issued by Greco-Bactrians, Indo-Greeks, Gandhara, art, currency, significance

b. Guilds- Merchant organization, bankers, laws implementations, fix weights & measures prices of goods, Quality control, prosperity

c. Significance of Arikamedu Important port in south India, important export, trade relations with Greece, Rome, flourishing trade, foreign exchange, significance

d. Influence of international trade on India: art architecture, dance, science, language, religious ideas, currency,.