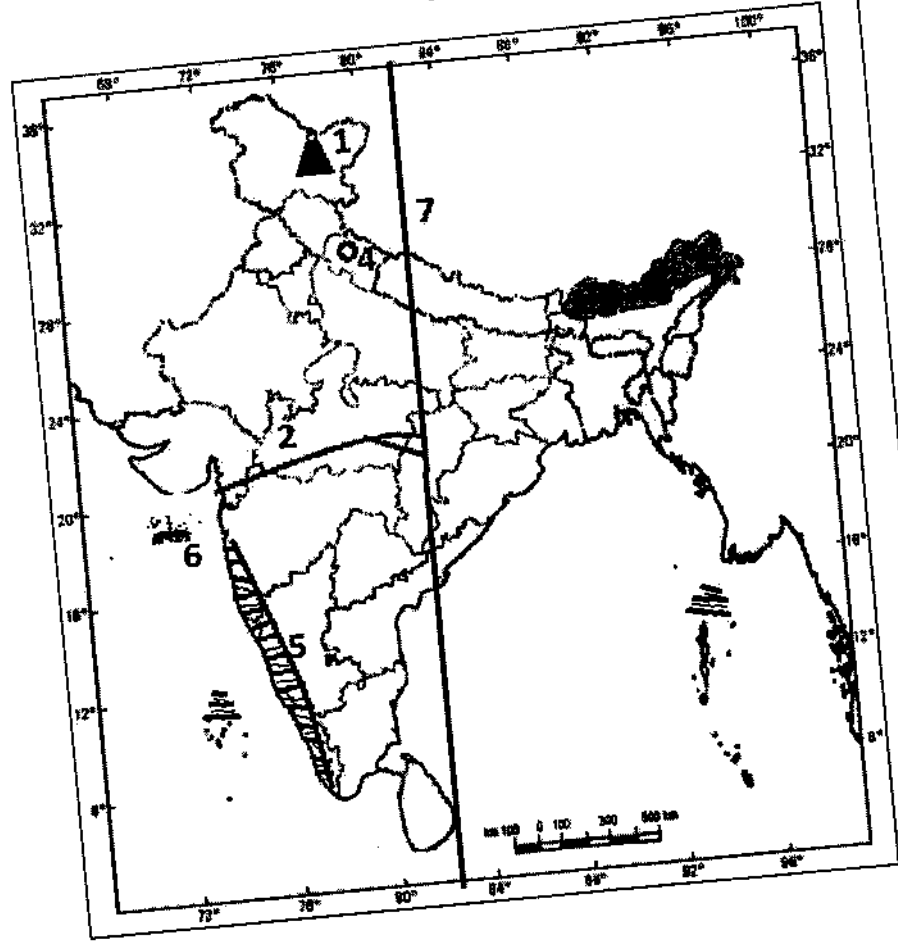




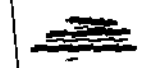




Que . No Model Answer Paper: UAGEO302-Physical Geography of India-III Marks

Q1 Mark and label: Outline Map of India (Political) 10



Index (सूची):

	i) K2 / (Mount Godwin Austin)
	ii) Narmada
	iii) Eastern Himalaya
	iv) Nainital Lake in Uttarakhand
	v) Konkan and Northern part of Island of Andaman and Nikobar and Lakshwadeep
	vi) Bombay High
	vii) 82° East Longitude

Q1B		10
Q2	<p>Location Extent and Importance:</p> <p>Introduction:</p> <p>Location in World:</p> <p>Relative Location:</p> <p>Absolute Location(Lat Long Extent)</p> <p>Importance: Reference to world and Asia, Neighbouring Countries, Coastlines, Himalayan region, Deccan Plateau, islands etc.</p> <p>Or</p> <p>Physical Divisions of India:</p> <p>Himalaya, North Plain, Deccan Plateau, Coastal Plain, Indian Island their origin and Importance in brief</p>	20
Q3	<p>Rivers flowing on Deccan Plateau:</p> <p>Eastward Flowing: Godavari, Krushna, Mahanadi, Bramhani, Kauveri, Westward Flowing: Narmada, Tapi, Mahi, Luni, Sabarmati etc. their origin region length tributaries and end</p> <p>Or</p> <p>Impact of Monsoon on distribution of rainfall in India:</p> <p>Characteristics of Rainfall,</p>	20

	<p>Region wise rainfall: Very high, high, Medium, Low Very Low</p> <p>Impact of Monsoon Season and Retreating of monsoon on Distribution.</p>	
Q4	<p>Classification of Indian soil:</p> <p>Types: Mountainous Soil, Alluvial, Desert, Black or Regur, Red, laterite, Marshy, Saline/Alkline (Formation, Characteristics, region, crops)</p> <p>Or</p> <p>Deforestation:</p> <p>Definition: Degradation or loss of forests causes: Population Growth and shifting cultivation, Mining, Use of wood, Infrastructure Development, road and dam construction, overgrazing, forest fire etc. Measures: Control, Systematic Wood Cutting development, Plant trees, Small Project initiatives, formation of green belts, Forest farming, provide substitutes, Expansion of Knowledge, Forest festivals, obey govt and nature rules.etc</p>	20
Q5	<p>Production and distribution of Iron Ore and Manganese in India.</p> <p>Iron Ore Types: Magnetite, Hemetite, Limonite, Siderite etc. Distribution: orisa, Chattisgarh, Karnataka, Zarkhand, Madhya Pradesh and Other States Exports.</p> <p>Manganese: Uses,Distributions: Madhya Pradesh, Maharashtra, Orisa, Andhra Pradesh, Karnataka and other States and exports.</p> <p>or</p> <p>Distribution of major energy resources in India:</p> <p>Coal:Anthrasite, Bituminus, Lignait, Pit, canal Distribution: Chhatisgarh, Zarkhand, Orisa, Madhya Pradesh, Telangana, Maharashtra</p> <p>Petroleum: uses, Distribution: offshore, Rajasthan,Gujrat, Assam Import</p> <p>Natural Gas: Uses, distribution: Offshore, Gujrat, Tamilnadu (Zarkhand, Bihar UP)</p> <p>Urenium and Therium: Importance and Uses (Keral Andhra, rajsthan Orisa)</p>	20